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Winter Traffic, Queen & York, Fredericton NB. Teachers College in the background.

(Provincial Archives of New Brunswick Madge Smith photographs P120-12-32)

Generations

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Editor: David Fraser
Book Review Editor: Mary Rosevear
Back Issues: David Fraser

Generations is published quarterly in Fredericton, N.B., by the New Brunswick Genealogical Society, and is distributed to all its members in Canada, the United States and overseas. The Society also publishes books related to genealogy and sponsors periodic seminars.

Generations is made up almost entirely of articles contributed by members, and the society encourages submissions that deal with genealogy and family history.

Contributors are urged to have articles for publication typed. Text may be submitted on a 3½" diskette, a CD or by e-mail attachment, in WordPerfect, Microsoft Word or an Adobe Acrobat *.pdf file. Or submissions may be typewritten on white paper using a good quality black ribbon and mailed to the address below. Contributors are responsible for obtaining permission to publish material owned by others.

The editor of Generations reserves the right to edit all contributions, for form, grammar and to shorten articles to fit available space. Excepted are articles reprinted with permission from other publications. Articles that are edited will be returned to the contributor for approval.

Generations goes to the printer Feb. 15, May 15, Aug 15 and Nov 15. Items for publication must reach the editor at least 7 days earlier.

Membership Fees for 2014 are: Capital, Charlotte, Miramichi, Restigouche, Southeastern Branch, Saint John and NBGS, \$35.00; for individual members. Membership fees are for a calendar year. Those joining or renewing late in the year will receive back issues of Generations for that year.

The New Brunswick Genealogical Society does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of articles, data, book reviews, notices, advertisements, or source material and services, or any material printed in Generations. Errors, and opinions expressed, are solely the responsibility of contributors.

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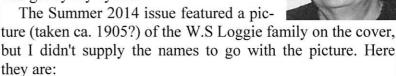
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From the Editor's Desk

In the midst of preparing this issue, I dropped my laptop, shattering the screen! A quick trip to Staples was required to buy a new monitor, as I couldn't wait to have a new screen shipped. Now that I have a larger monitor maybe fewer typos will get by my eyes...





Front row (L-R) Elspeth (1876 -?), Dorothy (1896-?), Annie (1882-1967)

2nd Row: Jean (1889-1971), W. S. Loggie (1850-1944), Mary Rae (1886-1962), Warren P. (1891-1984)

3rd Row: Mrs. Elspeth (Kerr) Loggie (1852-1927), Leigh J. (1888-1977), James Kerr (1879-1947)

Back Row: W. Stuart (1880-1941), Harold N. (1883-1940)

The 2015 membership form is on pages 33 and 34 of this issue - take a few minutes to renew now by mail or at www.nbgs.ca. Also please update your list of names you are researching.

Next issue will continue the transcriptions from the McFarlane Burial Ground. There are a few other articles in the hopper but as always we are looking for more contributions.

David Fraser 124 Gondola Blvd Quispamsis NB E2E 1J1 506 849 7922 dfraser@nbnet.nb.ca

Winter 2014 Contents

- NBGS Inc. Annual General Meeting May 23, 2015
- The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood, contributed by Charles H. Underwood, MS
- 15 Frederick James Ross, contributed by Marianne Donovan
- Lee Alexander Wood, contributed by Marianne Donovan
- John Harold Cook, contributed by Barbara Pearson 17
- 18 Deaths in the 140th Battalion Part 2, contributed by Craig Nichols
- Lewis Peter Fisher, contributed by Peggy Vasseur
- Obituary Catherine Somerville
- Sgt. Thomas Horne: British Home Child, Soldier of the CEF, Husband, Father, contributed by Mary-Ellen Badeau
- NBGS Membership Form 2015
- McFarlane Burial Ground (Sunny Bank Cemetery) Gravestone Transcription Part 3, transcribed and contributed by Marianne Donovan
- The Families at Bull Lake: The Settler Samuel Kitchen, contributed by Franklin Luke Nancy Mountford
- President's Report 2013-2014, contributed by David Fyffe
- Colpitts' Photograph Studio Nameplate, contributed by Bob Walde
- Harding or Campbell Picture, contributed by Bob Walde
- The Family of Charles McLean, contributed by Paul Hill
- Alexander McLeod Stavely: Significant Saint John Covenanter Minister, contributed by Eldon Hay
- Cochran Family From Ireland to Saint John NB, contributed by Jane
- Genealogy from an Auction, contributed by Graeme F. Somerville
- Teaching Career of Ruth Baxter, contributed by Sandra Bourgue
- The Ship Sea Saint John NB to Melbourne Australia, contributed by Robert McKenzie
- New Brunswick Strays, various contributors
- Saint John Police Remembrance Day 1945. contributed by Barbara Pearson

Books for Sale

- Book Announcement Descendants of Michael Earle by Verna Urquhart
- Book Announcement Supplement to the Second Edition of A Library of Stone Pages by Graeme F. Somerville

Advertisements

- Rose Staples Genealogical Researcher, Rose Staples
- Lifelines Genealogical Family History & Estate-Heir Research, Don Dixon

Charitable Status

New Brunswick Genealogical Society Inc., a Provincially Registered Society, received Federal certification as a charitable organization effective January 1, 2003. In order to enhance and improve service to its members and remain financially stable, the Society will provide official tax receipts for donations to the Society or any of its Branches for their various programs, projects and fonds. Cards will be sent for memorial donations. Inquiries may be made to the Society president or any of the Branch presidents for details.

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Book Announcements

Descendants of Michael Earle by Verna Urquhart

Verna Urquhart has completed a new publication that will be of interest to researchers.

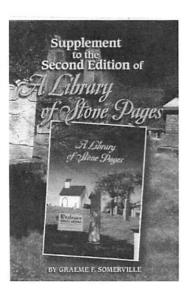
Descendants of Michael Earle: 1760-2014 follows the line of Loyalist Michael Earle (1760-1829) who came to New Brunswick, settling in Kings County. This fully-indexed book is available for purchase at a cost of \$40.00 (plus postage if mailed).

To order a copy contact: Verna Urquhart, 30 Cambridge Drive, Saint John, N.B. E2K 5T1 or by phone (506) 693-9522.

Supplement to the Second Edition of A Library of Stone Pages by Graeme F. Somerville

The Second Edition of A Library of Stone Pages was published in 2010. Later that year a phone call brought the news that the caller's ancestors, Anna Maria and William Starkey had died in Saint John in 1854 during the Cholera Epidemic and were buried in the Wesleyan Burial Ground. This information was previously unknown to us but the news was intriguing and prompted serious consideration of other 'missing' burials.

In 2011 A Century of Methodist Baptisms in Saint John and Portland NB 1811 -1910 was published which, along with an early draft of Presbyterian Baptisms in Saint John 1817 -1890 (published in 2014) plus the Second Edition provided three data bases with which to compare against obituaries as reported in Daniel F. Johnson's Vital Statistics from New Brunswick Newspapers. As a result, details on a further 678 additionally identified burials (including Anna Maria and William Starkey) in the Wesleyan Burial Ground are included in this new book.



The book measures 6" x 9", 52 pages, soft cover in colour, perfect bound, fully indexed (approximately 1,200 surnames) plus a list of references.

ISBN 978-0-9784392-5-5

Price \$16.00 plus \$5.50 P&P in Canada.

Price to USA purchasers is \$23.25 including P&P in Canadian Funds.

Payment is required with the order unless previously arranged.

Available from:

Graeme F. Somerville, 84 Beach Crescent, Saint John NB Canada E2K 2E4

Telephone 506-632-2020

E-mail grasom@nb.sympatico.ca

NBGS Inc. Annual General Meeting May 23, 2015

NBGS - Saint John Branch will be hosting the NBGS Inc Annual General meeting.

Date: May 23, 2015

Location: Trinity Church, Kingston NB.

More information to follow in the Spring issue and on the NBGS Inc website www.nbgs.ca

The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood

FROM QUAKERS TO NC LOYALISTS TO EXILES

contributed by Charles H. Underwood, MS

As the result of being on the losing side at or near the conclusion of the Revolutionary War in America, Henry and Benjamin Underwood, who were brothers, forever departed the provinces of America as did so many other loyal subjects of the British crown. They were among the one hundred thousand plus souls, who fled to Nova Scotia and other parts of the world to escape the conflict in America and the turmoil for Loyalists, which followed. Many Loyalists were forced to leave America by Patriot government officials and the laws which were enacted. Others departed on their own because they felt they had no other choice.

At the onset of the war, the Underwood brothers resided in the Piedmont region of the province of North Carolina. The last known residence in North Carolina of Henry was in Randolph County, while the last residence for Benjamin was in Chatham County.3 During the war, Benjamin received a commission⁴ as a captain and served in the Loyalist militia in NC, primarily in Chatham County. Henry, a Loyalist provincial soldier, was taken as a prisoner of war (POW) on 19 Oct 1781 at Yorktown, Virginia,5 when Lord Cornwallis surrendered his army to General George Washington. Near the conclusion of the war, both Henry and Benjamin were exiled from New York City, New York to Nova Scotia, apparently never returning to the United States.

So who were Henry and Benjamin Underwood? The brothers Henry and Benjamin were born into a strong Society of Friends (Quaker) family in Pennsylvania. In 1738, their parents Samuel and Anna Travilla Underwood had married at New Garden Monthly Meeting (MM) in London Grove, Chester County, PA⁶ and raised their nine children primarily in Chester, Lancaster, and York Counties, PA. The names of the known children of

Samuel and Anna are Henry, Alexander, Samuel, Benjamin, James, Mary Earl, Anne, Jane, Ruth, Sarah, and Elizabeth. Samuel's father and the grandfather of his children was Alexander Underwood.8 who became a Quaker in approximately 1725 at London Grove and a Ouaker minister in Warrington Township. Lancaster County, PA in about 1745.9 York County was created in 1749¹⁰ from part of Lancaster County, PA, where Warrington Township was located. Alexander Underwood and his sons Samuel and William Underwood were subscribers to the fund for the first building at Warrington MM. 11

The oldest child of Samuel and Anna Travilla Underwood was Henry, 12 who was born about 1739 at or near London Grove in Chester County, PA. In 1756 in Warrington, Henry joined the British as a soldier in the French and Indian War. 13 at the Warrington MM. acknowledged it was "a great wrong to bear arms against his countrymen, and kill them." Henry was disowned by the Warrington MM, York County, PA for swearing to an oath to bear arms in 1756. 15 In all likelihood, his grandfather Alexander Underwood was the Ouaker minister at the time of the dismissal of Henry. Henry's uncle William Underwood was the recording clerk at the Warrington MM from 1747 to 1775, 16 so in all probability it was William, who recorded Henry's dismissal. 17

Henry, the son of Samuel Underwood, married Mary Phillips on 22 Dec1760 in Warrington Township according to the records of Christ

¹ The Timechart History of America. (London, UK: Worth Press Ltd., 2003), chart.

² Peter Wilson Coldham. American Loyalist Claims. (Washington, DC: National Genealogical Society, 1980), Volume I, 498.

³ Coldham. American Loyalist Claims, 498.

⁴ "The Infamous Colonel Fanning Tells All." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, Volume XXV, Number 2:54-59.

⁵ Murtie June Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War. (Baltimore, MD: Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., 1981), Volume I, 416 and 420.

⁶ Gwen Boyer Bjorkman. Quaker Marriage Certificates, New Garden Monthly Meeting, Chester Co, PA, 1704-1799. (Bowie, MD: Heritage Books, Inc. 1990), 80.

Will of Samuel Underwood. Orange County Wills, 1752-1795, Volume A, 148-149, on file under call number C.073.800001 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

Lucien Marcus Underwood. The Underwood Families of America.
 (Lancaster, PA: New Era Printing Co., 1913), Volume II, 437 and 440.
 William Jessup Cleaver. The Ancestry of Allen Grinnell Cleaver and Martha Irene Jessup. (Gateway Press, Inc., 1989), 916.

¹⁰ George R. Prowell. *History of York County, Pennsylvania*. (Chicago, IL: J.H. Beers and Co., 1907), Volume I, 108.

¹¹ Albert Cook Myers. *Immigration of the Irish Quakers into Pennsylvania, 1682-1750*. (Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., 1985), 168.

 ^{168.} Will of Samuel Underwood. Orange County Wills, 1752-1795,
 Volume A, 148-149.

¹³ Prowell. History of York County, Pennsylvania, 120.

¹⁴ Prowell. History of York County, Pennsylvania, 120.

¹⁵ Prowell. History of York County, Pennsylvania, 120.

Prowell. History of York County, Pennsylvania, 112 and 118.
 Prowell. History of York County, Pennsylvania, 112 and 118.

The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood

Lutheran Church, City of York, York County, PA. ¹⁸ The parents of Mary Phillips were Edmond Mendenhall Phillips and Elizabeth Phillips. ¹⁹ Her two brothers were John and Nathan, ²⁰ and her sisters were Phebe Phillips, Jane Phillips McCew, Petience Phillips Davis, and Elizabeth Phillips Canon. ²¹ On 14 Apr 1796, ²² Deborah Phillips, daughter of Nathan (brother-in-law to Henry Underwood) and Mary McMillan Phillips, married Alexander Underwood in York County, PA and subsequently moved to Columbiana County, Ohio. ²³

Henry Underwood appeared on the 1762 tax list of York County, PA, which shows he lived in Warrington Township.²⁴ Also appearing on the same tax list in Warrington Township were his father Samuel and grandfather Alaxander (sic) plus Benjamin, Elihu, John, and William Underwood.²⁵ Benjamin, Elihu, John, and William were brothers of Samuel Underwood and the sons of Alexander Underwood.²⁶

By early September 1762, Samuel Underwood, the father of Henry and Benjamin, had moved his family from Warrington Township, York County, PA to the Piedmont region of North Carolina.²⁷ It is assumed Benjamin, son of Samuel Underwood, was in the household of his father at the time of the move, and Henry moved his own family about the same time as did his father Samuel. This extended Samuel Underwood family was the only Underwood family, who lived in the vicinity of Orange County, NC for many years.

¹⁸ Henry James Young. Vital Records of Christ Lutheran Church of York, Pa. (1933), Volume V, 512. It may have been Mary Philips, not Mary Phillips. During the year of 1763, Henry bought 333 acres of land in Orange County, NC, jointly with his brother Alexander. Their father Samuel also bought land in Orange County on two occasions in 1763, once for 305 acres and then for 200 acres. Henry and Benjamin Underwood plus Alexander and Samuel Underwood conducted business with Colonel John McGee at McGee's store, mill, and ordinary, which was located at the head of Sandy Creek at the Trading Path.

In 1764 in NC prior to the Boston Tea Party and the Revolutionary War, the NC "Regulator" movement began. 31 One of its leaders was Herman Husband, who was a Quaker and lived in the Sandy Creek area of Orange County.³² The Regulators were upset with the way they were taxed and how the taxes were used. The Ouaker faction of the Regulators was especially upset about taxes being used to support the local parishes of the Church of England.³³ In June 1771, the Regulator movement finally was put down by William Tryon, the royal governor of NC.34 Regulators were forced to swear to an oath of allegiance to the British crown.³⁵ Many Regulators chose to move on to other states rather than remain in NC.

Just prior to the end of the movement, on 1 Jun 1771, sixteen men from Cane Creek MM, where Husband had been a member, were disowned. Benjamin and his brother James Underwood were among the sixteen Quaker "friends" disowned. The other fourteen members were Herman Cox, Isaac Cox, Samuel Cox, Samuel Cox (Jr.), Joshua Dixon, Nathan Farmer, William Graves, Benjamin Hinshaw, John Hinshaw, James Matthews, Jesse Pugh, William Tanzy, John Williams, and William

 ¹⁹ Rosalie Sommer, 'Transcribed Will of Edmond Phillips, Dated 11
 Aug 1775, from the York County Archives, York, PA,' USGenWeb Archives [online], accessed 2013.
 ²⁰ On 25 Jun 1767, at Warrington MM, York County, PA, Nathan

²⁰ On 25 Jun 1767, at Warrington MM, York County, PA, Nathan Phillips married Mary McMillan per York County, Pennsylvania Church Records of the 18th Century, page 40.

²¹ Sommer, 'Transcribed Will of Edmond Phillips, Dated 11 Aug 1775'

Young. Vital Records of Christ Lutheran Church of York, Pa, 518.
 Myers. Immigration of the Irish Quakers into Pennsylvania, 1682-1750. 406.

²⁴ The South Central Pennsylvania Genealogical Society, Inc., York, PA. An Alphabetical Listing of the Assessed Inhabitants of York County, Pennsylvania, for the Year 1762. (South Central Pennsylvania Genealogical Society, Inc., 1978), 16.

²⁵ The South Central Pennsylvania Genealogical Society, Inc., York, PA. An Alphabetical Listing of the Assessed Inhabitants of York County, Pennsylvania, for the Year 1762, 16.

²⁶ Clever. The Ancestry of Allen Grinnell Cleaver and Martha Irene Jessup, 919-920.

²⁷ William Wade Hinshaw. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy. (Baltimore, MD: Genealogical Publishing Co., 1969), Volume 1, 424.

 ²⁸ "Early Settlers in the North Carolina Piedmont on Land Sold by Henry McCulloh within Granville's District, 1749-1763." North Carolina Genealogical Society Journal, Volume 4, Number 2:83.
 ²⁹ "Early Settlers in the North Carolina Piedmont on Land Sold by

 [&]quot;Early Settlers in the North Carolina Piedmont on Land Sold by Henry McCulloh within Granville's District, 1749-1763." North Carolina Genealogical Society Journal, 83.
 Jo White Linn. "1773 Debtors of COL John McGee, Orange

³⁰ Jo White Linn. "1773 Debtors of COL John McGee, Orange County, NC." North Carolina Genealogical Society Journal, Volume 1, Number 1:38.

³¹ William S. Powell. The War of the Regulation and the Battle of Alamance, May 16, 1771. (Raleigh, NC: NC Department of Archives and History, 1962), 5.

³² Bobbie T. Teague. Cane Creek, Mother of Meetings. (Thomson-Shore, 1995), 56.

³³ Teague. Cane Creek, Mother of Meetings, 66.

³⁴ Powell. The War of the Regulation and the Battle of Alamance, May 16, 1771, 24.

³⁵ Powell. The War of the Regulation and the Battle of Alamance, May 16, 1771, 24.

³⁶ Hinshaw. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, 381-429.

Williams.³⁷ It is the opinion of several Quaker researchers all sixteen friends were dismissed for their Regulator activity although the reason is not noted in Cane Creek MM records.

With the end of colonial British rule of North Carolina came self-government by its citizens. By July 1775, the Revolutionary War was underway. Beginning in 1776 and continuing several years afterward, the NC assembly passed several laws pertaining to allegiance oaths to the state by its citizens, confiscation of property of Loyalists, and expulsion and deportation to those unwilling to give their allegiance to the state. In 1778, Continental Congressional resolutions were passed, which required "all Loyalists be returned to the states so they could be punished as traitors."

Unlike some other provinces, North Carolina was spared from having a large number of battles and major skirmishes within its boundaries during the Revolutionary War. However, there was much civil strife and unrest among Patriots and Loyalists within NC. In one instance, as the result of being caught slaughtering cattle for food in February 1779, seventy Loyalists in NC were captured, tried for high treason, and condemned to death. However, only five were hanged, while the others were pardoned. However, only five were hanged, while the others were pardoned.

Most NC residents with Loyalist leanings were presented with opportunities before the end of the war to make peace with the Patriot government and therefore be allowed to remain in the province of NC. On 25 Dec 1781, Governor Alexander Martin of NC offered a pardon to most of the Loyalists who remained in the state. 42 However, the offer was open only to 10 Mar 1782, and in exchange for a pardon, the Loyalist had to immediately enlist in a NC Continental army unit for a period of twelve months. 43

In May 1783, the NC assembly passed "An Act of Pardon and Oblivion" for Loyalists within the state; however, two general exceptions were made. He first, those, who accepted commissions or served as officers under the British, were excluded. Second, the sixty-eight individuals named in the 1782 Confiscation Act or anyone, who "attached themselves" to British forces as well as those who had departed the state and had not returned in the twelve months prior to May 1783, were excluded. (Colonel) David Fanning of Randolph County, (Major) Samuel Andrews, and Peter Mallette of Randolph County were explicitly denied pardons by name. He

Although Lord Cornwallis surrendered at Yorktown, VA on 19 Oct 1781, The Treaty of Paris, a formal peace treaty ending the Revolutionary War, was not signed until September 1783 and not ratified by Congress until January 1784.

MORE ABOUT HENRY UNDERWOOD

The following information is provided to show the geographical location where Henry Underwood resided in NC. In 1771 or 1772, Henry Underwood of Guilford County signed a petition for fishing rights on Deep River. 46 In 1771, partially in response to the Regulator movement, Guilford County, NC had been formed from portions of Orange and Rowan counties. On 2 Apr 1773, Henry witnessed a deed pertaining to 200 acres of land on the waters of Sandy Creek in Guilford County.⁴⁷ From 1771 to 31 Mar 1779, Guilford County included in its lower section Sandy Creek and the other land which became Randolph County on 1 Apr 1779. It should be noted Sandy Creek rises in the current Randolph County and flows southwest into the Deep River. The Sandy Creek area is in the northeast corner of Randolph County, where Guilford, Orange (now Alamance), Chatham, and Randolph counties all came close to meeting in 1779. Based on all of the aforementioned, it is assumed in 1779 Henry

Hinshaw. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, 381-429.
 Robert O. DeMond. The Loyalists in North Carolina During the

³⁸ Robert O. DeMond. *The Loyalists in North Carolina During the Revolution*. (Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1964), 153-169.

 ³⁹ George G. Lewis and John Mewha. Department of the Army (DA)
 Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of War Utilization by the
 United States Army, 1776-1945. (Washington, DC: Department of the Army, 1955), 4.
 ⁴⁰ Lewis and Mewha. DA Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of

Lewis and Mewha. DA Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of War Utilization by the United States Army, 1776-1945, 13-14.
 Lewis and Mewha. DA Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of War Utilization by the United States Army, 1776-1945, 13-14.

John R. Maass. "From Principles of Humanity and Virtue: Moderation and the Revolutionary Settlement of North Carolina."
 Journal of Backcountry Studies, Volume 2, Number 2:6.
 Maass. "From Principles of Humanity and Virtue: Moderation and

Mass. "From Principles of Humanity and Virtue: Moderation and the Revolutionary Settlement of North Carolina." *Journal of Backcountry Studies*, 6.

⁴⁴ DeMond. The Loyalists in North Carolina During the Revolution, 165

<sup>165.
45</sup> DeMond. The Loyalists in North Carolina During the Revolution,
165.

⁴⁶ William L. Saunders, editor. *The Colonial Records of North Carolina*. (Wilmington, NC: Broadfoot Publishing Co., 1993), Volume IX, 87-88.

⁴⁷ William D. Bennett, editor. *Guilford County Deed Book 1*. (Raleigh, NC: 1990), 49.

The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood

Underwood resided somewhere near what became the northeast corner of Randolph County, where portions of Sandy Creek, Stinking Quarter Creek, and Rocky River were located.

Furthermore, on the 1779 Randolph County tax list, the first one for the new county of Randolph, Henry Underwood was listed in the area for which Captain John Hinds was responsible. Henry Underwood either failed or refused to return an inventory of his Randolph County taxable property, which was estimated at the time to have been worth only one hundred pounds. At the same time, it appears Henry failed to take the oath of allegiance to the state of NC.

Captain John Hinds, not to be confused with his brother Captain Joseph Hinds, filled several governmental positions in the early years of Randolph County. Not only was he responsible for tax assessments in one of the six taxation districts in 1779, he also was a justice of the peace and a militia captain. As a militia captain, he served under Colonel John Luttrell, ⁵¹ a Patriot and a resident of Chatham County, during a portion the Revolutionary War. Colonel Luttrell commanded a regiment of horsemen ⁵² made up of men primarily from Randolph and Chatham counties. ⁵³

On Christmas day of 1780, Colonel Luttrell "handed" a commission as a captain in the NC militia to Joseph Hackney of Chatham County, NC.⁵⁴ Hackney took command of a company in Luttrell's regiment at the Barracks in Chatham County.⁵⁵ Henry Underwood was the lieutenant under Captain Hackney, and William Pearce was

ensign for Hackney.⁵⁶ This researcher has been unable to find any evidence to indicate the Lieutenant Henry Underwood in this Patriot unit was not the son of Samuel and Anna Travilla Underwood.

During the time Lord Cornwallis and his army were in the vicinity of Guilford and Randolph counties in 1781, Henry "harboured and secreted" all persons, who came to him for relief who belonged to the British army, to include five (5) Loyalist militia officers until he was able to return them to the army of Lord Cornwallis. 57 Subsequently, Henry was apprehended by the Patriot "Rebels" and placed on trial. Because no evidence was presented to substantiate a crime, Henry was discharged or released from custody. 58

Colonel David Fanning, the commanding officer of the Loyalist Militia of Randolph and Chatham Counties, circulated information regarding Lieutenant-colonel John Hamilton and his provincial regiment⁵⁹ in order to assist Hamilton recruit NC residents for his regiment.⁶⁰ As a provincial unit, Hamilton's regiment traveled with and fought alongside the British army against the Patriot forces.

"Soon After" the incident in NC, which resulted in the "Rebel" trial of Henry Underwood, Henry joined Lord Cornwallis and received a warrant as a captain, which was signed by Lord Cornwallis. Henry began enlisting men for his company. Then on or about 25 Apr 1781, ⁶³ Lord Cornwallis moved his army from Wilmington, NC to the vicinity of Portsmouth, VA. ⁶⁴ At Portsmouth,

⁴⁸ "Randolph County's First Tax List, Part I: Lists of John and Joseph Hinds." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, Volume XXIV, Number 1:24 -25.

^{49 &}quot;Randolph County's First Tax List, Part I: Lists of John and Joseph Hinds." The Genealogical Journal by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, 24-25.

^{50 &}quot;Randolph County's First Tax List, Part I: Lists of John and Joseph Hinds." The Genealogical Journal by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, 16 and 24.

⁵¹ "POTPOURRI... Additions, Comments, Corrections." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, Volume XVI, Number 2:46.

^{52 &}quot;POTPOURRI... Additions, Comments, Corrections." The Genealogical Journal by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, Volume XVI, Number 2:46.

Journal of NC Genealogy, Volume X, Number 4:40. Luttrell also was known as Lutterleh.
 Will Graves, 'Transcribed Revolutionary War Pension Application

of Joseph Hackney, Number S6973,' Southern Campaign American Revolution Pension Statements and Rosters [online], accessed 2013. SGraves, 'Transcribed Revolutionary War Pension Application of Joseph Hackney, Number S6973.'

⁵⁶ Graves, 'Transcribed Revolutionary War Pension Application of Joseph Hackney, Number S6973.'

⁵⁷ Memorial of Henry Underwood with Schedule of Losses and Services, 2 Mar 1786, British Public Records Office (PRO) Reference number A.O.13. 21.X/J.7215, on file under call number X77.1391.1-4 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

⁵⁸ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

⁵⁹ At various times during the Revolutionary War, Lieutenant-colonel John Hamilton commanded the Royal North Carolina Regiment, and at Yorktown he commanded the NC Volunteers. Prior to Yorktown, Colonel Morgan Bryan had commanded the NC Volunteers at least on 6 Aug 1780 at Hanging Rock, SC and on 16 Aug 1780 at Camden, SC. See Southern Campaigns of the Revolutionary War, Phase II: Research in Great Britain, pages 14-17, 19, and 21, researched and published in August 2003 by Evans-Hatch and Associates, Astoria, OR for the National Park Service in Atlanta, GA.

⁶⁰ Lindley S. Butler, editor. *The Narrative of Col. David Fanning*. (Davidson, NC: Briarpatch Press, 1981), 33-34.

⁶¹ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

⁶² Memorial of Henry Underwood.

⁶³ Henry P. Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781. (Harper and Brothers, 1881), 28.

⁶⁴ Johnston, The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 68.

preparations were undertaken to transport by sea much of the army of Lord Cornwallis to New York.⁶⁵

From 27 Jul to 16 Sep 1781 at Portsmouth and Little York, 66 both in VA, Henry Underwood, Sr., (previously identified as Henry Underwood) and Henry Underwood, Jr., who was specifically identified as the son of Henry Underwood, Sr., performed blacksmith work "in" the British Ouartermaster General's Department by order of Captain Saint John according to a subsequent claim filed by Henry Underwood, Sr. 67 However, records only show Ensign St. John, who was a Deputy Quartermaster-General's Assistant. 68 John Ross⁶⁹ was the foreman over the Underwoods when they performed the blacksmith work in VA. 70 It is unclear if the Underwoods were acting as civilian contractors or Lovalist soldiers at the time they performed the blacksmith work.

On 19 Oct 1781, Lord Cornwallis and his British army and their German and Lovalist American allies, which represented about one-fourth of the British forces in America, surrendered to General George Washington and his French allies at Yorktown, VA. Upon surrender, the men under Lord Cornwallis became prisoners of war (POWs). The Lovalist American allies included the NC Volunteers, a provincial unit, which at the time was under the command of Lieutenant-colonel John Hamilton of NC. It consisted of 114 "rank and file" soldiers plus one (1) lieutenant-colonel (John Hamilton), five (5) captains, nine (9) lieutenants, eight (8) ensigns, and seven (7) sergeants.⁷¹ Henry Underwood, Sr., was one of the sergeants in the NC Volunteers, and his son Henry Underwood, Jr., was a private in the same unit as his father. 72 Because Sergeant Henry Underwood,

Sr., never gathered and delivered his men before he was made a POW, he never served as a captain. 73

Additionally, a total of one ensign and one private from the NC Independent Company, another Loyalist American unit under Lord Cornwallis, were captured at Yorktown. The NC Independent Company, which was under the NC Independent Company, which was under the direct command of Captain Eli Branson of Chatham County, NC, were mistakenly counted as assets of the NC Volunteers unit instead of the NC Independent Company. Captain Branson was taken POW at Yorktown on 19 Oct 1781.

