

P21B

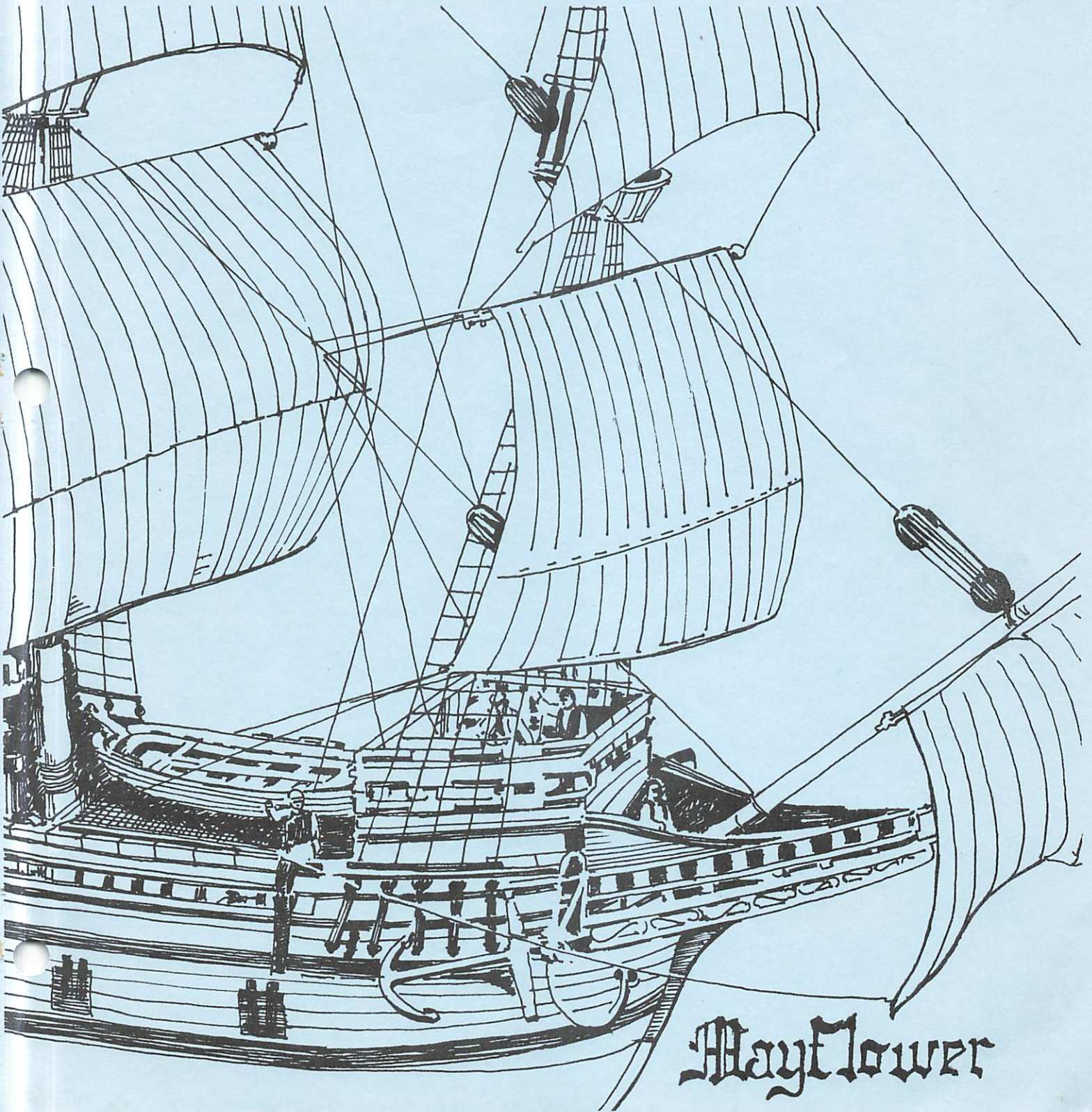
ISSN 0707 · 7130

CONNECTIONS

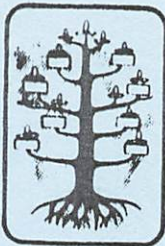
LA SOCIÉTÉ DE L'HISTOIRE DES FAMILLES DU QUÉBEC - QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY

VOL. 6 NO. 5

MARCH 1984



Mayflower



LA SOCIÉTÉ DE L'HISTOIRE
DES FAMILLES DU QUÉBEC
QUEBEC FAMILY
HISTORY SOCIETY

PO BOX 1026
POSTAL STATION POINTE CLAIRE
POINTE CLAIRE
QUÉBEC H9S 4H9

The Québec Family History Society is a non-profit organization concentrating on English genealogical research in Québec with an office/library at Glenaladale, 164 Lakeshore Road, Pointe Claire, Québec.

Mailing Address: Box 1026, Postal Stn. Pointe Claire, Pointe Claire, Qué. H9S 4H9

Telephone: (514) 697-5939 Hours: 10.00 to 15.00 Mondays & Thursdays

Membership Fees: Regular \$15.00 * Family \$20.00 * Institutional \$15.00

Past President
President

1st Vice-President

2nd Vice-President

Treasurer

Recording Secretary

Corresponding Secretary

Asst. Corr. Secretary
Councillor (1st year)
Councillor (2nd year)
Councillor (3rd year)

Connections

Excursions
Library

Membership
Asst. Membership
Programme
Asst. Programme
Public Relations
Publications
Refreshments
Telephone
Welcoming

Editor of Connections
Member's Interest
Coord. Inter-Library Loan

OFFICERS

Mrs. Margaret Stead
Mr. R.C.B. Garrity, 186 Westcliffe,
Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 1M6 697-1238
Mr. Wm. Overy, 131 Dieppe Ave., Pointe
Claire, Qué. H9R 1X5 695-7494
Mr. David McDougall
Mrs. Dorothy Weller
Mrs. Dagmar McDougall
Mrs. Joan Benoit, 58 Belmont Ave.
Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 694-2377
Mrs. Marion Hykle
Mrs. Estelle Oakes
Mr. Raye Fraser
Mr. Gerald Rogers

COMMITTEE CHAIRPERSONS

Mrs. Margaret Oke, 840-45th Ave.
Lachine, Qué. H8T 2M5 637-7373
Mrs. Margaret Turner
Mr. Donald Martin, 116 Spartan Ave.
Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 3R5 697-3416
Mrs. Margaret Mulkins
Mrs. Lucy Pigeon
Dr. David McDougall
Mr. William Overy
Mrs. Elizabeth O'Neill
Mr. Raye Fraser
Mrs. Heather Rulless
Mrs. Alison Yeats
Mrs. Fran Lowery

SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Mrs. Margaret Oke
Mrs. Estelle Oakes
Mr. Jim Hay 695-9815

Regular meetings are held on the second Tuesday of each month from September to May at 19.30 hours at the Lachine Municipal Library, 3100 St. Antoine Street, Lachine, corner of 32nd Avenue.

CONTENTS

Editorial	page	2
Trip to England	page	3
The Mayflower	page	4
Railway Archives	page	11
Sources Public Library	page	12
Meetings	page	14
Sharing your knowledge	page	16
Former members - R.A.F., R.C.A.F.	page	17
Records for St. Patrick's Church	page	18
Access of information - National		
Personnel Records Centre	page	19
Books and Pamphlets	page	20
QFHS - New members	page	22
Library Accession List	page	23
Queries	page	24
Microfilm - Inter Library Loans	page	25
I.G.I.	page	26

EDITORIAL

The sailing ship, Marylower, a sketch of which appears on the cover (drawn by Mr. Leon Goldick) introduces an article about the people who came to America in that vessel. A second installment will follow in the June issue. Those who attended our March 1983 meeting will recall that Mrs. Margaret Stead, a founding member and now Past President of our society, delivered an interesting talk on this subject. Our thanks to her for the use of her manuscript.

Visits to our library and meetings show a growing interest in genealogy and what we have to offer. The generous contributions of the executive and volunteers in time and work play a large part in this growth.

Please note the change of location of the May 15th meeting. The speaker is a member of the Scottish Genealogical Society and his specialty is the Outer Hebrides. This is a larger room with parking beside the building.

Our excursions convener has prepared some interesting trips for us and you will find more details about the trip to England in this issue.

THE TRIP TO ENGLAND

Departure date - October 6, 1984

Return date - October 21, 1984

(It will be possible to stay longer than the 2 weeks if you so desire)

Workshop - Saturday, March 24th, from 10.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. at Glenaladale. Cost - \$15.00. This workshop will help prepare those who are going on the trip to London. Bill Overy, our authority on English repositories, and Margaret Turner, your tour-leader will give a day-long workshop to help you do your homework before you leave Canada. Travel information will also be available. Call Margaret at 697-5654 or Bill at 695-7494.

For further information re tour, cost etc., please contact Mrs. Margaret Turner by writing to: 454 Lakeshore Road, Beaconsfield, Québec H9W 4J5, or call her at the above phone number. The Lakeshore Travel Service at 15 Cartier Ave, Pointe Claire, H9S 4R6 is assisting with the plans and will answer questions by writing to them or by collect calls to (514) 695-5150. Assistance can be given for accommodations and travel plans when you leave London for visits to the county of your choice.

Some highlights of the week in London: a reception and speaker - The Federation of Family History Societies, the Director, Mr. Anthony Camp, Society of Genealogists has arranged a guided tour of the library and will give an address on genealogy. A special visit to Lambeth Palace where the Archdiocese of Canterbury records are kept. A Gala dinner in London on October 20th.

Footnote - the Director of the Society of Genealogists wishes the members to know that on August 1st, 1984 they are moving to 14 Charterhouse Buildings, London, EC1.

EXCURSIONS

Last year we took the first Society excursion to Canadiana Village and had a pleasant and interesting day despite the unseasonably hot weather for June.

This year another outing is planned for June 9, 1984 to visit the Mississquoi Museum with lunch at L'Oeuf la Creperie at nearby Mystic. The museum, in the Cornell Mill, is owned and operated by the Mississquoi Historical Society at Stanbridge East. The mill was built in 1830. An attractive annex houses the archives and library. There are many books, maps, old newspapers and periodicals that will be of interest to our members. For sale at the reception desk are books of local history and maps of early township times.

Mrs. Margaret Turner
454 Lakeshore Road,
Beaconsfield, Québec
H9W 4J5
(514) 697-5654

The Mayflower

by Margaret Stead, Past-President of the Q.F.H.S.

The Mayflower was a small ship which brought a group of 102 people from England to settle in New England in 1620. In this paper it is proposed to explore some of the reasons why they came to the New World, to recount something of the trip and to record important events of the first year. Some detailed information will be given relative to a few of the "Pilgrims" and finally a description of the Society of Mayflower Descendants will be provided. (These settlers began to be called "Pilgrims" in the 18th century and this term can be applied to all who came to Plymouth up to about 1641).

It was their religious faith that was the motivating factor that drove them to embark on the great venture to begin a colony in the New World. Since the countries of Western Europe had been Christianized, they had been served by one church - the Roman Catholic Church. Through the years, the Church had become extremely powerful and wealthy. From within the church, some men began to think the Catholic Church had taken a wrong turn about the 5th century, by adding forms, ceremonies and dogmas unauthorized in the Bible. Only a few individuals outside the Church could read or write. Most of the people had to depend on others for an understanding of the Bible and its teachings.

One of the first and most important men to demand religious reform was an English scholar priest JOHN WYCLIF (1328-1384). He taught that all men had the right to read the Bible and to decide for themselves how to worship God. For this reason, he and two other scholars made the first translation into ENGLISH of the BIBLE.

In the next century MARTIN LUTHER (1483-1546) was causing ferment in Germany. He translated the BIBLE into GERMAN and urged men to follow his teachings. As a result he was excommunicated in 1521. By 1536, the reformation (as it was called) had made such strides that the only church in NORWAY, SWEDEN and DENMARK had become the Lutheran Church.

The reforms of the Frenchman JOHN CALVIN (1509-1564) were as important as Luther's. By 1536, he was in Protestant Geneva, Switzerland. Not only did he teach that it was important to obey the laws of the BIBLE, but also advocated that his followers be hard working, sober, and thrifty -- and that they name their children after the men and women in the OLD TESTAMENT.

The Scottish religious reformer, JOHN KNOX studied under Calvin in Geneva in 1554. Six years later, in 1559, after a year of civil disorder, Knox's Presbyterian Church had driven out the Catholic Church of Scotland.

In 1534, England's Henry VIIIth decided to break with the Catholic Church and to make himself supreme head of the Church of England. This decision was taken for political reasons, not religious ones. However, Bibles were placed in all the churches in the land and many people began to read. (Historian of the time - St. Paul's Cathedral).

King Henry VIII -- 1509-1547

Edward VI -- 1547-1553 - During which time some of Luther's and Calvin's teachings were beginning to take a stronger hold in England.

Mary I -- 1553-1558 - England was returned to the Roman Catholic Church. Over 300 Protestant martyrs burned at the stake. She was known as "Bloody Mary".

Queen Elizabeth -- 1558-1603 - England returned to the Church of England.

It was during Elizabeth's reign that many of the people, who later sailed on the Mayflower, were born.

WILLIAM BREWSTER was one of these people. He was born in 1566 or 1567. The Queen was then 33 years of age and William Shakespeare was only two years old. In 1575, William and Prudence Brewster took their nine year old son William to the "mean townlet of Scrooby, Nottinghamshire", about 150 miles north of LONDON on the GREAT NORTH ROAD. William Brewster senior worked for the Archbishop of York, collecting rents from the hundreds of farms and villages on the Scrooby Manor. In return he was paid a small amount and had the right to use the buildings and grounds of the Manor House itself.

The old Manor House of Scrooby with its forty rooms and a private chapel had seen many great occasions as a northern residence of successive Archbishops of York. King Henry VIII visited the place in 1541. Queen Elizabeth and her successor, King James, both knew the Manor and used it as a convenient hunting lodge for Sherwood Forest, a few miles to the south. As Master of the Queen's Post, William Brewster senior was also responsible for the safe and speedy passage of royal messages and official persons as far as Tuxford to the south and Doncaster to the North.