Under the terms of surrender at Yorktown and because General Washington had no interest in conducting a prisoner exchange as had been done often in the past, enlisted POWs were to be incarcerated, and the officers under Lord Cornwallis were to be taken to New York or other locations under British control and placed on parole.⁷⁷ Officers were required to accompany the enlisted POWs, who were to be placed in POW camps in Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania.⁷⁸ POWs were to be kept in their original units if at all possible. 79 Sergeant Henry Underwood, Sr., and his son Private Henry Underwood, Jr., were marched to and placed in a POW camp in Lancaster, PA, where they joined POWs captured prior to 19 Oct 1781. Lancaster would have been very close to Warrington Township in York County PA, where Sergeant Henry Underwood, Sr., and his son had many relatives.

Records reflect Lieutenant-colonel Hamilton was captured at Yorktown and placed on parole. 80 For part of the time he was on parole, Hamilton was in

⁶⁵ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cormwallis, 1781, 68.

⁶⁶ Little York, VA was another name for Yorktown, VA at the time of the Revolutionary War.

⁶⁷ Claim of Henry Underwood, Senior, and Henry Underwood, Junior, for Blacksmith's Work, submitted by Henry Underwood, Senior, on 3 Jun 1783, British PRO Reference numbers AO12/110/16447 and AO13/1 PT II/19838, on file under call numbers X77.917.1 and X77.918.1 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

⁶⁸ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 119.

⁶⁹ Instead of Ross, it could have been Russ, Roof, or Rose.

⁷⁰ Claim of Henry Underwood, Senior, and Henry Underwood, Junior, for Blacksmith's Work.

⁷¹ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 164.

⁷² Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 418.

⁷³ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

⁷⁴ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 164.

⁷⁵ In comparing and analyzing the composition of the units captured as reported in *The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781*, with actual pay abstracts and unit musters pertaining to those captured at Yorktown and incarcerated at the POW camp in Lancaster, PA, it appears the pay abstracts and unit musters are more accurate. Most likely, some members of the NC Independent Company were counted incorrectly as assets of the NC Volunteers at Yorktown.

⁷⁶ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 415.

⁷⁷ Johnston, The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 188.

⁷⁸ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 188.

⁷⁹ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 188.

⁸⁰ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War. 372-373.

Charleston, SC.⁸¹ A muster, which was taken on 23 Apr 1782 at the POW camp in Lancaster, PA, disclosed Private Henry Underwood was missing on 8 Dec 1781.82 A different muster, which was taken on 24 Apr 1782 at the same location, shows Sergeant Henry Underwood was taken prisoner on 19 Oct 1781.83 Then, a muster, which was taken on 24 Jun 1782 at the same location, reveals Sergeant Henry Underwood was present, but Private Henry Underwood was missing as of 8 Jan 1782.84 Private Henry Underwood was one of several prisoners reported as missing from the POW camp. In all likelihood, Private Henry Underwood escaped within a few months of his capture. Pay Abstract, number unknown, dated 24 Jun 1782, shows again Sergeant Henry Underwood was taken prisoner of war on 19 Oct 1781.85

Subsequently, arrangements were made by the American (Patriot) forces to set free all POWs on or about 15 Apr 1783, ⁸⁶ which included about 4,500 prisoners of war held in PA. ⁸⁷ Those wanting to depart America were marched to NY. ⁸⁸ On about 26 Apr 1783, about 7000 refugees departed NY for Nova Scotia and Canada. ⁸⁹

On 19 May 1783, a representative in the British Adjutant General's Office in New York sent a letter to Brook Watson, the Commissary General in New York. 90 In the letter, it was requested the fifteen named refugees from North Carolina be

provided with passage to Nova Scotia and provisions after arrival. Those named were David Harky, Thos. Hale, John Lipp, John Harman, Robt. Walter, Duncan McPherson, Will. Walter, John Rose, Saml. Boone, Robt. Briant, Captain Benjamin Underwood, Henry Strader acting as Captain for the fifteen, Jacob Joling, Hab Pride, and John Deal. With the exception of Samuel Boone, Benjamin Underwood, Henry Strader, Jacob Joling, and John Deal, all of the aforementioned had served with Sergeant Henry Underwood, Sr., in the NC Volunteers at Yorktown, were captured with him and made prisoners of war at Yorktown on 19 Oct 1781, were held as prisoners of war at Lancaster, and served with him in NY.

On 3 Jun 1783 while in New York City, NY, Henry Underwood, Sr., filed a claim of 33 pounds, 11 shillings, 8 pence for the previously discussed blacksmith's work performed by both Underwoods while in VA in 1781. Subsequently, the Board reviewing the claim opined when the others were paid for their blacksmith work, Henry Underwood (Sr.) was a prisoner and therefore unable to file his claim and receive payment when the others were paid for their blacksmith work. It appears Henry was subsequently paid a portion of his claim.

While Henry Underwood, Sr., awaited transport to Nova Scotia, he had five (5) family members with him in NY, which included an adult female (presumed to have been his wife) and four children, all ten years of age or older. 93 Henry had no family members under the age of ten in New York. 94

On 16 Jun 1783, Henry departed New York as a refugee and without any accompanying family member on the ship *Amity's Production* in the "June Fleet." Prior to boarding and while onboard the ship, Henry was assigned to 11th Company as were the other fourteen refugee heads of household from NC. 96 Although five of the

⁸¹ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 373.

⁸² Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 417.

⁸³ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 416.

⁸⁴ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 418.

⁸⁵ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 420.

⁸⁶ Lewis and Mewha. DA Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of War Utilization by the United States Army, 1776-1945, 19.

⁸⁷ Lewis and Mewha. DA Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of War Utilization by the United States Army, 1776-1945, 20.

⁸⁸ Lewis and Mewha. DA Pamphlet 20-213: History of Prisoner of War Utilization by the United States Army, 1776-1945, 20.

⁸⁹ W. O. Raymond. "Glimpses of the Past, Contributions to the History of Charlotte County and the Border Towns." *Saint Croix Courier* (St. Stephen, New Brunswick), LXIV (April 27, 1893).

⁹⁰ Letter to Brook Watson, Commissary General in New York, British PRO Reference number WO 60/27, on file under call number X80.1683.1-2 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

⁹¹ Claim of Henry Underwood, Senior, and Henry Underwood, Junior, for Blacksmith's Work.

⁹² Nature of the Evidence in Support of the Claims and Remarks by the Board, British PRO Reference number AO12/110/16447, on file under call numbers X77.292.1-2 and 77.58.1 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

David Graham Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John.
 (Frederiction, New Brunswick: New Ireland Press, 1983), 247.
 Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 247.

⁹⁵ Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 22 and 24.

⁹⁶ Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 181-250.

fifteen had their families in New York, no family members accompanied any of the fifteen heads of household. PEleven of the fifteen including Sergeant Henry Underwood, Sr., had served in the NC Volunteers, were taken as prisoners of war at Yorktown, served as prisoners of war in Lancaster, and were attached to the NY Volunteers for duty in New York. For further information about the fifteen NC refugees on Amity's Production, see the following chart.

Fifteen North Carolina Refugees on the Ship Amity's Production to Nova Scotia

Name of Former Family Military Captured On Duty

Refugee Trade in N.Y.* Unit on 19 Oct in N.Y.

BOONE, Samuel farmer 10000

BRYANT, Robert farmer 10000 NCV** Yes Yes DEAL, Job farmer 10000

HALE, Thomas wheelwright 10000 NCV Yes Yes HAMM, Andrew miller 11020 NCV Yes Yes

HARKEY, David farmer 11520 NCV Yes Yes

HARMON, Jonathan farmer 10000 NCV Yes Yes

ISLEY, Jacob farmer 10000

LIPPS, Jonathan joiner 11020 NCV Yes Yes

PRIDE, Hezekiah farmer 10000 NCV Yes Yes ROSE, John farmer 10000 NCV Yes Yes

STRADER, Henry millwright 11520

UNDERWOOD, Henry gunsmith 11400 NCV Yes

WALTER, Jr., Robert farmer 10000 NCV Yes Yes WALTER, William farmer 10000 NCV Yes Yes

*1st digit = no. of adult males, 2^{nd} digit = no. of adult females, 3^{rd} digit = no. of children 10 and over, 4^{th} digit = no. of children under 10, and 5^{th} digit = no. of servants

**North Carolina Volunteers

Apparently, Andrew Hamm of Rowan County, 98
Jacob Isley, and Henry Underwood were replacements for Jacob Joling, Duncan McPherson, and Captain Benjamin Underwood. Joling, McPherson, and Benjamin Underwood had been named in the 19 May 1783 letter. It may be Henry Underwood was substituted for Captain Benjamin

Underwood because Benjamin was insistent his family was to travel with him to Nova Scotia.

An examination of two musters shows Sergeant Henry Underwood, Sr., was on duty in New York while awaiting transport to Nova Scotia. A muster of Lieutenant Thomas Coffield, Detachment of NC Volunteers, disclosed Sergeant Henry Underwood of the aforementioned unit was performing duty with the NY Volunteers during the period 25 Apr to 24 Jun 1783.99 Previously, Coffield had appeared on a muster on 24 Jan 1782 at the POW camp at Lancaster, PA as a sergeant but with the notation he was a warrant lieutenant. 100 Sergeant Henry Underwood appeared on duty in New York for the period 25 Jun to 24 Aug 1783 on a second muster of Lieutenant Coffield, Detachment of NC Volunteers, on duty with the NY Volunteers. 101 It is unknown exactly why the name of Sergeant Henry Underwood appeared on any muster after 16 Jun 1783, the date he had departed New York on the ship Amity's Production.

LTC George Turnbull was the commander of the NY Volunteers. ¹⁰² Turnbull was a Scottish officer, who had settled in New York in the 1760s. ¹⁰³ He had served in South Carolina near the border with North Carolina during the Revolutionary War. ¹⁰⁴ The NY Volunteers unit was formed in January 1776 at Halifax, Nova Scotia. ¹⁰⁵ It was disbanded in 1783 in Nova Scotia after the unit was transported there from New York. ¹⁰⁶ The last British military departed New York City on 25 Nov 1783, the official evacuation date. ¹⁰⁷

The ship Amity's Production arrived in Nova Scotia on or about 5 Jul 1783. Henry and the

⁹⁷ Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 181-250.

⁹⁸ Peter Wilson Coldham. *American Migrations*, 1765-1799. (Baltimore, MD: Genealogical Publishing Co., 2000), 623.

⁹⁹ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War. 407

Revolutionary War, 407.

100 Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 419.

¹⁰¹ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 407.

¹⁰² Robert Stansbury Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution. (University of South Carolina Press, 1987), 100.

¹⁰³ Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution. 100.

¹⁰⁴ Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution. 100.

¹⁰⁵ Stuart Salmon. *The Loyalist Regiments of the American Revolutionary War 1775-1783*. Doctoral Dissertation. (United Kingdom: University of Stirling, 2009), 40 and iv.

¹⁰⁶ Salmon. The Loyalist Regiments of the American Revolutionary War 1775-1783, iv and xxvi.

¹⁰⁷ Johnston. The Yorktown Campaign and the Surrender of Cornwallis, 1781, 98.

¹⁰⁸ Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 23.

The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood

other fourteen NC refugees were without any family members in Nova Scotia in May and June 1784. On 1 Oct 1784, Henry Underwood received a land grant for 200 acres in the Grand Lake area, Sunbury County, Nova Scotia¹¹⁰ On 16 Aug 1784, the province of New Brunswick was formed from a portion of the province of Nova Scotia. As a result of the creation of New Brunswick, on 10 Jun 1785, Henry Underwood received a re-registered Nova Scotia land grant, previously dated 1 Oct 1784, for the same 200 acres at the Grand Lake area, Sunbury Co, now registered in New Brunswick. 111

On or about 26 Jan 1785, Henry Underwood and Robert Walter (Jr.), both of Parr Town (City of Saint John), sent a petition to Thomas Carleton, who was the first executive administrator, initially with the title of governor, for the province of New Brunswick. 112 The petition requested permission to bring the families of Henry and Robert to New Brunswick from North Carolina. 113 And the petition mentioned they "both served His Majesty in the former war."114

On 2 Mar 1786, at the City of St. John, St. John County, New Brunswick, Henry Underwood completed his memorial regarding his claim for losses and services as provided for under "An Act for appointing Commissioners, to enquire into the Losses and Services of all such Persons, who have in their Rights, Properties, Professions, during the late unhappy Dissentions in America, in Consequence of their Loyalty to his Attachment to Majesty, and the **British** Government."115 In his memorial, Henry said he had "Lived in Randolph County in North Carolina at the time the British Army were in that Province."116

His schedule for his claim for losses and services included the following: 640 acres of land in Randolph County in North Carolina with a house, barn, and orchard, total value of 640 pounds; one set of blacksmith's tools and one set of gunsmith's tools, total value of 50 pounds; rifles and/or rifle related parts, total value of 86 pounds; horses and cows, total value of 87 pounds; book debts and notes, total value of 167 pounds; household goods and farming utensils, total value of 56 pounds; and "raising a company and all other services which (sic) in the Army," total value of 500 pounds. 117 The sum total of his claim was 1,586 pounds in New York currency.

As evidence of his claims, he offered the following names as witnesses: Robert Bryan (also know as [a.k.a.] Robert Briant and Robert Bryant), Andrew Hamm, David Harky (a.k.a. David Harkey), Philemon Holt, Charles Merryda, and Henry Strader. 118 With the exception of Philemon Charles Merryda. Holt and all of aforementioned witnesses have been discussed. Charles Merryda was probably Private Charles Meredith, who had been in Captain Eli Branson's Company of NC Independents. 119 Meredith was captured on 19 Oct 1781 at Yorktown and served as a POW at Lancaster, PA. 120 He and some other members of the NC Independents were attached to the NY Volunteers for duty in New York¹²¹ at the time Sergeant Henry Underwood was attached to the NY Volunteers. It is possible Private Philemon Holt, who died on 18 Mar 1782 at an unknown location while assigned to Major Daniel Manson's Company, Royal North Carolina Regiment, 122 may have been the Philemon Holt named as a witness by Henry Underwood to provide evidence of Henry's claims.

In response to a letter from Peter Hunter, Esquire, Secretary to the Commissioners of American Claims at St John, Henry Underwood replied in his own letter, dated 18 Jan 1787, he had arrived from New York in the June Fleet in 1783 at St. John Town and built a hut near the falls. 123

¹⁰⁹ Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 181-250.

^{110 &#}x27;Grant Book Data Base, Volume II, 1,' Harriet Irving Library, University of New Brunswick [online], accessed

^{111 &#}x27;RS686: Index to New Brunswick Land Grants, 1784-1997,' Provincial Archives of New Brunswick [online]. accessed 2013.

^{112 &#}x27;RS330: Records of Thomas Carleton, Lieutenant Governor, 25,' Provincial Archives of New Brunswick [online], accessed 2013.

113 'RS330: Records of Thomas Carleton, 25.'

¹¹⁴ RS330: Records of Thomas Carleton, 25.

¹¹⁵ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

¹¹⁶ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

¹¹⁷ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

¹¹⁸ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

¹¹⁹ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 414.

¹²⁰ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 414-415.

¹²¹ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 415.

¹²² Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 401.

¹²³ Letter to Peter Hunter from Henry Underwood, 18 Jan 1787, British PRO Reference number A.O.13.21.X/J.7215, on

The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood

Then he began work in the town as a blacksmith journeyman, working at different times under Mr. Heydeckis (sic) and Mr. Jennings, both blacksmiths. Apparently, until about 25 Mar 1784, he remained in St. John working as a blacksmith journeyman. Then he went to work at the Dorchester Farm at St. John River, the farm of Major Coffin, where he was working on 18 Jan 1787. It appears Major Coffin was Major John Coffin, a local justice of the peace at the time. Subsequently, this entire claim of Henry Underwood was rejected on 23 January or July 1787.

On or about 17 Feb 1787, Henry Underwood appeared as a witness, who provided either oral testimony or a written statement, regarding a claim made by David Harkey of Grand Bay. Like Henry Underwood, Harkey was taken prisoner at Yorktown and became a POW serving his time at Lancaster, PA. He was onboard *Amity's Production* with Henry Underwood. In America, he had land in "New" Montgomery County, NC. 129

During the period 1798 to 1820, the name Henry Underwood appeared on various petitions in New Brunswick. The names of Henry Underwood and Peter Young appeared on a petition of (Colonel) David Fanning in 1798 in Queens County, New Brunswick. In 1802, Queens County, New Brunswick, the names of Henry Underwood, Thomas Wetmore, and (Colonel) David Fanning appeared on a petition of John Langley. In 1820, Westmorland County, New Brunswick, the names of Henry Underwood, John McElroy, and James Stewart appeared on a petition of James Brown.

file under call number X77.1392.1-2 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

With the exception of Henry Underwood, Jr., no other son of Henry Underwood, Sr., has ever been positively identified. To date, it is unknown what exactly happened to son Henry (Jr.) after he was reported missing from the POW camp in Lancaster, PA. He may have returned to the vicinity of NC, where he was reared. The name Henry Underwood does appear in various records of Chatham, Randolph, and Orange counties in the vears immediately after Henry (Jr.) was reported missing from the POW camp. For instance, in 1784, a signature of Henry Underwood appeared on a Randolph County petition from the inhabitants of Sandy Creek, the head waters of Stinking Quarter Creek, and Rocky River addressed to the Superior Court. 133 It is known Henry Underwood, Sr., once lived in the same area of Randolph County from which the 1784 petition signers were drawn.

Mary Phillips Underwood, the wife of Henry Underwood, Sr., presumedly was the adult female in New York City on or about 16 Jun 1783 with Henry Underwood, Sr. She had four children ten years of age or older with her. It is assumed she and the four children were there to be transported to Nova Scotia, which did not occur. They had to be out of New York City by 25 Nov 1783. On or about 26 Jan 1785, Henry (Sr.) petitioned to bring his family members, who were in North Carolina, to New Brunswick.

No one named Mary Underwood or any other Underwood female appeared on the 1785 tax list of Randolph County, NC. However, on 23 Dec 1786, Jane (the name Mary was crossed out, ¹³⁴ and the name Jane was added) Underwood was issued a land warrant (number 201) for 100 acres on Rocky River, adjacent to the land of Joseph Cloud. ¹³⁵ Joseph Cloud was the husband of Mary Earl Underwood, the sister of Henry Underwood, Sr. ¹³⁶ The survey of the land revealed it was 90 acres, not 100 acres. ¹³⁷ One of the survey chain carriers was

¹²⁴ Letter to Peter Hunter from Henry Underwood.

¹²⁵ Letter to Peter Hunter from Henry Underwood.

¹²⁶ Bell. Early Loyalist Saint John, 44.

¹²⁷ Memorial of Henry Underwood.

¹²⁸ Alexander Fraser. United Empire Loyalists: Enquiry into the Losses and Services in Consequence of Their Loyalty: Evidence in the Canadian Claims. (Baltimore, MD: Genealogical Publishing Co., 1905), Part II, 869.

¹²⁹ Fraser. United Empire Loyalists: Enquiry into the Losses and Services in Consequence of Their Loyalty: Evidence in the Canadian Claims, 869.

¹³⁰ 'RS108: Index to Land Petitions: Original Series, 1783-1918,' Provincial Archives of New Brunswick [online], accessed 2013.

¹³¹ 'RS108: Index to Land Petitions: Original Series, 1783-1918.'

^{132 &#}x27;RS108: Index to Land Petitions: Original Series, 1783-1918.'

¹³³ "Power Corrupts." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, Volume XX, Number 2:14.

Land Warrant, Number 201, issued to Jane (the name Mary crossed out) Underwood, dated 23 Dec 1786, on file under call number S.108.975 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

¹³⁵ Albert Bruce Pruitt. Abstracts of Land Warrants: Randolph County, NC, 1778-1948. (2001), 53.

¹³⁶ Hinshaw. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, 348.

¹³⁷ Pruitt. Abstracts of Land Warrants: Randolph County, NC, 1778-1948, 53.

Abner Cloud, son of Joseph and Mary Earl Underwood Cloud. Furthermore, the survey bears the same type of Jane/Mary Underwood entry as the land warrant. Mary Phillips Underwood may have been the Mary Underwood referenced in this paragraph.

Mary Underwood, possibly the wife of Henry Underwood, Sr., appeared on the 1790 Randolph County, NC census. 140 She was the only Underwood female, who was a head of household in Randolph County in 1790. In her household, she had two males under the age of sixteen, two other females, and herself. 141 This Mary Underwood was most probably the same Mary Underwood associated with the land warrant and survey referenced in the preceding paragraph.

The aforementioned 90 acres of land on Rocky River was sold on 13 Feb 1792 by Ann Underwood. 142 One of the witnesses to the sale was Malachi Man (sic). In about 1774, Malachi Mann had married Jane Underwood, 143 another sister of Henry Underwood, Sr. 144 Although it is unclear if the original land grant (number 565, issued 24 Nov 1790) for the 90 acres on Rocky River was issued to Jane Underwood or Ann Underwood, most likely it was issued to Jane Underwood since her name appears on both the accompanying land warrant and survey. 145 There is no record of this land grant ever being recorded in the books of the Randolph County Register of Deeds. Additionally, it has not been determined how the 90 acres transferred from Jane Underwood to Ann Underwood. The identities of Jane and Ann Underwood have not been determined.

MORE ABOUT BENJAMIN UNDERWOOD

¹³⁸ Hinshaw. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, 348. In 1773, Benjamin and his brother James Underwood signed a petition as did others to Josiah Martin, the royal governor of NC, requesting the Guilford County Court House be moved closer to the center of the county. ¹⁴⁶ The signers of the petition for the most part were from the southern portion of Guilford County, which became Randolph County in 1779, or the area just north of what became the Guilford County-Randolph County line. ¹⁴⁷

Benjamin Underwood was commissioned in July 1780 as a Loyalist militia officer by British Major Patrick Ferguson of South Carolina. 148 About 5 Jul 1781, David Fanning was promoted to Colonel of the Loyalist Militia of Randolph and Chatham Counties by British Major James Craig, 149 the British commander at Wilmington, NC. On 1 Sep 1781, Benjamin was appointed Captain of the Chatham County Militia under Colonel Fanning. 150 Fanning made his headquarters at Cox's Mill settlement in Randolph County. 151 On 13 Sep 1781, Captain Underwood was with Colonel Fanning at the Battle of Lindley's Mill¹⁵² in Chatham County, where Colonel John Luttrell, a Patriot, was killed. 153 By 5 Jan 1782, the British military had withdrawn from NC. 154 It appears the skirmish on 11 Feb 1782 at Deep River in Randolph County was the last military engagement for Colonel Fanning. 155

In the latter part of 1782, Loyalist militia from the Carolinas to include Captain Underwood and Colonel Fanning arrived in Charleston, SC for the British evacuation. While there, Captain Ben Underwood was paid for 542 days of duty under Colonel Fanning covering the period 1 Mar 1781

<sup>348.

139</sup> Survey for Jane (the name Mary crossed out) Underwood, dated 18 Oct 1787, on file under call number S.108.975 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

¹⁴⁰ Heads of Families at the First Census of the United States Taken in the Year 1790, North Carolina. (Baltimore, MD: Genealogical Publishing Co., 1992), 98.

¹⁴¹ Heads of Families at the First Census of the United States Taken in the Year 1790, North Carolina, 98.

¹⁴² Randolph County, NC Deed Book 5:62.

¹⁴³ Hinshaw. Encyclopedia of American Quaker Genealogy, 474

 ¹⁴⁴ Underwood. The Underwood Families of America, 440.
 ¹⁴⁵ File Number 528 for Jane Underwood, Office of the NC Secretary of State, on file under call number S.108.975 at the NC State Archives, Raleigh, NC.

¹⁴⁶ "Guilford County Petition." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, Volume V, Number 1:33-34.

¹⁴⁷ "Guilford County Petition." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, 33.

¹⁴⁸ "The Infamous Colonel Fanning Tells All." *The Genealogical Journal* by the Randolph County Genealogical Society, 54-59.

¹⁴⁹ Butler. The Narrative of Col. David Fanning, 38-39.

¹⁵⁰ Butler. The Narrative of Col. David Fanning, 41.

Butler. The Narrative of Col. David Fanning, 6 and 8.
 J. D. Lewis, 'The Battle of Lindley's Mill,' The American Revolution in North Carolina [online], accessed 2013.

¹⁵³ Butler. The Narrative of Col. David Fanning, 57.

¹⁵⁴ DeMond. The Loyalists in North Carolina During the Revolution, 123.

¹⁵⁵ J. D. Lewis, 'Deep River Number 2,' The American Revolution in North Carolina [online], accessed 2013.

The Brothers Henry and Benjamin Underwood

to 24 Aug 1782.¹⁵⁶ By order of Lieutenant General Alexander Leslie, Commandant of Charleston, SC, Captain Ben Underwood was paid an additional six months of pay, which was added to Pay Abstract Number 20, dated 24 Jul 1782.¹⁵⁷ "Those serving in the active militia units were paid for the remainder of 1782 before they embarked for their destinations."¹⁵⁸

Ben Underwood (presumed to be Captain Ben Underwood) received "half-pay" for Lieutenant Joseph Underwood on Pay Abstract Number 25 (date unknown) at James Island, SC, pertaining to Joseph's duty while serving in Colonel Samuel Campbell's Regiment, NC Militia, for 148 days during the period 6 Aug to 31 Dec 1782¹⁵⁹ A review of three additional pay abstracts for Colonel Campbell's regiment covering the period 24 Nov 1781 to 5 Aug 1782 failed to disclose any Underwood of any rank. ¹⁶⁰ So, it is a mystery as to when Joseph Underwood first began duty in the regiment.

Since Ben Underwood received this pay for Lieutenant Joseph Underwood sometime prior to the end of October 1782, a portion of this pay was paid in advance. Obviously, Joseph for some reason was not available to receive his own pay. It is presumed Joseph was a relative of Ben Underwood. At the time, half-pay referred to the pay or allowance an officer received when in retirement or while not on active duty but subject to military service. Colonel Campbell was put in charge of the small fleet, which departed Charleston for Nova Scotia in October 1782. ¹⁶¹

Sometime between approximately 24 Aug and 14 Dec 1782 during the British evacuation of Charleston, SC, Captain Benjamin Underwood departed onboard a ship for a destination unknown to this researcher. Purportedly, the Loyalist evacuees were allowed to choose their final

destinations. ¹⁶² Benjamin may have been on one of the vessels carrying "the garrison of British, German, and provincial troops and large quantities of stores to New York." ¹⁶³ It is likely his wife and children departed with him. Colonel David Fanning, who at one time was the commander over Captain Ben Underwood, and Fanning's wife Sarah Carr ¹⁶⁴ Fanning departed Charleston onboard the ship *New Blessing* for Florida. ¹⁶⁵ Eventually, Colonel Fanning settled in the province of Nova Scotia, where he died in 1825 at the age of 70. ¹⁶⁶

Based on the 19 May 1783 letter to Brook Watson, as previously discussed, it appears Captain Benjamin Underwood was in New York on or about 19 May 1783. So, from Charleston, SC, he had been transported to New York, either directly or indirectly. Furthermore, he resided in New York until the "Evacuation." At the peace, accompanied by his family of seven persons, he went from New York to Shelburne, Nova Scotia, where the Crown granted him one town lot." It is unknown if all of Benjamin's family traveled with him first to New York and then to Nova Scotia. It is possible he left some family members in NC.

In 1783, Benjamin Underwood was living on the Magaguadavic River, York County, Nova Scotia. 169 Then in 1785, in York County, New Brunswick, Benjamin Underwood filed a petition. 170 The names Dugald Clark and James Clark also appeared on the petition. 171 On 14 May 1785, Benjamin Underwood received 200 acres of land beyond Harrietfields near Prospect within

¹⁵⁶ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 410.

¹⁵⁷ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 361.

¹⁵⁸ Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution, 254.

¹⁵⁹ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 365.

¹⁶⁰ Clark. Loyalists in the Southern Campaign of the Revolutionary War, 354-363.

¹⁶¹ Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution, 255.

¹⁶² Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution, 254.

¹⁶³ Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution, 255.

¹⁶⁴ Butler. The Narrative of Col. David Fanning, 9.

¹⁶⁵ Lambert. South Carolina Loyalists in the American Revolution, 254.

¹⁶⁶ Butler. *The Narrative of Col. David Fanning*, 2 and 12. ¹⁶⁷ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood with Schedule of Losses and Services, 5 Dec 1785, British PRO Reference number A.O.13.26.X/J.7136, on file under call numbers 77.1437.1-2, 77.1438.1-2 and 77.1439.1-2 at the NC State Archives Raleigh NC.

Archives, Raleigh, NC.

168 Lorenzo Sabine. Biographical Sketches of Loyalists of the American Revolution. (Boston, MA: Little, Brown, and Co., 1864), 589.

¹⁶⁹ Esther Clark Wright. The Loyalists of New Brunswick. (Fredericton, New Brunswick: 1955), 337.

¹⁷⁰ 'RS108: Index to Land Petitions: Original Series, 1783-1918.'

¹⁷¹ 'RS108: Index to Land Petitions: Original Series, 1783-1918.'

Halifax County, Nova Scotia. 172 Adiacent neighbors were Anthony Henry, George Merlin, Phillip Merlin, and Peter Schifer.