Young William learned to read and write. At age 14, in 1580, he set off for Cambridge. At that time, Oxford and Cambridge Universities functioned only as training schools for ministers of the Church of England. During the next three years William was attracted by the group of radical scholars and preachers in the University who, in defiance of authority, advocated further reform in the conduct of public worship and greater freedom for the individual in the interpretation of the Scriptures.

William did not complete his studies. Instead he worked for a diplomat in London until his father became ill, necessitating his return to Scrooby in 1589. When his father died, young William took over his father's former position at Scrooby Manor. By 1602, William Brewster was married to Mary and had two children, Jonathan and Patience. Each Sunday they walked six miles across the countryside to a Church of England at BABWORTH.

At the church in Babworth in the same year, 1602, William Brewster, now 36 years of age met a twelve year old boy named WILLIAM BRADFORD. He was the son of William and Alice Bradford and he was born in the nearby Yorkshire village of Austerfield. Bradford was later to become the most outstanding man in Plymouth Colony and would serve it as a governor for more than thirty years. He also wrote the history of the colony, "OF PLYMOUTH PLANTATION 1620-1647".

Bradford was an orphan. When Brewster met him, he was living in the home of his uncles, Robert and Thomas, both of whom were farmers. Bradford's uncles strongly objected to the radical ideas their nephew was listening to and to the radical friends he made at Babworth. They were afraid the boy might lose the lands he had inherited and find himself in serious difficulty with the authorities. However, Bradford was now (as he later wrote) "one of the Puritans" and neither the wrath of his uncles, nor the scoff of his neighbors could change him. William Brewster was soon as fond of this boy as if he were his own son. By the age of 17, William Bradford was living with the Brewster family.

As her father did before her, Queen Elizabeth forced all her subjects to attend church. Those who refused were sent to jail, without bail, until they promised to mend their ways. Her bishops had the power to question, imprison, hang, or burn at the stake anyone holding dangerous religious views. Even the mildest critics thought the Church of England did not practice the Christian faith as simply as it should. In reading the Bible, they discovered no mention of many rituals they saw performed in church each Sunday.

In 1603, James VI of Scotland became James I of England. Some of the critics of the church within and without had some reason to hope the new King would support their desire to reform the Church of England. For James had been brought up in Protestant Presbyterian Scotland. Any hopes for change were short-lived.

The Puritans, as those advocating reform within were called, petitioned the King to grant them something called 'liberty of conscience'. By this they meant they wanted to worship God as they pleased. But the King knew the reformers also wanted the right to elect their ministers from among their own congregation, similar to the Scottish Presbyterian Church. "I will none of that. A Scottish Presbytery.... as well agreeth with a Monarchy as God and the Devill. Then Jack & Tom & Will and Dick shall meete and

at their pleasure censure me, and my Councill, and all our proceedings." James put it very simply. He said : "No Bishop, no King!" James believed in the Divine Right of Kings - the teaching that claimed that kings had been set up to rule over men by the will of God.

In 1604 the rector of Babworth, Richard Clyfton, was relieved of his post, probably because of his Puritan leanings. William Brewster invited him to Scrooby Manor.

By 1606, forty or fifty persons were meeting at Scrooby. They were called Separatists because they had separated themselves from the Church of England. They began to call themselves "Saints". Local informers and government spies travelling the North Road soon brought the Scrooby Manor meetings to the notice of authorities. In 1607, William Brewster was relieved of his post. He and several others of the congregation were fined for worshipping outside the Church of England.

One of Brewster's Cambridge classmates and some other contemporaries were sent to the gallows in London on similar charges. It was becoming increasingly risky to continue their separatist's ways. As some groups in other parts of England had already done, the Scrooby Separatists began quietly selling their property and belongings and making plans to move to Holland. There they would be able to practice their own type of reformed religion unmolested by the authorities. However it was against the law to leave England without permission from the crown and the Separatists knew they would not be given the King's permission. They had to find a way to leave illegally.

William Bradford tells in his diary of their first abortive attempt at flight. The Pilgrims were to be taken off from Boston at night by the master of a small vessel. They walked there, a distance of about 60 miles. But, says Bradford:

"When he had them and their goods aboard, he betrayed them, having beforehand plotted with ye searchers and other officers so to do; who took them, and put them into open boats, and then rifled and ransecked them, searching them to their shirts for money, yea even ye women funder than became modestie; and then carried them back into ye towne, and then made them a spectackle and wonder to ye multitude, wich came flocking on all sides to behold them....."

Some were kept in prison for a month in Boston and then sent home, but several of the leaders were detained to be brought to trial. Fortunately, this never happened and they were later released.

Undaunted by this failure, they were ready by the spring of 1608 for another bid for freedom, but this time at a point nearer home. Most of the local Separatists had gathered round William Brewster again at Scrooby. The escape plan, which was to be effected with the utmost secrecy and silence, required that the women and children should make their way down Ryton Water, into the Idle and onto the Trent to a certain deserted point on the Lincolnshire side of the Humber - near Grimsby. In the meantime, the men would walk overland.

What terrors must have haunted the minds of the women as they assembled at dead of night to make their silent passage of the waterways, accompanied by whimpering, frightened children. The slightest noise from any one might attract the attention of an informer and bring a howling mob upon them.

This time it was with a Dutch captain that arrangements were made to take them off in his ship. The small boats bringing the women and children arrived first and sought protection from the biting wind in the entrance of a creek. Early the next morning the ship arrived and began to embark the men who had arrived on foot and who were at the appointed place. Those in charge of the small boats found they were stuck fast in the mud. As the next tide released them and the first boat was drawing along side the Dutch ship,

"the master spied a great company (crowd) both horse and foot with bills (staves) and guns, and other weapons; for the country was raised to take them. The Dutchman seeing that, swore his country's oath, 'Sacrement!' weighed his anchor, hoisted sails and away."

"But the poor men which were got aboard were in great distress for their wives and children, which they saw taken. It drew tears to their eyes and anything they had they would have given to have been ashore again; but all in vain, there was no remedy, they must sadly part."

As for the rest of the Scrooby folk on shore, "the men that were in greatest danger, made shift to escape away before the troop could surprise them; those only staying that best might, to be of assistant unto women. But pitiful it was to see the hard lot of these poor women in this distress; what weeping and crying on every side, some for their husbands, that were carried away in the ship; others not knowing what should come of them, and their little ones; others again melted in tears, seeing their poor little ones hanging about them, crying for fear, and quaking with cold."

"Being thus arrested by the crowd, they were hurried from one place to another, and from one justice to another, till in the end they knew not what to do with them; for to imprison so many women and innocent children for no other cause but that they must go with their husbands, seemed to be unreasonable.... and to send them home again was as difficult, forthey had no home to go to, for they had either sold, or otherwise disposed of their houses and livings. (property)"

"To be short, the officials were glad to be rid of them in the end upon any terms."

Meanwhile the men who had sailed away endured a fearful storm that blew them all the way up the coast of Norway and it was fourteen or more days before they arrived in Holland. Bradford doesn't give details, but by August 1608, all the 'Scrooby Separatists had arrived in Holland.

HOLLAND

In Holland they found they were free to worship as they pleased, the thing they had striven to obtain for years. Nothing in their Sunday meetings suggested the Church of England. The Sabbath was strictly kept. In time, however, the Separatists began to grow restless. Poverty and the fear of corruption of their youth were their chief worries. They yearned for a place where they could live in peace, free from outside influences.

LEAVING HOLLAND

By the year 1617, the decision was made to leave Holland. Representatives of the congregation began negotiations in England to find sponsors for their removal to the New World. A commitment was made with a London Joint stock company, the Merchant Adventurers. The company would pay for the voyage and advances of supplies until the colony became self supporting. The pilgrims would have seven years in which to repay the debt at a high rate of interest.

It was July 22, 1620, when the travellers set sail from Holland. There is no explanation as to why less than half of the congregation went to Southampton, (England) and the rest remained in Holland. There were 16 men, 11 women and 19 children. It may be that some were not strong enough to make the trip.

Some left wives and children; others left children, and some left their wives while whole families remained. For example: William Brewster and his wife and their two youngest children, Love and Westling, made the trip. The oldest son, Johathan and two girls Patience and Fear came to Plymouth on later vessels. William Bradford and his wife Dorothy left their only son John in Holland. He joined the colony seven years later.

LEAVING ENGLAND

When the Merchant Adventurers learned of the dwindling of the Separatists' forces, and realizing that they could never make a successful settlement alone, they recruited others - "Strangers" the Saints called them, to join the party. Like the Saints, they were not people from the manors and castles of England but rather poor people. They were mostly Church of England adherents. They came, like millions after them, in the hope that they could build a decent life for themselves in the New World.

Two vessels, the MAYFLOWER and the smaller ship acquired in Holland called the SPEEDWELL, sailed from SOUTHAMPTON on August 5, 1620. There were 120 passengers in all and about ninety of them were on the MAYFLOWER. The SPEEDWELL proved to be unseaworthy and both vessels returned to port. After the second attempt and return to port, the SPEEDWELL was abandoned. Twenty (20) people stayed behind, either because they had become discouraged about continuing or because there simply was not enough room.

In the end there were one hundred and two (102) passengers on the MAYFLOWER. Forty (40) were Saints and thirty-nine (39) were Strangers. But there was a third group - five (5) men hired to stay for one year and eighteen (18) indentured servants.

The MAYFLOWER sailed from PLYMOUTH, England on September 6, 1620.

(To be continued in June issue)

FOR SALE

History book: "Prairie Rose Country".

East-central Alberta Hamlets of Richdale, Stanmore, Scotfield and Spondin. 864 pages. 500 family stories. McCullough, O'Malley, Powell, Le Claire and McKeage from Québec. Makes a lasting gift. Price \$45.00. Postage \$4.00. Make cheque payable to: Spondin History Book Society, Box 958, Hanna, Alberta T0J 1P0

Canadian Pacific Railway Archives

Submitted by R.C.B. Garrity, President.

Canadian Pacific's corporate archives are located in Room 506 in Windsor Station and are open to the public by appointment.

Personnel records are not comprehensive prior to 1912, and information from such files is available only to members of the immediate family.

The archives will endeavour to accommodate written requests for genealogical information, but because of the active nature of these files, replies may be delayed several weeks.

You can write to: Public Relations and Advertising
P.O. Box 6042, Station A.
Montreal, Québec, H3C 3E4
Attention Mr. Dave Jones
Corporate Archives

Canadian National Railway Archives

Submitted by R.C.B. Garrity, President.

The Canadian National archives are mainly deposited at the Public Archives in Ottawa, as Record Group 30, and are subject to a 30 year access restriction.

Individual personnel records have not, as a rule, been kept. However, at the Canadian National archives in Montreal there are Payroll ledgers of the Grand Trunk Railway Car Shops at Pointe St. Charles from about 1880 to 1919. While these records are not complete, they complement records in the Public Archives in Ottawa.

Payroll records usually give the name, trade and rate of pay.

In addition there is a very good Staff Record of employees of the International Railway. Virtually all employees were Maritimers. No personnel records have survived.

Access to the archival material in Montreal is by appointment only.

You can write to: Kenneth S. Mackenzie, Archivist
Canadian National
Administrative Systems Development
935 de la Gauchetiere Street W.
P.O. Box 8100
Montreal, Québec, H3C 3N4

AT THE SOURCES PUBLIC LIBRARY

The editor is grateful to Mrs. Margaret Heclan, a Society member and librarian at La Bibliothèque des Sources / Sources Public Library, 110 Cartier Street, Roxboro, H8Y 1G8, Québec, for this list of sources of genealogical reference at the above address.

REFERENCE

Gale Genealogy & local History. Library service for genealogists.

Recueil de généalogies des comtés de Charlevoix et Saguenay depuis l'origine jusqu'à 1939.

Checklist of Parish registers: 1981

Census Returns/Recensements 1666-1881

Catalogue of census returns on microfilm / Catalogue de recensement sur microfilm.

Le grand arrangements des Acadiens au Québec: Notes de petite histoire, généalogies France-Acadie-Québec de 1623 à 1925. 8 vols.

Catalogue des immigrants 1632-1662

Passenger and Immigration lists index edited by P. William Filby. 3 vols. (This is a guide to published arrival records of about 500,000 passengers who came to the United States and Canada in the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries.)

Tanguay. -- Dictionnaire généalogique des familles Canadiennes. 7 vols. (Covers Québec records from the 1600's to the early 1800's)

Institut Drouin. -- Dictionnaire national des Canadiens français, 1806-1760. 3 vols. (2 vols. are genealogical lines, 3rd vol. historical information on some family names).

Répertoire des actes de baptême, mariage, sépulture et des recensements du Québec ancien. Published by the University of Montreal. 22 vols. (Covers from 1600's to 1749, at the moment. It will eventually cover to the end of the French régime.)

Dictionnaire généalogique des familles du Québec, by René Jetté, avec la collaboration du Programme de recherche en démographie historique de l'Université de Montreal. (Gives additional information on some family names, taken from records available to, but not used by Cyprien Tanguay.

This is a partial list. We also have some local histories - St. Laurent, Ile Jésus (Laval), Verdun, Ile Bizard, etc. (Some in English but more in French.)

(cont'd)

Dictionary of Canadian Biography (English & French)

Dictionary of National Biography (British)

Biographies, Encyclopedias, History.