In his memorial, dated 5 Dec 1785, Benjamin Underwood stated he was formerly a resident of Chatham County, NC. 174 He said he resided in NC many years before the Revolutionary War. 175 Beniamin requested compensation for the loss of houses and land he owned in both Chatham and Guilford counties. 176 He estimated his losses to be 300 pounds in Halifax currency. 177 Benjamin gave his residence at the time of his memorial as Halifax, Nova Scotia. 178 His claim was rejected on 9 Dec 1785. 179

In early 1786, Benjamin Underwood was scheduled to receive 200 acres in Shelburne County, Nova Scotia, but his name was withdrawn. 180 He continued to live beyond Harrietfields near Prospect in Halifax County.

Benjamin Underwood of Pennfield appeared as a witness on the will of Samuel Stilwell, who was a Quaker and an innholder, of the Parish of Pennfield, Charlotte County. ¹⁸¹ The will was dated 22 Feb 1791 and proved 18 Apr 1791. 182 On 30 Jan 1797, Benjamin Underwood received 188 acres at or near the parishes of Saint George and Pennfield in Charlotte County, New Brunswick. 183 When Benjamin resided in Charlotte County, he was geographically near his brother Henry, who lived in Sunbury County, which was adjacent to Charlotte County.

CONCLUSION

To the best of this researcher's knowledge, no descendant, who lived in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, or Canada, of either Henry or Benjamin Underwood has ever been identified. It is possible one or more of the seven Underwood heads of household, who appear on the 1851 New Brunswick census, is a descendant of either Henry or Benjamin. 184 Of the seven, three resided in Victoria County, and each of the three was Irish and arrived in New Brunswick between 1831 and 1838. 185 Therefore, these three can be eliminated from consideration due to place of birth (foreign born, not native born). The remaining four heads of household, who all were born in Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, resided in Westmorland County except Alexander Underwood, who lived in Northumberland County. 186 The names and approximate year of birth of the three heads of household in Westmorland were as follows: Samuel, 1788; Pierce, 1804; and John, 1824. 187 Alexander Underwood, born in approximately 1799, was the resident of Northumberland County. 188

This researcher has carried his research in New Brunswick as far as he can with the records available to him on the Internet. Hopefully, someone in New Brunswick will be able to make a genealogical connection to former North Carolina colonial residents Henry and Underwood, identify some of their descendants who lived or live in New Brunswick and/or Canada, and share information with the relatives of Henry and Benjamin, who are still residing in North Carolina and/or the United States, DNA evidence collected in the United States is available for comparison.

^{172 &#}x27;Nova Scotia Land Papers 1765-1800,' Nova Scotia Archives [online], accessed 2013.

^{173 &#}x27;Nova Scotia Land Papers 1765-1800.'

¹⁷⁴ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood.

¹⁷⁵ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood.

¹⁷⁶ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood.

¹⁷⁷ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood.

¹⁷⁸ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood. The location appears to have been Halifax County, Nova Scotia.

¹⁷⁹ Memorial of Benjamin Underwood.

^{180 &#}x27;Nova Scotia Land Papers 1765-1800.'

¹⁸¹ R. Wallace Hale. Early New Brunswick Probate Records, 1785-1835. (Bowie, MD Heritage Books, Inc., 1989), 439.

¹⁸² Hale. Early New Brunswick Probate Records, 1785-1835,

^{183 &#}x27;RS686: Index to New Brunswick Land Grants, 1784-1997.

^{184 &#}x27;1851 Census of New Brunswick,'

automatedgenealogy.com [online], accessed 2013.

^{185 &#}x27;1851 Census of New Brunswick.'

^{186 &#}x27;1851 Census of New Brunswick.'

^{187 &#}x27;1851 Census of New Brunswick.'

^{188 &#}x27;1851 Census of New Brunswick.'

Frederick James Ross

contributed by Marianne Donovan

Frederick James ("Fred") Ross, (November 9, 1890-August 27, 1918) Corporal, 817530, 2nd Battalion, Canadian Machine Gun Corps. 140th Overseas Battalion, came from a proud military heritage as the great-great grandson on his paternal line of both Donald Ross and Roderick MacLeod and on his mother's line to Peter MacLaggan, all members of the 42nd Highland Regiment (Black Watch.) This historic regiment fought during the American Revolutionary War on the side of the British and then protected the retreat of The Loyalists in 1783 from New York to Saint John. Many of the regiment opted to come to New Brunswick rather than return to Scotland and they sailed with "The Fall Fleet," the last to arrive in Saint John late that year and in 1784 moved along with other regiments to land grants provided in the Fredericton area. The 42nd Highlanders were the original settlers along both sides of the Nashwaak River from just below Taymouth to slightly beyond Nashwaak Bridge, north of Fredericton.

As following generations came along, settlement expanded beyond the original river grants and one such settlement was first called The Lightbody Settlement and then known as Wellington. Fred's great grandfather James A. D. Ross was one of the early settlers there as recorded on a map prepared by Cynthia Wallace on page 140 of *And The River Rolled On*, the 1984 production of The Nashwaak Bi-Centennial Association.



Fred J. Ross about 1900

Fred's parents were Wesley Alexander. Ross (1860-1938) and Catherine E. Young (1871-1969.) He was the only son and second child in

a family of 4 and his birth in The Lightbody Settlement is recorded in the York County Birth Register as November 9, 1890 but when Fred signed his Attestation document in Sussex on September 15, 1915, it was recorded as 1891. He was listed as being a bookkeeper and the family had moved to Fredericton by that time. The record

shows that he was assigned to the 140th. Overseas Battalion, Canadian Expeditionary Force.



Frederick James Ross. Taken behind 140th Battalion insignia

Sadly, The Fredericton Daily Gleaner reported in its September 9, 1918 edition that news had reached the family of Fred's death. The article confirmed that Fred transferred to The 26th New Brunswick Battalion before being sent overseas as a Private and was later attached to The 2nd Battalion, Canadian Machine Gun Corps as a Corporal. He had been awarded the Military Medal after The Battle of Vimy Ridge for bravery in the field.

His death occurred during what was called "The Hundred Days Offensive" when the Allies mounted sustained attacks which finally forced the German surrender on November 11, 1918. As part of The Battle of the Scarpe, The Canadians captured the village of Wancourt, 8 kilometers from Arras on August 26, 1918. Fred made the ultimate sacrifice the following day during stiff resistance from the Germans who were entrenched in heavily defended positions.

Ancestry.com shows a document from "Canada War Graves Registers (Circumstances of Casualty) 1914-1948 that records:

Killed in Action. "When on duty with his gun team during an attack east of Heninel and south west of Vis-en-Artois, at 12:30 o'clock on the afternoon of August 27th, 1918, he was severely wounded by enemy shell fire. His wounds were attended to and he was carried to a Dressing Station, but was dead on arrival."

The Commonwealth War Graves Commission indicates that Fred is buried in grave V.B.3 at Wancourt British Cemetery which has more than 1100 graves. Fred is one of over 200 Canadians buried in that cemetery, most who died on either August 26th or 27th 1918.

Lee Alexander Wood

contributed by Marianne Donovan

Lee was the 4th. of 10 children born to Josiah Wood (1868-1932) and Annie Clark (1870-1927) both of whom came from long established New Brunswick families. At the time of his birth the

family was living in Giant's Glen Rd, Stanley, York Co., and he grew up there.

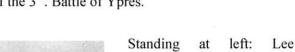
Although the 1901 census records of both Automated Genealogy and Ancestry.com list his date of birth as June 5, 1898, further corroborated by the 1911 census, his WW1Attestation

Document, dated April 27, 1916, shows it as June 5, 1897. "Fudging" the year of birth was not uncommon among volunteers who wanted to serve their country and the need to meet the enlistment targets. Even when Conscription was enacted in 1917, many who might not be called,

still added a year or two to their age in order serve with their buddies.

Lee was a member of the 26th. New Brunswick Regiment which was proudly referred to as "The Fighting 26th." The Canadian Corps had taken over a three month long attack on the village of Passchaendale from the Australians and New Zealanders on October 18. 1917 and Lee's date of

death, November 6, 1917 coincided with the day that the Canadians captured Passchendaele as part of the 3rd. Battle of Ypres.



Private, 818210, 26th. Bn., Canadian Infantry (New Brunswick Regiment)

Alexander Wood - (June 5,

1898-November 6, 1917)

Sitting at left: Roy Merrill (818154), from Maple Grove, near Stanley. The two on the left are unknown.

Lee has no known grave and is commemorated as one of over 54,000 names of the missing on the Menin Gate that leads from Ypres to the battlefields. There are many cemeteries around Passchendaele. including Tyne Cot, the largest British military cemetery in the world with almost 12,000 burials and Poelcappelle

which has nearly 7,500. Both of these cemeteries, along with smaller ones have high numbers of Unknowns, many of whom are Canadians and one might be Lee.

Lee is also commemorated much closer to his childhood home on the War Memorial on Route 107 in Stanley, York Co., as well as in The WW1 Book of Remembrance.



John Harold Cook

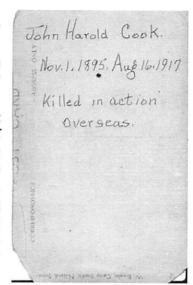
contributed by Barbara Pearson



Kings County Boys Killed In Action - Kings County Record, Dec. 7, 1917

"The Fierce Fighting Of Late On The Western Front Has Caused Heavy Casualties

"The heavy fighting on the Western Front of the past four weeks has been the cause of many Canadians making the Supreme Sacrifice. The Maritime Provinces has suffered the loss of many of its brave boys, our sister province of Nova Scotia being particularly unfortunate. New Brunswick and P.E.I. also suffered heavily and several Kings County heroes were numbered with the dead...



"John H. Cook - Carsonville - Son of Arthur and Mary Cook, killed in action with the N.B 26th Batt. in France, Aug. 16th, 1917."

(John Harold Cook was born 1 Nov 1895 in Carsonville, Kings County, to Arthur Albert Cook and Mary Catherine Folkins.)



Gertie Gladys Cook McEwen John Harold Cook Mary Elizabeth Cook Folkins Amy Trene Cook McEwen

Oren Davio Cook
Bertha Iola Cook Reidle
Seated:mother - Mary Catherine Folkins Cook
Wife of Arthur Albert Cook

contributed by Craig Nichols

The 140th Battalion began to be formed in 1916 (from the 104th) and was given the nickname "the Tigers". The information below from the Commonwealth War Graves Database. In the "Regiment" column, "Princess Pat's" refers to "Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry" and "RCR" refers to "Royal Canadian Regiment." This is Part 3 of three parts. The first two parts appeared in the Summer and Fall 2014 issues.

Reg. #	Surname	Forename	Address	Birth year	Age	Death Date	Rank	Regiment
817938	Kimball	Neil Parker		1898	21	1918-08-08	Corporal	Canadian Infantry
817085	King	Joseph Emery	Hanford Brook, Saint John Co., NB	1897	19	1917-04-09	Private	RCR
817220	Kirk	George Willard		1894	22	1917-04-09	Private	Canadian Infantry
817090	Landry	Amile Joseph	Memramcook, Westmoreland Co., NB	1897	21 (20)	1917-11-06	Private	Canadian Infantry
817499	Landry	Ernest Julien		1896	21	1917-07-04	Private	Canadian Infantry
817416	Le Blanc	Edmond		1895	22	1918-10-25	Private	Canadian Infantry
817093	Leary	John Hutchison		1885	33	1918-08-26	Private	Princess Pat's
817950	Leavey	John Michael		1890	29	1918-08-28	Sergeant	Canadian Infantry
817287	Littlejohn	Daniel Edward		1876	42	1917-05-30	Private	Canadian Infantry
817961	Lovely	Gilbert		1898	19	1917-04-09	Private	Canadian Infantry
817124	MacKinnon	Lauchlin James		1893	24	1916-12-05	Private	Canadian Infantry
817307	MacLaren	George Alfred		1896	21	1917-10-29	Private	Princess Pat's
817686	MacMullin	Steven Pennington	Hartland, Carleton Co., NB	1897	21	1918-04-22	Private	Canadian Infantry
817687	MacPhail	Chester Blaisdell	Bon Accord, Victoria Co., NB	1897	19	1917-06-06	Private	Princess Pat's
817105	Mahoney	Mike		1876	40	1917-04-28	Private	Canadian Infantry
818221	Mathie	Earl Winfred		1890	27	1917-10-24	Private	Canadian Machine Gun Corps
817969	McCausland	Frank	12 Albert St., W. Saint John, NB	1897	20	1917-04-09	Private	RCR
817676	McConnell	William		1886	31	1917-10-30	Private	Princess Pat's
817119	McDonough	Frederick Gerald	Norton, King's Co., NB	1897	17	1917-04-09	Private	Canadian Infantry

Reg. #	Unit/ship/ squadron	Country	Cemetery/Memorial	Grave Reference	Additional Information
817938	26th Bn.	France	Wood Cemetery, Marcelcave	A. 4.	Son of Martin and Luella Kimball, of Oromocto, NB.
817085		France	Thelus Military Cemetery	V. A. 9.	Son of Mrs. King, of Upham, King's Co., NB, and the late Gideon King.
817220	26th Bn.	France	Nine Elms Military Cemetery, Thelus	III. F. 18.	Son of James A. Kirk, of 274, Main St., Saint John, NB.
817090	26th Bn.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 26 - 28.	Son of Joseph P. and Arzelie Landry, of Memramcook, NB.
817499	26th Bn.	France	Loos British Cemetery	XIX. E. 23.	
817416	26th Bn.	United Kingdom	Epsom Cemetery	Screen Wall. K. 92.	Son of Honore Le Blanc and Obeline Dupuis, his wife, of White's Settlement, Kent Co., NB.
817093	"H.Q." Coy.	France	Vis-en-Artois British Cemetery, Haucourt	IV. I. 11.	Son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Leary, of Saint John; husband of Jean Leary, of 78, Metcalfe St., Saint John, NB.
817950	26th Bn.	France	Sun Quarry Cemetery, Cherisy	B. 8.	Son of Thomas and Priscilla Leavey (nee Mansbridge).
817287	26th Bn.	France	La Targette British Cemetery, Neuville-St. Vaast	I. C. 5.	Son of Thomas and Mary Littlejohn, o Saint John; husband of Mrs. G. Littlejohn, of 199, Sydney St., Saint John, NB.
817961	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		Son of the late William H. and Marion Lovely.
817124	25th Bn.	France	Lapugnoy Military Cemetery	II. F. 2.	Son of Malcolm and Mary MacKinnon, of Moncton, NB.
817307		Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 10.	
817686	26th Bn.	France	Bellacourt Military Cemetery, Riviere	II. E. 8.	Son of W. P. and Elizabeth MacMullin, of Hartland, Carleton Co., NB.
817687		United Kingdom	Brookwood Military Cemetery	IX. E. 20.	Son of William and Margaret MacPhail, of Bon Accord, Victoria Co., NB. Native of NB.
817105	26th Bn.	France	Orchard Dump Cemetery, Arleus-en-Gohelle	Willerval Canadian Cem. Mem. 31.	
818221	15th Coy.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 32.	Son of Joseph Winfred and Nettie Mathie, of Dennysville, Maine, U.S A.
817969		France	La Chaudiere Military Cemetery, Vimy	VIII. B. 5.	
817676		Belgium	Passchendaele New British Cemetery	VIII. B. 11.	
817119	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		Son of Mary E. McDonough, of 28, Paddock St., St. John, NB, and the late William B. McDonough.

Reg. #	Surname	Forename	Address	Birth year	Age	Death Date	Rank	Regiment
817680	McDougal	Lucius Arlington		1896	20	1917-04-09	Private	Canadian Infantry
818146	McGaw	Joseph Artimas		1893	24	1918-08-10	Private	Fort Garry Horse
818037	McKnight	Harold Eugene		1893	24	1917-05-01	Private	Canadian Infantry
817297	Mildon	William Henry		1894	23	1917-12-04	Private	Princess Pat's
817505	Miller	William Alexander	Gibson, York Co., NB	1897	20	1918-10-06	Private	Canadian Infantry
818211	Montgomery	Norman Leslie	Four Falls, Victoria Co., NB	1897	20	1917-04-09	Private	RCR
817851	Mowery	Douglas Tudor		1898	19	1917-11-06	Private	Canadian Infantry
818241	Muldowney	John		1898	20	1918-08-08	Private	Canadian Infantry
817511	Mulheron	James	·	1894	24	1918-09-28	Corporal	Princess Pat's
817800	Murkin	Charles David		1873	44	1917-11-10	Private	Canadian Labour Corps
817116	Murray (M M)	Lester Leland		1894	24	1918-09-30	Sergeant	RCR
817128	Nash	William John		1894	21	1917-03-04	Private	Canadian Infantry
817688	Nason	Maxwell Alfred	Waasis, Sunbury Co., NB	1897	19	1917-03-15	Private	Canadian Infantry
817130	Nicoll	Hugh Melvin		1896	21	1917-06-16	Private	Canadian Infantry
818063	Orser	Archie Blake		1898	17	1917-11-11	Private	Canadian Infantry
817137	Osborne	Millard Staples	71 King St., West Saint John, NB	1897	19	1917-11-06	Private	Canadian Infantry
817525	Peoples	Earle M		1888	28	1917-08-29	Private	Princess Pat's
817693	Peters	Addlord Joseph	Rothesay, King's Co., NB	1897	19	1917-04-09	Private	Princess Pat's
818258	Porter	Simon		1887	30	1917-08-17	Private	Canadian Infantry

Reg. #	Unit/ship/ squadron	Country	Cemetery/Memorial	Grave Reference	Additional Information
817680	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		
818146	-	France	Vimy Memorial		
818037	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		
817297		France	Boulogne Eastern Cemetery	VIII. I. 126.	Son of Edward Henry and Jessie D. Mildon, of Saint John, NB.
817505	43rd Bn.	France	Bucquoy Road Cemetery, Ficheux	III. D. 10.	
818211		France	Vimy Memorial		
817851	26th Bn.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 26 - 28.	Son of Armour and Josephine Mowery, of 15, Magazine Rd., Saint John, NB.
818241	26th Bn.	France	Wood Cemetery, Marcelcave	A. 2.	
817511		France	Crest Cemetery, Fontaine- Notre Dame	B. 6.	
817800	2nd Bn.	France	St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen	P. III. N. 9B.	Husband of Ivy Murkin, of 12, Windsor Rd., Ealing, London, England.
817116		France	Vimy Memorial		Son of William J. and Susan Maria Murray, of Fairville, Saint John, NB.
817128	26th Bn.	France	Ecoivres Military Cemetery, Mont	IV. E. 14.	Foster son of Edward and Emmeline Jackson of NB. Born in England.
817688	165th Bn.	Canada	Woodstock Methodist Cemetery		Son of Alfred E. and Lena J. Nason, of Woodstock, NB.
817130	26th Bn.	France	Longuenesse (St. Omer) Souvenir Cemetery	IV. C. 31.	
818063	26th Bn.	France	Etaples Military Cemetery	XXX. L. 4.	Son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Odbur Orser, of Hartland, NB.
817137	26th Bn.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 26 - 28.	Son of Albert S. and Edna C. Osborne, of 163, Winslow St., West Saint John, NB.
817525		France	Noeux-Les-Mines Communal Cemetery Extension	II. A. 5.	
817693	-	France	Vimy Memorial		
818258	26th Bn.	France	Loos British Cemetery	Lens Canadian Cem. No. 3. Mem. 42.	Husband of Grace M. Porter, of South Devon, York Co., NB.

Reg. #	Surname	Forename	Address	Birth year	Age	Death Date	Rank	Regiment
817148	Purdy	Walter Andrew	33 Rodney St., West Saint John, NB	1897	27 20 1917-11-06		Private	Canadian Infantry
817324	Ralph	George		1884	34	1919-01-29	Private	RCR
818091	Reynolds	Walter Nicholas		1885	33	1917-08-15	Private	Canadian Infantry
817698	Robinson	Melvin Alexander	Woodstock, Carleton Co., NB	1897	19	1917-07-09	Private	Princess Pat's
817767	Ross	John		1881	1881 35 1917-04- 09/10		Private	Princess Pat's
817530	Ross (M M)	Frederick James		1891	27	1918-08-27	Corporal	Canadian Machine Gun Corps
817740	Roy	Charles Samuel		1896	22	1918-05-07	Private	Canadian Infantry
817336	Sabean	Watson		1896	28	1917-10-31	Private	Princess Pat's
817832	Saunders	Lemuel Bernard	Woodstock, Carleton Co., NB	1897	20	1920-01-01	Private	Canadian Infantry
817340	Scott	David		1879	38	1919-01-12	Private	Canadian Infantry
817835	Scott	William Blaine		1885	42	1918-10-22	Corporal	Canadian Corps Military Police
817160	Scovil	George Henry Albert		1883	32	1917-11-19	Private	Canadian Infantry
817342	Sentell	James Victor	Salisbury, NB	1897	19	1917-04-09	Private	Canadian Infantry
817704	Sharpe	Allison Ernest		1892	25	1917-10-26	Private	RCR
818164	Shields	Alfred Ernest		1894	24	1917-11-06	Private	Canadian Infantry
817533	Sinnett	Charles Newton	Gaspereau, Queen's Co., NB	1897	20	1917-07-07	Private	Canadian Infantry
817165	Small	Arthur Gilbert		1892	24	1917-10-30	Private	Princess Pat's
817168	Smith	William John	Armstrong's Corner, Queen's Co., NB	1897	20	1918-08-08	Private	Canadian Infantry
818218	Sparks	Albert James	Ripples, Sunbury Co., NB	1897	20	1917-11-02	Private	Princess Pat's
817355	Stockton	Parker Leander	Anagance, King's Co., NB	1897	20	1917-08-16	Private	Canadian Infantry

Reg. #	Unit/ship/ squadron	Country	Cemetery/Memorial	Grave Reference	Additional Information
817148	26th Bn.	Belgium	Tyne Cot Cemetery	I. D. 18.	
817324		United Kingdom	Warrington Cemetery	C. RC. 787.	
818091	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		Son of the late Benjamin and Annie Reynolds.
817698		France	Barlin Communal Cemetery Extension	II. C. 13.	
817767		France	La Chaudiere Military Cemetery, Vimy	VIII. E. 2.	
817530	2nd Bn.	France	Wancourt British Cemetery	V. B. 3.	Son of Wesley A. and Cathrine E. Ross, of 336, Queen St., Fredericton, NB.
817740	26th Bn.	France	Bellacourt Military Cemetery, Riviere	II. G. 14.	Foster-son of Mrs. Rosamond McFeters, of Benjamin River, Restigouche Co., NB.
817336		Belgium	Nine Elms British Cemetery	VIII. B. 22.	
817832	26th Bn.	Canada	Woodstock Methodist Cemetery		Son of John Bennett Saunders and Susannah Saunders, of Woodstock, NB.
817340	2nd Bn.	France	Ste. Marie Cemetery, Le Havre	Div. 62. IV. R. 1.	Son of James and Helen Scott; husband of Pansy R. Scott, of Harcourt, Kent Co., NB.
817835		Canada	Saint John (Fernhill) Cemetery	Field of Honour 24.	Son of Joseph and the late Mary Scott; husband of Jennie May Scott, of Fredericton, NB.
817160	26th Bn.	France	St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen	P. III. P. 5A.	Son of G. H. A. Scovil; husband of Pearl Maude Weatherhead (formerly Scovil), of 5051, Buchanan St., Los Angeles, California.
817342	10th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		Son of James O. and Gladys L. Sentell, of Salisbury, NB.
817704		Belgium	Vlamertinghe New Military Cemetery	XII. F. 14.	
818164	26th Bn.	Belgium	Tyne Cot Cemetery	I. C. 30.	Son of Frank Shields, of Woodstock, NB.
817533	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		
817165	No. 4 Coy.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 10.	Son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Small, of Brook Vale, Queen's Co., NB.
817168	26th Bn.	France	Adelaide Cemetery, Villers- Bretonneux	II. O. 12.	Son of William and Christina Smith, of Armstrong's Corner, Queen's Co., NB.
818218		Belgium	Nine Elms British Cemetery	VII. D. 8.	Son of Albert J. and Sarah Sparks, of Ripples, Sunbury Co., NB.
817355	26th Bn.	France	Bruay Communal Cemetery Extension	Н. 23.	

Reg. #	Surname	Forename	Address	Birth year	Age	Death Date	Rank	Regiment
817179	Taylor	George Herbert		1895	22	22 1918-10-10 Privat		Canadian Infantry
817727	Taylor	John Alfred		1887	31	1918-08-26	Private	RCR
817411	Taylor	Walter	Surrey, Albert Co., NB	1897	20	1917-11-24	Private	Canadian Infantry
817824	Terris	Gardiner		1891	26	1917-03-28	Private	RCR
818105	Thorne	Freeman		1898	19	1918-08-08	Private	Canadian Infantry
817365	Tomlinson	Gordon Tilliston		1896	22	1918-08-09	Private	Canadian Infantry
818152	Vaughan	William Herbert	-	1883	34	1917-10-30	Private	Princess Pat's
817550	Vincent	Malcolm		1878	41	1918-07-31	Private	Canadian Railway Troops
817189	Walsh	Donald Herbert		1894	23	1917-04-13	Private	RCR
818124	Ward (M M)	James Dow		1892	24	1918-10-24	Private	Canadian Infantry
817395	Warnock	James		1895	21	1917-09-01	Private	Canadian Infantry
817551	Warren	Herbert John		1892	26	1917-08-23	Private	Canadian Infantry
817194	Webb	John	Annidale, Queen's Co., NB	1897	19	1917-08-15	Private	Canadian Infantry
817427	White	Domad		1894	24	1918-08-10	Private	Canadian Infantry
817198	White	Нагту		1877	39	1917-07-08	Private	Princess Pat's
817864	Williams	Charles Henry		1875	43	1918-10-01	Lance Sergeant	Princess Pat's
817726	Wolverton	Harry Ernest				1917-11-05	Private	Canadian Infantry
818210	Wood	Lee	Stanley, York Co., NB	1897	19	1917-11-06	Private	Canadian Infantry
817777	Young	John James		1887	35	1917-11-07	Private	Canadian Infantry

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Reg. #	Unit/ship/ squadron	Country	Cemetery/Memorial	Grave Reference	Additional Information
817179	26th Bn.	France	Naves Communal Cemetery Extension	II. A. 10.	
817727		France	Vimy Memorial		
817411	26th Bn.	France	Etaples Military Cemetery	XXX. M. 23.	
817824		France	Ecoivres Military Cemetery, Mont	IV. H. 25.	
818105	26th Bn.	France	Villers-Bretonneux Military Cemetery	XVI. C. 9.	
817365	26th Bn.	France	St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen	Q. V. G. 1.	Son of James R. and Alice Tomilson, of Stanley, NB.
818152		Belgium	Tyne Cot Cemetery	XXIV. A. 24.	
817550	12th	United Kingdom	Buxton Cemetery	3256	Son of Thomas and Ann Fisher Vincent, of 2, Main St., Nemains, Lanarkshire, Scotland; husband of Helen Vincent, of 79, Norfolk Rd., Byker, Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.
817189		France	Barlin Communal Cemetery Extension	I. H. 58.	Son of Hannah and the late John Walsh, of 377, Douglas Avenue, Saint John, NB.
818124	78th Bn.	France	Queant Road Cemetery, Buissy	I. A. 18.	
817395	26th Bn.	France	Longuenesse (St. Omer) Souvenir Cemetery	IV. D. 56.	Son of Alfred and Lavenia Warnock, of Surrey, Albert Co., NB.
817551	26th Bn.	France	Etaples Military Cemetery	XXV. N. 10.	Son of William and Annie Warren.
817194	26th Bn.	France	Vimy Memorial		Son of Robert and Charlotte Hannah Webb of Grand Bay, NB.
817427	26th Bn.	France	Abbeville Communal Cemetery Extension	IV. C. 20.	
817198		France	Vimy Memorial		Son of Samuel White, of Newfoundland; husband of Annie White, OF 100, St. James St., Saint John, NB.
817864		France	Etaples Military Cemetery	LXVIII. G. 4.	Son of C. H. and Roberta Williams, of St. John; husband of Jessie E. T. Williams, of 294, Rockland Rd., Saint John, NB.
817726	26th Bn.	Belgium	Tyne Cot Cemetery	XXIX, F. 9.	
818210	26th Bn.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 26 - 28.	Son of Josiah and Annie Wood, of South Devon, NB.
817777	"C" Coy. 4th Bn.	Belgium	Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial	Panel 18 - 24 - 26 - 30.	Son of the late John and Ellen Young; husband of Odessa M. Steeres (formerly Young), of Prince Rupert, British Columbia.

Lewis Peter Fisher

contributed by Peggy Vasseur

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The Late L.P. Fisher

For more than half a century, Lewis Peter Fisher was the dominant figure in Woodstock life, giving the town leadership through its beginning years and laying foundations for the future.

He was involved in practically all aspects of the community, but he is remembered chiefly today for his enormous contributions to the town's educational system. The L. P. Fisher School, Carleton County Vocational School and L. P. Fisher Library all stand as concrete evidence of the wisdom and generosity which this amazing gentleman possessed. As school resumes again some 60 years after L. P. Fisher's death, it might be an appropriate time to review his life and varied accomplishments. Two members of the Carleton County Historical Society, Mr. K. E. MacLauchlan and Mrs. A. B. Connell have each done a great deal of research in this regard and the following paragraphs are excerpts from some of their notes.

Some of the older Woodstock citizens well remember a chairman of the Board of School Trustees who used to take his duties very seriously. He was an imposing figure who regularly visited the schools to test the knowledge of the pupils. On such occasions, he wore formal attire with a long frock coat which, as the years went by, faded from its original black to a greenish hue, high hat and umbrella tucked under his arm. He habitually wore knee length boots which he had specially made for himself from very fine leather and which he wore inside the legs of his trousers. Some people say that in his later years he wore a wig.