CIRCULATION

Baxter, Angus	In search of your British & Irish roots.
Currer-Briggs, Noel	The Debrett's family historian: a guide to tracing your ancestry.
Currer-Briggs, Noel	Worldwide family history.
Hembold, F. Wilbur	Tracing your ancestry: a step-by-step guide to researching your family history.
James, Alwyn	Discovering your Scottish roots: a step-by-step guide for family researchers.
Langlois, Michel	Cherchons nos ancêtres.
Pouyé, Bernard	La généalogie, comment, pourquoi?
Williams, Ethel W.	Know your ancestors: a guide to genealogical research.
Hone, François	Un siècle et demi de documents historiques: la fascinante petite histoire de nos familles.
Baxter, Angus	In search of your roots: a guide for Canadians seeking their ancestors.
Doane, Gilbert H.	Searching for your ancestors, the how and why of genealogy.
Jonasson, Eric	The Canadian genealogical handbook; a comprehensive guide to finding your ancestors in Canada.
Baker, Eunice Ruiter	Searching for your ancestors in Canada.
Deziel, Julien	Médailles d'ancêtres.
Grégoire, Jeanne	Guide du généalogiste: à la recherche de nos ancêtres.
Trudel, Marcel	La population du Canada en 1663.
Sulte, Benjamin	Histoire des Canadiens français, 1608-1880.
McGivern, James S.	Your name and coat-of-arms.
Baty, Thomas	Vital heraldry.
Franklyn, Julian	Heraldry with drawings.
Franklyn, Julian	Shield and crest; an account of the art & science of heraldry.
Neubecker, Ottfried	A guide to Heraldry.
von Volborth, C. A.	Heraldry of the world.
Grimble, Ian	Scottish clans & tartans.
Moncreiffe, Lain	The Highland clans.
Munro, R.W.	Kinsmen and clansmen.
Grosswirth, Marvin	The heraldry book: a guide to designing your own coat of arms.

Meetings of the Québec Family History Society.

Date - The second Tuesday of the month.
Time - 7.30 p.m.
Place - Lachine Municipal Library
3100 St. Antoine, corner 32nd Avenue
Lachine, Québec

March 13 - Speaker - Mr. Robert (Bud) Jones, C.D.

Topic - The Research of Black Families in Québec.

Mr. Jones was born in Montreal and is a seventh generation Canadian whose ancestors came from Maryland after the passage of the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850. He served in the Second World War with the Royal Regiment of Canada and in Korea with the Royal Canadian Regiment, retiring in 1975 with the Canadian Forces Decoration. To his study of genealogy he has added photography, and is anxious to share his material with others. Mr. Jones is a longtime member of the Society.

April 10 - Speaker - Mr. Donald Lewis

Topic - Canada's Provincial Marine in the American Revolutionary War. (To be illustrated with slides)

Mr. Lewis was born and lives in Plattsburg. He has become an authority on Naval and Military History of the Northern Theater (Lake Champlain), Richelieu River, Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River, as well as the Seven Years War, the American Revolutionary War and the War of 1812. He holds a B. Sc. from the University of New York and is a part-time faculty member at Clinton Community College, Plattsburg. From those who have heard him - "a fascinating and informative speaker."

* * * * *

TUTTLE'S CATALOG NO. 4

GENEALOGY, LOCAL HISTORY AND HERALDRY

Describes over 6,800 items including genealogies, town and county histories, atlases, church histories and related material on families, cities and towns throughout the U.S. and Canada. Special sections are devoted to Heraldic Bookplates, English & Irish local history, genealogical reference works, surnames, peerage. Newly expanded listings of Periodicals & Maps.

Catalog No. 4 - 224 pages - \$5.00

TUTTLE ANTIQUARIAN BOOKS, INC.

P.O. Box 541

Rutland, Vermont 05701-0541

Meeting of the Québec Family History Society.

May 15th - Speaker - Mr. William Lawson, Stornaway,
Isle of Lewis.

Topic - "Emigrants from Lewis to the Eastern Townships
of Québec" - Illustrated from his extensive
collection of beautiful colour slides of the
island countryside.

Place - Maison du Brasseur
2901 St. Joseph Blvd.
Lachine, Québec.

St. Joseph Blvd. follows the lakeshore and the Maison du
Brasseur is located just east of 32nd Avenue.

Mr. Lawson has done extensive research on the families in
the Outer Hebrides (the Isles of Lewis, Harris, North and South
Uist and Barra). He is a member of the Scottish Genealogical
Society and of our Society. He has a great deal of knowledge
about the emigrants from the isles and is anxious to know more
about them here. He is also bringing his microfiche records
about those who came here and can provide some information about
relatives still in the Islands.

Mr. Lawson will be speaking at the Ontario Genealogical
Society's Seminar '84 in Toronto, Ontario, on May 18-19-20.
The theme of the seminar is "The Yankees are Coming". For details
write to: Ontario Genealogical Society,
P.O. Box 66, Station "Q"
Toronto, Ontario, M4T 2L7

* * * * *

RESEARCHERS

The Québec Family History Society does not conduct genea-
logical research for members or other interested persons. We
do offer, on request, the name of a researcher or a list of
researchers who are willing to conduct research for others for
a "Fee". From lists published previously, please note;

1. We have learned of the death last December of
Mr. W. S. Laberee, R.R. #1, Martinville, Québec, JOH 2A0, who
did research in Compton County. Is there anyone in that area
who could do this now?

2. Avis M. Watkins, 8 Gardner Street, Apt. 1,
Exeter, New Hampshire, 03833, U.S.A., writes that her main source
of Vital Statistics has been closed and so cannot continue to
offer her services. The main source has been closed due to lack
of funds and is a loss to persons doing genealogical research.

* * * * *

SHARING YOUR KNOWLEDGE

From time to time, we will publish in CONNECTIONS, information related to genealogical sources in Québec and elsewhere. In this spirit of sharing this knowledge, anyone with information about genealogical sources which would be of interest to our members is invited to write to me -

Mr. R.C.B. Garrity, President
c/o Québec Family History Society
Box 1026, Postal Stn. Pointe Claire
Pointe Claire, Québec H9S 4H9

FREE HELP FOR GENEALOGISTS WITH MAINE ROOTS AND LINKS

"Your Side of the Family", a genealogical column appearing in the coastal newspaper, "The Courier-Gazette", offers queries which are free of charge for those with Maine roots and links. This feature appears weekly in the Tuesday issue. Queries should be submitted on file cards, one to a card. Capitalize all names in the query and be sure to include your own name and address. (Anyone responding will write the querist directly.) Submit queries with a stamped, self-addressed envelope if you wish to know the approximate date of publication of your query. Mail to: Genealogy Editor Lauralee Clayton, The Courier-Gazette Camden Office, 12 Main Street, Camden, Maine 04843. Queries may be resubmitted after a month has elapsed, Mark "Resubmitted" on the corner.

WILLIAM P. WOLFE INC.

Antiquarian Booksellers

P.O. Box 1190
Pointe Claire, Quebec
Canada, H9S 5K7

Michael & Patricia Brown

Telephone: (514) 697-1630

FORMER MEMBERS - R.A.F., R.C.A.F.

Bill Overy recently drew to my attention an article in "The Marker" telling that it was possible to obtain copies of the debriefing reports of Bomber crews. Since these reports are not available from Public Archives Canada, I wrote to Ken Grantham the author of the article in the "The Marker" and he obtained the debriefing reports of all of my Ops.

Ken Grantham has offered to do research on behalf of members of Q.F.H.S., but has asked that all correspondence be directed through me. His article is reproduced, in part, below.

Richard Garrity, President

Do you remember when you came back from those long night trips, how you slurped your coffee and rum, and dragged hard on your Woodbine or Weights, and then sat down to tell the debriefing officer all about it? Remember that he scribbled it all down and then you went to bed and forgot all about it? If you think that those words you uttered all of 40 years ago were promptly consigned to the squadron dustbin I can assure you that they were not. They live on. Every dot and comma, all neatly typed out by some long gone orderly room clerk, neatly bound into books and now carefully reposing in the archives of the Public Records Office.

In the intervening years you may have looked at the scanty entries in your old log book - "Ops to Stuttgart, D.C.O." and tried to remember what it was really like that night, tried to fill in the gaps that failing memory long ago let go, or questioned by a son or grandson tried to recount it truthfully and regretting that you didn't write it all down at the time. or you may, like me, have kept a diary only to realise today that an 18 year old knows nothing of the art. All through my service career I kept a diary and all too often the only thing I could record was, "Nothing much doing today, flew a bit in the morning, in the evening went to the pictures, came out and was briefed for ops."

So it was that finding myself at the P.R.O. in Kew one day engaged on a different line of research altogether, I came across the fact that the Squadron records are all to be found there. I decided not to entirely waste the effort I had made 40 years before in keeping my diaries, but to use the squadron records to build a story around them; filling in the gaps so to speak.

When I got the records I was pleasantly surprised to find that I had not only the complete debriefing records, verbatim, but also the squadron "Order of Battle" and I spent several hours going over them.

What an extravaganza of long forgotten material. I have now completed details of the serial numbers of the Aircraft we flew (of great interest to WWII buffs) times of take off and return, bomb loads, weather conditions at base and en route and a target, fighters, flak conditions, TI sightings etc. etc.....

Church Records for ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH in Montreal

Early days up to and including 1858: Notre Dame Church
1867 to 1872 : 116 Notre Dame St. W.
Montreal, Québec
H2Y 1T1

1859 to 1866 inclusive: St. Patrick's Church
1873 to the present : 460 Dorchester St. W.
Montreal, Québec
H2Z 1A7

Early days up to and including 1882:
Les Archives nationales du Québec
Centre régional de Montréal
100 Notre Dame Street E.
Montreal, H2Y 1C1

1882 to 1983: Palais de Justice, Archives de l'Etat Civil,
10 St-Antoine St. E.
Montreal, Québec
H2Y 1A2

For those of you who wish to research at this Palais
de Justice, the only prerequisite is that you be a
member of a genealogical society. So bring along
your Q.F.H.S. membership card for the current year.

Whereabouts of Charles Falconer Ward

His sister, Mrs. Kathleen Beizell of 6 Martland Ave., Aintree,
Liverpool, England L106LJ is seeking information about her brother
as above, now about 75 years of age, whose wife's first name was
Eve. They had a daughter Kathleen, who would now be about 48 years
of age. He served in the Canadian Navy during World War II. Last
known addresses: Wellington Street in Pointe St. Charles and
St. Patrick Street, Montreal.

* * * * *

A MEMBERS INTEREST

GORMAN, 1800-1900, Ireland, Chateauguay Valley -- LEAVEY, 1800-
1900, Ireland, Montreal, Chateauguay Valley -- LAREAU, PLANTE,
RENAUD, MAILLOT, 1800, Montreal, Québec. Any information on these
families would be appreciated. Mr. Lester J. Mangum, 9328 Twin
Lakes Avenue, Orangevale, California 95662, U.S.A.

Access of information from the
National Personnel Records Centre,
re: "former federal civilian employees"
and "former military personnel".

PRIVACY ACT

Under the new act, individuals may request information about themselves. - No right of access exists for personal information that applies to another individual.

An index listing the types of information that may be obtained in this manner is to be found in the Q.F.H.S. library. It includes Military Records - Medical & Dental Records etc.

Application must be made on the "Personal Information Request Form" available at our library.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT

Information held by a federal institution about a person who has been dead for more than twenty years is not considered personal, and may be obtained under the Information Act.

If the information is requested about an individual who has been dead for less than twenty years, it is necessary to submit proof of death and proof of relationship (obituary & birth certificate).

Application must be made on the "Access to Information Request Form", available at the Q.F.H.S. library, and accompanied by a \$5.00 application fee, made payable to the Receiver General of Canada.

ADDRESS

War Service Records

Director,
National Personnel Records Centre,
Public Archives Canada
Tunney's Pasture, Ottawa,
Ontario, K1A 0N3

OTHER RECORDS

R.C.M.P. - Former Civilian Employees - Auxillary Services
WWII - Fire Fighters - Red Cross Workers - War Correspondents
etc.

The Q.F.H.S. welcomes the following new members:

584 BARIL, Mr. Robert H.
728 Tuxedo Drive
Ft. Walton Beach, FL 32548, USA

585 BRANON, Mary Mulcahy
54 Cogan Avenue
Plattsburgh, N.Y. 12901, USA

586 BURT, Mrs. Mary
79 Queen's Road
Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 4G3

587 ROLLINS, Mrs. Catherine S.
P.O. Box 780
31 Ashburton Crescent
Angus, Ont., L0M 1B0

588 ALDERSON, Mr. Robert
359 - 8th Avenue
Deux-Montagnes, Qué. J7R 3K6

589 ISAACSON, Miss Edith
681 Riverview
Verdun, Qué., H4H 2B9

590 BOWES-LYON, Mrs. C.
1245 Clemenceau Ave.
Verdun, Qué., H4H 2P9

591 MOORHOUSE, Karin
23 Lakeshore Road, #506
Pointe Claire, Qué., H9S 4H1

592 COUILLARD-BALDWIN, Gabrielle
84 de Breslay
Pointe Claire, Qué., H9S 4N2

593 FOWLER, Mrs. E. & Miss Barbara
6 Queen's Road
Pointe Claire, Qué., H9R 4E9

594 BYMOEN, Mrs. Margaret
320 - 13th Ave., N.E., #5
Swift Current, Sask., S9H 2W1

595 TRAVERS, Mr. H.W.
5377 Terrasse Beaudry
St. Eubert, Qué. J3Y 7G8

596 LEGEZA, Louise P.
1448 Lake Road
Conneaut, Ohio, 44030, USA

597 CUNNINGHAM, Grace
115 Belmont
Pointe Claire, Qué., H9R 2P4

598 CHAPUT, Mr. Robert
30 Lakeshore, #206
Pointe Claire, Qué., H9S 4H2

599 GLADSTONE, Mr. David H.
75 Aberdeen
Québec, Qué., G1R 206

600 GOULD, Miss H.F.
317 Roslyn Ave.,
Westmount, Qué., H3Z 2L7

601 MILLEN, Mrs. Diane E.
236 Place des Pins
Dollard des Ormeaux Qué H9G 1S3

602 PATTERSON, Dr. L.P.
6550 Sherbrooke St. W., #1605
Montreal, Qué., H4B 1N6

603 WOOD, Mr. Arthur
7 Mansfield Place
Dollard des Ormeaux Qué H9G 2B3

604 WREN, Mrs. Sheila
2131 Boisjoli Sillery
Québec, Qué. G1T 1E6

605 BACON, Mrs. A.F.
237 Lakeshore Road, #3
Pointe Claire, Qué., H9S 4K6

606 BOUCHARD, Mrs. G.C.
2829 Timmons Drive
Houston, Texas, 77027, USA

507 DILLON, Mr. Kevin
78 Sunshine Drive
Dollard des Ormeaux Qué H9B 1H1

508 LAMBERT, Mr. Raoul
2036 - 4th Ave.
Limouilou, Qué., G1J 3E2

609 LOCK, Mrs. Margaret F.
6615-14th Avenue
Montreal, Qué., H1X 2W5

610 MANGUM, Mr. Lester J.
9328 Twin Lakes Avenue
Orangevale, CA 95662, USA

611 NEWELL, Mrs. Marie
213 Patricia Avenue
Willowdale, Ontario, M2M 1J7

612 NISH, Mr. K. L.
P.O. Box 65
Howick, Qué., JOS 1G0

613 SMITH, Mrs. Margaret R.
20 Millers Road
Sherwood Park, Alberta T8A 0T1

614 STEVENS, Mrs. F. & Miss Kirk
4949 de Maisonneuve West
Westmount, Qué., H3Z 1M9

615 COURTENAY, Daren R.
67 Bartlet Street
Andover, Mass. 01810, USA

CHANGE OF ADDRESS:

19 BOWLES, Mrs. Barbara
R.R. #7, Jarvis River
Thunder Bay, Ontario, P7C 5V5

201 CHINN, Mr. Brian B.
271-A Glenforest Road
Toronto, Ontario, M4N 2A5

316H MACLENNAN, Mrs. Mina
1375 Prince of Wales Dr., #1417
Ottawa, Ont, K2C 3L5

616 PARENT, Mr. Herbert H.
1475 53rd Street
Walla Walla, Wash. 99362, USA

617 SANDAU, Mrs. Lorraine
P. O. Box 93
Black Diamond, Alberta T0L 0H0

618 STUART, Mr. Clare
844 Embassy Avenue
London, Ontario, N6H 2N5

619 HANDLY, Mr. Edward W.
P.O. Box 190
2424 S. Cottonwood Lane
Tucson, AZ 85713, USA

620 OLSON, Suzanna
P.O. Box 275
Black Diamond, Alberta T0L 0H0

621 TUOHY, Mrs. C.E.
1707 - 7th Street
Snohomish, WA 98290, USA

551 BROADHURST, Mr. R.N.
P.O. Box 116, Station G.
Calgary, Alberta, T3A 2G1

553 BIGNELL, Mr. Fred R.
9361 Francoeur #23
LaSalle, Qué., H8R 2G5

Library Accession List

- 751 Johnson, E. Tenor of his Time. Publ. by Clarke Irwin 1976
Don. by M. Heelan
- 752 Meyer, H.N. Col. of the Black Regiment. Publ. by Norton
1967. Don. by M. Heelan
- 753 Fitzgibbon, J. A Veteran of 1812. Publ. by Briggs 1894
Don. by M. Heelan
- 754 Chapman, J.K. Careers of Arthur Gordon. Publ. by Univ. of
Toronto 1964. Don. by M. Heelan
- 755 Constitutional History of Canada Vol. I. Publ. by Kings Printer
Ottawa 1918. Don. by M. Heelan
- 756 Constitutional History of Canada Vol. II. Publ. by Kings Printer
Ottawa 1918. Don. by M. Heelan
- 757 Biggar, H.P. Voyages of Jacques Cartier. Publ. by Kings Printer
Ottawa 1924. Don. by M. Heelan
- 758 Omitted
- 759 Omitted
- 760 Gordon. Union List of Manuscripts Vol. I. Publ. by Pub. Arch.
of Canada 1975. Don. by M. Turner
- 761 Gordon. Union List of Manuscripts Vol. II. Publ. by Pub. Arch.
of Canada 1975. Don. by M. Turner
- 762 Canadian Directory to Foundations and Granting Agencies. Publ.
by Assoc. of Universities and Colleges.
- 763 History of St. Stephen's Anglican Church - Chambly. Don. by
E. Oakes
- 764 Prowse, D.W. History of Newfoundland. Publ. by Mika 1972
- 765 Parkman, F. California and Oregon Trail. Publ. by Hurst Co.
Don. by Lou Brown
- 766 Walters, S. Canadian Alminac and Directory 1972. Publ. by
C. Clark 1972. Don. by Lou Brown
- 767 Genealogical Research in the National Archives in Washington.
Publ. by Nat. Arch. Washington, D.C. 1982
- 768 Collard, E.A. Montreal--Days That Are No More. Publ. by Dou-
bleday 1976. Don. by Barbara Douglas

Library Accession List (cont'd)

- 769 Deziel, J. History of Verdun 1876-1976. Publ. by Centennial
Commission. Don. by Barbara Douglas.
- 770 Mac Lysaght, E. Surnames of Ireland. Publ. by Irish Academic
Press 1980.
- 771 Schlegel, D.M. Passengers from Ireland. Publ. by Genealogical
Publications Co. 1980.
- 772 Census of Nova Scotia & District of Pictou. Publ. by P.A.N.S.
1979. Don. by Barbara Douglas.
- 773 The B.N.A. Acts - 1867-1975. Publ. by Dept. of Justice 1976.
- 774 Audio-Visual & Religious -- List of Items to be found in the
Montreal Regional Branch of the Québec Archives.
Publ. by les Archives Nationales du Québec 1981.
- 775 Jefferys, C.W. Discoverers and Explorers in Canada 1763-1911.
Publ. by Imperial Oil.
- 776 Morris, J. Tracing Your Ancestors in Nova Scotia. Publ. by
Pub. Arch. of Nova Scotia. Don. by B. Douglas.
- 777 Fowler, D.M. Fowlers of North America.

QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY LIBRARY

LIBRARY
LOCATION

Glenaladale, 164 Lakeshore Road in Pointe Claire
is located east of the intersection of Lakeshore
Road and St. John's (St-Jean) Blvd. It is two
driveways east of Stewart Hall. Tel: 514-697-5939

LIBRARY
HOURS

The Library is open on Mondays and Thursdays from
10.00 to 15.00 hours and on the first and third
Monday evenings of the month.

Members wishing to make arrangements to use the
Library at other times or during June, July and
August when we are normally closed, are asked to
contact the Chairman of the Library Committee,
Mr. Don Martin at 697-3416

To use the Library on a Sunday please call
Mrs. Margaret Heelan at 697-0449.

(cont'd)

BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS

The following is a list of printed matter mentioned in recent issues of THE BRITISH COLUMBIA GENEALOGIST, the quarterly publication of the B.C. Genealogical Society. Some of these are books, others simply pamphlets; some have been reviewed, some simply advertised, others merely mentioned. In any event they are noted here for interested members. P #7 refers to QFHS Binder # 7 at the Library which is 'The British Columbia Genealogist' collection.

North American Records in Italy: The Protestant Cemetery of Rome by Revalee and Robert Stevens, 1981, 110 pp., Vol 12, No. 3, page 85 -- P #7.

The Early History of Jakobstettel, (Ontario Mennonite Settlement) by Virgil E. Martin pub. 1979. 102 pp., illus., Vol. 12, No. 3, page 85 -- P #7

B.C. Genealogical Society Publications List & Prices -- Green insert - centerfold, Vol. 12, No. 2, June 1983, P #7.

R.C.A.F. Squadron Histories & Aircraft 1924-1968 by Samuel Kostenuk and John Griffin. Price \$29.95. 255 pp., Vol. 12, No. 2, June 1983, reviewed page 47 -- P #7.

(?) Family History, 1600-1980: Ancestors & Descendants of Siderick Read (1822-1877) by Donald E. Read. 1980. 444 pp., 109 photos, 80 illust, 4 maps & appendices. Vol. 12, No. 2, June 1983, page 49

The Wonder of Our Heritage by Mabel J. McRae. 1982, 214 pp., (Norwegian community of Fyresdale, Telemark) Vol. 12, No. 2, June 1983, page 49 -- P #7.

Quarter Sessions Records for Family Historians: A Select List compiled by J.S.W. Gibson, for researchers in England & Wales. Vol. 12, No. 2, June 1983, page 50 -- P #7.

The Nutt Family Through the Years (McNutt, MacNutt, McNaughton) 1635-1978 by Dr. Merle C. McNutt. Vol. 12, No. 3, Autumn 1982, page 70 -- P #7.

A Lemieux Index. The descendants of Pierre-Louis Lemieux of Québec & Rouen, Normandy, France, by Robert Dahling (1983) Vol. 11, No. 4, Dec. 1982, page 109 -- P #7.

The 1891-1892 Census of Icelanders in Canada by Baldwin L. Baldwin, Intro. and Index by Eric Johansson. Vol. 11, No. 2, Summer 1982, page 47 -- P #7.

Surname Index to the 1870 Census of Manitoba & Red River, compiled by Eric Jonasson (1981) Vol. 11, No. 2, Summer 1982, p. 47 -- P #7.

The Bute Inlet Route: Alfred Waddington's Wagon Road, 1862-1864 by Adrian Dershaw and John Spittle, 1978 Revised Ed. Vol. 11, No. 2, Summer 1982, page 48 -- P #7.

Census Returns 1841, 1851, 1861 1871 on microfilm. A Directory to Local Holdings, compiled by J.S.W. Gibson, Gulliver Publishing Co. & the Federation of Family Hist. Societies, 1981. Pamphlet - to location of British census copies held throughout Britain in Record Offices & Libraries. Vol. 11, No. 3, Autumn '82, page 69.

Record Offices: How to Find Them by Jeremy Gibson and Pam. Paskett, Fed. Fam. Hist. Soc. 1981, Vol. 11, No. 3, Autumn '82, page 7 -- P #7.

Census Indexes & Indexing, ed. by Jeremy Gibson & Colin Chapman, Fed. of Fam Hist. Soc. 1981. Vol. 11, No. 3, Autumn '82, page 70.

I Remember the One Room School by Myrtle Hair. Vol. 11, No. 3, Autumn 1982, page 70 -- P #7.

Parish Maps & Index: London County, 1903 compiled and drawn by Lorne W. Main. Maps of individual London, England, parishes outlining each Deanery. Indexed. Adv. Vol. 12, No. 2, June '83, P 51 -- P #7.

Pioneers, Ploughs & Prayers: The Jewish Farmer of Western Canada by Cyril Leonoff - The Jewish Hist. Soc. of B.C. and the Jewish Western Bulletin, Vancouver. 1982. 15 pp. illus. Vol. 12, No. 1, March 1983, page 20 -- P #7

Genealogy in Italy by Guelfo G. Camajani, Instituto Genealogico Italiano, Florence, Italy, 1979 30 pp., Vol. 12, No. 1, March 1983, page 20 -- P #7.

Videotaping Local History by Brad Jolly, American Ass. of State & Local History, 1982, 160 pp., illus. Vol. 12, No. 11, March 1983, page 21 -- P #7.

Bishops Transcripts & Marriage Licences, Bonds & Allegations - A Guide to Their Location and Indexes compiled by J.S.W. Gibson, Fed. of Fam. Hist. Soc. 1981, Vol. 12, No. 1, March 1983, page 21 -- P #7.

Descendants of Jasper Blake by Carlton Blake, 1980. Vol. 11, No. 4, Winter 1982, page 103 -- P #7.

Canadian Papers in Rural History, Vol. 11, ed. by Donald H. Akenson, 1980. 172 pp., Vol. 11, No. 4, Dec. 1982, page 104 -- P #7.

Reconstructing Historical Communities by Allan MacFarlane, 1977. 222 pp., Vol. 11, No. 4, Dec. 1982, page 104 -- P #7.

BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS

Our Society has an active library committee. A special section is reviewing periodicals and have forwarded these lists to appear in Connections.

On page 422, July '83, Vol. 5, No. 4, of THE MAINE SEINE from the Maine (USA) Historical Society there is a warning to their members regarding FRAUD and sending for expensive books by mail. The idea should be--ONLY USE WELL KNOWN PRINTERS OR SOCIETY SPONSORS.

The following is a listing of books, pamphlets, etc. recently mentioned in the periodical THE MAINE SEINE which is filed in the QFHS Library as P 24. This is not meant as a review or an endorsement, it is simply for interested members to investigate themselves.

A list of Emigrants from England to America 1718-1759 by Jack and Marion Kaminkow 292 pp. AND Original Lists of Emigrants in Bondage from London to the American Colonies 1719-1744 by same. Reviewed in Apr. 1983 Vol. 5, No. 2, page 376 -- P 24

Middleborough (Mass.) Congregational Church Records, 300 pp., 1749-1981. ADV. Apr. 1983 Vol. 5, No. 2, page 387 -- P 24.

A History & Genealogy of Captain Lock (1627-1696) rep. version. Jan. '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 355 -- P 24

The Loomis Family in America, Jan. '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 357 -- P 24.

Passenger & Immigration Lists Index, A guide to Published Arrival Records of 300,000 Passengers who came to the United States and Canada in the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries -- 3 vols. ALSO Index of Revolutionary War Pension Applications in the National Archives (USA)--80,000 persons. Jan. '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 358 -- P 24

Abstracts of the Probate Records of Strafford Co., N.H., (USA) 1771-1799, edited by Helen F. Evans, July '83, Vol. 5, No. 4, page 419 -- P 24

The Hornadays--Root & Branch, 1750-1975 by Quinn and Aline Hornaday of North Carolina. July '83, Vol. 5, No. 4, page 421--P 24.

New Hampshire 1732 Census by Jay Mack Holbrook, 75pp. (compiled), May '83, Vol. 5, No. 3, page 390 -- P.24.

Maine Bibliographies: A Bibliographical Guide ALSO Maine in the Civil War: A Bibliographical Guide, see Jan. '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 357 & May '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 396 -- P 24.

Soldiers, Sailors and Patriots of the Revolutionary War--Maine by Carleton E. and Sue G. Fisher, May '83, Vol. 5, No. 3, page 399--P 24 & Apr. '83, Vol. 5, No. 2, page 372 -- P 24.