He liked to visit the schools and apparently the pupils liked to have him visit the schools. He had one habit which occasioned great glee to most of the children, but not so much to the victims. If he saw a child he recognized he was liable to make a rhyme about him. For example: "There is little Johnny Jones, I think he needs more meat on his bones," or "I see Allan Poole sitting on a stool and I hope he is not a fool."

Perhaps his popularity with the children was due in some part to the formula with which he closed his visits: "You can go home now and get your pan cakes. And you needn't come back this afternoon."

This was Lewis Peter Fisher, Woodstock's first mayor.

Mr. Fisher's rise to be the most prominent member of his community was no Horatio Alger story, no rags to riches tale. He came from an outstanding family, several of whose members made great contributions to the life of the province.

The family were of Loyalist stock. The grandfather, Lewis Fisher, was of Dutch extraction and prior to the Revolutionary War lived in the American colonies. During the war he served with the New Jersey volunteers. Early in the war he was captured by the Americans and was imprisoned, but he managed to escape and returned to duty with his corps.

His name appears first on the muster rolls as Lodewick Fisher, and later as Lodewick Fisher. After the war, he adopted the anglicized version of his name as Lewis Fisher.

After the war, he and his wife and three children came to New Brunswick. The youngest child was Peter Fisher, who was to become New Brunswick's first historian and the father of Lewis Peter Fisher. They arrived in Saint John in September, 1783, after their ship, the Esther, narrowly escaped being wrecked on the voyage. Despite the lateness in the year of their arrival, they proceeded almost immediately up the Saint John River to Fredericton. It was too late in the season to build a proper shelter and they spent their first winter in a tent where only the devoted care of the mother kept the children from perishing.

However, Peter Fisher survived and grew to manhood and secured a fairly good education. In 1807, he married Susanna Williams, who is believed to have been a daughter of his school master. They had a large family, according to Raymond; seven boys and four girls. The eldest son, Charles, became a judge of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. Another son, Henry, was for some years Chief Superintendent of Education in the Province. Another son, William, was for several years Indian Commissioner.

Lewis Peter Fisher read law in the office of his brother, later Judge Fisher, and at this time also came under the influence of the Hon. L. A. Wilmot, later Lieutenant-Governor of the Province. Mrs. Connell tells me that her research showed a remarkable similarity of character and pattern in public life of these two outstanding figures in the life of the province. He also studied with his brother, Charles, who was later to become a judge.

He was born in 1820, which would have made him only twenty-one years old when he came to Woodstock to practice law. He was admitted to the bar in 1841 and on coming to Woodstock, opened an office which as nearly as we can figure out was just about where Medjuck's Furniture Store now stands.

Mr. Fisher formed a partnership with Randolph K. Jones, which lasted until 1875, in which year he went into partnership with A. B. Connell, which partnership continued up to the time of his death.

He quickly became the outstanding figure in the legal life of the community and for many years was retained on one side or the other in most of the important cases which came before the courts. He was active in criminal cases as well as in civil matters, and attained a reputation as a successful defence counsel. Later, under the Fraser government. he became prosecutor and appeared for the crown in numerous cases. He seems to have discontinued his court work about 1884, although he continued to carry on an office practice until almost the turn of the century. He was appointed Judge of Probate in 1865, and held that office until his death. I know of no other case in which a Probate Court judge has sat for half a century in this province, unless it might possibly be the late Harry O. McInerney in Saint John.

As is well known, he was Woodstock's first mayor. He did not win his first election easily, but was chosen after a spirited contest in which he polled 146 votes to 126 ballots cast for his principal opponent, James Robertson. One George W. Cleary also ran, but does not appear to have figured very heavily in the voting. Mayor Fisher's first council was composed of William T. Baird, Hugh McLean, W. F. Dibblee, W. W. Hammond, John Bradley and Edward Smith. This was in 1856. From then on for 24 years until 1880, he continued as mayor, and many citizens strongly urged him to continue on even after he had decided it was time for someone else to take over.

Mr. Fisher was very prominent in religious life. He was superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School and leader of the choir for a period of 28 years. In this connection, an episode occurred which caused him great grief for the rest of his life and to which he refers not without some bitterness in his will.

Mr. Fisher was greatly wrapped up in his work as Sunday School superintendent, but apparently he was not a member of the Methodist Church. Finally, a minister of that church, notwithstanding the fact that his superintendent has been doing a pretty good job for more than a quarter of a century, ruled that Mr. Fisher must either become a church member or get out. Mr. Fisher was not an easy man to push around. He was not prepared to join the church by order. He got out. But it was a matter which he regretted and which worried him for the rest of his life.

The prominent part taken by Mr. Fisher in the legal and business life of Carleton County is apparent from the most casual examination of the Carleton County Records. The first transaction in which his name appears was in December 12, 1843, when he and Richard Ketchum together received a mortgage of land in the Parish of Wakefield from one John Shaw for fifty-three pounds, fifteen shillings and seven pence. The first deed he gave was on October 9, 1848, when he conveyed a parcel of land in the Parish of Madawaska, then part of Carleton County, to Andrew B. Hammond.

From then to the time of his death, he acquired deeds or mortgages to the number of 706 and executed to other persons deeds to 242 pieces of property. Many of the conveyances he received were, of course, mortgages which were later redeemed at maturity, but obviously he owned a huge amount of real property at the time of his death. The extent of his holdings is shown by the fact that in the twenty year period following his death, his executors gave no less than 116 deeds, all of them for greater or less interests in parcels of land.

I did not know Mr. Fisher personally, as he was dead long before I came to Woodstock, but, judging from the huge estate he left, I rather pictured him as a hard business man. However, on the records there are a considerable number of mortgages given to him which were never paid, and which stand undischarged on the books to the present day. So, accordingly, he must have had considerably sympathy and forbearance for those who could not always meet their obligations.

Mr. Fisher's will, in addition to being probably the most important legal document ever drafted in Woodstock, is also outstanding for its human interest. It is a lengthy affair, running to almost ten thousand words. I have been told that the will was not written in one continuous operation, but that Mr. Fisher would work at it for a while one day, have another session the next day, maybe leave it for a few days and then go back to it, and so on. The will was written by hand, mostly by Mr. Fisher but partly by his law partner, Mr. Allison B. Connell, K.C.

As a result of the method in which it was drawn, the will is a bit mixed up in places. You will find legacies to relatives and friends, churches and institutions, jumbled up together, and even his great bequests for community projects are not listed in chronological order. An executor, looking at the will for the first time, would probably have been a bit puzzled to know just how to proceed, However, this principal executor, Mr. Connell, had worked with him in the preparation of the will, and accordingly knew what it was all about, and doubtless he had the advantage of having Mr. Fisher's intentions explained to him verbally.

I have heard Mr. Fisher criticized for not leaving more to his wife than he did. Actually, he left her pretty well provided for. In addition to a life interest in his palatial home, he left her an annuity of \$2000.00 a year, which would probably be worth at least \$12,000.00 a year now, and also, well knowing her charitable nature, he left her a considerable annual allowance for carrying out her various benefactions without doing so out of her personal income.

I may say that the reason I have not made any extended reference to Mrs. Fisher is that Mrs. Connell has prepared some notes on that gracious lady, which she will present to you a little later.

As is well known, the bulk of Mr. Fisher's estate was left for public purpose. He left, I am told, an estate of about a half a million dollars, an achievement never equalled by any lawyer in this section of the province before his time, and I am very sure not by any lawyer after his time. His principal benefactions, of course, were the Fisher Library, the Fisher Memorial School, the Carleton County Vocational School, and the Fisher Memorial Hospital. Mr. Fisher evidently was away ahead of his time in his perception of the need for vocational training, and the Carleton County Vocational

School was only the second of its kind in eastern Canada.

His will gives an insight into Mr. Fisher's character in other respects. He directs that his executors shall carry out all promises and agreements which he made in his lifetime, even though there may be nothing in writing to establish that such promises were made. He also directs his executors in getting in his debts to exercise discretion and in cases where hardship would result he instructs them not to bring undue pressure on his debtors.

Mrs. Connell, in her research, has come up with a large number of press clippings dealing with Mr. Fisher's day to day activities in business and public life. It is impossible to mention them all here, but one or two may be mentioned. There is one account of a council meeting, taken from the files of the Carleton Sentinel, March 23, 1867, which shows that the problems under consideration today have not changed too much during the years. His Worship, for example, expressed his doubts as to the propriety of licencing such places as bowling saloons, which in themselves being perhaps not objectionable, become accessories to leading the young into habits of vice and crime. He also spoke of the necessity of an institution such as a provincial reformatory to which persons of tender years who commit a crime might be sent for discipline and education. He also advocated the appointment of a constable for each ward as a protection to life and property, instead of having one marshall for the town.

Just what Mr. Fisher's politics were, some of my hearers may have known. Personally, I have been unable to find out if he was ever a party man. So far as I can figure from his known political activities, he was an advocate of a one party system in which the government would be formed from the persons best fitted. At one time or another he gave his support to candidates from both the chief political parties, accordingly as he judged their merits.

After he had been in office for ten years as mayor, we quote the Carleton Sentinel of March 18, 1865. "Mr. Fisher has been mayor ever since the town was incorporated, and we run no risk, we think, of interfering with the private opinions of anyone when we remark that it has been a most fortunate thing for the town that such as been the case. We hope that His Worship may for many years longer grace the (supposed) robes of office."

Personal misfortunes did not dull his feeling for the misfortunes of others. In 1877, a large portion of the business section of the town was laid waste by fire in which he himself suffered a heavy financial loss. In spite of this, only a few weeks later we find him convening a meeting to aid the victims of the great Saint John fire and heading the subscription list with a personal contribution of \$100.00.

Mr. Fisher passed away in October, 1905, at the age of 85 years, following an illness of only three days.

The funeral took place three days later. The funeral was held in the main hall of his residence on Upper Main Street, and was conducted by the local pastor of the Methodist Church, Rev. G. A. Ross, who was assisted by Rev. J. C. Berrie. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. T. J. Deinstadt. At the request of Mrs. Fisher there was no music, but favorite hymns of the deceased were read by the officiating clergy.

Perhaps the longest funeral cortege ever seen in Woodstock followed the remains to their last resting place in the Old Methodist cemetery. The procession passed from the home to the cemetery along streets lined on both sides by pupils of the public schools.

First in the long line of vehicles were coaches with the funeral director and clergy; then a coach

with Mayor A. E. Jones and Councillors Stevens, McManus, Nicholson, Fisher and Leighton; then came a coach with the Board of School trustees; then a coach with the hospital trustees; then coaches bearing respectively the clergy of the town and the legal profession, who were Hon. W. P Jones, K.C., solicitor-general, J. C. Hartley, D. McLeod Vince, J. N. W. Winslow, Louis E. Young, Charles Comben, T. C. L. Ketchum, and A. C. Calder.

Then came the hearse followed by carriages with relatives and intimate friends. There was one coach with nephews of the deceased, W. S. Fisher, George Fisher, William M. Connell and Rev. Mr. Wallace; then a coach with Charles Garden, Heber Connell, F. H. J. Dibblee, Dr. Fisher and Allison B. Connell; then a coach with E. K. Connell, Beresford Connell, Norris Connell and Amaziah Wright; then one with Judge Stevens, H. A. Connell, Capt. Duncan and B. Harry Smith; and after that a long line of private carriages.

Well may the present generation say: Let us now praise famous men; rich men furnished with ability living peaceably in their habitations; these were the glory of their times.

Obituary

Catherine Somerville was a long-time member of NBGS - Saint John Branch and was a valuable contributor to many publications projects and other activities.



SOMERVILLE, CATH-ERINE LORRAINE - Catherine Lorraine Somerville passed away peacefully at the St. John and St. Stephen Church Home, University Avenue, Saint John on Sep-

tember 6, 2014 where she had been living since November 2010. She was the daughter of the late George C. and Ethel L. (MacLaren) Vaughan. After graduating from Saint John High School she entered the Saint John General Hospital School of Nursing from which she graduated in 1948 as a Registered Nurse. She then completed a four month post graduate course in Obstetrical Nursing in 1949 at the Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal before joining the Obstetrical Staff at the Saint John General Hospital. She is survived by her husband Graeme F. Somerville, son David B., son Andrew D. (Joyce), daughter-in-law Patti all of Saint John and daughter Ruth L. Somerville of Perth-Andover NB. Also surviving are five grand-children, Raven (Bradley) Taylor, Eric (Julie) Somerville, Christopher, Michael and Caitlin Somerville, and three great-grandchildren Alyssa and Rhys Taylor and Owen Somerville. She was pre-deceased by her eldest son, Peter G. Somerville, of Fredericton, in 2008.

Sgt. Thomas Horne: British Home Child, Soldier of the CEF, Husband and Father

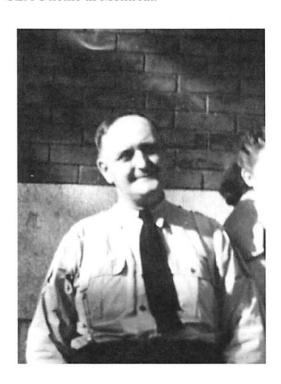
contributed by Mary-Ellen Badeau

Photo of Thomas Horne is courtesy of his grand-daughter Doreen Adams. I would like to take this opportunity to thank Mrs. Phillip (Kathleen Horne) Rafferty daughter of Thomas Horne, for providing me (via her niece Doreen) with information about her father's life. Also I would like to thank Doreen for helping with a lot of the research and in so, making this article about her grand-father possible. To Thomas Horne, though you are no longer physically with us, we truly thank you for fighting for our freedom.

Thomas Horne was but a boy of seven years when he set sail from Liverpool, England to Montreal, Quebec, Canada the 28th July 1904 aboard the Bavarian along with 33 other children. He was sent to Canada by the Catholic Emigration Association (CEA). The CEA was just one of the many various sending parties for the British Home Children. He lived a very full but short life. He returned to England as a member of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces (CEF) and ended up in France fighting during the First World War. He returned home to Canada after the war, got married, had five children and was a well-respected member of the Sussex community.

At this point in time we do not have much information about Thomas's life or whereabouts before he arrived in Kings County, NB. He was born the 3rd December 1896 in London England according to most documentation we have found so far.

Thanks to the organization which looks after the records from the Crusade of Rescue Home run by the Crusade of Rescue we know that according to the application made out for his emigration, on July 15th 1904, J. Moore, M.D. of Oak House, Enfield, England deemed Thomas fit for emigration, a one way trip to Canada. This record says he was born the 24th June 1897 but not baptized until the 24th April 1904 at the church on Ogle Street in the town of London. We do know that sometimes, for whatever reason the birth dates were not always correct but it is one more piece of information relevant to the story of Thomas's life. This application shows he was to be sent to the home of Jeremiah Donovan in Jeffry, [actually Jeffries Corner] Kings County where he would spent his childhood growing up. We surmise from this, that he would have boarded a train heading for New Brunswick a day or so after having arrived at the CEA's home in Montreal.



Looking at the 1911 NB Census (Kings County) for the district of Kings and Albert, in the parish of Sussex we find Jeremiah Donovan age 52, his wife Margaret A. age 47, his sister Ellen age 60, a niece Agnes Beavin age 29 and Thomas F. Horne age 14 listed as adopted. We do not think he was formally adopted as later in the probate dated the 18th April 1929 for Jeremiah Donovan's estate, Thomas who was a Clerk at the time, is noted according to Jeremiah's will as being his co-executor and "having lived with him for a number of years". Jeremiah and Margaret Donovan never had any children of their own and so it seems Thomas was treated as a son. The beneficiaries of Jeremiah's will, after all debts were paid and other matters taken care of were Thomas Horne, Thomas's father-in-law Hugh McNaught and his sister-in-law Levina McNaught.

Though the First World War started in 1914, Thomas did not enlist until the 30th April 1915 at Sussex, NB. He enlisted as being Thomas Edward Horne born in London, England, the 3rd December 1896. He listed his next of kin as being Mrs. Kate

Horne of London, England. He was a Butter Maker by trade, not married at the time of enlistment and he had never served in the military before. He signed his attestation paper in Sussex the 30th April 1915 which was certified correct by Lt. Col. O. W. Wetmore, the approving officer 74th Regiment, deemed medically fit by A. E. Gardner, Capt. of the 55th Battalion and was approved for enlistment the 14th May 1915 by, Lt. Col. J. R. Kirkpatrick, the commanding officer of the 55th Battalion.

According to Thomas's military record, he spent a bit of time in England, but most of his time was in France. His was listed in the Kings County Record of the 18th June 1915 as part of the Overseas Contingent "set to go when called upon" as part of the 55th Battalion. The 55th at that time was waiting to head to Valcartier for more training with other battalions. According to the Kings County Record of the 16th July 1915 the 55th were leaving, transferring to Valcartier to complete their training. Thomas had left Canada with the 12th Battalion Canadian Infantry and landed in England the 28th June 1915, almost three weeks before this.

By the 28th August 1916 he was in France with the 2nd Battalion. By October, just two months later, Thomas would take shrapnel in his left arm. It would be almost three weeks before he would be sent back to England to have his arm looked at. While he was getting his arm looked after and back into shape he was sent to the 5th Canadian Railway Troops and back to France. This is where he would spend the rest of the war (32 months) until he was demobilized. He was wounded again in June of 1918 this time in the leg. Once demobilized, he sailed from Liverpool the 16th August 1919 to Halifax aboard the Belgic and was discharged in Halifax the 23rd August 1919.

Thomas sometimes went by the middle name Edward and sometimes Everett. Apparently he took the middle name of Edward, because there was a very nice fellow named Edward he knew growing up that was very kind to him and he thought very highly of this fellow. Everett could be a mispronunciation of Edward. On his death certificate he is Thomas Frances Horne.

We discovered something interesting on the military records which may or may not relate to the various middle names. Thomas listed Mrs. Kate Horne of London as his next of kin, and also Jerry Donovan of Jefferies Corner as his step-father. Later on while overseas, Mrs. Kate Horne is

crossed out as there is not a complete address for her and a Mrs. J. Brazier is listed as Thomas's aunt. She is noted as living at 20 Station Rd., Moorhall, Folkestone, Kent. Thomas was having part of his pay forwarded to Mrs. J. Brazier. Later around the time he is discharged her name is no longer there as next of kin, it says uncle. This would probably be Mr. J. Brazier since there is no additional address. The pay going to his aunt stopped around the time the uncle was noted as next of kin.

Many of the British Home Children joined the CEF during the war for two reasons, to help defend our Mother Country and to look for family they left behind. We think that Thomas may have had a bit of time when he first arrived in England to ask around and possibly tracked down relatives. It is possible, while in the hospital at Folkestone when he had the shrapnel wound and was waiting to be returned to service, he found or made contact with his aunt then. In Thomas's military record, it shows he was granted a day's leave to Folkstone the 24th February 1918.

Apparently, he was supposed to be going that day to meet his sister who was rumoured to be an accomplished violinist, but he was called up for duty before he could leave to meet her.

After the war, it is hard to tell where Thomas went or what he did. It was thought he may have gone, out West for a bit, but we are not certain about this. We did find him in the 1921 Census in the District of St. John & Albert, Prince Ward, in Saint John, NB working as a Mechanic boarding at 21 Sydney St. This is possibly where he first met his wife Anastasia McNaught who was originally from Kings County. Anastasia McNaught disappears from the Kings County census in 1921. There is an entry however, for an Anna McNaught in the District of St. John & Albert, Kings Ward, Saint John, NB working as a Waitress and boarding at 3 Dorchester St. Possibly they met where she was waitressing. Thomas Horne Married Anastasia Mc Naught on the 16th June 1923 at St. Francis Xavier Church in Sussex, NB, and they lived their life together in Sussex, NB. Incidentally, there is no Thomas Horne or Anna McNaught listed in the 1923 Saint John City Directory, which helps to verify our conclusion.

On Thomas's marriage certificate he lists his parents as Thomas Horne and Mary [Ingramme?]. We do not know if this is correct. Was Thomas Horne and Mary [Ingramme?] really his parents or

were they possibly his grandparents? Kate Horne was listed originally as his next of kin so she could have been his mother. She might have been single when she had Thomas and in those days things were rough, people were barely making ends meet and could not always afford to feed more mouths. Him being Roman Catholic, and the Church being quite strict at the time of his marriage might have not let him get married. He might have said his grand-parents were his parents. Maybe Kate's full name was Mary Katherine. Some Priests used peoples full names and some used peoples first names only especially if the first name was Mary or Joseph. Kate and Mary could actually be one and the same. For the moment, we have hit a brick wall.

Many years later, after Thomas had passed away, someone from England called the house looking for Mrs. Horne. This was the Christmas of 1977, the phone connection was very poor and got disconnected before Anastasia, Thomas's wife, could come to the phone. She was not sure if they were really looking to speak with her or the Mrs. Horne who lived down the street who had relatives in England. Since the phone connection was broken before they were able to speak to each other they had no way of knowing for sure nor did they have any way of calling the person from England back.

What did Thomas do after he came back from the war and married Anastasia? They were living back

in Sussex when they got married. When his foster parents, the Donovan's both got sick in 1929, Thomas and Anastasia moved in with them to look after them. His step-mother, Margaret, died in January 1929 and his step-father, Jeremiah (Jerry), died in April 1929. Both deaths were as a result of Influenza. Jeremiah left Thomas the house on Church Avenue and the accompanying seven acres which was known as the homestead lot. He delivered oil at the time. In 1940, he became the warden of the Post Office on Main Street (Dominion Building) in Sussex where he and his family lived until he passed away in December of 1952.

Other things that kept Thomas occupied were: the founding of the Kings County Stadium and the Legion Memorial Hall where they held the Veterans Fair until the end of the Second World War, he was a member of the Branch No. 20 Canadian Legion and President for two years. He helped raise funds during WWII. He was associated with the Sussex hockey teams, a volunteer fire fighter, a member of the Holy Name Society just to name a few. He was very well known and very well liked in the community. He knew most people by name, was very dedicated to his family and the commu-He was very sociable, a beautiful singer, loved to play cards and even helped the undertaker by driving the hearse on occasion. He would do anything for anyone and was loved by all. Thomas Horne was a great man.

Rose Staples - Genealogical Researcher

Rose Staples UE PLCGS

Broad Meadow Genealogy http://broadmeadowgenealogy.wordpress.com/
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roses@nbnet.nb.ca

If you have interest in hiring a researcher please send a summary of the work you have already completed and what your goals are. I have eleven years of research experience with the Provincial Archives of New Brunswick and with the Loyalist Collection at the University of New Brunswick Library.

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For the year ending: December 2015

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Check one Branch only and send your payment to that Branch address. US and Overseas residents pay in US dollars. Make cheques payable to your Branch (e.g. Saint John Branch, NBGS). Membership is for a calendar year. Those joining or renewing late in the year will receive back issues of Generations for that year. If your membership is not received by February 15 the Spring issue of Generations will be held and mailed with the Summer issue; if not received by May 15 the Spring and Summer issues of Generations will be held and mailed with the Fall issue.

IMPORTANT: This i accuracy of our m					Restigouche Branch, P.O. Box 5453, Dalhousie, N.B., E8C 3C2					
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NEW BRUNSWICK GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY, INC.

MEMBERSHIP ENROLMENT FORM

For the year ending: December 2015

I am researching the following families.

Please limit surnames to eight.

The names you are researching has become out of date with many members just checking the box that was provided. It will therefore be appreciated if you can provide a new list of surnames.

SURNAMES	WHAT AREA
1.	
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CHARITABLE STATUS

New Brunswick Genealogical Society, Inc., a Provincially Registered Society, received Federal certification as a charitable organization effective January 1, 2003. In order to enhance and improve service to its members and remain financially stable, the society will provide official tax receipts for donations to the Society or any of its Branches for their various programs, projects and fonds. Cards will be sent for memorial donations. Inquiries may be made to the Society president or any of the Branch presidents for details.

transcribed and contributed by Marianne Donovan

Part 3 of 6. As this is an alphabetical listing, if there is more than one name on a stone each one is separately referenced by surname, but then linked as well to the others. Listings current as of June 2013. Row and plot numbers start at rear of cemetery on Neill farm side.

2 - 66	CASEY, Cathy Jean (1972)
33 - 24	CASEY, Marguerite B. (Apr 10 1921-June 1, 1995) & GAUTREAU, Jeffery Joseph (Sep 29 1918-Feb 16 1989)
51 - 3	CAVANAGH, Jessie L. (1923-1989) & GLENDENNING, William I.(1895-1973) & BOLSTER, Nellie M. (1893-1979)
35 - 20	CAVANAUGH, G. Gerald (1914-1992) & LEWIS, Viola S. (1915-1994)
41 - 6	CAVANAUGH, Lloyd George (1917-1992) & Glenna Isabel (1927-2003) & Michael A. (Jun 16 1955-Jul 23 2011)
34 - 16	CAWTHRA, Mary E. (1929) & MACLAGGAN, Donald T. (1928)
37 - 42	CHALMERS, Isabel May Swim-Dickison (1923-2008)
43 - 9	CHALMERS, Dr. Robert H. (1912-2003) & MCDOUGALL, Ruth P. (1915-1976)
33 - 16	CHAPMAN, Ernest E. (1933-1972) & BELL, Phyllis (1930)
55 - 9	CHAPMAN, John David (1960-1980) ***Funeral Director's marker
59 - 12	CHARTERS, A. Patricia (1943-2000) & HALL, C. Scott (1943)
58 - 31	CHASE, David J. () & FRANCIS, Connie Jean (Sep 23 1963-Mar 2 1992)
26 - 54	CHASE, Douglas Irvine (1930-1931) & MOREHOUSE, Ruby J. (1912-1987)
32 - 19	CHASE, Eileen I. (1919-2003) & CLARK, E. Bruce (1911-1997)
50 - 19	CHASE, Elaine E. (1939-1996) & PAYNE, C. Christopher ()
55 - 2	CHASE, Ernest R (1912-1973) & RICHARDSON, Velma M. (1912-1988)
7 - 46	CHASE, George Cecil (1891-1960) & ARSENAULT, M. Dorothy (1918-1997)
2 - 25	CHASE, John Chipman (Oct 14 1906-Dec 6 1992)
25 - 55	CHASE, Rena P. (1902-1987) & SAVAGE, Lloyd Tennet (1904-1977) & Leona (1931- 1931) & Grover (1933-1933)
55 - 13	CHESSIE, Brian David (May 27 1950-Sep 7 1985) & Thelma E. (1929-2012)
4 - 63	CHETWYND, Dorothy (1935) & SCOTT. F. Orrie (1916-2002) & Joanne P. (1962-1962)

44 - 7	CHRISTENSEN, James M. (1942-2008) & TAYLOR, Barbara E. (1947)
39 - 35	CHRISTENSON, Gordon L. (1915-2007) & Marjorie H. (1918-2007)
32 - 19	CLARK, E. Bruce (1911-1997) & CHASE, Eileen L. (1919-2003)
3 - 6	CLARK, Eldon L. (1911-1996) & ALLEN, Gertrude F. (1912-1971)
31 - 19	CLARK, Donna J. (Apr 21 1944-Jan 6 1988)) & MCMILLAN, John (Oct 13 1942)
14 - 65	CLARK, George L (1875-1915) & Lillian M (1907-1914) & Walter (1909-1912) & George A. (1915-1915)
6 - 64	CLARK, Gladys R. (Sep 25 1914-Feb 24 1982)
51 - 18	CLARK, Henry (1956-1981) & HUMBLE, Pte. Donald J. Carleton & York Rgmt. (1926- 1999) & Jacqueline (1938) ***Military Stone
44 - 37	CLARK, Leslie Marion (1962-2007)
4 - 19	CLARK, Murray G. (1918-1987) & KEMP, Ivy E. (1920)
47 - 15	CLARK, Ralph M. (1908-1989) & Kenneth (1933-1961) & Sidney R. (1932-1986) & & RICKARD, Violet (1911-1987)
33 - 14	CLARK, Thelma G. (1912-1973) & DONOVAN, Ronald F. (1912-1975)
23 - 31	CLARKE, Abner G. (1843-1928) & Sarah A. (1839-1911)
25 - 33	CLARKE, Sgt. Howard G. (July 9 1906-Apr 10 1972)
45 - 9	CLARKE, Jean Bernice (1907-1990) & MACNAUGHT, William D. (1904-1978)
14 - 40	CLARKSON, Barbara (1933) & SPENCER, Raymond (1930-2003) & Brian E. (1958-2006)
1 - 8	CLAYBOURN, Charles H. (1909-1986) ***Funeral Director's marker
2 - 17	CLAYBOURN, Ernest H. (1929-1993) & HOYT, Nancy P. (1935)
28 - 56	CLAYBOURN, Marvin C. (1934) & HUDLIN, Donna J. (1950)
1 - 17	CLAYBOURN, Memory N. (1920-1988) ***Funeral Director's marker
1 - 16	CLAYBOURN, Minchen L. (1936-1990)
23 - 24	CLAYTON, Charles W. (1858-1926)
9 - 52	CLAYTON, Dorothy I. (1922-1996) & HOWE, Murray F. (1915-2000)
26 - 46	CLAYTON, Gerald Watson (1914-1981) & Linda Jeanne (May 31 1947-Sep 10 1947) & BLAKNEY, Jeanne M. (1919-1981)