Index to Passengers Arriving at Portland, Maine - Jan. 29, 1893 to Nov. 22, 1954 on microfilm ALSO a catalog to Publications Sales Branch--National Archives, Washington, D.C., May '83, Vol. 5, No. 3, page 399 -- P 24

A Directory of Special Subject Resources in Maine, compiled by Mrs. Louise Hazelton (1971), May '83, Vol 5, No. 3, page 410 -- P 24

The Maine Book by Henry E. Dunnack (Maine, USA) Jan '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 365 -- P 24.

George Cleeve Family Registry by Alice Mitchell Branson et al (1983 reprint), 82 pp. (re: Portland, Maine families & beginnings) Nov. '83, Vol. 5, No. 6, page 455 P 24

History of Farmington, Maine by Francis Gould Butler, reprint by New England History Press - original 1885 - 764 pp. Nov. '83, Vol. 5, No. 6, page 455 -- P 24.

Genealogical Research Directory: A key Work for Worldwide Family Research edited by Deith A. Johnson and Malcolm R Sainty, 243 pp. (Australian-English ancestry), Nov. '83, Vol. 5, No. 6, page 458--P 24

How You Can Trace your Family Roots by Ron Playle, 33pp. pamphlet, Nov. '83, Vol. 5, No. 6, page 458 -- P 24

Revolutionary War Soldiers Buried in Franklin Co., Vermont, compiled by W.R. Branthoover, 179pp. Nov. '83, Vol. 5, No. 6, page 458 -- P 24

A Genealogical Index of the Early Sawyer Families of New England, 1732-1900 by Fred Sawyer, (1983), July '83, Vol. 5, No. 4, page 414 -- P 24.

Manual for Irish Genealogy by Joseph Martin Glynn Jr. (2nd Ed.) 188 pp., July '83, Vol. 5, No. 4, page 417 -- P 24

Genealogies in the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C.: A Bibliography. ed. by Marion J. Kaminkow, July '83, Vol. 5, No. 4, page 418

A Complement to Genealogies in the Library of Congress, compiled and edited by Marlon J. Kaminkow, 118 pp. Ibid.

Genealogy of the Bliss Family in America in 3 vols., Apr. '83, Vol. 5, No. 2, page 374 -- P 24

Our Norwegian Families--Mythe and Finnerud compiled by Mrs. Lowell Amundson, Jan. '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 365 -- P 24

Twelve Families: An American Experience, a family history of Odel-Baer & related lines, by William F Odell, Jan '83, Vol. 5, No. 1, page 365 -- P 24

Old Kittery and Her Families - Stackpole's - reissued 850 pp. Indexed for early Maine (USA) families. May '83, Vol. 5, No. 3, page 389 cover, P--24.

BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS

The following is a list of books and pamphlets recently mentioned in the New Brunswick Genealogical Society's periodical "Newsletter", more recently entitled GENERATIONS. These are more fully described in QFHS Library as P 28.

Early Loyalist Saint John, The Origin of New Brunswick Politics 1783-1786 by D.G. Bell - New Ireland Press - Fredericton, N.B. 225 pp., P 28, Issue 17, Sept, 1983 page 1

Nova Scotian Loyalists and their Documents - Bibliographic Guide of Printed & Manuscript Loyalist Sources in the Public Archives of Nova Scotia. P 28, Issue 17, Sept. 1983, page 2.

Vital Records of the Township of Yarmouth (N.S.), 1762-1811. P 28, Issue 17, page 12.

New Brunswick Loyalists--A Bicentennial Tribute by Sharron Dubeau 284 pp. Generation Press, cross indexed. P 28, Issue 17, Sept 83, page 22.

New Brunswick Vital Statistics from Newspapers, Vol. 1, 1784-1815 (may be out of print), Vol. 2, 1816-1823 and Vol. 3, 1824-1828. (Indexed). P 28, Issue 17, page 38.

Loyalist Families, by Cleadie B. Barnett and Elizabeth S. Sewell, 70 pp., Index. P 28, Issue 17, Sept. 1983, page 51.

Atlas for Germanic Genealogy by Ernest Thode (1982). P 28, Issue 16, page 2.

A Preliminary Family History of the Descendants of John Hill by John Beyea, 240 pp., P 28, Issue 15, March 1983, page 4.

McIntosh/MacKintosh Families of Scotland and America Vols. 1, 2 & 3, by Walter H. McIntosh. P 28, Issue 14, Dec. 1982, page 2.

Guide to Genealogical Research in the National Archives (U.S.), 300 pp., 1982 update of 1964 printing. National Archives, Washington, D.C. P 28, Issue 14, Dec. 1982, page 5.

The Descendants of Bernard Gormley - The Immigrant to New Brunswick, Canada 1831-1982 by Verne Raymond Spear, 110 pp., (other names mentioned: Bradley, Briggs, Colton, Feeney, O'Leary, Thorn(e) etc.) P 28, Issue 14, Dec. 1982, page 11.

Introducing Scottish Genealogical Research (1982 - 4th edition) by Donald Whyte, P 28, Issue 15, March 1983, page 3.

QUERIES

Members may submit two queries per year free of charge with a \$2.00 charge for each additional query. Non-members send \$2.00 per query. Please be brief, print clearly and use your membership number. Send to Mrs. Ruth Anderson, 5175 Perlini Street, St. Hubert, Québec, J3Y 1T8.

289 ALEXANDER, Jane m. at Shipton, Qué. Moses FOLLANSBEE who was b. in Strafford, Vermont 1783. Lived Seigneurie of Nicolet 1833, Wickham 1854. Ch. Francis Alexander; Mary Eliza(beth) b. 1821 Melbourne, Qué. m. Horace Albert BRAINERD. Would appreciate any information about Jane or Moses' families. Karen Courtenay, 67 Bartlet St., Andover, MA 01810 U.S.A.

290 BERNARD, Samuel b. ca 1804, Canada French, possibly Shipton or Brompton in Richmond co.; m. 1828 Anna Babbitt TALLMAN of Oswegatchie, St. Lawrence co. N.Y., lived there till ca 1854 then moved family (12 children) to Calmut County, Wisc. Anne D. Tuohy, 1707 - 7th street, Snohomish, WA 98290 U.S.A.

291 GERVAIS, Samuel Anseline b. 1858 (63?) St. Narcissé, Champlain co., son of Joseph GERVAIS. Siblings - Celina, Telesphar, Dusty, Lilian, Jenny. Believe was raised by mother's brother Jacob. Left Canada at age 16. Lorraine Sandau, Box 93, Black Diamond, Alberta TOL OHO.

292 JOHNSTON, Adam, wife Jennet --? Left co. Dumfries, Scotland 1769 for U.S. (N.Y.?) then Cornwall, Ont. 1777. Was James his brother? Many Johnston/Johnson persons married into this family. Interested in all such persons in Cornwall area. Mrs. K. Ruth Anderson, 5175 Perlini St., St. Hubert, Qué. J3Y 1T8

293 KERFOOT, George and Caroline, arrived Montreal 1831-2 with son Thomas. Another son, Isaiah b. 1833 in prov. Qué. Worked as a printer? Any help appreciated. Mrs. Marie Newell, 213 Patricia Ave., Willowdale, Ontario. M2M 1J7

294 LANCASTER, Nancy b. Apr. 13, 1844 m. John DAVIDSON b. Mar. 1841. In 1881 were living North Ely, Shefford co. Barbara Douglas, 10 Terra Nova Dr., Kirkland, Qué. H9H 1M7

295 LIZOTTE/LISOTTE, Michel b. Sept. or Oct. 1819, Three Rivers, Qué.? s. of Pierre LISOTTE and Agathe TOURANGEAU; m. Sophie TOURANGEAU Oct. 16, 1848, Fort Chipewyan, Alberta. Would like to hear from descendants of Pierre LISOTTE family. Mrs. Maureen Clarke, Box 345, Fort Chipewyan, Alberta, TOP 1B0

296 MACDONALD, Donald, b. Scotland, private in 71st Regt. of Foot, m. Mary Shean (Montreal). Dau. Caroline b. St. Jean, Qué. June 2, 1841; s. Daniel 1844 at Chambly; Mary Ann 1851, St. Jean. Need date of marriage Donald and Mary (Shean) MacDonald, their parents, etc. Mrs. Marie Newell, 213 Patricia Ave., Willowdale, Ontario, M2M 1J7.

QUERIES

297 PETERKIN: James b. ca 1805 Scotland; Margaret (BLACK) b. ca 1815, England; James b. ca 1835, Qué.; John b. ca 1837, Ontario; Margaret b. ca 1840, Catherine b. ca 1842, Rachel b. ca 1844, David b. 1849, dau. b. 1851 d. age 13 days, all b. Québec. Family in Barton, Wentworth co., Ontario in 1851. Ann D. Tuohy, 1707 - 7th Street, Snohomish, WA 98290 U.S.A.

298 RICHES, George b. 1877 Camberwell, Surrey s. of James Burnham Hunn RICHES and Elisabeth Sarah GROVES/DREDGE. Emigrated to Québec ca 1900. Family sources say he married an orphan and had a large family, all lived in Québec. Mrs. Celia Webber, 15 Bittern Green, Lowestoft, Suffolk, England NR33 8PH

299 ROBERTSON, Thomas m. Elizabeth BODDY in Rawdon, Qué 1820. Dau. Elizabeth b. 1825 as recorded in Court House, Joliet parish register archive. Where there other children? Mrs. Margaret Oke 840 - 45th Ave., Lachine, Québec H8T 2M5

300 CHAPMAN/STEWART, Robert b. ca 1802 Tyrone, Ireland, m. Catherine HUNTER b. ca 1807. At least one child, John, b. Ireland 1828. Immigrated 1832 to Godmanchester twp., Beauharnois co., Qué. where (sur.?) more children born. Moved to Simcoe co., Ont. 1854. Any info, please. Mr. Clare Stuart, 844 Embassy Ave., London, Ontario N6H 2N5

301 WILLIS, Genevieve b. ca 1777, m. Feb. 17, 1798 Nicolas MONTOUR, North West Company partner, Anglican church, Montreal; dau. of Meredith Willis and Genevieve Duniere ? only ch. (?) Jeanne died young. Lived St-Paul Street, Montreal. Exactly where ? Connected to Jean (John) WILLIS and Elizabeth FOXGILL, Oxford, England?. MONTOUR served as legislative deputy from St. Maurice 1796-1800. How trace his career? John C. Jackson, 3140 SW Evergreen Lane, Portland, Oregon, 97201, U.S.A.

302 HOLMES, Benjamin, son of Benjamin and Helena --?, m. Madeleine Hamilton on Oct. 7, 1798 at St. Gabriel's Presbyterian church, Montreal - was a minor at the time from Chambly, Québec. Any information on Ben Sr. and his wife Helena, their Origin etc. Robert Chaput, 30 Lakeshore Rd., Apt. 206, Pointe Claire, Québec H9S 4H2

303 STEWART, Peter, s. of Alexander and Mary MacLure m. October 1st, 1754 at St. Thomas, Montmagny to Louise Morin, parents from Scotland?. Maybe a coincidence that on the same date a Marguerite MacLure, d. of John and Jane Finn also m. at Québec City to Paul Lacroix. Were they cousins? Robert Chaput, address same as above.

304, Mary Anne (Marianne) a natural child born 1782, Sorel (Fort Henry area), m. Jan. 21, 1805 Jean-Félix Naud at St. Curs, Québec. Indications are her father was Capt. John Barnes, Royal Artillery Regiment, with the mother Many Ann Kennedy, widow of ...Burrows. Kennedy m. James Simpson July 9, 1784 at Sorel Anglican Christ Church where there are the records of Thomas Charles Heslop, Anglican Chaplain, Sorel 1778-1789. Any information on the above appreciated. Robert Chaput, address same as #302.

PUBLICATIONS COMMITTEE REPORT

The objective of the Committee is to provide materials which are in demand by members. Genealogical books, tree charts and genealogical forms are available and are displayed at each meeting. These materials may be obtained by mail or by visiting our Library at Glenaladale on Mondays from 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M.

Please address all orders to:

Québec Family History Society,
Publications Committee,
P.O. Box 1026
Postal Station Pointe Claire,
Pointe Claire, Québec, H9S 4H9

1. Genealogical Books:

- Searching for Your Ancestors (American ancestors) by Gilbert H. Doane
\$2.25 plus \$0.70 postage
The Canadian Genealogical Handbook by Eric Jonason
\$14.00 plus \$1.60 postage
Discovering Your Family Tree (English ancestors) by David Iredale
\$2.50 plus \$1.55 postage

2. Tree Charts:

1. Ancestral Chart fan-shaped - 10 generations
\$3.00 plus \$0.70 postage.
2. Family Chart, aunts, uncles, cousins, 6 generations
\$3.00 plus \$0.70 postage.

3. Genealogical Forms:

1. Ancestral Lineage 5 generations
2. Family Group (husband, wife, children - details)
3. Biographical (blank sheets for narrative)

25 sheets reg. paper	1.25	long-life paper	2.50	postage	\$0.70
50 sheets " "	2.00	" " "	3.50	"	\$1.05
100 sheets " "	3.00	" " "	6.00	"	\$1.65

4. Pens

Long Life ink \$1.00 plus \$0.55 postage.

CORRECTION

In the December '83 edition of Connections, reference was made to KRYPTON PARCHMENT which may be purchased from the QFHS. the price should read: -

1000 sheets - 8½ x 11 - \$40.00
100 sheets - 8½ x 11 - \$ 6.00

MICROFILM - INTER LIBRARY LOANS

We now have, in addition to our microfiche viewer, a micro-film viewer, and we are able to borrow films from the Public Archives of Canada (PAC), the Provincial Archives of New Brunswick (PANB) and the National Archives, Washington, D.C. This news will be of particular interest to members wishing to consult census returns.