24 - 24	CLAYTON, Glyminnie J. (1863-1917)
49 - 34	CLENDENNING, Delbert E. (1939-2001)
12 - 14	CLOSE, Henry F. (1846-Mar 29 1919)
46 - 14	CLOWATER, C. Milburn (1911-1993) & STEWART, Mildred M. (1913-2010)
44 - 9	CLOWATER, Inez (1913-2012) & WOOD, Basil W. (1905-1997)
5 - 73	CLOWATER, Ivy C. (1912-1972) & Janet Priscilla (1915-2003) & HALLETT, William B. (1911-1949)
46 - 12	CLOWATER, Meda I. (1936) & TITUS, Donald Wilfred (1932-1979
31 - 26	COCHRANE, Trpr. Claudie W. LD SH (RC) CA (1922-1998) ***Military Stone
54 - 10	COCHRANE, Guy D. (1913-1981) & WOOD, Muriel E. (1918-2001)
50 - 5	COCHRANE, J. David (1925-2007) & Michael Richard (1951-1974) & MCCAUGHEY, Dorothy L. (1924)
52 - 9	COCHRANE, Ottie R. (1922-1983) & CARR, Augusta V. J. (1929)
37 - 37	COFFIN, Gordon H. (1906-1998) & W. Lorraine (1918)
32 - 27	COLE, Barbara Leah (Munn) (1943-2012)
9 - 27	COLE, Glenna P. (Oct 16 1924-Jun 5 1983) & MAZERALL, John W. (Jun 14 1917-Jul 6 2000)
32 - 8	COLE, Hazel G. (1927-2009) & MOGARD, Carl McCluskey (1923-1985) & Terrance R. (1952-2002)
36 - 41	COLEMAN, Amos John (1936) & MITCHELL, Carol Jean (1938-2010)
47 - 10	COLLINGS, Harold W. (1909-1989) & BARTLETT, M. Elzaid (1906-1995)
16 - 19	COLLINS, Charles A. (1886-1980) & Alfred J. (1924-2006) & Frederick (1938-2009) & SHIELDS, Mildred J. (1905-1985)
33 - 28	COLWELL, Audrey M. (1923-1997) & TRUE, Herman Lyle (1921)
54 - 13	COLWELL, Charlotte K. D. () & HOLLAND, Weldon M. (1936-1984)
6 - 13	COLWELL, Walter Fulton (1924-2010) & Marilyn Elizabeth (1947-2012) & STAPLES, Eleanor M. (1918-2000)
39 - 18	COMEAU, Sgt. James J. 17th. Canadian Hussars (1916-1990) & ARBEAU, Rose (1918-1995)
52 - 18	CONKLIN, M. Marguerite (Jun 5 1916-Mar 18 2008) & HUGHES, Edward L. (Dec 17 1920-Apr 8 2010)
6 - 72	CONLEY, J. Emerson (1929-1999) & Lillian (Feb 6 1895-Oct 29 1983) & Earl B. (1941-2009)

7 - 71	CONLEY, John A. (1908-1921) & Olive E. (1869-1945) & Edna P. (1888-1914)
7 - 72	CONLEY, John N. (1858-1920) & George W. (1904-1974) & Margaret Helen (1905-1957) & Olive E. (1869-1945) & Hattie Mc (1899-1917) & John A. (1908-1921)
33 - 27	CONNOR, Phyllis J. (May 21 1919) & MUNN, Sherman A. (Feb 10 1920-Jul 21 2001)
45 - 5	CONSTABLE, Ralph D. (1928) & Randy S. (1955-1968) & RICKARD, Mary E. (1926-2009)
17 - 14	COOK, Annie R. (1867-1951)
18 - 14	COOK, Harvey (1865-1932)
41 - 17	COOPER, Zoe K. (1922-2011) & BRANNEN, Robert A. (1916-1981) & Sylvia L. (1957)
41 - 14	COPP, Robbie (infant d. 1979)
15 - 47	CORBETT, H. Kenneth (1885-1938)
15 - 48	CORBETT, H. Kenneth, Pilot Officer RCAF (d. Oct 14 1939) ***Military Stone
32 - 23	CORCORAN, Blanche N. (1924) & HAINES, Carl Irvine (1917)
45 - 36	COREY, Clayton H. (1937-1993) & Carol E. (1939-1991)
1 - 58	CORMIER, Elizabeth Joy (1935-1994) ***Funeral Director's marker
69 - 18	CORMIER, J. Henry (Apr 21 1922-Aug 19 2011)
34 - 22	CORNEY, John M. (1914-1984) & Nora E. (1924-2000)
32 - 16	CORNING, Percy J. (1889-1970) & WESTON, Beatrice M. (1889-1987)
50 - 14	CORNISH, Vera F. (1913-1987) & CROWELL, Quinton Ronald () & Anne Elaine ()
5 - 33	CORNOCK, William H. () ***Funeral Marker present 2007 missing as of 2009
52 - 14	COUGHLAN, Forrest G. (1921-1984) & HARGREAVES, Margaret E. J. (1930-2009)
47 - 34	COUGLAN, Robin T. L. (1939) & Ardyth M. (1940-2012)
13 - 61	COY, Donald J. (1905-1994) & Ada G. (1895-1992)
18 - 61	COY, Dorothy E. (1909-2011)
28 - 31	COY, E. Lawrence (1933) & PATTERSON, Katherine ()
8 - 48	COY, Edwin G. (1899-2002) & Eric Noel (1934-1956) & ARMSTRONG, Alice (1914- 2009)
13 - 59	COY, Gilbert J. (1872-1954) & RANDALL, Myrtle M. (1871-1974)

18 - 60	COY, Gladys (1894-1985) & MCCOOMBS, James A. (1892-1959) & Gerald W. (1920- 1938)
54 - 18	COY, Lawrence Richard (1922-1988) & LUND, Jennie C. (1924)
11 - 24	CRAFT, Jessie Helen (1907-1984)
2 - 5	CRAIG, Amanda J. (June 28 1981-November 22 1991)
1 - 5	CRAIG, Jack V. (1945-1989) & BUCKLEY, Jeannette L. ()
10 - 40	CRAIK, Sgt. James I. 26th. Battn, CEF (Jan 5 1894-Oct 23 1967) & FLIEGER, Frances E. (Dec 12 1896-Apr 15 1968) ***Military Stone
10 - 42	CRAIK, Kenneth A., (1916-1953) & WEED, Clara (Carlo) Frances (d.July 23, 1945, 2 months)
13 - 7	CRAWFORD, Pauline (1922-1945) & SAVAGE, Richard Booth "Killed in Holland" (1917-1945)
40 - 32	CRAWFORD, Richard J. (1902-1995) & Lola M. (1918)
45 - 12	CRAWFORD, Victoria E. (1907-1982) & BURNETT, Charles M. (1902-1984)
26 - 24	CRONKHITE, Clara B. (Dec 16 1918-Feb 4 1995) & MURCHLAND, Roland C. (1909-1977)
55 - 17	CROSSMAN, Pte. Lloyd M. RCASC, CA (1921-1995) & BILLINGS, Ruth P. (1915-1997) ***Military Stone
63 - 17	CROTTY, Jacqueline (1923-1998) & MCGRATH, Harold A. (1920-2006)
25 - 4	CROUSE, Edith L. (1909-1910)
38 - 34	CROUSE, John C. (1925) & BANKS, Ethel D. (1928)
11 - 20	CROWE, Margaret (1878-1918) & GILBERT, P. Leroy (1918-1919) **This is Patricia Verna Leroy, named on two stones
50 - 14	CROWELL, Quinton Ronald () & Anne Elaine () & CORNISH, Vera F. (1913-1987)
9 - 56	CROWLEY, Kenneth V. (1904-1996) & HICKEY, Mary E. (1907-1994)
4 - 55	CROWLEY, Loretta (1903-1981) & DRAPER, George M. (1880-1967)
4 - 51	CROWLEY, Marie L. (1927-1969)
55 - 34	CULLIGAN, David A. J. (Aug 15 1947-Oct 26 2012)
51 - 34	CUMMINGS, John A. (1932-1992) & Olive P. (1934)
56 - 12	CUNNING, Irene M. (1930) & LONG, Walter (1928)
26 - 21	CUNNING, Julia Anne (1883-1980)

1 - 13	CUNNINGHAM, Kevin James (1961-1987)
9 - 51	CURRIE, Helen P. (1908-1996) & DAVIDSON, Dudley E. (1909-1950) & Gordon C. (1937-1992)
50 - 2	CURRIE, Mary Helen (1917-1993) & ANTHONY, Bernard M. (1910-2005) & Donald M. (1925-1971)
33 - 11	CURRIE, Oliver R. (1896-1982) & WILLIAMS, Edith A. (1905-1970)
52 - 1	CURRIE, Robert W. (1924-2001) & KAINE, Evelyn A. (1924)
5 - 44	CURTIS, Clara R. (1882-1959) & RICKARD, Sydney (1884-1919)
35 - 27	CURTIS, Eloise M. (1930) & MCLEOD, Howard L. (1924-1991)
7 - 37	CURTIS, Frederick A. (Mar 13, 1941-Feb 7, 2007)
34 - 26	CURTIS, Leora M. (1923-2007) & MCCOY, Donald Sr. (1919-2002)
13 - 8	CURWIN, Ernest Stewart (1923-1986) & TYLER, Jennie (1911)
9 - 24	DANIELS, Douglas E. (1967-1984)
27 - 29	DANIELS, Grace P. (1952) & ARBEAU, Emerson F. (1940-2005)
9 - 23	DANIELS, Sadie (October 1948-February 2007)
9 - 51	DAVIDSON, Dudley E. (1909-1950) & Gordon C. (1937-1992) & CURRIE, Helen P. (1908-1996)
16 - 10	DAVIDSON, Frank G. (1902-1976) & LACOUTER, Ina M. (1908-1982)
21 - 6	DAVIDSON, Gertrude M. (1916-1992)
23 - 57	DAVIDSON, James (1864-1945) & Sarah A. (1865-1942)
11 - 71	DAVIDSON, James Leonard (1936-2006) & GILKS, Evelyn (1939)
11 - 72	DAVIDSON, J. Leonard (1899-1943) & HOLLAND, Victoria (1899-1976)
18 - 26	DAVIDSON, Wallace George (1933-1997) & KNOX, Rose Anna (1935)
45 - 33	DAVIS, Clarence D. (1931-2003) & REID, Muriel R. (1926-2003)
12 - 39	DAVIS, Donald Robert "Robbie" (1979-2006)
55 - 12	DAY, Florence J. (1912-1999) & HARRIS, W. Perley (1905-1987)
50 - 6	DAY, Lorne (1916-1999)
71 - 16	DAYE, Cameron H. (1942) & Joann M. (1943)

44 - 14	DAYE, Gordon W. (1907-1983) & Kelley Lynne () & GRANT, Lillian C. (1913-1991)
45 - 17	DEAN, George William (1919-1981) & MACLEAN, Mary G. (1927)
41 - 33	DEGRACE, Wilfred J. (1921-2000) & ESTEY, Ardella (1929-2001)
43 - 15	DELONG, Lloyd G. (Oct 11 1922) & MACDONALD, Yvonne C. (Jul 23 1928)
14 - 36	DELONG, Mary M. (1891-1949) & ROSS, Bedford N. (1888-1941)
55 - 19	DELONG, Stanley Owen, (1916) & ROSBOROUGH, E. Marie (1926-2008)
39 - 32	DEMARCHANT, Edgar Eugene (1922-1989) & BLANK, Anna (1924)
1 - 7	DEMINGS, P/O William C. RCNVR (1920-1993) ***Military Stone
9 - 62	DERRAH, Edith May (1935-1981) & Pamela Joy (1955-1955)
12 - 19	DERRY, B. Franklin (Feb 4 1921-May 24 1996) & Michael E. D. (Sep 18 1956) & MADDOX, Elsie E. (Jan 5 1921-Dec 31 2008)
12 - 20	DERRY, John Harold (Jun 9 1889-Apr 8 1942) & MORGAN, Alice M. (Dec 22 1891-Feb 6 1933)
12 - 21	DERRY, Murry E. (1919-1920) & Walter E. (1922-1924) & Earl D. (1926-1926)
54 - 16	DEWITT, Alvin C. (Nov 15 1918-May 10 2002) & SMYTHE, Evelyn N. (Mar 6 1921-Mar 2 1986)
49 - 33	DEWITT, G. Charles (1924) & HEATHERINGTON, Flora (1925)
28 - 35	DEWOLFE, Rose Anne (d. Feb 13 1925, age 64)
51 - 12	DICKISON, Hilda D. (1923-1985) & SCOTT, Glendon Roland (1921-1984)
37 - 43	DICKISON, Robert Jasper (1952-2008) & GILLIES, Nancy Jane (1953)
27 - 31	DOAK, John H. (1893-1979) & KITCHEN, Violet (1902-1975)
7-9	DOAK, Shirley M. (Oct 22 1939-Sep 29 2008) & SPENCER, Floyd M. (Apr 10 1934-Mar 2 2006)
17 - 35	DOBIE, Arthur R. (1891-1958) & Villa B. (1902-1949)
18 - 35	DOBIE, Hector D. (1862-1954) & Priscilla J. (1863-1925) & Rosamond J. (1896-1966)
16-31	DOBIE, Robert T. (1900-1979) & YEO, Ethelwyn D. (1914-2006)
22 - 44	DODMEAD, Margaret (1863-1930)
16 - 13	DONEAGHY, John (1896-1974) & Blanche (1912-1973)

22 - 51	DONOVAN, Pte. Arthur, North Shore NB Regt. (1925-1992) ***Military Stone
49 - 2	DONOVAN, Ethel J. (1896-1980 & HANSON, Thomas H. (1893-1970)
6 - 17	DONOVAN, Geraldine (1909-1999) & JEWETT, Walter Robinson (1908-1982)
32 - 20	DONOVAN, John L. (1940-2005) & Paul A. (1963-2003) & ALLEN, Marianne (1942)
22 - 52	DONOVAN, John W. (1888-1938) & Ralph (1920-1930) & HUGHES, Alice O. (1886- 1960)
33 - 14	DONOVAN, Ronald F. (1912-1975) & CLARK, Thelma G. (1912-1973)
4 - 26	DORCAS, Arthur (Sep 15 1915-Oct 11 2003) & Nora (Feb 4 1922)
4 - 25	DORCAS, Della (1914-2003) & GORMAN, Chester (1913-2000) & Aubrey C. (1934-2008)
34 - 17	DORCAS, Edgar (1917-2005) & Hilda (1923)
4 - 27	DORCAS, Evelyn D. (1909) & GORMAN, Randolph (1909-1988)
26 - 37	DORCAS, James Melvin (1879-1966) & Mary I. (1887-1925) & Chester Arthur (1909-1984) & PERLEY, Ada Marion (1910-1980)
50 - 12	DORCAS, Olla Irene (1910-2005) & ELGEE, Howard Joseph (1914-2004)
41 - 31	DORCAS, Ross Wesley (1916-2009) & URQUHART, Jean (1912-1993)
29 - 38	DORCAS, Royce B. (1930-1999) & CORNISH, Leona V. ()
39 - 15	DOUGLAS, Borden D. (1915-2001) & ROBLEY, Olive C. (1919-2003)
40 - 37	DOW, Bertha A. (1924-1995) & RICKARD, Gerald W. (1917-2002)
22 - 12	DRAPER, Alda G. (1907-1987) & PICKARD, Douglas (1909-1996)
4 - 55	DRAPER, George M. (1880-1967) & CROWLEY, Loretta (1903-1981)
44 - 12	DREW, Lawrence Ward (Apr 20 1946) & Peter Ellis (Dec 19 1980-Nov 9 2012) & MOORCRAFT, Linda Ann (Mar 27 1949)
8 - 30	DRINKWALTER, Helen Margaret (Apr 12 1930) & SLOCUM, Ralph Wesley (Aug 2 1912-Jul 11 1998) & FLOWERS, Helen Jean (Jun 21 1912-Feb 15 1970)
6 - 14	DRUMMOND, Helen F. (1923) & MACGOUGAN, Albert L. (1915-1996)
51 - 33	DUBE, Noella C. (Dec 25 1960) & PIKE, Peter B. (Jun 2 1954)
8 - 13	DUFFY, Edith Mae (1871-1963) & MALLOY, Gretchen (1872-1972)

16 - 55	DUNBAR, Frances P. (1934-2010) & WALSH, Ralph K. (1938)
17 - 54	DUNBAR, Guy A. (1893-1978) & MINUE, Ruby C. (1897-1938)
6 - 5	DUNBAR, Harry Edward (d. Aug 26 2007) & MCARTHUR, Alberta M. (d. Aug 27 1983)
14 - 21	DUNBAR, Jackie R. (1915-1916) & Allan M. (1913-1938) & Shirley O. (1922-1999)
14 - 20	DUNBAR, Lorne R. (1887-1964) & Nina F. (1891-1974)
17 - 55	DUNBAR, Ronald M. (1922-2010) & ATKINSON, Joyce T. (1933)
2 - 42	DUNCAN, Allan Wayne Jr. (1972-1979)
42 - 8	DUNCAN, Bonita H. (1949) & HOLLAND, Richard G. (1948-2012)
40 - 42	DUNCAN, Evelyn (Nov 18 1922-Nov 24 2008) & FURLONG, J. J. Raymond (Apr 11 1924-Feb 2 1997)
51 - 31	DUNHAM, Freda R. (1937) & MERRITT, Ennis E. (1932-2007) & Allan Myles (Aug 26 1965-Sep 5 1974) & LEWIS, D. Marie (1954)
1 - 10	DUNN, David William (1946-1986) & HAYES, Elsie M. (1913-1988)
45 - 4	DUNN, Matthew James (d. Apr 18 2001) & HAYES, Elsie M. (DUNN) (1913-1986)
1 - 9	DUNN, Ray (Apr 3 1943-May 30 2003)
35 - 42	DURLING, Dale Robert (1965-2005) & MUNRO, Tammy Lynn ()
44 - 36	EATMON, Alberta M. (1929-2002) & BUNIO, Roman S. (1926)
44 - 19	EATMON, Chester Adolphus (1904-1988) & Clark N. (1942-1987) & MCCARTY, Edna M. (1908-1981)
33 - 25	EATMON, Lillian E. (1915-1991) & MCCARTY, Harold T. (1910-1992)
3 - 13	ELGEE, Hilda M. (1926) & SAVAGE, Royden E. (1924) & Russell B. (1947) & BELL, Sandra E. (1950)
50 - 11	ELGEE, Howard Joseph (1914-2004) & DORCAS, Olla Irene (1910-2005)
1 - 67	ELGEE, Mabel B. (1888-1973) & LEWIS, J. Vernon (1867-1955)
35 - 26	ELLIOTT, James A. (1924-2010) & POWELL, Ruth A. (1923)
4 - 68	ELLIOTT, Robert D. (1896-1962) & STOTHART, Alice G. (1902-1995)
32 - 15	ELLIS, Granville H. (1902) & KINNEY, Mildred T. (1907-1970)
6 - 7	ELLIS, Louise May (1912-1997) & GAMBLIN

	Gordon A. (1918-2004)
6 - 24	EMERSON, Frances (1983) ***Funeral Director's marker
58 - 33	ERICKSON, Eric Patrick Bernard (Jun 27 1915-Nov 29 1995)
60 - 33	ERICKSON, Ericka (d. Oct 7 1991)
58 - 34	ERICKSON, Joyce E. (1958) & MCINTYRE, Laura E. (1921-1995)
43 - 2	ESTABROOKS, Alexander (1899-1969) & QUARTERMAIN, Lorena M. (1908-1988)
17 - 11	ESTABROOKS, Annie May (1883-1973)
18 - 12	ESTABROOKS, Charles T. (1887-1959) & Mildred G. (1891-1917)
5 - 20	ESTABROOKS, Keith Martin (1930-1996) & BURSE, Louise G. (1933)
7 - 12	ESTABROOKS, Mary E. (d. 1978) & STEPHENS (Rev) Ernest (d. 1937)
45 - 11	ESTABROOKS, Pauline (1905-1993) & LECKEY, Cecil J. (1910-1988)
18 - 11	ESTABROOKS, Rainsford T. (1849-1931) & Kenneth W. (1895-1971) & GRANT, Martha M. (1860-1947)
39 - 42	ESTEY, Abner D. (1925-1988) & HANSON, Rowena P. (1929)
55 - 32	ESTEY, Ada M. ((1931-2008) & FULLERTON, Ralph P. (1929-1996)
41 - 33	ESTEY, Ardella (1929-2001) & DEGRACE, Wilfred J. (1921-2001)
3 - 10	ESTEY, Charles A. D. (Sep 4 1921-Dec 23 1998) & MITCHELL, Julia M. (Oct 30, 1930)
9 - 34	ESTEY, Daniel R. (1880-1968) & Beulah M. (1929-2004) & STEWART, Bessie A. (1883-1964)
59 - 14	ESTEY, Donald Ottie ("Jim") (Apr 21 1923-Jun 2 2011) & HUGHES, Doris Elizabeth (Jul 31 1928-Feb 7 2008)
6 - 8	ESTEY, John C. (Jul 31 1917-May 21 1998) & HAYWARD, Frances H. (Apr 22 1925-Jan 1 1986)
56 - 31	ESTEY, Stephen C. () & AGNEW, Joanne M. (1962-1994)
50 - 18	EVANS, Arnold D. (1922-1984) & GUILFOIL, Jean D. (1926)
17 - 66	EVANS, William D. (1905-1939)
18 - 15	EVERETT, Gertrude (1887-1957) & MCCOY, James Rainsford (1885-1963) & Guy Rainfsord (1923-1963)
56 -18	FAIRLEY, Dora May (Mar 23 1949-Dec 23 1986) & TIMMS, Gerald Earnest N. (May 25

	1932)
39 -40	FARKAS, John A. (Apr 11 1961) & ANTWOLA, M. Victoria (Jun 5 1961)
25 - 44	FARKAS, Mary (Hay) (1943)
39 - 41	FARKAS, Tess (Nov 20 1993-Feb 11 2006)
40 - 18	FERGUSON, Mary (1914-1995) & HAINES, Ivan F. (1916-1995)
25 - 3	FERRIS, Clara E. (1887-1980)
25 - 2	FERRIS, James A. (1854-1937) & Sarah A. (Aug 13 1911 age 61)
2 - 55	FERRIS, Mildred Harris (1898-1970) & HACHEY, Norma ()
5 - 63	FERRIS, Ralph A. (1911-1988) & PRICE, Hazel G. (1909-1993)
5 - 64	FERRIS, Raymond D. (1939-1957)
18 - 42	FLANAGAN, Agnes L. 1918-2001) & MCLEOD, Alex J. (1914-1974)
35 - 45	FLEMMING, Carl W. (1934-1991) & Marjorie L. (1936)
32 - 6	FLEMMING, Murray W. (1924-1969) & BREWER, Nioma (1923-2011)
7 - 44	FLETCHER, Alfred Edward (Jan 29 1913- Apr 28 1958)
35 - 13	FLETCHER, Fred R. (1908-1987) & BAIRD, Ruby D. (1912-1994)
57 - 15	FLETCHER, Marion R. (Apr 19 1924-Jul 20 2008) & VROOM, Weldon F. (Apr 3 1922-May 31, 2012)
29 - 46	FLETCHER, Mark Stewart (May 12 1970- May 18 1991)
6 - 29	FLETCHER, Minard A. (1883-1978) & BUSTIN, Helen (1884-1916).
25 - 46	FLETCHER, Robert Lee (Mar 12 1960-Jul 13 1979)
10 - 40	FLIEGER, Frances E. (Dec 12 1896-Apr 15 1968) & CRAIK, James I. (Jan 5 1894-Oct 23 1967)
9-9	FLOWERS, Charles W. (1874-1928) & Annie M. (1877-1944) & William P. (1893-1948) & Gertude M. (1891-1978) & John G. (1891-1928) & G. Joyce (Jul 20 1918-Dec 31 1921)
6 - 10	FLOWERS, Charles W. (1916-1997)
35 - 8	FLOWERS, Daniel C. (Mar 3 1960-Sep 12 1994)
16 - 24	FLOWERS, Elizabeth (1875-1964)
43 - 5	FLOWERS, Elsie A. (1895-1961) & KIELEY, James B (1887-1971) & Betty J. (1924-1993)
10 - 9	FLOWERS, G. Joyce (Jul 20 1918-Dec 31 1921)
4 - 17	FLOWERS, H. Irene (1931-2011) &

	TAYLOR, W. Allan D. (1930-1989)
68 - 17	FLOWERS, Hazel J. (Jones) (1932)
8 - 30	FLOWERS, Helen Jean (Jun 21 1912-Feb 15 1970) & SLOCUM, Ralph Wesley (Aug 2 1912-July 11 1998) & DRINKWALTER, Helen Margaret (Apr. 12 1930)
18 - 21	FLOWERS, Herman (Jun 2 1868-Jun 7 1918)
10 - 6	FLOWERS, Mary Jane (1870-Jul 30 1946) & HUGHES, John R. (1863-Feb 1 1926)
36 - 8	FLOWERS, Ralph C. (1920-1970) & Wayne (1950-2000)
53 - 13	FORBES, Harold W. (1922-1995) & SYPHER, Barbara L. (1932)
44 - 10	FORBES, Margaret (1914-1988) & RUSSELL, David J. (1916-1977)
49 - 11	FOREMAN, Marjorie D. (1921) & SAUNDERS, Murray G. (1915-1983)
55 - 10	FORMAN, Ralph R. E. (1912-1997) & MACK, Caroline M. (1920-2008)
17 - 45	FOSS, George S. (1872-1932)
17 - 44	FOSS, Georgina Y. (1877-1944)
7 - 48	FOSS, Marshall E. (1881-1957) & Dora E. (1886-1968)
39 - 17	FOSTER, Harold A. (1904-1984) & WOOD, Helen B. (1902-1984)
25 - 43	FOSTER, Rebecca M. (d. 1946 age 79) & HAY, William H. (d. Sep 24 1929 age 59)
7 - 58	FOWLER, Jessie H. (1913-1998) & WILSON, Colin (1896-1958)
32 - 25	FRADSHAM, Charles Frederick (1905-1985) & GALLAGHER, Verna P. (1907-1986)
26 - 70	FRADSHAM, Pansy E. (1908-1941) & HILL, Lloyd George (1904-1947) and Ruth W. (d. 1942 age 11 months) & Donald ()
58 - 31	FRANCIS, Connie Jean (Sep 23 1963-Mar 2 1992) & CHASE, David J. ()
53 - 10	FRANCIS, Franklin Pete (1905-1984) & Mabel (1912-1981)
33 - 20	FRANCIS, Sarah G. L. (1912-1996) & HOYT, Percy H. (1911-1983)
57 - 10	FRASER, Aulton H. (1933-2011) ***Funeral Director's marker
6 - 25	FRASER, Delia May (1880-1982) ***Funeral Director's marker This person was 102!
68 - 16	FRASER, Garry Vaughn (Aug 12 1940-Mar 8 2009)
52 - 17	FRASER, Leona L. (1916-1987) & JONES, Vincent J. (1915-2002)
53 - 9	FRASER, Merrill Aulton (1912-1979) & HAMBROOK, Jane Doreen (1922-2004)

53 - 19	FREDERICKS, Doreen (1932-2009) & MEISNER, Murray Edwin (1926-1988)
6 - 16	FRIARS, Vina Ethel (1917-2001) & CAMPBELL, Donald M. (1915-1989)
34 - 14	FULLARTON, Elsie Kathleen (1926-2000) & SAUNDERS, Irvine John (1925-1973)
54 - 31	FULLERTON, Hilton W. (Bill) (1926-1998) & TOWNSEND, Patricia E. (1929-2002) & JAMES, Veronica I. (1946-2012)
55 - 33	FULLERTON, Percy Allen (1949-1962)
55 - 32	FULLERTON, Ralph P. (1929-1996) & ESTEY, Ada M. (1931-2008)
35 - 21	FULTON, Arlene M. (1916-2007) & GLENN, Everett Leslie (1916-1989)
40 - 42	FURLONG, J. J. Raymond (Apr. 11 1924-Feb 2 1997) & DUNCAN, Evelyn (Nov 18 1922- Nov 24 2008)
25 - 36	GALLAGHER, Alonzo D. (1887-1968) & Minnie M. (1892-1966) & Dorothy P. (1917-1975)
6 - 32	GALLAGHER, David (1946-1973)
24 - 36	GALLAGHER, Elwood B. (1909-1928) & Reeta M. (1920-1925)
4 - 44	GALLAGHER, Nellie M. (1882-1964)
32 - 25	GALLAGHER, Verna P. (1907-1986) & FRADSHAM, Charles Frederick (1905-1985)
10 - 4	GAMBLIN, Charles Henry (1959-1986)
6 - 7	GAMBLIN, Gordon A. (1918-2004) & ELLIS, Louise May (1912-1997)
9 - 3	GAMBLIN, Lillian Augusta (1930)
26 - 13	GARRITY, Fred M. (1882-1967) & May E. (1884-1963)
26 - 12	GARRITY, Capt. George (1842-1932)
25 - 12	GARRITY, Harry R. (Sep 18 1925 aged 48)
21 - 14	GARRITY, Maud (1865-1901) & VANSTONE, David M. (1864-1907)
25 - 13	GARRITY, Wilmina (1844-1929)
15 - 40	GAUTHIER, Lila M. (Apr 18 1952) & SAUNDERS, Gerald W. (Jun 2 1948-Oct 21 2002)
33 - 24	GAUTREAU, Jeffery Joseph (Sep 29 1918- Feb 16 1989) & CASEY, Marguerite b. (Apr 10 1921-June 1, 1995)
53 - 2	GESNER, E. Joan (1940-2003) & RUSHTON, Garth A. (1935-2007) & David (1968)
31 - 27	GIBB, William A. (1927-2009) & MCINTYRE, Ola Marie (1940)
67 - 16	GIBBS, Donald Robson (1928-2009) & Robert John (1930)