An Index of materials available on loan may be consulted in our library at Glenaladale. Inter library loans are subject to the following rules:

1. The period of loan is 30 days, except for U.S. Census films where the period is 7 days.
2. Three reels may be borrowed at one time on behalf of one member from one institution. There is no limit for U.S. Census films.
3. ALL MICROFILM MUST BE VIEWED AT OUR LIBRARY AND MAY NOT BE REMOVED FROM THE PREMISES.
4. To cover postage costs and use of the microfilm reader the following fees are payable:
 - \$2.00 for one film
 - \$0.50 for each additional film (see #2)Because a rental fee is charged by the National Archives the following fee is payable for U.S. Census films.
 - \$4.75 for one film
 - \$3.25 for each additional film.
5. A \$1.00 per hour fee will be charged to members viewing films other than those obtained on inter library loan.

In the case of PAC and PANB films, the Society has copies of the Checklist of Census microfilms, and Checklist of Parish Registers of Canadian Churches available for consultation at the Library. These give the appropriate reel numbers for films of census or Parish Registers held in Ottawa. Genealogical Guides to each county in New Brunswick are also available for consultation at the Library. A catalogue of U.S. Census schedules on microfilm has been ordered, and should be available for consultation shortly.

Members interested in obtaining further information, or in arranging for inter library loans, are asked to consult Jim Hay, our Inter Library Loan Co-Ordinator. Jim may be reached at Glenaladale on Thursdays at 697-5939 or at home at 695-9815.

INTERNATIONAL GENEALOGICAL INDEX

We have acquired the International Genealogical Index on microfiche, recording Parish Records and other Vital Statistics from 90 countries, thus bringing to our doorstep the ability to research documents previously only possible through correspondence or travel.

Access to the Index is restricted to members only and is by appointment only. To reserve time, please call our Information Office on Mondays or Thursdays between 10.00 and 15.00 hours at 514-697-5939.

There is an hourly and minimum charge for the use of the microfiche readers and an additional charge for any copies of the pages required.

Out-of-town members may obtain information from the I.G.I. by completing and submitting the "Search Request" form printed in CONNECTIONS.

Information on Submitting a Search Request

We suggest that you make a photo-copy of the reverse side of this form before sending in your order so that you will have a spare form for future use.

There is a \$3.00 fee for the search of a family name in any one province, state or county. The fee includes the reproduction of a maximum of 5 pages of surname listings, handling and postage. A further charge of \$3.00 is payable for each additional set of 5 pages. A charge of \$1.00 only will be made if the name requested is not listed in the I.G.I.

It is not possible to determine in advance the number of pages on which a family name will occur, so if your request exceeds the sum of money forwarded, you will be advised of the additional charge.

We ask you to specify Province, County or State for Canada, England and the U.S.A. because the I.G.I. is indexed in this manner. For Ireland, Scotland and Wales, however, and all remaining countries, the names are listed alphabetically.

PLEASE INDICATE "I.G.I. SEARCH" ON THE OUTSIDE OF YOUR ENVELOPE.

QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY
 P.O.Box 1026, Postal Station Pointe Claire,
 Pointe Claire, Quebec, H9S 4H9.

INTERNATIONAL GENEALOGICAL INDEX - SEARCH REQUEST.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Membership # _____

Please use BLOCK letters.

Telephone: _____

	Surname & Given name.	Province / County / State: & Country	Approx. Time	Fiche, Page & Frame # *
e.g.	MORLEY, ANNE	NORFOLK, ENGLAND	1815	
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				

Declaration: The International Genealogical Index is available to members only for the purpose of family history research and may NOT be used by individuals who are paid researchers.

 Signature.

- * To be supplied by Office
- All Reproductions are done to order and may not be returned for credit.
- Min.ch.for search & copies (max.5 pages) = \$3.00 - in advance.
- P.T.O. for detailed information.

Allow 3-4 weeks for delivery

For Office use only:		
Date: Rec'd:	By:	# of sheets
Date completed:	By:	Amt.\$ rec'd

Let "CONNECTIONS" work for you,
we welcome your advertising.

Printing areas:	Full page 7 x 9½ inches	\$60.00
	Half page 3½ x 9½ inches	\$35.00
	Half page 7 x 4½ inches	\$35.00
	Quarter page 3½ x 4½ inches	\$20.00
	Quarter page 7 x 2½ inches	\$20.00

Professional cards, researchers and book advertisements
etc. up to 6 lines in 1 x 3½ inches \$ 6.00

We print by offset so we can photocopy your logo, card
or set-up advertisements.

Terms : \$20.00 or under, cheque or money order with your
request. Over \$20.00, within 30 days of invoice.

We will send you a copy of "CONNECTIONS" with your
advertisement and a receipt, if requested; otherwise
your cheque is your receipt. Orders over \$20.00 will
be acknowledged before publications.

"CONNECTIONS" is issued in September, December, March and June

Please send copy, payment or questions to:

The Advertising Manager
The Québec Family History Society
P.O. Box 1026
Pointe Claire, Québec
H9S 4H9, Canada

VACUUM CLEANER WANTED

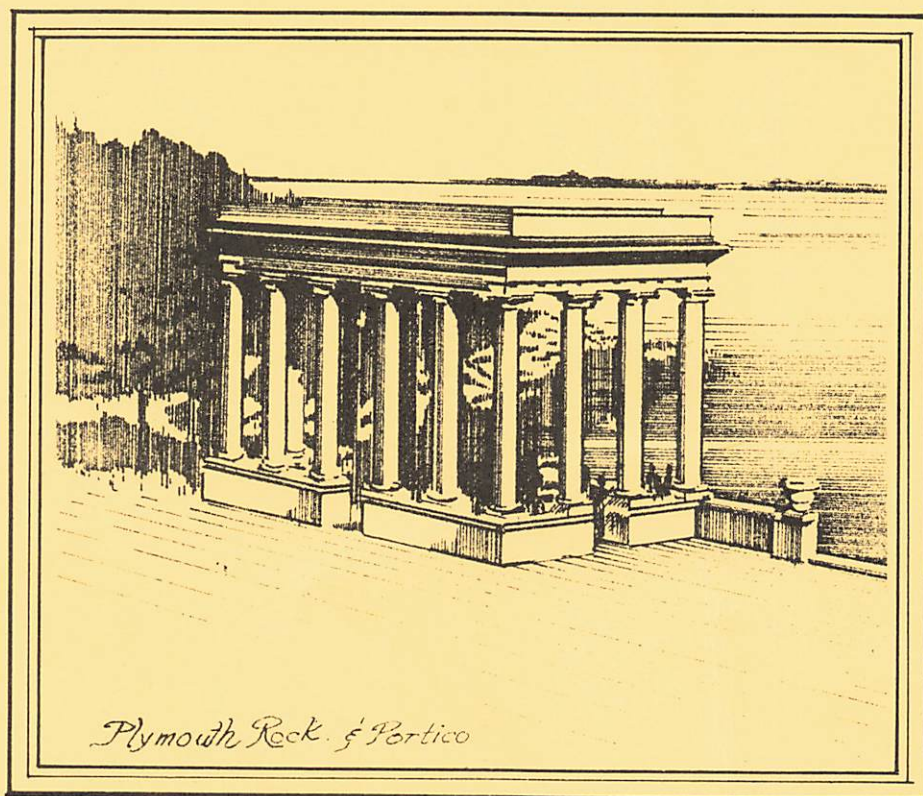
Has anyone a vacuum cleaner in good condition to
donate to our library? Please call 697-5939 or
Mr. R.C. Garrity, the President, at 697-1238.

CONNECTIONS

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE L'HISTOIRE DES FAMILLES DU QUÉBEC - QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY

VOL. 6 NO. 4

JUNE 1984





LA SOCIÉTÉ DE L'HISTOIRE
DES FAMILLES DU QUÉBEC

QUÉBEC FAMILY
HISTORY SOCIETY

PO BOX 1026
POSTAL STATION POINTE CLAIRE
POINTE CLAIRE
QUÉBEC H9S 4H9

The Québec Family History Society is a non-profit organization concentrating on English genealogical research in Québec with an office/library at Glenaladale, 164 Lakeshore Road, Pointe Claire, Québec.

Mailing Address: Box 1026, Postal Stn. Pointe Claire, Pointe Claire, Qué. H9S 4H9

Telephone: (514) 697-5939 Hours: 10:00 to 15:00 Mondays and Thursdays

Membership Fees: Regular \$15.00 * Family \$20.00 * Institutional \$15.00

OFFICERS

Past President	Mrs. Margaret Stead
President	Mr. R.C.B. Garrity, 186 Westcliffe, Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 1M6 697-1238
1st Vice-President	Mr. William Overy
2nd Vice-President	Dr. David McDougall
Treasurer	Mrs. Dorothy Weller
Recording Secretary	Mrs. Dagmar McDougall
Corresponding Secretary	Mrs. Joan Benoit, 58 Belmont Ave., Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 2N3 694-2377
Asst. Corr. Secretary	
Councillor 1 year	Mr. Gerald Rogers
Councillor 2 years	Mrs. Estelle Oakes
Councillor 3 years	Mr. Harold Harvey

COMMITTEE CHAIRPERSONS

Connections	
Excursions	Mrs. Margaret Turner
Library	Mr. Donald Martin, 116 Spartan Ave., Pointe Claire, Qué. H9R 3R5 697-3416
Membership	Mrs. Margaret Mulkins
Asst. Membership	Mrs. Lucy Pigeon
Program	Dr. David McDougall
Asst. Program	Mr. William Overy
Public Relations	Mrs. Elizabeth O'Neill
Publications	Mr. Raye Fraser
Refreshments	Mrs. Heather Russell
Telephone	Mrs. Alison Yeats
Welcoming	Mrs. Fran Lowry

SPECIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Editor of Connections	
Members Interests	Mrs. Estelle Oakes
Coord. Inter-Library Loan	Mr. Jim Hay

Regular meetings are held on the second Tuesday of each month from September to May at 19:30 hours at the Lachine Municipal Library 3100 St. Antoine Street, Lachine, corner of 32nd Avenue.

CONTENTS

Editorial	Page 2
New Members	Page 3
The "Mayflower" by Mrs. Margaret Stead	Page 4
Queries	Page 11
Book Review by E. O'Neill	Page 12
"One of my Favourite Ancestors" by Douglas Whiteside	Page 14
Genealogists & Genealogical Record Searchers in Canada	Page 18
Annual Reports	Page 22
Library Accession List	Page 26

EDITORIAL

With the arrival of June, we begin making plans for the summer - travel, relaxing at cottages and other seasonal activities. Our feature article in this issue is the second installment of Mrs. Stead's story of the "Mayflower", dealing particularly with the trials and tribulations of the passengers following their arrival in America.

Mr. Douglas Whiteside, one of our members, has been researching his family history - I'm sure you'll enjoy reading his article which also appears in this issue.

With this issue, I put down my pen insofar as the editorship of CONNECTIONS is concerned. To the many who helped to put out each edition I say thank you very much, with particular mention of the artist, Mr. Leon Goldik, for the attractive covers he has produced, and the typist, Mrs. Jacqueline Jacques, who prepares the manuscript for the printer. CONNECTIONS is a cooperative effort of the members, and to the new editor I offer my support and best wishes.

The Q.F.H.S. welcomes the following new members:

622 ELLIOT, Mr. Noel M
c/o Genealogical Research Library
520 Wellington Street North
London, Ontario N6A 3P3

623 MORRISON, Mrs Norma
10 Greenwich Avenue
Nepean, Ontario K2E 5E6

624 BEACHEMIN-TIERNEY, Mrs R E
500 Duplex Avenue, Apt 1106
Toronto, Ontario M4R 1V6

625 DEASE, Rhoda
Box 151
Ponoka, Alberta T0C 2H0

626 LEWIS, Mrs D Ursula
216 Haysboro Cr., S W
Calgary, Alberta T2V 3G3

627 RECTOR, Mrs D
R R #6
Truro, Nova Scotia

628 STEELE, Miss Annette C
3800 Broadway, Apt 2
Lachine, Quebec H8T 1T4

629 LEGGO, Mr Denver
Douglastown
Gaspé County, Quebec G0C 1M0

630 HARE, Carol
7350 Bendigo Circle
Mississauga, Ontario L5N 1Z5

631F HAMILTON, Mr and Mrs H N
36 Fairfield Crescent
Montreal West, Quebec H4X 1R4

632 DOUGLASS, Rev Melvyn W
P O Box 35800, Drawer 2006
Houston, Texas 77235, USA

633 WADDELL, Mrs Marion L
2125 Lakeshore Drive
Dorval, Quebec H9S 2G4

634 BALDWIN, Mrs Eleanore H
2 A Sky Terrace
Danville, CA 94526, USA

635 McCUNE, Mrs Joyce
Box 250
Brooks, Alberta T0J 0J0

636 GORDON, Mr A L
68 - 655 Walkley Road
Ottawa, Ontario K1V 9P1

637 ANDERKA, Carol
R R #2
Woodlawn, Ontario KOA 3M0

638 BAKER, Mr Sherman C
P O Box 205
Teaticket, MA 02536, USA

639 BROWN, Mr David
36 Mansfield Hollow Ext
Mansfield Center, CT 06250, USA

640 CLARKE, Mrs Marion P
P O Box 467
Elm Avenue
Hudson Heights, Quebec J0P 1J0

641 DEWAR, Helen
405 Morin Street
Sault Ste Marie, Ontario P6C 3E7

642 HBERT, Mrs Barbara M
1337 Worcester Street
Indian Orchard, MA, 01151, USA

643 KNOX, Malcolm C
210 Lakeview Avenue
Pointe Claire, Quebec H9S 4C5

644 LARSON, Mr Eugene D
19175 Warwick Drive
Birmingham, Michigan 48009, USA

645F McELROY, Mr and Mrs C
171 N St Patrick Street
Farnham, Quebec J2N 2B6

646 TREMBLAY, Mrs Martha W
25 County Street
Ipswich, MA 01938, USA

647 WALKER, Mr Jack H
24 Fenwick Avenue
Montreal West, Quebec H4X 1P5

THE MAYFLOWER

By Margaret Stead, Past President of the Q.F.H.S.