	-
33 - 8	GIBSON, Jean K. (1909) & WHITE, L. Sherman (1909-1973)
23 - 66	GIBSON, Gunner William T., (1881-Apr 27 1950) C.F.A, C.E.F. ***Military Stone
11 - 39	GILBERT, Dorothy M. (June 2 1935-Dec 9 2006)
21 - 3	GILBERT, Elizabeth (1858-1913) & Thomas (1824-1914) & HUGHES, William (1852-1941) & Martha E. (1883-1911)
9 - 20	GILBERT, Helen F. (1908-1970)
9 - 21	GILBERT, May E. (1900-1982) & KOLDING, Jens A. (1903-1968)
11 - 20	GILBERT, P. Leroy (1918-1919) & CROWE, Margaret (1878-1918) **The child is also listed on stone with father as 'Patsy'
11 - 21	GILBERT, Patsy (1918-1919) & William (1865-1961) **This is the same child listed with mother)
11 - 19	GILBERT, Stewart James (1888-1976) & William John (1896-1977)
50 - 10	GILES, Ernest M. (1895-1987) & GRANT, Laura E. (1907-1988)
11 - 71	GILKS, Evelyn (1939) & DAVIDSON, James Leonard (1936-2006)
26 - 60	GILLARD, Kathleen (1889-1984) & MCINTYRE, John M. (1878-1934) & Ralph A. (1924-2007)
37 - 43	GILLIES, Nancy Jane (1953) & DICKISON, Robert Jasper (1952-2008)
49 - 36	GILMORE, Ella W. (1923) & BARTON, Weldon E. (1919-1997)
51 - 2	GLENDENNING, Geraldine L. (1926-2000) & BIRD, Omar Charles (1922-2006)
51 - 3	GLENDENNING, William L. (1895-1973) & BOLSTER, Nellie M. (1893-1979) & Cavanagh, Jessie L. (1923-1989)
35 - 21	GLENN, Everett Leslie (1916-1989) & FULTON, Arlene M. (1916-2007)
1 - 39	GODDARD, Hazel M. (1953-2000) ***Funeral Director's marker
12 - 22	GOLDSWORTHY, Richard (1836-1916) & Sarah J. (1860-1918)
42 - 19	GOODINE, Betty Lou (1948-2000) & MCQUADE, Madlyn Louise Marie (1923-Sep 7 2001)
11 - 42	GOODINE, Murray (1924-2006) & MATTHEWS, Alberta (1922)
44 - 15	GORDON, Ronald H. (1939) & MCCORDICK, George R. (1905-1980) & BANKS, Ivy G. (1916)
51 - 13	GORMAN, Arden L. (May 28 1924) & LINDSAY, M. Izetta (Dec. 31 1923)
4 - 25	GORMAN, Chester (1913-2000) & Aubrey C. (1934-2008) & DORCAS, Della W. (1914-2003)

34 - 11	GORMAN, Geraldine E. (1925-2011) & MARKEY, George H. I. (1918-1971)
9 - 26	GORMAN, Noreen E. (Mar 9 1931-Jan 31 2010) & MCMINNIMAN, Neil Homer (Nov 18 1924-Feb 15 1983)
4 - 27	GORMAN, Randolph (1909-1988) & DORCAS, Evelyn D. (1909)
35 - 43	GORMAN, Robert E. (1936) & HOLLAND, Martha L. (1935-2010)
43 - 7	GOULD, John Kenneth (1954) & NASH, Catherine Elizabeth (1955-2008)
35 - 28	GOURLAY, Russell (1919-2011) & PEACOCK, Clara Mae (1919-2005)
10 - 3	GRAHAM, Richard Areland (1930-1986) & ALEXANDER, Joyce S.()
14 - 46	GRANT, Everett E. (1885-1978) & Alma J. (1880-1958) & PARKER, Helen M. (1910-1939)
15 - 41	GRANT, Gwelda (Feb 23 1926-Jan 14 1989)
8 - 7	GRANT, Howard G. (1933) & WASSON- HANSON, A. Mae (1927-2008)
44 - 13	GRANT, John E. (1917-1980) & WELLS, Mildred F. (1921-2010)
50 - 10	GRANT, Laura E. (1907-1988) & GILES, Ernest M. (1895-1987)
41 - 11	GRANT, Leroy F. (1917-1990) & O'CONNOR, Amelia J. (1919)
44 - 14	GRANT, Lillian C. (1913-1991) & DAYE, Gordon W. (1907-1983) & Kelley Lynne ()
18 - 11	GRANT, Martha M. (1860-1947) & ESTABROOKS, Rainsford T. (1849-1931) & Kenneth W. (1895-1971)
21 - 18	GRANT, Nellie E. (1904-1993) & TITUS, Ralph H. (1905-1993) & Cecil R. (1927-1931)
42 - 12	GRANT, Pamelia G. (Aug 17 1934) & KENNY, Charles I. (Feb 1 1935)
12 - 29	GRANT, Thomas Emery (1917-1983)
57 - 33	GRATTAN, Elaine M. (1953) & BANKS, Stephen D. (1953) & David Justin (1979- 1998)
6 - 68	GRAVES, Beryl Anita (1894-1970) & WASSON, John Leslie (1889-1966) & Herbert (7mths1920) & Ethel (1914-1964)
12 - 33	GRAVES, Elizabeth Mary (Oct 1918-Nov 1992)
46 - 37	GRAVES, Goldwin G. (1928-1996) & PAYNTER, Martha E. (1931)
42 - 32	GRAY, Clayton R. (1926) & HANSON, Elizabeth A. (1927-2004)
30 - 55	GRAY, William Thomas (1947-2002) and William Thomas Jr. (1987-1987)

5 - 5	GREEN, Clarence W. (1921-1995) & Frances (1929)
13 - 17	GREER, John A. (1910-1975)
22 - 39	GREGORY, Thomas W. (1853-1926) & Margaret (1857-1926)
9 - 16	GRIFFITHS, Edna M. (1894-1975)
50 - 18	GUILFOIL, Jean D. (1926) & EVANS, Arnold D. (1922-1984)
46 - 1	GUITAR, Gertrude (1925-2003)
40 - 8	HACHEY, Elizabeth Ann (1949) & STAFFORD, Gerald Frederick (1947)
3 - 15	HACHEY, Ernest A. (1946-2013) & Judith L. (1947)
27 - 68	HACHEY, Baby Frederick J. (1943-1943)
2 - 55	HACHEY, Norma () & FERRIS, Mildred Harris (1898-1970)
43 - 11	HACHEY, Philomene M. (1924) & RICKARD, Earl Alfred (1923-1989)
7 - 13	HACHEY, Rachel (1924-2007) & Camille Joseph (1917-2010)
34 - 10	HAINES, A. Melburn (1898-1971) & BANNISTER, Rhoda (1907-1989)
32 - 23	HAINES, Carl Irvine (1917) & CORCORAN, Blanche N. (1924)
59 - 11	HAINES, Christopher Robert (1970-2000)
22 - 26	HAINES, Frederick (d. Mar 29, 1911 aged 85) & Elizabeth (Dec 30 1835-June 24 1914)
21 - 27	HAINES, Frederick R. (1877-1953) & Lillie F (1877-1924) & Roderick R. (1915-1964)
40 - 18	HAINES, Ivan F. (1916-1995) & FERGUSON, Mary (1914-1995)
43 - 17	HAINES, J. Earle (1894-1986) & Violet H. (1900-1988)
8 - 31	HAINES, Jeanette M. (1889-1966) & HUGHES, Percy D. (1888-1973)
21 - 26	HAINES, Kenneth F. (1904-1991) & Aubrey K. (1916-1999) & ALLEN, Electa (1913-2000)
45 - 14	HAINES, Lester S. (1924-2000) & BURNS, Coreen M. (1921-2005) & O'NEILL, Bruce E. (1922-1988)
26 - 68	HAINES, Lucy Madeline (1907-1942)
15 - 38	HAINES, Phyllis J. (1926) & URQUHART, William E. (1921-1999)

(to be continued in the Spring issue)

conributed by Franklin Luke Lawson. and Nancy Mountford

This is part of a continuing series of articles on Bull Lake Families contributed by Mr. Lawson. Nancy Mountford is a granddaughter of Sam and Jessie Kitchen as follows: Sam Kitchen>Harry Kitchen> Nancy (Kitchen) Montford

According to an on-line family tree, the Kitchens of Prince William Parish, York County, New Brunswick are descendents of Henry Kitchen (1748-1809), a son of Samuel Kitchen and Mary Garrison. Henry was born 01 February 1748 at Amwell, Hunterdon, New Jersey, U.S.A.. On 30 October 1770 he married Elizabeth Jewell and, after the American Revolution (1775-1783), they removed to Queen's County, New Brunswick. He died 15 May 1809 at New Canaan, New Brunswick. One of his sons, also named Henry, was born at Amwell in 1783 and he married Polly Hearsey on 07 August 1800 in Sunbury County, New Brunswick. This Henry died in the Parish of Douglas, York County in February 1850. Among their several children was vet another Henry who was born in the Parish of Prince William in 1802 and who married Hannah Burden of Prince William.1

Nathaniel Kitchen (1848-1918), a son of Henry Kitchen and Hannah Burden, was born in Prince William Parish, York County, New Brunswick c. 1841.² On 02 December 1869 Nathaniel married his first cousin, Mary Jane Kitchen, daughter of Samuel and Catherine (Campbell) Kitchen, also of Prince William Parish.³ Their children included Ira F. Kitchen (1872-1932), William Edgar "Will" Kitchen (1873-1956), Samuel Kitchen (1874-1919), Manzer Kitchen (1875-1896), Oscar Kitchen (1879-1880) and Jane Kitchen (1880-1885).⁴

Mary Jane (Kitchen) Kitchen died 12 September 1880 and was buried in the Prince William Cemetery at Burden.⁵

On 24 July 1883, at Belleville, Hastings County, Ontario, Nathaniel Kitchen of Prince William, New Brunswick, son of Henry and Hannah Kitchen, married Susan McDonald, daughter of Simon and Jane McDonald of Black River, Northumberland County, New Brunswick. They returned to New Brunswick and lived for many years at Chatham, now Miramichi City, where Nathaniel was employed by the railway. Their children included a daughter, Bella Jane Kitchen, born 1886;

a daughter, Amanda Kitchen, born 17 June 1889;⁷ a son, Nathaniel Kitchen Jr. born 26 March 1892⁸ and a daughter Pearl Kitchen, b. 27 April 1897.⁹

Nathaniel Kitchen Sr. died at Chatham 01 July 1918 and was buried in the Riverside Cemetery, Chatham. 10 Susan (McDonald) Kitchen died in 1953. 11



Sam Kitchen (right, front) and two unidentified men

On 06 October 1897, Ira F. Kitchen of Prince William, painter, married Hattie Mabel Mills, spinster, daughter of Wellington and Hannah (Hill) Mills of Gagetown, Queen's County, New Brunswick. 12 For many years Ira and Hattie lived at Chatham, New Brunswick. Their children included: Percy Floyd Kitchen born at Upper Gagetown, 26 September 1898¹³; Beatrice A. Kitchen, born at Upper Gagetown, 25 October 1900;¹⁴ Eldon Franklin Kenneth Kitchen, born at Chatham, 03 September 1902; 15 Manzer Roy Kitchen, born at Chatham, April 1904;16 Ferne Viola Kitchen. born at Chatham, 20 January 1906¹⁷; Dorothy Mabel Kitchen, born at Chatham, 11 October 1908 and Howard John Kitchen, born at Chatham in $1919.^{18}$

Ira Kitchen and his family moved to Toronto, Ontario c. 1930. 19

On 09 May 1906, William Edgar "Will" Kitchen of Prince William, foundryman, married May Johnston, spinster, daughter of Walter and Harriet (Bateman) Johnston of Nelson, Northumberland County, New Brunswick.²⁰ They lived at Chatham, New Brunswick for many years. Their children included a son, William Walter Kitchen, born in 1907; a daughter, Ella May (McLean) Kitchen, 1908-1969; and a son, George Edgar Kitchen, 1913-1913.²¹

William E. "Will" Kitchen died at Chatham 31 May 1956 and was buried in the Riverside Cemetery, Chatham. ²²

SAMUEL **KITCHEN** (1878-1919). Kitchen, son of Nathaniel and Mary Jane (Kitchen) Kitchen of Burden, Parish of Prince William, York County, New Brunswick, 23 was born in August 1878.²⁴ As a child Sam attended the Burden School.25 When he was about 10 years old Sam accompanied Benjamin and Alice (Phillips) Kelley of Kingsclear to Bull Lake Ridge, Southampton Parish, York County, and assisted them in developing Lot 27 Range 2 South Newburg Settlement.²⁶ Although they lived there for several years, cleared some land, erected buildings, grew crops, and raised livestock, the Kellevs never received title to the property. On 15 November 1909 it was granted to George McElroy whose family owned and operated a lumber mill at Grafton, Northampton Parish, Carleton County, New Brunswick.²⁷

Sam Kitchen attended the school at Bull Lake in 1890 and 1891. 28

The Census of 1901 identified Sam Kitchen as a "Boarder" in the household of George and Annie (Hoyt) Lawson at Bull Lake.²⁹ While living and working at Lawson's, Sam developed a nearby vacant property, Lot 10 Range 2 Block 2 Grantville Settlement.³⁰ He began living on that lot in 1904 and applied for a grant to the land in that same year.³¹ He obtained a deed to this property in 1909.³²

JESSIE WOODROFFE (1890-1919). Jessie Woodroffe was born in England 31 October 1890. In 1899 Jessie was identified by the Middlemore Organization³³ as being 8-years old, the granddaughter of Harriet W. Woodroffe of 32 Lupin Streeet, Birmingham and the niece of John F. Woodroffe. They further reported that her father had joined the army and had forsaken his daughter, and that her mother had died of consumption. Jessie Woodroffe and some 30 other Middlemore children came to Canada on the Siberian which left England on 05 June 1899. On 22 June 1899 she was placed in the home of Wm. Spencer Inch of St. Mary's, now part of Fredericton. Mr. Inch soon moved to the Klondike so Jessie was resettled with William and Minnie Greaves of Fredericton, In 1902 she was further resettled, this time with Aaron and Mrs. Smith of Fredericton. After Mrs. Smith died Jessie was resettled in the home of George W. and Mrs. Adams of Fredericton. Jessie attended the York Street school in Fredericton. ³⁴ By 1906 she was in the home of Ezra and Mrs. Tabor of Middle Southampton. By October of that year she was with the family of George and Annie (Hoyt) Lawson of Bull Lake. ³⁵ She attended school at Bull Lake ³⁶ and remained at Lawson's until her marriage.



Sam and Jessie Kitchen

Sam Kitchen and Jessie Woodroffe were married 14 December 1908³⁷ and moved to Sam's homestead on Lot 10 Range 2 Block 2 Grantville Settlement. They had the following family: Elwood Charles Kitchen (1909-1988), Chester Nathaniel Kitchen (1910-1973), Dorothy Pauline (Kitchen) Jones (1912-1988), Harry Clayton Kitchen (1915-1999) and Earl Leslie Kitchen (1917-2000). The corrected 1911 Census of Canada, New Brunswick, York, Southampton, identified members of their household as Sam and Jessie Kitchen and their two children, Elwood and Chester. Living with them were Benjamin Kelley and his wife Alice, identified as "boarders."

Sam Kitchen was a trustee for the school at Bull Lake in 1910, 1911, 1914 and 1915.³⁹

In March 1919 Sam Kitchen and his wife Jessie (Woodruff) Kitchen were stricken with the Spanish flu. They died one day apart and were buried in the Ballentine section of the Lawson-Ballentine Cemetery at Bull Lake. On the day of the funeral the five orphaned children were baptised and "taken in" by George and Annie (Hoyt) Lawson until suitable homes could be found for them. 40

- ² 1861 Census of Canada: New Brunswick, York, Prince William: (Roll: C-1007; Page: 4.)
 Henry Kitchen, M(ale), (age) 59, Native (of New Brunswick), (born at) Maugerville, (occupation) Farmer, (religion) Baptist;
 Hannah Kitchen, F(emale), Wife, 51, Native, Burton, Methodist; Henry Kitchen, M, son, 20, Native, Prince William, Baptist;
 Latticia (sic) Kitchen, F, daughter, 20, Native, Prince William, Baptist; Nathaniel Kitchen, M, son, 20, Native, Prince William,
 Baptist; John Kitchen, M, 14, Native, Prince William, Baptist; Lamaranda (sic) Kitchen, F, 12, Native, Prince William, Baptist;
 Abraham Kitchen, M, son, 10, Native, Prince William, Baptist; Ebbin (sic) Kitchen, M, son, 7, Native, Prince William, Baptist.
- ³ a) Ancestry.com Acadia, Canada, Vital and Church Records (Drouin Collection), 1670-1946 (database on-line), Provo, UT, USA; Ancestry.com Operations Inc. 2007. Nathaniel Kitchen of Prince William in the County of York and Mary Jane Kitchen of the same place were married by Licence this second day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine by Me Chas. Spurden This marriage was solomnized between us Nathaniel Kitchen his X mark Mary Jane Kitchen In presence of Charles A. McDonald Susanna N Spurden Filed and registered December 2nd A D 1869
- b) Colonial Farmer, Fredericton, N.B., 04 December 1869. m. 2nd Dec., by Rev. C. Spurden, D.D., Nathaniel KITCHEN, Prince William (York Co.) / Miss Mary Jane KITCHEN, same place. Daniel F. Johnson's New Brunswick Newspaper Vital Statistics, Volume 28 Number 1650.
- c) Mountford (Kitchen), Nancy, e-mails dated 03 and 05 September 2014. Mary Jane was the daughter of Samuel Kitchen, brother of Henry, son of Henry Kitchen and Polly Hearsey. Mary Jane's mother was Catherine Campbell.
- ⁴ (a) **1881 Census of Canada, New Brunswick, York, Prince William**: (Roll: C_13181; Page 13; Family No. 68). Kitchen, Nathaniel, M, 43 (?), NB., F C Bapt., English, Farmer, M, Kitchen, Hannah, F, 40 (?), NB, Meth.; Kitchen, Ira F, M, 10, NB, Meth; Kitchen, William E, M, 8, Meth; Kitchen, Samuel, M, 6, NB, Meth; Kitchen, Manser, M, 4, Meth; Kitchen, Oscar, M, 2, Meth; Kitchen, Jane, F, 7/12, July, Meth.
- (b) Provincial Archives of New Brunswick: New Brunswick Cemeteries. KITCHEN, Janie, died 1885 Apr.-24, Age, 5-years, d/o Mary Jane Kitchen, Prince William Cemetery, York County.
- ⁵ Provincial Archives of New Brunswick: New Brunswick Cemeteries. KITCHEN, Mary Jane, died 1880-Sep-12, Age 29-years, m/o Janie, Prince William Cemetery, York County.
- ⁶ Archives of Ontario; Series:MS932 _46; Reel: 46. (Ancestry. com and Genealogical Library, (Brampton, Ontario, Canada). Ontario, Canada, Marriages, 1801-1928 (database on-line), Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010.)
- ⁷ a) Vital Statistics from Government Records (RS141), RS141Al b, Index to Late Registration of Birth, Kitchen, -----; F(emale); 1899-06-17; Chatham; Northumberland; (Father) Kitchen, Nathaniel; (Mother) MacDonald, Susan; 9-1-3-99; (microfilm) F14023 (PANB on-line).
- b) Mountford (Kitchen), Nancy, op. cit.
- ⁸ Vital Statistics from Government Records (RSI41) RSI41Alb, Index to Late Registration of Births, Kitchen, Nathaniel; M(ale); 1892-11-26; Chatham; Northumberland; Kitchen, Nathaniel; MacDonald, Susan; 9-3-176-1044; F14024
- 9 Ibid Kitchen, Pearl; F; 1897-04-27; Chatham; Northumberland; Kitchen, Nathaniel; MacDonald, Susan; 1897-K-60; F18789.
- ¹⁰ a) Vital Statistics from Government Records (RSI41C4): Provincial Returns of Deaths, Northumberland County, #2678 C4/1918 Microfilm F18744 (PANB).
- b) *The Gazette*, Chatham, N.B., 03 July 1918. NATHANIEL KITCHEN The death occurred on Monday of Nathaniel Kitchen a well known resident of Chatham, and for many years an employee of the railway. Mr. Kitchen was 63 years of age and leaves his wife and seven children to mourn his loss. The latter are: Ira, William, Nathaniel and Lancelot of Chatham, and Mrs. John Landry, St. John, Mrs. Thos. McDonald of Brownville, Me., and Amanda of Boston. The funeral was held this afternoon to Riverside cemetery, services being held at the house at 2:00 and the funeral leaving at 2:300 'clock.

a) Bob kitchenl, Kitchen Family Tree, ancestry.com (on-line)

b) Wright, Ester Clark, The Loyalists of New Brunswick, Printed by Sentinel Printing Ltd., Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, Fifth Printing 1985, p. 298.

¹¹ Mountford (Kitchen), Nancy, op. cit.

- ¹² Index to New Brunswick Marriages RS14187: Number 2028; Code B4/1897; Microfilm F15583.
- ¹³ Vital Statistics from Government Records (RSI41), RSI41Alb, Index to Late Registration of Birth, Kitchen, Percy Floyd, code 4-1-94-3368, microfilm F14884 (PANB on-line)
- ¹⁴ Ibid; Kitchen, Beatrice A., code 1900-801102, microfilm F18900 (PANB on-line).
- ¹⁵ **Ibid**; Kitchen, Eldon Franklin K., M(ale), 1902-09-03, Chatham, Northumberland, Kitchen, Ira F., Mills, Hattie, number 3742, code A5/1902, microfilm F18062 (PANB on-line).
- ¹⁶ 1911 Census of Canada, New Brunswick, Northumberland, Chatham, p. 05, Family #40.
- ¹⁷ Vital Statistics from Government Records (RSI41), RS141Alb, Index to Late Registration of Birth, Kitchen, Ferne Viola, F(emale), 1906-01-20, Chatham, Northumberland, Kitchen, Ira, Mills, Hattie M., code 1906-901432, microfilm F21265 (PANB on-line).
- ¹⁸ a) **Ibid**; Kitchen, Dorothy Mabel, F(emale), 1908-10-04, Chatham, Northumberland, Kitchen Ira F., Mills, Hattie M., code 1908-801662, microfilm F22208 (PANB on-line).
- b) Mountford (Kitchen), Nancy, e-mails dated 03 and 05 September, 2014
- 19 Ibid.
- ²⁰ Index to New Brunswick Marriages RS141B7: Kitchen, Ira F. and Mills, Hattie, M., 1897-10-06, Saint John County, number 2028, code B4/1897, microfilm F15583. (PANB on-line).
- ²¹ Mountford (Kitchen), Nancy, op. cit.
- ²² a) *The Gazette*, Chatham, N.B., 01 June 1956. WILLIAM KITCHEN The death of William Kitchen, 81, well-known resident of the town, occurred in Hotel Dieu on Thursday after a short illness. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Adam McLean, Loggieville; two sons, Walter, Chatham and Earl of Toronto. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon from his late residence, Hill St., with service at 4 p.m. Interment will be in Riverside cemetery.
- b) *The Gazette*, Chatham, N.B., 08 June 1956. WILLIAM, KITCHEN The funeral of the late William Kitchen was held from his late residence, Hill Street Sunday afternoon at 40 'clock. The service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Ross of the United Church assisted by Rev. J R. Skinner of Loggieville. The hymns sung were: The Lord is my Shepherd and Rock of Ages. The pallbearers were: Grey Godfrey, G.P. Stewart, James Keoughan, Manford Stewart, Clifford Gammon and Herb Gammon. Interment was in Riverside Cemetery where the committal service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Ross. Many floral tributes and messages of sympathy were received by the family.
- 23 Bob_kitchenl, op. cit.
- ²⁴ 1901 Census of Canada: New Brunswick, York, Southampton.
- ²⁵ **Teachers' and Trustees' Returns**, New Brunswick, York, Prince William, Burden, for term ending December 1884, (Samuel Kitchen, 8-years old) and June, 1885 (Samuel Kitchen, 9-years old) microfilm F4842 (PANB).
- ²⁶ Lawson, Guy Marshall, unrecorded conversation.
- ²⁷ RS686:: Index to New Brunswick Land Grants, 1784-1997: Vol. 158, page 0, Grant No. 26118, 96 acres, microfilm F16457 (PANB on-line).
- ²⁸ **Teacher's and Trustees' Returns**, New Brunswick, York, Southampton, Grantville, for term ending June 1890 (Samuel Kitchen, 14 years old) and term ending June 1891 (Samuel Kitchen, 15-years old). Microfilm F4846 and F4847. (PANB).
- ²⁹ 1901 Census of Canada: New Brunswick, York, Southampton.
- 30 Lawson, Guy Marshall, op. cit.
- ³¹ Petition of Samuel Kitchen of Southampton Parish, York County, N.B. for Lot 10 Range 2 Block 2 Nigger Brook dated 25 July 1904 (received and stamped by Crown Land Office 28 July 1904).

- ³² (a) **Kitchen, Samuel, letter dated 16 June 1909**. Gentleman As I have the nessary improvements required by law on lot No 10 in Range two Block two Grantville settlement surveyed by Mr Tracy in the year 1904 and I would like to get my grant for the above lot. Now if I swear to the improvements before a Magistrate and certified by two of my neighbors and send my twenty Dollars would my grant be forwarded without a labour act commissioner's return as it is a long ways for one to come here and I suppose cost me more Yours truly Samuel Kitchen Green Lake NB. NB. Please let me know as soon as possible
- (b) Kitchen, Samuel, letter dated 14 September 1909. Dear Sir this makes the second tim I have written you for information As I am living on Lot No 10 range 2 in block 2 of grantville and have the Nescetry in Improvements by law have don my road worke I pettion for it in the year 1904 Surved by C L tracy they sent him from the Crown land Office to surved it I paid him for it and have ben paying taxes and donind road work for the Said Lot No 10 and Now I cant get G pinder to com and pass my Improvements and my road work please rite and tell me what Next I will have to do As I want my grant. Samuel Kitchen
- c) Kitchen, Samuel, letter to T. G. Loggie dated 28 September 1909. Dear Sir I am sending you \$16.60 as you have directed me by your letter of the 2dh inst. in payment for grant of lot No. 10 range 2 Block 2 of Grantville. Now I hope this will be all that is necessary for me to receive my grant and about how soon will I get it and if there are anything else let me know as soon as possible. Yours truly Samuel Kitchen Green Lake N.B. P. S. the whitehead survey is all right as far as I am concerned I have been living on the lot since 1904 and I will make oath to my improvements if necessary. S. K.

NOTE: The above Petition and letters are located at PANB in RS272 1909/128.

- ³³ British Isles Family History Society of Greater Ottawa, website. Between 1873 and 1936 more than 5,000 young immigrants, aged 2 to 18, mainly from the Birmington, Warwickshire, England area arrived in Canada under a program originated by John Throgmorton Middlemore (1844-1925).
- Teachers' and Trustees' Returns, New Brunswick, York, City of Fredericton, York Street School, microfilm F4856 (PANB). In 1902 and 1903 Jessie Woodruffe, aged 11 and 12, was one of 50+ students, Lillian A. Burtt, teacher.
- ³⁵ National Archives, Ottawa, Canada: Holdings of the British Isles Family History Society of Greater Ottawa, The Middlemore Papers, Annual Visitation Report re. Jessie Woodruffe, October 1901.
- Teachers' and Trustees' Returns, New Brunswick, York, Southampton, Grantville, microfilm F4858 (PANB). At age 16, Jessie Woodruffe was the oldest of fourteen students, Lena May Harvey, teacher.
- ³⁷ Index to New Brunswick Marriages RS14187, Kitchen, Samuel and Woodruffe, Jessie, 1908-12-14, Carleton County, number 2161, code B4/1908, microfilm F15930. (PANB).
- 38 Mountford (Kitchen), Nancy, op. cit.
- ³⁹ Teachers and Trustees' Returns, New Brunswick, York, Southampton, Grantville, microfilms F4861, F4862 and F4865 (PANB).
- ⁴⁰ (a) *The Daily Gleaner*, Fredericton, N.B., 01 April 1919. MR. AND MRS. KITCHEN BOTH DIED FROM FLU Double Funeral at Green lake Followed by Public Baptism Of five Orphans The sad death of Mr. Samuel Kitchen, aged 45 years, and his wife, Mrs. Kitchen, aged 29 years, took place on Monday and Tuesday, March 24th and 25th respectively, under very sorrowful circumstances. They had been ill with influenza for only a short time, and passed away, leaving behind a family of young children, four boys and one girl, ranging from ten years of age to 2 years. Mr. Kitchen was born in the neighborhood of Prince William and has two brothers and step-sisters living. Mrs. Kitchen was originally from England and previous to her marriage had been living with Mrs. George Lawson of Green Lake. The funeral was a large one and took place at Green Lake burying ground on Tuesday, March 27th. The services were conducted by the Rev. E. C. Budd, Rector of Queensbury and Southampton, and Rev. F. Baird, Presbyterian minister of Woodstock Much sympathy goes out to the bereaved orphans in their sad loss of father and mother, in such a brief space of time. After the funeral there was a public baptism at the residence of Mrs. G. Lawson, of the five orphan children, according to the wishes expressed by the parents before their deaths. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. E. C. Budd
- (b) Lawson, Guy Marshall, unrecorded conversation. My father told me that, on 25 March 1919, he and several other men of the community were in the apple orchard at the Kitchen place digging a grave for Sam. Before they finished someone came out of the house and informed them that Jessie had also died. With that news one of the men began to fill in the grave. When my father asked why, he was told that if Jessie had lived she would have looked after Sam's grave but now that she too was gone there would be no one living there to attend to any graves. Mr. Ballentine then said that there was surplus space in his portion of the Lawson-Ballentine Cemetery and Sam and Jessie could be buried there.