(continued from the March issue)

The crossing of the Atlantic was not without incident. Autumn gales were encountered that almost crippled the Mayflower. One seaman and one passenger died en route. A baby was born to Stranger Stephen Hopkins and his wife and named Oceanus. Frequent praying and psalm-singing of the Saints roused the anger of the seamen and Strangers. Everyday Elder Brewster led the daily prayers. But he was not an ordained priest, nor did he read the prescribed services of the Church of England. Nor did the Saints confine their praying to themselves. They made it clear that they expected to impose their views on all the passengers, even though they were not the majority on board.

It was sixty days before Cape Cod was sighted on November 10, 1620. The Mayflower anchored in Provincetown harbor the next morning. There was not a house to be seen; just a few scrubby trees, bent from the wind under a heavy grey sky. The sailors demanded that the passengers be set ashore at once and that the ship sail back to England while they still had sufficient food supplies. Fortunately, Captain Christopher Jones did not agree to their demands.

THE MAYFLOWER COMPACT

Some of the Strangers said: "When they came ashore they would use their own liberties, for none had power to command them...." MUTINY was in the air. It was clear that some sort of terms had to be offered to the Strangers. The servants, the hired hands, and the poorer men of both groups constituted an overwhelming majority, and they had to be reassured. It was finally agreed that a written document would be prepared embodying the idea that everyone would have fair treatment in the government which they would set up to rule the colony.

The Mayflower Compact came into being. It was first signed by the Saints, followed by the Strangers. Women, being chattel property and having no legal rights, were excluded. With the unanimous election of John Carver as governor, (the first popularly elected governor in the history of English colonizing) the historic meeting came to a close.

The Mayflower Compact was an extraordinary document. It did not alter the fact that among them some were masters and some were servants. Nor did it grant the right to participate in government to all. It excluded the unpropertied, and the women by implication. And Plymouth's later rules of local government allowed Strangers to vote in the colony only if they had the "leave and liking" of the governor or two of his assistants.

Yet, before the Mayflower Compact, all colonists had left the Old World under sealed orders from their sponsors. Power had rested in the hands of an appointed governor and he was responsible solely to the men whose money had been invested in his voyage.

A leader had now been chosen by the men whom he was to govern. If they did not feel he conducted the business of the colony properly, they could elect another man to replace him. The Pilgrims had dared to do what few men before them had dared - they had begun to govern themselves. By the means of the Mayflower Compact they could choose their own ruler, just as earlier they had chosen their own religious leaders. No king had appointed their civil leader and no bishop had appointed their minister.

By carrying on the tradition of their church elections into their first election of a civil official, the Pilgrims established a custom that was never abandoned in Plymouth colony - and which would have a considerable effect on the growth of democratic ideas in America. For the officers who governed Plymouth would from then on be chosen annually by direct election of those Saints and Strangers who had the right to vote. At the time, it is quite likely that the written document did not seem half as important to the Pilgrims as did the fact that they had arrived safely at a place where they intended to stay.

It wasn't until December 20th that a decision was made as to where they would settle. In the meantime, several trips had been made exploring the area around the harbor. On the return from one trip, the men found that Susanna White, wife of the Saint William, had had a baby which they called Peregrine, probably an adaption of the Latin word for pilgrim. Many years later Peregrine received a grant of land in the colony as "the first of the English born in these parts". He died in 1704. On another occasion, William Bradford returned to discover that his wife Dorothy had fallen overboard and drowned.

Plymouth had been named by Capt. John Smith, of Jamestown Virginia fame, while exploring that area of the coast of North America in 1614. The harbor could accommodate ships. There was a fine brook and a steep hill rising sharply from the shore - which would make a good site for a fort. According to Capt. John Smith's map, it had been the site of an Indian village. There were large cultivated areas, only recently overgrown. It was Christmas Day when work actually began. The Pilgrims did not believe in celebrating Christmas, or Easter, or any other of the traditional holidays observed by most Christian churches. The first structure was the Common House which measured twenty feet square.

GENERAL SICKNESS

In the dreadful first winter, many were overcome with a terrible disease which was probably pneumonia or tuberculosis aggravated by scurvy. The disease wiped out four whole families numbering twelve people. Three married couples remained unbroken.

Five out of eighteen wives survived. More than half of the twenty-six heads of families perished, leaving only twelve. Of twenty-nine single men, hired hands and indentured servants, nineteen died. Of seven daughters, none died. Of thirteen sons, only three died. Only two families escaped without a loss - the Brewsters and the Billingtons.

The crew of the Mayflower suffered almost as much. So many fell sick that Master Jones decided to stay until spring to be sure of enough men to work his ship. By the end of March the last of the Mayflower's passengers had been put ashore. The Mayflower returned to England on April 5th, 1621.

About a week later Governor Carver died followed a few weeks later by his wife. With Carver's death, William Bradford was elected Governor of the Plymouth Colony at age 32.

INDIANS

A strange event happened on March 16, 1621 during a business meeting in the Common House. An Indian brave marched into the settlement. "Welcome" he said. "I am Samoset." He was an Abinaki from Pemaquid Point in Maine. He had sailed with English captains along the Newfoundland coast and had learned their tongue.

A few days later Samoset brought Squanto to Plymouth. Squanto was the last surviving member of the Patuxet tribe which had lived on the site of Plymouth. He owed his survival to the fact that he had been kidnapped, along with nineteen others, by a rascally English shipmaster, before the pestilence struck which wiped out his tribe. Squanto managed to escape before being sold as a slave in Spain and stowed away on a ship bound for England. From there he eventually found his way back to New England and his old home only to find that all his friends and relatives were dead.

Squanto was a true and helpful friend of the Pilgrims who never left their side. He adopted their religion. He was described by Bradford as "a special instrument of God for their good." He was familiar with the New England coast. He taught them where and how to catch fish, where to find succulent herbs in the forest, and best of all, how to plant corn, of which they knew nothing. He also acted as a skilled interpreter and negotiator with the local Indians. The Pilgrims were able to work out a peace treaty that lasted forty years. Without Squanto and his native skills and knowledge of the country, the Pilgrims would almost certainly have perished or been forced to flee the plantation, for they would have had no crops and no peace with the Indians.

AUTUMN

The first harvest was a disappointment. Their twenty acres of corn, thanks to Squanto, had done well enough. But the Pilgrims' six or seven acres of English wheat, barley, and peas came to nothing.

In spite of this, the Pilgrims decreed a holiday so that all might celebrate. They had many things to be thankful for. They

had made peace with the Indians and walked "as peaceably and safely in the woods as on the highways in England". A start had been made on the beaver trade. There had been no sickness for months. Eleven houses now lined the street - seven private dwellings and four buildings for common use. There had been no recurrence of mutiny and dissension. Faced with common dangers, Saints and Strangers had drawn closer together.

As the day of harvest festival approached, great preparations were made for a feast. The local Indian tribe was invited to attend and shortly arrived with five deer and ninety ravenous braves! For the next three days the Pilgrims and their guests gorged themselves on venison, roast duck, roast goose, clams and other shellfish, succulent eels, white bread, corn bread, leek and watercress and other "sallet herbes", wild plums, and dried berries all washed down with wine, made of the wild grapes, both white and red. The celebration was a great success and the Pilgrims held another the next year, repeating it more or less regularly for generations.

SPECIAL PASSENGERS

Before I conclude this presentation about the Mayflower, I would like to mention three or four of the passengers specially, besides William Bradford and William Brewster.

The three Strangers aboard the Mayflower who are among those best remembered today are John Alden, Priscilla Mullins and Captain Miles Standish.

In 1858 Henry Wadsworth Longfellow published a poem called "The Courtship of Miles Standish", in which the three Strangers are the leading characters. John and Priscilla were married two years after the Mayflower came to Plymouth.

John Alden came aboard at Southampton as a hired man. He had been a cooper or barrel maker by trade in England. He was assigned the job of testing the Mayflower's barrels of fresh water, beer and brandy for leaks during the voyage. He was 21. Priscilla, who was just under 18, was the daughter of a shop keeper. Her parents and only brother died in the Great Sickness the first winter.

Miles Standish was a soldier by profession. While on service in the Netherlands he came under the influence of the group from Scrooby. He was not considered a Saint and was the only passenger who never became a full communicant of the church at Plymouth. He was elected to be in charge of the defence of the colony shortly after their arrival. He served the colony well, not only as a brave and skilful captain and interpreter (as he learned the language of the Indians), but also as the surveyor and colony treasurer.

Another stranger was John Billington. He and his wife Ellen and his two sons, John and Francis were labelled by Bradford as "one of ye profanest families amongst them". On the voyage to Plymouth their youngest son almost blew up the Mayflower by shooting off squibs near the powder kegs. John Billington, the father, was unquestionably involved in the mutiny on the Mayflower after it arrived in Provincetown Harbour. One of the first entries in the Old Colony records indicates that he had been foolish enough to

show his contempt for Captain Standish, assaulting him "with opprobrious speeches". For this he was sentenced "to have his neck and heels tied together". By humbling himself and offering an apology he managed to beg off.

Three years later he was mixed up in another revolt of some of the members of the colony. After a bitter quarrel about some trifle, he then waylaid John Newcomen, a recent arrival, and blew him to pieces with his blunderbuss. Tried by both grand and petit jury and found guilty, he was hanged, drawn and quartered in 1630. He had the honour of being the first man to be hanged for murder in Plymouth Colony. He is one of my Mayflower ancestors.

Needless to say this is not the end of the story of the Pilgrims but this is where I will end my review of their coming to the New World, and tell you a bit about the Society of Mayflower Descendants.

GENERAL SOCIETY OF MAYFLOWER DESCENDANTS

The Society of Mayflower Descendants was organized in New York City in December, 1894. The General Society of Mayflower Descendants was organized in Plymouth, MA, in January, 1897. The purpose of the society was to assure a united effort to discover and publish original material in regard to the Pilgrims.

By 1963, every state in the USA had a Mayflower Society. In 1974, the membership in the society had reached 15,000. 1982 saw The Mayflower Quarterly mailed to approximately 21,000 member and non-member subscribers.

The Canadian Society of Mayflower Descendants was formed in 1980 with twenty-seven members. Membership requirements are: Descendants over 18 years of age of a passenger on the Mayflower, on the voyage that terminated at Plymouth, MA, in December 1620. All members descend from one or more of the twenty-three male passengers for which there are proofs of descent.

The most ambitious project of the Society to date has been the "Mayflower Families through Five Generations". Each of the twenty-three male passengers' lines will be followed through his great-great grandchildren or about to the American Revolution.

The families of the following passengers have published.

Volume I - Francis Eaton, Samuel Fuller and William White.

Volume II - James Chilton, Richard More and Thomas Rogers.

Volume III - George Soule.

Members interested in obtaining further information about this subject and/or the Mayflower Society can get in touch with Mrs. Margaret Stead in care of the Quebec Family History Society.

Bibliography:

Bradford, William. OF PLYMOUTH PLANTATION 1620-1647
Samuel Eliot Morison, Editor. New York, 1970

Jessup, Edmund F. THE MAYFLOWER STORY, Redford, England, 1977

THE PILGRIMS AND PLYMOUTH COLONY. American Heritage Publishing Co., New York, 1966

Morison, Samuel Eliot. THE STORY OF THE "OLD COLONY" OF NEW PLYMOUTH. New York, 1956

WILLISON, George F. SAINTS AND STRANGERS. New York, 1945

FINE AND RARE
BOOKS



William P. Wolfe Inc.

Michael & Patricia Brown
P.O. Box 1190, Pointe Claire, Quebec, Canada H9S 5K7
Telephone (514) 697-1630

PLEASE PHONE FOR OUR LATEST LIST

Help needed for Historical Society

The Beaufort-Beaconsfield Historical Society is forming a research committee. Anyone who could contribute time, or information; or who could share completed research on the people, places or events of the Beaufort-Beaconsfield area is asked to contact Mrs. Gisèle Hall, 61 Gables Court, Beaconsfield, Québec, H9W 5H3.

IN MEMORIAM

We lost a good friend and benefactor when David Macdonald Stewart died early in May. Through the Macdonald Stewart Foundation, which he founded, we have the use of fine quarters at Glenaladale for a library and office.

Few men have inherited such a tradition of community benefaction and fewer still have enhanced it so magnanimously as David Stewart did in his lifetime, in particular the preservation of museums, records of military organizations, heritage buildings and most recently his interest in St-Malo, France. This is the hometown of Jacques Cartier and the starting point for "The Return of the Tall Ships" as they sail west to celebrate the 450th anniversary of his departure to the new world.

A true Canadian and Quebecer whose generosity has made us the richer for his time with us.

IMPORTANT

We have just received a notice in the mail from a British publication that as of April 1st, 1984 the cost of Certificates of Civil Registration will be £ 5 on personal application and £ 10 for postal enquiries.

EXCURSIONS

This year another outing is planned - the date is June 9th, 1984 - to visit the Missisquoi Museum. This is in the old Cornell Mill, now owned and operated by the Missisquoi Historical Society at Stanbridge East. The building was built in 1830 and an annex now houses the archives and library. There are many books, maps, old newspapers and periodicals that will be of interest to our members. For sale at the reception desk are books of local history and maps of early township times. Transportation will be by car and calls should be made to:

Mrs. Margaret Turner
454 Lakeshore Road
Beaconsfield, Québec
H9W 4J5
(514) 697-5654

There are a few spaces left for the trip to England this fall. Please read the enclosed booklet for further information.

QUERIES

Members may submit two queries per year free of charge with a \$2.00 charge for each additional submission. Queries for non-members are \$2.00 each. Please type or print clearly and use your membership number. Mail queries to Queries Editor, Mrs. Ruth Anderson, 5175 Perlini St., St. Hubert, Que. J3Y 1T8.

305 MARTIN, Thomas, d. Hemmingford, Que. in the fall of 1853. Born in Ireland or Canada between 1787-1800. How did he acquire the property he owned at time of death - was it a grant to him or his father?. Who were his parents - where in Ireland were they from? How can I find list of his personal property at his death? His wife was Mary DOWLONG from Ireland - seek info on her also. Mary Mulcahy Branon, 54 Gogan Ave., Plattsburgh, New York, 12901, U.S.A.