President's Report 2013-2014

Another year has come to an end as we held the Annual General Meeting at Miramichi. The Society has had a quiet year, but thanks to Don Doherty our web site is up and running and features are added which makes the site grow. Attractions to the web site should make our membership numbers increase.

Our finances are in good shape. One challenge we face is the distribution of Generations.

If postal rates increase significantly, we may have to go to a distribution on line. This item can be dealt with later as we see the result of the increase in postage.

Volunteering requires countless hours of commitment. Sometimes the hours of work are not appreciated, but other times rewards are satisfying if not overwhelming. One of the challenges I put to the board was that all branches should have a

president. This year as the branches held their AGMs, we see all branches now have nearly a full compliment of officers for the upcoming year. This should make the passage of information from NBGS to the branches much easier.

I encourage all members to dig into the past and find those hidden records that will reveal the break we need to fill gaps in our family history. It may be in the attic or it may be one of the many archives waiting to be found.

I thank all members for their support over the past two years and encourage you to continue to support your new team.

Dave Fyffe NBGS, Inc Past President

Colpitts' Photograph Studio Nameplate

contributed by Bob Walde

This studio was located on the corner of King and Germain St. in Saint John NB.



Harding or Campbell Picture

contributed by Bob Walde

Unknown - resembles Alexander Maxwell Campbell, whose Grandfather Theodore Seth Harding from Windsor NS had business in St. John. May be a Harding?



Readers, any idea who it might be?

The Family of Charles McLean

contributed by Paul Hill

Queens County, New Brunswick has a rich history of family biographical writings. One of the earliest recorders was Rev. Abraham Wood, missionary, appointed in 1823; who primarily recorded BMD statistics but did include some additional notes on family events of people, some not of his parish. Then there was E. Stone Wiggins, writing in the 1870's; who recorded history and also included expansive biographical information. More than seventy years ago Dr. Walter Greenwood detailed not only Baptist church history but also family biographies for those in Cambridge Parish. More recently, in 1987, Roberta Gilchrist McLean & Marion Gilchrist Reicker explored the history of Cumberland Point and in particular the McLean families. In addition there have also been many others who wrote of their own family history and circumstance. Much of the work on the McLean families included only the first two generations. It is hoped this brief summary of the Charles McLean family will add to that narrative in that it looks at the third generation diaspora.

Parents

According to McLean and Reicker¹ at least three McLean families came to New Brunswick from Scotland in the early 19th century and settled in the Grand Lake area of Queens County. These families were headed by Archibald McLean from the Isle of Lewis, Allan McLean from Kintyre and Hugh McLean also from Kintyre. Charles McLean was the son of Hugh McLean² and Jane McDougall¹ (or originally recorded³ McDougald). They were married on 18 December 1794 in Killean and Kilchenzie Parish, Kintire, Scotland. Hugh, born¹ 1763, and Jane, born 1778, McLean came to Canada in 1817¹ or 1818² and settled at Mill Cove, Queens County, on the property now occupied by the Mill Cove Nursing Home. He died⁴ on 13 October 1840 and she died⁴ on 12 March 1836. Both are buried in a private cemetery now located near the south east corner of the building (soon to be demolished) on the property of the Mill Cove Nursing Home.

The children³ of Hugh and Jane McLean are: Mary, b 08 January1796; Hector, b 09 December 1797; Peggy, b 27 March 1800; Margaret, b 11

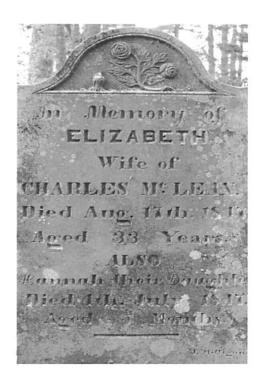
February 1802; Lachlan, b 1803; John, b 28 September 1804; Christina, b 05 December 1806; Charles, b 05 May 1809; Duncan, b 06 august 1811; Jane, b 01 December 1813; Archibald, b 25 October 1816 and Hugh, b 29 May 1821.

Charles McLean

Charles McLean was born^{1,2} on 05 May 1809 and baptized⁵ on 13 May 1809; his place of birth listed as Tayinloan, Kintyre, Scotland. He came with his parents to the Grand Lake area.

First Marriage

On 31 October 1833 he married⁶ Elizabeth Ruth Branscombe. They were listed as both being from Waterborough and the witnesses were Duncan McLean and John E. Roberts. She was the daughter of William Branscombe⁷ (son of Arthur Branscombe, Loyalist, and Rachael LeFurgie) and Hannah Wiggins⁸ (daughter of Jacob Wiggins, Loyalist, and Elizabeth Ruth Slocum). She was baptized on 05 January 1815⁹ and died on 17 August 1847¹⁰.



The inscription on her grave stone ¹⁰ reads In Memory of Elizabeth, Wife of Charles McLean, Died Aug. 17th 1847, Aged 33 Years. The newspaper ¹¹ death announcement of her death stated d. Young's Cove, Grand Lake (Queens Co.) Tuesday, Elizabeth McLEAN w/o Charles McLEAN, left husband, five children.

In chronological order, the children of Charles McLean and Elizabeth Ruth Branscombe are as follows:

William B. McLean (22 August 1834-06 January 1929)

Jane McLean (05 March 1836-05 June 1868)

Eleanora McLean (03 March 1838-

James E. McLean (03 November 1839-25 December 1928)

Archibald D. McLean (15 October 1841-12 October 1913)

Charlotte A. McLean (05 April 1844-29 April 1927)

Hannah McLean (11 November 1846-04 July 1847)

Second Marriage

The Queens County marriage records⁶ show the marriage of Charles McLean to Jane MacLean (with the consent of parents) on 21 November 1849. Both were from Waterborough and the witnesses were John Reece and William Reece. Further narrative is added in the notes of Rev. Abraham Woods¹² which records the second marriage of Charles McLean as: "After the death of the said Elizabeth Ruth, the said Charles McLean married his 2nd cousin Jane MacLean, who lived no more than a year".

Third Marriage

Rev. Abraham Wood then writes¹² of a third marriage of Charles McLean: "Then on 10 October 1851 he married a widow Charlotte Mersereau with who now (April 10 1852) he resides at Youngs Cove, Grand Lake". There is a newspaper record¹³ of this marriage which lists her as Mrs. Charlotte Mushrow of Indiantown.

The 1861 census, taken 09 April 1861, shows the family unit of Charles McLean consisted of Charles, Charlotte McLean, his wife, and children

James E. McLean and Charlotte A. McLean and they resided in Waterborough Parish, near Youngs Cove Corner. In this census his occupation was listed as Innkeeper and Farmer and in subsequent census records as Farmer.

Charles McLean lived in the Youngs Cove area for most of his life and died¹⁴ there on 31 March 1898, age 88 years and 11 months. He is buried in the Youngs Cove United Church cemetery; no gravestone exists.

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The Children

William B. McLean

His birth date, as stated on his death registration¹⁵, indicates William B. McLean was born at Youngs Cove, New Brunswick on 22 August 1834. This conforms with the parish record and information on his grave stone¹⁶. Other information on the death record states his wife, who was then deceased, was Mary McLean; and his parents Charles McLean, born in Scotland, and Elizabeth R. Branscombe, born in Queens County, N.B. His place of residence at the time of death was 184 Main Street, his occupation was listed as retired Sea Captain and he is buried in Fernhill Cemetery, Lot 2386, Saint John. His gravestone¹⁵ gives the birth and death dates of he and his wife Mary.

On 08 October 1857 he married¹⁷ Mary Dorcas of Douglas Parish, York County. According to the 1901 Census she was born on 18 April 1837. Mary (Dorcas) McLean died¹⁸ at 184 Main Street, Saint John on 04 November 1913.

Other recorded family connections of William B. McLean are from the newspaper account of the death of Charles McLean. It states the (living) children of Charles McLean were Mrs. W. L. Waring, of the North End; Captain W. B. McLean, of the North End, and Jas. E. of Youngs Cove, and Archibald D. McLean, of Washademoak. In the death announcement of James E. McLean of Youngs Cove, Queens County, it is stated one brother survives that being Captain W. B. McLean of 184 Main Street, Saint John, the last surviving member of a large family.

Jane McLean

The parish records¹² give the birth date of Jane McLean as being 05 March 1836. The newspaper death notice²¹ of Jane McLean, died 05 June 1868, states: died Indiantown (St. John) 5th inst., of consumption, Jane w/o John C. FERRIS and d/o Charles McLEAN, Young's Cove, Grand Lake (Queens Co.) age 32, left husband, three children.

According to his death notice²² John C. Ferris was born on 02 July 1831 and died on 24 September 1923. He was the son of Archibald Ferris and (Phoebe) Cameron. At the time of his death he resided at 124 Lansdowne Avenue, Saint John and his occupation was Sea Captain. He is buried²³ in the Fernhill Cemetery, Saint John, Lot 879-A and Jane (McLean) Ferris in the adjacent lot, 866-A.

Eleanora McLean

Her birth is recorded¹² as being 03 March 1838. No death record appears to be available, although she probably died quite young and certainly before her mother death on 17 August 1847.

James E. McLean

The church records²⁴ indicate the date of birth of James E. McLean was 03 November 1839.

His first marriage²⁵ was on 06 October 1866 to Miss Martha Branscombe; both from Waterborough. Her death is recorded²⁶ as being some fourteen months later: d. Young's Cove, Grand Lake (Queens Co.) Martha w/o James McLEAN and d/o Miller BRANSCOMBE, age 24, member of Baptist Church, left husband, father, mother, brother, sister.

His second marriage⁶ was to Maggie (Margaret) Snodgrass on 19 October 1870; witnesses were James Taylor and Sarah Thompson. This record also indicated he was a widower at the time the marriage took place. They lived in the Youngs Cove area for many years. On the 13 December 1892 Charles McLean deeded his property to his son James E. McLean. The general conditions of the deeding was that James E. McLean would pay Charles McLean 100 dollars, Charles McLean would still own the property until his death and he, Charles, would be supported in his lifetime. The witnesses to the transaction were William L. Waring (son-in-law of Charles) and William B. McLean (son of Charles).

He lived in the area of Youngs Cove Corner all his life and his occupation was farmer and miller. His death, on

25 December 1928, is recorded in the church records²⁴. The newspaper account²⁷ of his death indicates he was survived by one brother William B. McLean of 184 Main Street, Saint John; two daughters, Mrs. George H. Smith and Mrs. William A. Gale both of Youngs Cove; and two grandchildren, Mrs. H. Burpee Colwell and W. Kenneth Gale. His gravestone at the Youngs Cove United Church cemetery show his birth and death dates as 1839 and 1928 respectively

Archibald D. McLean

According to the writing on his grave stone²⁸, Archibald D. McLean was born on 15 October 1841 and died on 12 October 1913. On 05 November 1863 he married⁶ Mary H. Murray of Cambridge, Queens County, N.B.

The newspaper²⁹ account presents the following marriage record: m. At house of bride's father, 5th inst., by Rev. Lewis Jack of Springfield, Archibald Duncan McLEAN, Portland (St. John) / Mary Harrison youngest d/o William MURRAY, Esq. of Narrows Cambridge (Queens Co.).

Mary Harrison was the daughter of William and Margaret Murray, natives of Argyleshire, Scotland (he was a Justice of the Peace for Queens County for many years). Their grave stones²⁸ indicates William died on 13 January 1867, aged 82 years, and Margaret died on 12 November 1873, aged 82 years. Mary (Harrison) McLean died on 12 September 1895, age 62 years.

On 02 January 1901 Archibald D. McLean married³⁰ Minnie C. Ferris of Chipman. The Marriage record indicates his parents were Charles and

Elizabeth McLean and her parents were Nathaneal and Eliza Jane Ferris.

Charlotte A. McLean

The parish records¹² show her date of birth as 11 April 1844. The 1861 census for Oueens County. New Brunswick shows Charlotte Ann McLean to be in the household of her father Charles McLean; others include stepmother Charlotte and brother James E. McLean. In this census record she is 17 years of age. The newspaper³¹ records the marriage of Charlotte as: m. At residence of John C. FER-RIS, Portland (St. John) 25th ult., by Rev. E.C. Cady, William L. WARING, Portland / Charlotte A. d/o Charles McLEAN, Waterbury, Grand Lake (Oueens Co.) John C. Ferris was the brother-inlaw of Charlotte; married to Jane McLean. The Waring family lived in Saint John. She died³² in Vancouver BC on 29 April 1927 and is buried in the Ocean View Cemetery, Lot 285.

William Lee Waring was born in Portland on 02 November 1841 and died³³ in Saint John on 02 June 1903. His listed occupation at the time of his death was Inspector of Steamboats. He is buried in the Fernhill Cemetery, Lot 3177 (lot purchased by Charlotte A. Waring).

Hannah McLean

The parish records 12 show her date of birth as 11 November 1846. The grave stone⁴ of her mother also records "Also Hannah their Daughter Died 4th July 1847, Aged 5 Months".

Reflection

Charles McLean lived a long life, nearly 89 years; more than double the life expectancy for someone born in Scotland in the early 19th century. The same was true of his parents and siblings. His life spanned two continents and nearly all of the 19th century. He was not immune from the ills of 19th century having lost two wives and two children at relatively early ages. He obviously valued family, and recorded most family marriages and deaths through newspaper announcements. Like so many others, most of his children left the smaller rural community for the emerging urban areas.

References

- 1 Cumberland Point, Grand Lake, Q.C., A Short History by Roberta Gilchrist McLean & Marion Gilchrist Reicker, 1987 (book published by The Queens County Historical Society and Museum Inc.)
- 2 Will of Hugh McLean, dated 14 August 1839
- 3 The Descendants of Hugh McLean and Jane McDougald of Mill Cove, Queens County New Brunswick, September 25, 2008, Rev. Peter MacLean (unpublished notes)
- 4 Grave Stones, private cemetery, on the property of the Mill Cove Nursing Home
- 5 1809 Baptisms, Killean and Kilchenzie Parish
- 6 Queens County, New Brunswick, Marriage Records
- 7 NBGS First Families
- 8 Wiggins Family History, 1971
- Gagetown Parish, Anglican Church Records 1786-1899
 Gravestone at Wiggins Loyalist Cemetery, Fanjoys Point,
 Grand Lake
- 11 New Brunswick Courier, Saint John, 28 August 1847 12 Parish of Cambridge and Waterborough Records, Rev.
- Abraham Wood, Missionary
- 13 New Brunswick Courier, Saint John, 11 October 1851
- 14 Deaths, Return of Clergyman, Queens County, 002619
- 15 Certificate of Registration of Death, City and County of Saint John, City of Saint John, 036067
- 16 Gravestone Fernhill Cemetery, Saint John
- 17 The Head Quarters (newspaper), Fredericton The, 14 October 1857
- 18 Deaths, Registration Division of Saint John City and County, 002860
- 19 The Saint John Telegraph, 01 April 1898
- 20 The Saint John Telegraph Journal, 26 December 1928
- 21 Christian Visitor, Saint John,, 11 June 1868
- 22 Department of Health, New Brunswick, Certificate of Registration of Death, 0333318
- 23 Fernhill Cemetery Company records
- 24 Youngs Cove United Church, Birth and Death Records
- 25 Christian Visitor, Saint John, 11 October 1866
- 26 Christian Visitor, Saint John, 23 January 1868
- 27 The Saint John Telegraph Journal, 26 December 1928
- 28 First Cambridge United Baptist Church cemetery
- 29 New Brunswick Courier, 14 November 1863
- 30 Marriage Registration, Queens County
- 31 Christian Visitor, Saint John, 01 February 1866
- 32 Gravestone Ocean View Cemetery, Vancouver
- 33 Death registration 003542, Registration Division of Saint John City and County

Alexander McLeod Stavely: Significant Saint John Covenanter Minister

contributed by Eldon Hay

In Saint John, the Reformed Presbyterian (Covenanter) Church began in the early 1800s; it rose to some prominence, then virtually disappeared by 1920. The most eminent of its clergy leaders was Rev. Alexander Stavely (1816-

Rev. Alexander McLeod Stavely had been living for 36 years in Saint John, NB, when the Great Fire of June 1877 destroyed much of that city. Stavely wrote a few days later

Words can give you only a very faint idea of what it is to see a large and prosperous city laid in ruins. The beautiful house, in which for twenty-seven years we worshiped the God of our fathers, has been completely destroyed. With it my own comfortable dwelling-place, the chief part of my library and manuscripts (this I regard as a sad bereavement), and nearly everything in the shape of furniture, &c., has been burnt with fire, and all our pleasant things laid waste.

Not long after this disastrous fire, Stavely returned to Ireland whence he had come. What is the Saint John story and the witness of this man?

The Youthful Stavely

Little concrete information survives about Stavely's early life. He was born June 9, 1816, the fourth child of Rev. Dr. William J. Stavely and Jane Adams, Kilraughts. Clearly, the youngster had "the prayerful training of a godly father and mother." Alexander had two older brothers, and three sisters. Like Alexander, the oldest brother, William, emigrated to the new world. Some of Stavely's letters to his sisters survive, and provide valuable, first hand accounts of Alexander's activities in Saint John. Alexander was educated by his father, at the Old College Belfast, at Edinburgh University, and at the Divinity Hall, Paisley. Stavely first appears in the minutes of the

1903) who propelled it to its greatest strength; he was also minister when the congregation began to decrease, even before the Great Fire of 1875. His departure for his birthplace in Ireland in 1879, further contributed to the congregation's decline.

Northern Presbytery in June of 1836. Thereafter, his name often occurs in presbytery matters.

On September 6, 1837, Alexander McLeod Stavely was licensed by the Northern Presbytery. From that time, Stavely was engaged in preaching to different congregations in Ulster. And in places beyond Ulster, notably Manchester, in England. He went to Manchester in 1839 and 1840. Perhaps his journeys to Manchester provided opportunity for reflection, for Stavely eventually offered himself as a missionary to the British North American colonies.

His ordination took place on May 12, 1841. A correspondent of the <u>Belfast News-Letter</u> outlines the event.

Late in June Stavely sailed from Greenock by the merchant ship "Eagle," bearing with him the love and prayers of many friends. On the 3rd of August he safely reached Saint John, where he received a cordial welcome. vi

The Situation in Saint John

Saint John is the place in the Maritime region where the Covenanter story begins. There in the early 1800s, a group of Covenanters wrote to the American Covenanter Synod, asking for preaching ordinances. In response, a couple of Covenanter clergy made an exploratory trip to Saint John in 1821, organized the Covenanters there into a Society, wrote to both the Scots and Irish Synods, asking that they give the situation in Saint John serious consideration, and "urgently requesting them to send missionaries to these steadfast yet destitute people."

The first Covenanter missionary to British North America was the Rev. Alexander Clarke, who came to minister to the Covenanter society in Saint John, NB, in 1827. Although Clarke established, or re-established the Covenanter Society in that city, his ministry in Saint John lasted for only a few months, going to Nova Scotia in 1828. Clarke settled in Amherst, although he did not entirely sever his relationship with the small Covenanter society in Saint John. And on Oct. 11, 1835, "the Reformed Presbyterian Meeting-House was opened, by the Rev. Alexander Clarke."

A second missionary, William Sommerville, came out in 1831, and was a roving associate of Clarke's until 1833, when he was tentatively invited to Horton and Cornwallis, in the Annapolis valley. Sommerville's association with Clarke was not altogether unfruitful. In April of 1832, the two had combined, with elders, to form the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Reformed Presbytery. At the same time, the two clergy contended not a little, though the precise reasons evade us. Clarke alone opened the Saint John RP church in 1835, though he indicates "Mr. Sommerville was ... invited but did not come."ix The Presbytery which the two had established languished after 1836. Sommerville was the one who increasingly dealt with the Covenanter situation in Saint John.

It is clear that the Covenanter community to which Stavely was to come, had long prayed for and looked forward to a resident Covenanter clergyman. The city's Covenanters were never a large group, but they did have tenacity. Clarke helped with the building of the church in that city; and after he came to the new world, Sommerville visited Saint John from time to time; but it was largely lay folk who persisted in keeping Covenanterism alive. And the congregation of Saint John kept appealing regularly to the Irish Synod for someone to come.* At last, their prayers for a full-time missionary were answered. Alexander McLeod Stavely, arriving, as noted, on August 3rd, went immediately to work. The local press reported that

The Reformed Presbyterian Meeting House in this City, was open for Divine Service on Sunday last [August 8], when the new Pastor, the Rev. Mr. Stavely, who arrived from Belfast last week, via Greenock, preached two acceptable Sermons to large and respectable congregations.^{xi}

Stavely's Ministry in Saint John

Stavely was a diligent pastor, a fine preacher, an assiduous worker. And Covenanter cause flourished. Although the house of worship was situated in a remote part of the city, attendance was very encouraging. Presbyterians from the North of Ireland, attracted by the young preacher's fresh presentation of the truth, worshiped there at least part of each Sabbath and contributed liberally for the support of ordinances. Soon after Mr. Stavely's arrival the Lord's Supper was administered. The Rev. Wm. Sommerville, of Nova Scotia, assisted in the services. The work was fairly inaugurated, and through the agency of Sabbath schools, social meetings during the week and monthly gatherings of teachers for conference and prayer, it was carried on quite successfully.

By the late 1840s, the Covenanters had outgrown their former humble house of worship and a new, larger and more centrally located sanctuary was opened. Much of the money for the new building came from Saint John Covenanters. In addition, Stavely made the first of several long trips south of the border in order to raise funds. Sharing with his sisters many details of his journey--fascinating places and eminent persons--Stavely confesses that the effort was nonetheless arduous.

I am quite wearied by my long absence and wish to return. I feel that I have done all in my power to raise funds & hope to make the people nearly £400 the less in debt by my absence. I have therefore been employed every Sabbath, and generally speaking, once or twice every week in preaching. Collecting money for a church in another country is no easy task. There is a great deal of labor & anxiety and I long for the end of my exertions. xii

However, the new church must have been a source of pride to pastor and people. Now centrally located, the Covenanters

erected a handsome and elegant church, capable of accommodating some 550 to 600 people, with a capacious school room in the basement story, and a manse in the rear now nearly completed, so that the minister can step out of his own room into the pulpit. The internal arrangements of the building are well

Alexander McLeod Stavely: Significant Saint John Covenanter Minister

appointed. The whole reflects the highest credit on the taste and talent of architect. xiii

At services marking the opening of the new church, Stavely was assisted by his friend, Rev. Wm. Sommerville, and by the Rev. JR. Lawson who had come from Ireland in 1845, and lived and pastored in South Stream (later Barnesville), New Brunswick. He became a close colleague of Stavely's. The Rev. Robert Stewart, another Covenanter clergyman from Ireland, came to the new world in 1849. After some visitation of Covenanter mission stations, he settled in Melvern Square, NS, a somewhat near neighbour of Sommerville. In the mid-1840s, the presbytery which Clarke and Sommerville had founded was revived; Clarke and his Chignecto congregations having left the Irish, to join the American synod.

Stavely joined the others--Sommerville, Lawson and Stewart--in widespread missionary endeavours throughout the Maritime region. Of particular concern to Stavely was the little mission station of Millstream. Sometimes Covenanters from that community came to Saint John to worship. In Feb., 1855, Stavely writes

... We have enjoyed a peculiarly comfortable [communion] season.... On last Sunday morning, some of our friends arrived from Millstream, a settlement some sixty miles distant from St. John. They left on Friday, and journeyed all night without tarrying, that they might be present with us in good time. They had observed our fast on Friday, meeting in society. To undertake such a journey in the depth of a New Brunswick winter was trying to flesh and blood; but they did not think it too much for the privilege of uniting with their brethren in communicating at a sacramental table. On Tuesday morning they left for their home in the wilderness, when the thermometer indicated 26 degrees below zero. We have had the coldest weather in St. John this week that has been for many years, and I would have felt very anxious for their safety in such a freezing atmosphere, had I not fully believed in the superintending care of that gracious Being whom they love to serve. It will gratify you to know that, at Millstream, where they have a very large society, and a good Sabbath-school, conducted by its members, there is an effort being made to erect a house of worship. A considerable sum has been already subscribed, and the building will shortly be proceeded with. The winter season is peculiarly adapted for "hauling" logs and timber, as is the spring for proceeding with the work. Such an erection as I have referred to is much needed, as there is no place in the settlement at all large enough to contain the hearers, when any of your missionaries visit that locality. Mr. Lawson has kindly consented to use his influence in obtaining for the new house the <u>pews</u> of his old one. xiv

The church of which Stavely spoke was finally opened in the fall of 1859, Stavely officiating. Its stark simplicity must have been in sharp contrast to the church in Saint John. Stavely made several journeys to Millstream, quite apart from the opening of the church.

On Saturday morning I myself left for Millstream, where I preached three times on last Sabbath. The evening service was at the house of our "Deacon" Mr. [Hamilton E.] Grinden. He & his wife are members of that Society and had twin children to baptize. Mrs. G's extremely delicate state of health rendered it altogether impracticable to her to attempt coming out to the Church through the day. This Mr. Grinden is a most worthy man and a very devoted Covenanter. His history is rather interesting had I time to speak of it. His Father who died two or three years ago was for 50 years Coroner of Bristol England, and a man of high social position. His son Hamilton E. [Grinden] to whom I have referred, took to teaching shortly after his arrival in the Province. He was then a member of the Church of England. He has a brother-in-law a Rector in New Brunswick--a brother a Rector in Nova Scotia, and other Brothers distinguished literary men. Not very long before my last visit to Ireland I married Hamilton E. [Grinden] to the daughter of one of our families at Millstream, and he has since resided there. Having a neat farm and little store, with the addition of frequent remittances from the proceeds of his father's estate at home he lives very comfortably. Mr. G. is a little eccentric but wonderfully neat & orderly in all his arrangements and a most devoted admirer of the Doctrine, Discipline] & Gov[ernment] of the Covenanting Church.xv

Pastor, preacher, presbyter, fund-raiser, missionary, Stavely also published some of his sermons and addresses. Many of them have been gathered together in the book **Sermons and Addresses**, published in 1878. **vi

Stavely was also a husband and father. He was married on the 21st April, 1852, to Margaret Cameron, daughter of Ewen Cameron, of Saint John, a descendant of the Camerons of Inverness, and closely connected with the Clan MacDonald. To the Stavelys were born three daughters, only one of whom was to live to mature womanhood. Margaret Cameron, Mrs. Stavely, was a very worthy helpmate.

A personality of indescribable charm. Mrs. Stavely was remarkable for many fine traits of character, but perhaps the dominant note was fixity of purpose. During her life she often had to face peril, and whether amid the horrors of cholera or in the midst of a burning city, she always showed the utmost heroism and composure, so strong was her trust. With the Bible as her constant companion, she was devoted to the cause of missions and in St. John especially she effected much by her social work. Kindly and generous, she loved the poor, and many, both in Canada and in this country, will feel that they have lost in her an everconstant helper. Her vitality and vigor were indeed amazing and blessed with a buoyant disposition, she never was known to be Wherever she went she made downcast. friends, and to those friends, whether poor or rich, she was true as steel. [She lived a] life of simple faith in Jesus Christ, which was the keynote of her character from her earliest childhood.xvii

The Great Fire of 1877. The event shook the Stavelys; yet their faith overcame despair.

I feel now, for a season and a time, very much as the master of a vessel would do when his noble ship lay stranded and broken up on the beach, and he awaited advices (orders) from head quarters as to what disposal should be made of the wreck. Still we can say and sing, "God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble, therefore we will not fear though the earth be removed, and though the mountains be carried into the midst of the sea." The Prince of Life, the Captain of Salvation, is still at the helm. **xviii*

Before returning to his native land, Stavely had three further tasks. One was the rebuilding of the Saint John RP Church. The second was presiding at the funeral of the Rev. Wm. Sommerville. The third was transferring the presbytery from the Irish to the American Synod.

In Saint John, all the RP church property had been destroyed. Although insured, the insurers themselves became bankrupt as a result of the conflagration. Stavely's tenacity is evidenced in the manner in which he handled the crisis. He gathered the remnants of his congregation together, set the machinery of congregational life in order, and collected funds. "The indomitable old pioneer set to work at once, crossed over to Scotland and Ireland, where he got a very sympathetic reception, and collected ... funds."xix

The congregation has succeeded in rearing a building for public worship, which serves their purpose, upon a new and more central site than that on which the old building perished in the great fire of 1877. They have completed the basement story of what will form, when finished, a superior Church. And in this temporary hall they are worshiping from Sabbath to Sabbath. Through the exertions of Mr. Stavely, and the generous response made to his appeal both at home and abroad, the congregation is able to enter upon the enjoyment of the building, as far as it has been carried forward, without any considerable debt.**

Stavely went to Cornwallis for the funeral of his dear friend and long-time associate, Rev. Wm. Sommeville. Stavely's sermon on that occasion The Blessed Dead, together with a biographical sketch, was preached on October 6, 1878 in the Reformed Presbyterian Church at Cornwallis. xxi

The process of moving the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Presbytery from Irish to American iurisdiction had been long in process. It appears Stavely had always favoured it, and Wm. Sommerville had consistently opposed it. Stavely believed that the long term stability of the Covenanter cause in the region required closer supervision and fellowship than that offered by the trans-oceanic Irish Synod. Stavely's conviction seems reasonable: though his hope that the transfer would long-time help to the Covenanter cause in Maritime Canada did not materialize. Partially due to Stavely's patient and persistent leadership, the transfer was amicably agreed to by all the parties, although not until after Sommerville's death. The transfer was effected on June 2, 1879. xxii

Stavely may well have returned to Ireland, quite apart from the Great Fire of 1877. A frequent traveler to the United States, Stavely had also

Alexander McLeod Stavely: Significant Saint John Covenanter Minister

crossed "the Atlantic no less than ten times to visit his friends, and forming friendships wherever he went." The Great Fire undoubtedly speeded up the decision. Stavely's colleague Lawson remarks that "by the great fire of 1877 which swept over St. John, our brother ... being much discouraged, demitted his pastoral charge into the hands of the Presbytery and returned to Ireland, followed by the best wishes of his people and the whole community. **xiv*

In Ireland, in 1881, Stavely became moderator of the Irish RP Synod; from 1884 to 1889 he was minister of Ballyclare and Larne. When fully retired, the Stavelys lived with their daughter and son-in-law, J.B. Armour. Stavely died on 9 July 1903 and Mrs. Stavely on 13 September 1905.

A question remains: What was the extent of the losses sustained by the Saint John RP congregation

due to the double whammy of the Great Fire and the loss of Alexander Stavely? Unfortunately, neither membership rolls or baptismal records have survived. An examination and comparison of the census figures for 1871 and 1881 would be instructive. Due to the diligence of Graeme Somerville, the 1871 and 1881 census data for Reformed Presbyterian Church in Saint John will likely be published in a future issue of Generations.

The Saint John congregation was greatly weakened by the Great Fire and Stavely's departure. Nonetheless, the congregation survived, Stavely being succeeded by American Armour James McFarland. The narrative of his ministry lies beyond the scope of this article. The congregation came to a close in 1920, the church having already been sold.

i. A.M. Stavely, "The Great Fire in St. John, N.B.," Covenanter (Belfast), 1877, 287-9.

ii. Robert Sommerville, "Alexander McLeod Stavely," Olive Trees, 1899, 248.

iii. The letters are found in Public Records Office of Northern Ireland [PRONI], Belfast.

iv. Stavely matriculated in two successive university sessions, 1833-34 and 1834-35; he did not graduate.

v. "Reformed Presbyterian Church," Guardian (Halifax, NS), 1841, 14.

vi. Robt. Sommerville, "Stavely," 250.

vii. W.M. Glasgow, History of the RP Church in America (Baltimore: 1888), 165-6.

viii. New Brunswick Courier, Oct. 12, 1835.

ix. A. Clarke, 'Letter to Rev. Jas. R. Willson, Wed. Oct. 14, 1835.' J.R. Willson Papers, Box 7.

X. Minutes of RP Irish Synod, Moneywort, July 19f., 1836.

xi. New Brunswick Courier, Sat. Aug. 14, 1841.

xii. 'Letter, Stavely to his sister, April 9, 1850, from Atlanta Georgia.'

xiii. "Opening of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of St. John, N.B.," <u>Monitor and Missionary Chronicle</u>, 1851, 763-4.

xiv. A.M. Stavely, "St. John, New Brunswick," Covenanter, 1855, 278-9.

xv. 'Letter, Stavely to his sister, July 9, 1873, written from Saint John, NB.'

xvi. Sermons and Addresses, St. John, Barnes and Co., 1878.

xvii. "Former St. John Woman Dies in Ireland," Saint John Telegraph, Sept. 26, 1905.

XVIII. Stavely, "The Great Fire in St. John, N.B.," 287-9.

xix. Rev. Gavin Douglas, "Alexander McLeod Stavely," Olive Trees, 1903, 344-7.

xx. Colonial Mission Report, June, 1879, Covenanter, 1879, 253-7.

xxi. Saint John, NB Barnes and Co., and R.A.H. Morrow and New York: Anson D.F. Randolph & Company, c. 1878.

xxii. Reformed Presbyterian and Covenanter, 1879, 213-4.

XXIII. "Former St. John Minister Dead," Saint John Telegraph, July 31, 1903.

xxiv. Lawson, "Our Church in NB and NS," Our Banner, 1880, 124-6.

Cochran Family - From Ireland to Saint John NB

contributed by Jane Welsh

Jane would be interested in hearing about Cochrans and Lemons remaining in Saint John. She may be reached at 220 Greenstone Dr., Reno NV 89512 USA or jane89512@peoplepc.com

Patrick **Hamilton** was probably from Co Tyrone, Ireland. His children were:

- 1. Henry Hamilton
- 2. The Misses Hamilton

Henry Hamilton married unknown and had children:

- Sarah Ann Hamilton b. 1791 prob Co Tyrone, Ireland d. 22 Apr 1862 Saint John, NB
- 2. Ellen ???

Sarah Ann Hamilton married Henry Cochran in Co Tyrone, Ireland. Henry was b. 1783 Co Tyrone, Ireland and d. 31 May 1862 Saint John, NB. Henry was a shoemaker.

Henry and Sarah Cochran left Ireland on the ship "Eleanor" and arrived in Saint John, NB 1830. (Never could find this ship.)

Their children arrived in Saint John, NB 26 Apr 1834 on the ship "Ambassador". Henry's sister, Sarah Cochran, brought them.

The children were all born in Co Tyrone, Ireland except the last one Henry. They all died in Saint John, NB.

- 1. William b. 1813 d. 3 Jane 1850
- 2. Elenor b. 1816 d. 12 Dec 1897 married James Lemon. (This is my line)
- 3. James b. 1818 d. ? married Ellen Kelly
- Jane b. 7 May 1820 d. 30 Jun 1887.
 married Daniel Melvin 24 Dec 1846 b. 1
 Mar 1807 d. 17 Mar 1882
- Robert b. 1822 d. ? married Martha Graham 18 Jan 1849 and Margaret Ausborough 11 Apr 1852
- 6. John b. 1825 d.?
- 7. Sarah Ann b. 26 Feb 1826 d. 5 Oct 1912

- 8. Rebecca b. 1829 d. 15 Apr 1853
- Henry b. 1834 d. 30 Nov 1911 married 1
 Dec 1864 Annie Kelly b. 1835 d. 5 Nov 1914

My Line:

children:

Elenor and James Lemon

- 1. James b. 29 Aug 1840 d. 26 Sep 1841
- 2. Henry Hamilton b. 6 Apr 1842
- 3. Sarah Hamilton b. 9 Apr 1844 d. ? married 4 Apr 1878 Edwin G Blakslee b. 1842 d. 2 Aug 1884
- 4. Jane b. 25 Jun 1846 d. 5 Jul 1846
- 5. James Samuel b. 24 Jul 1847 d. abt 1928 married 10 Jun 1872 Ariana B Scribner
- 6. David (twin) b. 19 Feb 1850 d. 23 Feb 1850
- Elenor b. 19 Feb 1850 d. 26 Aug 1931 in NY, US married 5 Aug 1875 in Saint John, NB Henry J. B. Pitts b. 11 Jul 1847 d. 27 Nov 1934 in San Diego, CA US. Henry was dry goodsman and had a store on Union which is a parking lot now (I come from this line.)
- Robert Cochran b. 12 Oct 1852 d. 19 Apr 1869
- Rebecca Atwood b. 22 Nov 1857 d. 11 Sep 1860

The Henry Pitts family left Saint John, NB for Brooklyn, NY, US in 1892 on the ship "Winthrop". (I have never been able to find that ship.)

Henry Pitts was born in Aylsham, Co Norfolk, England. I never could find out when he arrived in Saint John, NB or why he went there.

(Any corrections, additions, etc. would certainly be appreciated. I have been to Saint John twice, and one of the times I was there with my sister to do family research. I had the pleasure of meeting Danny Johnson and Graeme Somerville.)

Genealogy from an Auction

Submitted by Graeme F. Somerville

This story begins in 1982 when my wife Catherine and I went to a nearby auction in Saint John. It was a lovely early spring day and we both felt the need to get out and do something a bit different, so, off to the auction hall with nothing particular in mind.

Amongst the many items for sale was a copy of Who's Who 1938 published in London, England. We do not collect these books but, as genealogists, we couldn't resist the temptation to see if anyone by the name of Somerville was listed. There was, on page 3159, Daniel Gerald Somerville. The name meant nothing until we noticed the names of his parents: Dr. A. T. Somerville and Alice Elliot. The lights started flashing and the bells ringing because we knew from this side of the Atlantic that Andrew T. Somerville had been a school teacher in Kings County, New Brunswick while just in his late teens, shortly thereafter had gone to Edinburgh to study medicine and, upon graduating, had returned to New Brunswick to marry his former pupil and sweetheart Alice Elliot. The newly married couple then went to Edinburgh but from there the trail had grown cold.

Andrew T. Somerville, by the way, was my grandfather's cousin so this discovery in *Who's Who* was more than of casual interest.

Dan Somerville was born in 1879 so, by 1982, would have long since passed away (he died in 1938) but we subsequently found he was survived by two children, Derek G. W. Somerville and Pauline Braithwaite. Perhaps one or other might still be living. This was a matter of urgency in 1982 because Catherine and I were going to visit the U. K. in September and we did not want to miss an opportunity to contact any descendants of Daniel.

What to do?

We learned that the British post office had a service whereby they would deliver a letter (for a fee) even if the sender did not know the address. We picked Pauline Braithwaite as the preferred addressee in the belief that Braithwaite might be a less common surname than Somerville. So, off to the UK Postal service went the letter and the required fee and waited. In due time the reply came from the post office that a Pauline Braithwaite could not be located. By then our trip to the UK

was a bare two months away and not sufficient time to repeat the process for Derek Somerville.

Upon arrival at Heathrow we picked up our rental car and started our journey northward, visiting relatives, friends and doing just the usual touristy things. By the time we got to Edinburgh it was time to send postcards to family back home so off I went to the nearby post office. While there I noticed a shelf with about two dozen phone books covering all of the U. K. Starting at number one I looked for D. G. W Somerville and by about book number 20 there he was, located in Staines just outside of London. We were going to be in London for a few days prior to returning to Canada so we should have a chance to ring up the number.

A couple of days before getting in to London we were visiting a cousin in Oxfordshire and while reading *The Daily Telegraph* a very small notice attracted my attention. It announced the death of Derek G W Somerville. If the bells had been ringing up to that time they had abruptly fallen silent.

Once more, the trail had grown disappointingly cold.

What to do?

In London a phone call to the undertaker referred me to a friend of Derek's who, when I contacted him on the phone, gave me the phone number of Pauline, no longer Braithwaite but Dusek. A visit with Pauline and George Dusek was arranged for the day following the funeral. They lived in Golders Green and both greeted me most graciously although it was evident Pauline was not in the best of health.

My quest was for copies of clippings etc that would tell of her Somerville lineage but Pauline did not think she had any. Nevertheless I managed to fill two pages of notes on Pauline's ancestry during our conversation and that data was included when Somerville, from Perthshire Scotland to New Brunswick and Beyond was published in 2011.

What else had we learned for our contact with Pauline?

Dan Somerville had a sister Mabel who had married an Alexander Banks. Their children were Haig, Kathleen and Eric and the family resided in the Crieff area of Scotland.

Haig Banks had married an Eleanor Baillie. In response to a query in the Crieff newspaper we had a phone call from Eleanor (Baillie) Banks, then completely blind and living in a nursing home in Nairn on the Moray Firth in Northern Scotland. Although she was completely blind she was able to keep in touch with friends around the world via telephone. We felt privileged to have received several phone calls from her over the next year or two. She had a son living in western Canada, whom we were able to contact by phone, and two daughters both living in the U.K. and had correspondence with one.

Kathleen Banks married Harold Andrew Balvaird Lawson, Rothesay Herald from 1939 to 1981. Catherine and I had the pleasure of having lunch in downtown Edinburgh with their only daughter Joan.

While all this contact with Pauline and George was going on in the U. K. I was speaking, here in New Brunswick with the grand-son of a first cousin of Daniel Gerald Somerville. The grandson, who lived a mere 20 miles from Alice's birth place showed me letters from Alice (nee Elliot) Somerville written to her relatives in New Brunswick. These letters added a real life dimension to the trail of Dr. Andrew Thomas Somerville. Alice, by the way, had remarried becoming the wife of William Nichol Elder and had one more child, Ian. This line has not been followed.

In 1988 we received a card from George Dusek with the sad news that Pauline had died on May 2nd. We sent our condolences and planned on phoning George on our next visit to London which was scheduled for the spring of 1989.

In mid-April we rang George from our lodgings in London and upon realizing who was phoning George immediately said "I've got to see you. I've got to see you". Having said it twice I felt as if it was a client who was in some sort of a pickle and needed my help as soon as possible. So, the next morning it was off, again, to Golders Green and the usual short walk from the station to 4 Corringham Court. There George met me and we went to the lounge which was strewn with opened cardboard cartons. George explained that these were Pauline's and the boxes had not been opened during all their twenty-five years of marriage. George promised to look for papers that related to

the Somerville family and would ensure that I got them.

Upon returning to Canada I wrote George on May 10th to express my appreciation for his willingness to look for any papers that might deal with the Somerville ancestry. It is very fortuitous that the letter was sent for on June 2nd a letter was sent to me from a trust company in London advising that George had died on May 17th while visiting relatives in Czechoslovakia. The trust company had found my letter. Under the terms of George's will the trust company had full discretion to dispose of household and personal effects and they assured me that, should they find any family history papers, they would be in touch.

True to their word they wrote on June 21, 1989 that there were papers which I could have and asked 'would I be going in person to get them or have a representative act for me?' Since I had no one to act for me there was yet another overnight flight to London and another trip to Golders Green and a short walk to 4 Corringham Court for the meeting with the trust company representative. He greeted me most cordially and that may have been because his brother worked in Toronto at the head office of the company with which I had been associated all my career. Perhaps he had checked on my credentials. Anyway, we got along great and in the space of an hour of so I did pick up some photos and papers that were of no monetary value yet shed some light on my relatives who had moved to the old country more than a century ago.

One of the photos that we obtained (3½" x 5½") was of the Parliament buildings in London which included an oval photo in the upper right hand corner of Daniel Gerald Somerville as he was an M.P. for Barrow-in Furness from 1922 to 1924 and for Willesden East from 1929 to his death in 1938. The date of the photo is not shown.

In looking back on this extra trip you might ask was it worth the time and expense? Had I not gone I would have been left with the nagging feeling that I had missed a treasure trove of information. I had, and still have, the feeling that the trip was needed and worthwhile.

One more thing to mention. That 1938 copy of Who's Who at the auction. We did buy it and ever since it has been a reminder of a great adventure.

Teaching Career of Ruth Baxter

contributed by Sandra Bourque

Ruth Baxter was my maternal grandmother. She was born on 28 March 1895 in Carter's Point, Kings County, the daughter of James and Mary Sophia (Fowler) Baxter.



Ruth's ability to attend school was irregular due to childhood illnesses, farm tasks requiring all hands to help and the deaths of a brother in 1908 and a sister in 1911. The two miles to the school often made it impossible to attend in some winter

conditions. In spite of these hurdles, Ruth entered Provincial Normal School in the fall of 1914. She received a Second Class Teacher's Licence on 2 July 1915.

In September 1915 Ruth began her career in the small community of Caithness, Charlotte County. She was to board at the home of Mr. Josh McKenzie. However, by winter she moved to the home of Captain and Mrs. MacLeod as their home was closer to the school. Ruth became a life-long friend of Nettie MacLeod.



Caithness Students – school year 1915-1916

After a school year at Caithness, Ruth moved to Wirral, Queens County, in September 1916 and remained until the end of the school year in June 1918. During this period, she boarded with two different families. One may have been the Kirkpatricks.



Wirral Students – Either the school year of 1916-1917 or 1917-1918

Ruth's next teaching contract was in Nauwigewauk, Kings County, from September 1918 until June 1922. This was followed by two years at Hampton Consolidated School from September 1922 until June 1924. While in this area, Ruth was able to board with Baxter and Fowler relatives, including at the home of her uncle, Robert Baxter founder of Baxter Dairies.



Nauwigewauk Students – One of the school years between September 1918 and June 1922

While at Hampton, she only taught two grades but the combined class was over 60 pupils. At the end of the two years, Ruth suffered from erythema nodosum, believed to have been brought on by nervous exhaustion. This inflammatory skin disease is very painful and a year's rest was recommended by the doctor. Since her parents operated a boarding house, Ruth did not foresee much rest at home so she decided to seek a position in a small school.

Teaching Career of Ruth Baxter



Hampton Consolidated School Teachers – Either the school year of 1922-1923 or 1923-1924

This took her to South Knowlesville, Carleton County, in September 1924. She remained for the school year, boarding at the home of Addison Spinney. She was far enough from the school that she had to bicycle and in winter snowshoe.



South Knowlesville Students, 1924-1925



South Knowlesville Girls, 1924-1925

In September 1925, Ruth accepted the position at the Williamstown school, also in Carleton County. This put her closer to a Fowler cousin in Lakeville. Here she boarded with Murray McAuley and no doubt this is when she met his brother, Allen McAuley, who would become her husband. In December 1925, Edward Savage, one of the three school trustees, asked Ruth for her resignation. This was done without consultation with the other trustees. Mr. Savage's daughter wanted to enter Normal School and he felt she should have a teacher with a First Class Licence.

Ruth was able to secure a position in nearby Gregg Settlement for the term January 1926 until June 1926. Ironically, Mr. Savage died on 5 January 1926 before the second term began. The Williamstown trustees asked Ruth to return in September 1926 but she had accepted the position at Grand Bay, Kings County, where she could be at home in preparation for her marriage. The Baxter family had moved from Carter's Point to Westfield in 1912.



Gregg Settlement Students, June 1926

On 12 October 1927, Ruth Baxter married Allen McAuley at her home in Westfield. They settled in a new home on the McAuley farm in Williamstown where they raised three children.

Ruth always became active in the community life wherever she was living. She was a very resourceful person which enabled her to make due with limited goods during the Depression and War years that followed her marriage. She was renowned for needle work, such as, quilting, embroidery, crocheting and tatting. Crossword puzzles were a favourite pastime. Ruth died on 14 December 1973.

The Ship Sea - Saint John NB to Melbourne Australia

contributed by Robert McKenzie

Robert McKenzie is from Australia. He was in Saint John NB in August and gave a lecture on Aug 19, 2014 plus led/participated in a walking tour (on August 20 with David Goss and Harold Wright) to the site of the Storm and Hilyard Shipyards and the site of the loss of the ammunition ship SS Beaverhill. McKenzie is researching the ship Sea and is interested in obtaining info about the people associated with the ship, their ancestors or descendants, and would like to connect with any descendants Thank you to Joan Pearce for suggesting this article and getting the information below from Mr. McKenzie. Robert McKenzie's contact info is mck@datafast.net.au

The Saint John ship Sea was built at the Straight Shore yard of John Storm for James Kirk, a Saint John merchant, in 1847. Her first captain was Charles Hubert, followed by Ebenezer Lawson and lastly by James McKay. John Starr De Wolf purchased her in Liverpool England, but think he may have been in Saint John before moving to Liverpool with his brother John Ratchford De Wolf in 1840.

John Storm

Samuel Storm born in New York in 1770, died 16th Dec 1850: He came to NB in 1783 as a Loyalist and settled in Portland, Saint John: married Frances Hilyard d/o Nathaniel Hilyard of Kennebecasis River, Kings County NB.

Children

- 1 John Storm born 1809, died 1858, married 1833 Sally Martin Russell, second d/o John Russell; had children.
- 2 Stephen W Storm born 1829 Saint John, died 3 August 1903, married 2 August 1855 in Saint John, Jane Hughes born 1835 in Ireland, died 12 Dec 1898, d/o Andrew and Jane Hughes: had Children.

16 April 1833 The Weekly Observer

m. Tuesday eve. by Rev. Dr. Gray, John Storm/ Sally Martin Russell 2nd d/o late John Russell of this city. NBC.

Saturday 9th April 1836 New Brunswick Courier

d. Saturday eve., John Hilyard Storm only s/o John Storm, aged 2 years 4 mos.

Saturday 16th September 1837 New Brunswick Courier

d. Thursday morn., Sarah Martin Storms w/o John Storms, age 20. Funeral from her residence Sunday 2 o'clock.

1838 - John Storm, Caulker. Purchased property next door to John Russell.

Saturday 23 May 1840 New Brunswick Courier

m. Wednesday eve., by Rev. E. Wood, John Storm/Jane King third d/o Charles King [St. John] city.

Saturday 23rd June 1849 New Brunswick Courier

d. yesterday morn., Miss Catherine Hamilton, age 41. Funeral Sunday 3 o'clock from her late residence, John Storm's, Jaffrey's Hill.

Census 1851 p. 124 Kings

Storms

John	Н	35 Nati	ive	Shipbuilder
Jane	W	30	"	
John Edwin	S	10	"	
Emma Jane	D	8	44	
George	S	1	"	
Ann Jane Dobson		21 Irish	185	1 Servant
Jane Wilson		20 "	1844	4 "

Census 1851 p. 52 Kings

Storm

James		29 Na	ative Ship	os Carpenter
Stephen	Bro	22	"	Caulker
Eleanor	Sis	27	"	
Frances	Sis	23	"	
Frances	M	63	"	
Mary Ann Bell Sis		26	"	
Fanny Bell		9m	"	
Louisa Bell		22	Eng	1831

19 April 1858 Morning News

d. Saturday 17th inst., John Storm, age 49. Funeral Tuesday 3 o'clock from his residence 91 Princess St. [St. John]

James Kirk

7th December 1794 OPR Births, 453/0180 0218 Saint Andrews and Saint Leonards, Scotland

Kirk – James son to James Kirk, [and] Elspeth Russell his spouse Born 30 Nov 1794, and baptized by the Minister on the 7 of Dec, witness's Alex^r and John Kirks.

1816 - James Kirk in Saint John, N.B. (to be confirmed)

9th January 1823 City Gazette

m. Tuesday eve., by Rev. R. Willis, James Kirk, merchant/Barbara fourth d/o Capt. George Mathew all of this city.

7 July 1827 New Brunswick Courier

d. Hampton (Kings Co.) Saturday Morn., age 28, Barbara Kirk w/o James Kirk, Esq. (St. John) city. Left husband, two children.

13 January 1835 Ancestry

Married Charlotte Kerr, daughter of James Kerr and Elizabeth Brown at Saint John, Saint John Co., New Brunswick Canada.

Saturday 7th February 1857 New Brunswick

d. 15th ult., Clifton Park, Birkenhead, England, Charlotte Kirk w/o James Kirk Esq., formerly of (St. John) city, N.B.

Saturday 17th May 1873 New Brunswick Courier

d. town of Portland (St. John)Thursday morn., 15th inst., James Kirk Esq., age 79, Funeral from residence of John Harron, Main St., Saturday half past 3 o'clock.

Charles Hubert

Saturday 31st August 1839 New Brunswick Courier

d. Wednesday eve., Charles Edward Hubert only s/o Capt., Charles Hubert, age 13 mos. Funeral Sunday 4 o'clock.

????18th October 1883 The Fredericton Evening Capital

d. 16th inst., at residence of her son-in-law Christopher Johnston, Gibson (York Co.) Mary

Hubert relict of Capt. Charles Hubert, formerly of Saint John. 76th year.

21st December 1888 The Daily Telegraph

d. Saint John City, 19th inst., 66 Dorchester St., of scarlet fever, Charles Hubert Sea Johnston youngest s/o C.H.S. Johnston and Maggies S. Johnston, age 1 year 7 mos.

Ebenezer Lawson

Friday 2nd August 1850 Liverpool Mercury

July 24, at Hale, by the Rev. William Stewart, Captain Ebenezer Lawson, St, John, N.B., to Miss Brown, eldest daughter of Joseph Brown, Esq., of Hale.

5th March 1859 New Brunswick Courier

d. At sea, 4th Nov., of diarreah, on passage from Calcutta to New York, Capt. Ebenezer Lawson of ship "Negotiator" of Liverpool, age 47, third s/o late Israel Lawson of (St. John) city and several years ship master out of this port. Leaves wife, one child in Liverpool and an aged mother in this city.

James McKay

Thursday 2nd June 1853 Argus p. 4

MARRIED On the 23rd ultimo, at 64, Great Collins-street, east, by the Rev. A.M. Ramsey, of the United Presbyterian Church, Collins-street, Captain James McKay, of the ship Sea, to Jane Taylor, relict of the late Mr. James B. Taylor, merchant.

31st May 1853 - Died in wreck of Sea at point Nepean, Victoria, Australia

Nothing is known of this captain except he was friends with Captain James Nicol Forbes of the Marco Polo and may have been Scottish. Do not think he was ever in Saint John?

John Starr De Wolf

1811 Norton Wyse - Born in Kings County, Nova Scotia, Canada - to be confirmed

1835 - May have been in Saint John - to be confirmed

New Brunswick Strays

Contributed by Marianne Donovan:

SCOTT, Gregory Terence Stewart (1935 - 2014) With gentle grace, Greg Scott passed away peacefully Monday, July 14, 2014. Born in Campbellton. New Brunswick June 29, 1935, but raised in Baie Comeau, Quebec, Greg was the second eldest in a family of eight children. While attending the University of New Brunswick, Greg met and married the love of his life Jean Ardith O'Hara on October 4, 1958.

Greg was predeceased by his loving wife, Jean and is survived by his children, Brenda (Terry), Karen (Dale), Ken (Donna), Jeff (Carolyn), eleven grandchildren, Lisa, Victoria, Scott, Brittany, Kyle, Brandon, Jenna, Hailey, Greg, Nick and Danielle, three great-grandchildren, Derek, Alyssa, Vienna, sisters, Linda, Helen (David), Edith (John), and brothers, Stewart (Edwena) and Glen (Marilyn). A Memorial Service: Monday, August 11, 2014 at 2:00 p.m. at St. David's Anglican Church, 1115 - 51A Street in Tsawwassen. Delta Funeral Home 604-946-6040 (*Globe and Mail* - July 21, 2014)

BABIN, Alfred Joseph - on July 12, 2014 beloved husband, father, grandfather and greatgrandfather, passed away peacefully at the age of 92. For 68 years Alfred was the devoted husband of his beloved Teeny (Christina), who passed away just a month ago. Loving mother to Michael (Dawn) of Toronto and Paul (Lynne) of Morpeth. Fondly remembered and loved by grandchildren Shelley (Charles), Julie, Carolyn, Sheldon (Laurie) Rvan Babin, and great-granddaughters Elizabeth and Audrey Todd and Lily and Ryla Babin. Predeceased by dear sisters Eva and Loretta and dear brothers Arthur and Alderice. Babin, as he preferred to be called, was born in Moncton, NB. Service: Turner & Porter Butler Chapel 4933 Dundas St. W, Etobicoke on Wednesday, July 16, 2014 for a service in the Chapel at 3 p.m. (London Free Press - July 14, 2014)

stormes, Gertrude Bernice (nee Peterson) - of Stayner (formerly Port Stanley) passed away peacefully with her sons by her side at Stayner Nursing Home on Monday July 7, 2014. Born in Fredericton Junction, N.B., February 12, 1926, daughter of the late Arthur and Winnifred

(Whooten) Peterson. Beloved wife of the late William Stormes (2007). Survived by sons Norm (late Wendy) of Stayner and Doug (Gail) of Brantford, grandchildren Amanda Stormes (Sean Borman) of Waterloo, Jesse Stormes (Joanna Chou) of Stayner, Abby Matanowitsch (Collin) of Collingwood and Bekki Stormes (Tony Diec) of Toronto, Great - Grandchildren Summer and Jack Stormes and Luke and Noah Borman. Also survived by her sister Janet Bowlby and Brotherin-Law Bob Stormes. Predeceased by brothers Wally and Jim Peterson. Visitation: Shawn Jackson Funeral Home 31 Elgin Street, St. Thomas (519-631-0570) on Thursday, July 10, 2014 from 7:00 - 9:00 pm. The memorial service: Friday at 1:30 pm, with Rev. Pall Nunn officiating.

(www.shawnjacksonfuneralhome.com) (London Free Press July 9, 2014)

Contributed by Mary Schifferdecker:

FIRLOTTE, Major Robert Bruce - Age 97, passed away peacefully on Saturday, September 20, 2014 at the Scarborough General Hospital. He was born August 30, 1917 in Campbellton, NB, to the late Violet and Stanley Firlotte. He is survived by his wife of 70 years Doris Firlotte (Mooers), daughter Catherine Johnson, son-in-law John Johnson, granddaughter Jessica Johnson, grandson Christopher Firlotte and partner Stefanie Vernuccio and predeceased by his son Lome Firlotte and his sisters Vera Reith, IIa McRae and Joyce St. Jean.

Memorial service: McDougall & Brown Funeral Home, 2900 Kingston Rd., Scarborough, ON, on Saturday, October 4, 2014. (*Toronto Star* - Sep 27, 2014)

LIFELINES Genealogical Family History & Estate-Heir Research Don Dixon GRS(C) UEL 129 Burpee Street Fredericton, New Brunswick E3A 1M8, Canada 506 459 1512 An experienced genealogical researcher who knows the records at the Provincial Archives. Work done at a reasonable hourly rate. Copy work from microfilm as required.

Saint John Police - Remembrance Day 1945

contributed by Barbara Pearson

Members of Saint John Police Department paraded to the Cenotaph in King Square for Remembrance Day observances Nov 11,1945



From the left are: Sgt. William Blackwell, Cst. Dan Shreeves, Cst. Everett Morrow (a survivor of the Jervis Bay), John F. (Lofty) Mac-Millan (a new recruit), Cst. Don McEachern, Cst. Victor Pearson, Cst. Ralph Hatfield, Cst. Robert Wallis, Cst. Robert Pulsifer, and Sgt. Roy Devine (originally published in The New Freeman, Nov. 12, 1988)