306 WOORICH, Dame Julia, m. to William CONNALLY of Montreal. By 1862 she was widowed and mortgage-holder on various properties in Hemmingford, Que. area. Any info welcome, especially maiden name, parents' names, birthdates and places. Was she a sister/half-sister to Thomas and Redmond MARTIN of Hemmingford? See above query.

307 MCLAREN, Dr. P., Collector Provincial Revenue, District of Beauharnois, Ormstown, Que between 1910 to 1919, also MCLAREN, Harold Cyril, appointed Manager of Tariff and Ticket Bureau, C.N.R. Montreal in Nov. 1942. Living in June, 1959. Wife's name was Suzannah LAWTON. Any information appreciated. Mrs. Evelyn Eberhardt, 1213-8th Ave., Regina, Sask, S4R 1E1.

308 YATES family. Richard Yates came to Canada from Liverpool, England - sold horses to the British Government for the First World War (1914-1918). Wife Mable ??, a teacher of Music and a concert pianist. Children - Annie b. Sept 5th 1908, Tom or Thomas b. ca 1905, George b. ca 1911 all in Canada. Any information welcome. ALKER - Annie Yates m. Arthur Alker in U.K. 1928-1931. Does anyone know this name? Reply to Mrs. J. Alker, P.O. Box 5856, Manama, BAHRAIN, Arabian Gulf.

Irish Genealogical Services

In previous issues of Connections we have listed for you, sources available for searching Irish roots. The above organization has written to tell us that they have increased their staff and can now give faster reply to letters - a 10 week guarantee. The letter is on file in the library or write to: David McElroy, 60 Ivanhoe Avenue, Carryduff, Belfast, Northern Ireland. Tel: Belfast 81314



ST. ANDREW'S

Oldest PRESBYTERIAN Church
In Canada
(Corner Ste. Anne and Cook St.)
225th Anniversary Year

SUNDAY
11:00 a.m.: Public Worship

Minister: Rev. P.L. Sams C.D.; B.A.
Organist: Mr. Benjamin Waterhouse
Visitors cordially invited.

BOOK REVIEW

by Elizabeth O'Neill
Publicity Chairwoman

The Old Gentlemen Stood to Pray. Collected by Mary Hilda Stevens.

This is a delightful little book, Tales of Remembrances, of and by the People of St. Andrew's Church, Quebec City, the oldest Presbyterian Church in Canada. The stories are garnered from the records of the church and from memories of present and past members and ministers.

"In October of 1759, after the turmoil and strife of that summer and autumn, the first religious services of the Presbyterian faith were held in Quebec city. The congregation was the soldiers and officers of Fraser's Highlanders, 78th Regiment. They were the colourful and bold part of Wolfe's army on the Plains of Abraham on the 13th of September, and no doubt they and their chaplain, the Reverend Mr. Robert McPherson, prayed together before the battle... From these military services grew the Scotch Congregation which became St. Andrew's Church."

Contained in the book is part of the Petition to George III in 1802 for a grant of land on which to build their church with a list of the signers to the Petition. The scraps of personal stories of older members, and the character studies of people long gone fascinate and hold the readers' interest. It is not necessary to have had roots in Quebec City for this book to be enjoyed.

UNITED STATES GENERAL RECORDS

It is hoped to borrow from the National Archives microfilm which can be used in our library. Mr. Jim Hay is in charge of this service. He will announce in the September Connections the microfilm loans being made available.

Everybody's search for roots

The National Archives was created primarily for use by the federal Government, but its rich stores of material are available to all. Besides researchers and scholars, the Americans making best use of this repository are those persons trying to trace their ancestries. If you decide to explore your family tree, There are a few basics you ought to know.

The search for roots starts at home with the names and mini-histories of every available relative. Desk drawers, attics, and aunts can prove to have invaluable diaries, scrapbooks, mementos, and records, and even the smallest scraps of information can lead to discovery. Exhaust all local and family sources before taking on Washington.

The aspiring genealogist is then ready to tackle the vast maze of materials in the archives. These include military service records, ship passenger lists, census records, land grants, pension applications, bounty warrants, and private land claims of homesteaders. The archives' files are described in brief in a free pamphlet, "Genealogical Records in the National Archives", which is available by writing the National Archives and Record Services, Publication Sales Branch, 8th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20408. A much more detailed and complete reference work for genealogists is the new GUIDE TO GENEALOGICAL RESEARCH IN THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES, a 350-page look into the archives' records; it costs \$21 (hardcover) or \$17 (softcover). Send a check, made out to "Guide", to Genealogical Guide, Box 106, National Archives, Washington, D.C. 20408, or call (800) 228-2028, ext. 418.

Although genealogy is not all fun and games, the search for family origins can become a pleasant addiction. "You can never say you've finished or found out everything you want." says archivist William Linder. "It's never-ending. That's the beauty of it."

ONE OF MY FAVOURITE ANCESTORS

by Douglas Whiteside, Q.F.H.S. member #538



Theodore Frederic Molt,
1795 - 1856

My maternal great-grandfather, Theodore Frederic Molt, was born in Gschwend in the Kingdom of Wittenberg, Germany on the 13th September 1795. His father, John Frederic, was a member and officer in the Lutheran Church, and for many years was the organist in the church at Gschwend. While attending university he enlisted in the Army and although his unit did not arrive in time to participate in the Battle of Waterloo, he saw the effects of the carnage on the following day, a scene he vividly remembered to his dying day. He returned to the university after the War and studied music.

He immigrated to Québec City in 1823, and in the same year married Angelique, the tenth child of Frederic Glackmeyer and Marie Anne O'Neil. Glackmeyer (1751-1836) was born in Hanover, Germany, and came over to North America as a bandmaster for Baron de Riedesel's German Mercenary Troops that fought for Great Britain in the American War of Independence. At the cessation

of hostilities, he was granted an Honorable Discharge, and elected to remain in Québec City where he became the city's leading musician.

In 1824, Molt assisted his father-in-law, Glackmeyer, to form the first orchestra in Québec. In the spring of 1825, he auctioned off his furniture and "an excellent forte piano, violins, flutes, clarinetts, etc." in order to return to Europe for study purposes. Helmut Kallman (A History of Music in Canada 1534-1914) mentions that Molt on his journey, which lasted about a year, met three of Europe's greatest musicians, Moscheles, then living in England, and Czerny and Beethoven in Vienna. He was accorded the great privilege of a personal visit to the then ailing Beethoven who seemed to have shown much interest in the musician from far away Canada. At that time, Beethoven, although still in his fifty-fifth year, was in poor health and totally deaf, kept what he called his "Conversation Book" to communicate with his visitors. Molt wrote that he was a humble music teacher from Canada, and could he please write him a verse of music in his album so he could show it to his fellow worshippers in Canada. Beethoven, touched no doubt by this homage from a visitor who had come from so distant a part of the world, complied with Molt's request.

He wrote out for him a portion from "Freu Dich des Lefens". This was the canon or the kind of a perpetual fugue in which the different parts, beginning one after the other, repeat incessantly the same air. Beneath the musical score, he wrote an inscription to Molt and added his own signature. It may easily be imagined with what pride he must have displayed it to the eyes of his Canadian friends.

As the years passed, Molt's fame in Québec grew. He was one of Québec's first music masters. He became the organist and choirmaster of the Basilica, and in 1828 wrote the "Elementary Treatise on Music" which was the first book on musical instruction published in Canada. It was bilingual and published by Mr. William Cowan, the co-owner of the Québec Telegraph. In 1832, he patented the first chromatometer in Canada. The following year, he accepted the post as organist for the St. Paul's Church in Burlington, Vermont. He established his own studio, gave numerous concerts and was also on the staff of the Burlington Female Seminary. He returned to Québec City in 1841, and resumed his former position at the Basilica. In the following year, he called upon Canadian poets to submit their poems to him and he would compose accompanying music. The completed works appeared in 1845 under the title "La Lyre Sainte" and the music he composed to the poem by Isadore Bédard "Sol Canadien, terre chérie" ranks as the earliest national song or anthem ever written in Canada.

But amidst all this acclaim and success, tragedy came on June 12th, 1846 when his wife and two sons perished in the Theatre Royale St. Louis on Place D'Armes that claimed the lives of forty-six patrons. In 1848, he married Harriet Cowan, the daughter of the publisher who printed his first essay in 1828, and returned to Burlington to again give concerts and teach. He never did seem to recover from the tragic fire, and he died in 1856. His wife, Harriet, followed him three years later and both are buried in the Lakeview Cemetery in Burlington.

Molt's thirteenth and final offspring, Mary Ellen (Minna) (1856-1944) was my grandmother. After the death of her mother, she was reared by her half-sister, Eugenie Molt Boggs (1834-1917), the wife of Admiral Charles Stuart Boggs, U.S.N. Her elementary schooling was in a convent in Havana, Cuba, and from 1868 to 1873, she attended the former Hochelaga Convent on Notre-Dame Street East, Montreal, where in later years, she was the oldest living graduate at their alumnae gatherings. In 1875, she married George Bignell (1850-1898) of Québec City in Norwich, Connecticut. He was a Provincial Land Surveyor, and later was the Commanding Officer of the 23rd Regiment de Beauce Militia Unit. His father was John G. Bignell (1817-1902), a prominent Dominion Land Surveyor, and his grandfather was John Bignell (1780-1834) who came to Canada in 1802 with Lt. Col Isaac Brock's 49th of Foot Regiment and after the Cessation of Hostilities in 1814, was demobilized and taught school in Three Rivers. He later became the local Postmaster and in 1827 was promoted to be Postmaster of Québec City, a position he held until his death seven years later.

The George Bignells produced ten children and their fourth Lenny, was my mother. In 1906, she married Sterling Whiteside (1879-1932), a Montrealer with New Brunswick roots from England and the United Empire Loyalists. She was a very strong believer in the importance of one's national identity and heritage, and was an avid researcher, collector and guardian of family heirlooms, memorabilia, pictures, documents, legends and stories. She, on several occasions, assisted and collaborated with Mr. Edgar Andrew Collard of The Gazette (Montreal) on All Our Yesteryears.

She was greatly elated in 1966 when Mr. Lawrence Lande, the founder of the Lawrence Lande Canadian Historical Research (McLennon Library, McGill University) went to an auction in New York City, and successfully bid a large amount of money for the long missing Beethoven Canon that had been given to Molt. He graciously donated it to the Foundation and it was reunited with other copies of Molt's musical compositions and books that have a prominent place in this excellent Institution. I also shared my mother's pride when we visited the German Pavilion in EXPO '67, and saw a section of the exhibition showing their country's contributions to Canadian culture that featured Molt's accomplishments. And again was also very proud when later in 1968, we attended a Montreal Symphony Orchestra presentation at Place des Arts, Montreal, where Franz Paul Decker conducted Alexander Brott's Centennial commission "Paraphrase in Polyphony" based on the Canon our great Ludwig Van Beethoven wrote in 1825 for my great-grandfather, Theodore Frederic Molt.

Mitig in A-moll

Je me suis dit, et l'heure est venue,
 Je me suis dit, et l'heure est venue,
 Je me suis dit, et l'heure est venue,
 Je me suis dit, et l'heure est venue.

Ludwig van Beethoven
 Canon
 1825

For Researchers Outside of Massachusetts

Dr. D. McDougall, in a letter he received from the Massachusetts Society of Genealogists, Inc., found some information he thought the members would find useful. Here are some excerpts:

1. "For researchers outside of Mass. They should know that the records from 1841 to 1890 are now in the State Archives, State House, Boston, MA. The Records after 1890 are still in the Registry of Vital Records at a new address: 150 Tremont Street, Room B-2, Boston, Mass., 02158. Requests by mail for both locations require \$2.00 US fee for each record."

TUTTLE'S CATALOG NO. 4

GENEALOGY, LOCAL HISTORY AND HERALDRY

Describes over 6,800 items including genealogies, town and county histories, atlases, church histories and related material on families, cities and towns throughout the U.S. and Canada. Special sections are devoted to Heraldic Bookplates, English & Irish local history, genealogical reference works, surnames, peerage. Newly expanded listings of Periodicals & Maps.

Catalog No. 4 - 224 pages - \$5.00

TUTTLE ANTIQUARIAN BOOKS, INC.

P.O. Box 541

Rutland, Vermont 05701-0541

Accommodations in England

To send for "Accommodations Register with the Federation of Family History Societies in England" the new address is: Cynthia Walcott, 1 Strode Manor Farm Cottages, Neterbury, Dorset, DT6 5NG, England. Cost £ 2 includes airmail post.

Freelance Researchers

Freelance researchers are needed (English speaking) at the National Archives on Notre Dame Street in Montreal. There are not enough English speaking employees there to keep up with the mail. Contact Mr. Claude Minotto if you could help to do research for correspondents in the United States and Canada.

English Source Material

At the workshop for English Sources for Research organized by Mr. Bill Overy and Mrs. Margaret Turner this spring, a package of literature to aid you in your genealogical research in England was prepared. This is available from the Society for \$6.00.

GENEALOGIST OR GENEALOGICAL RECORD SEARCHER IN CANADA

Members will be pleased to learn that it is now possible to obtain certification as a Genealogist or Genealogical Record Searcher in Canada, from the Genealogical Institute of the Maritimes.

The officers of the Institution are:

President - Terrence M. Punch - Nova Scotia
Vice-President - Donald Jordon - P.E.I.
Ex. Secretary - Stephen A. White - New Brunswick

Application forms are available from the Quebec Family History Society, and details about certification are printed below.

R.C.B. Garrity,
President

GENEALOGICAL INSTITUTE OF THE MARITIMES

The Genealogical Institute of the Maritimes is a non-profit entity concerned with improving genealogical practice in the Maritime Provinces of Canada. The Institute examines and certifies persons who desire to establish their competence in the field of genealogical research.

The Institute issues two types of certificate: (1) Certified Genealogist (Canada) [CG(C)] and (2) Genealogical Record Searcher (Canada) [GRS(C)]. Each demands skill in the use of records, the ability to prepare proper reports of findings, and ethical conduct.

The GRS(C) must have a working knowledge of genealogical principles, know, understand, and be able to work comfortably with genealogical records -- manuscript, typescript, or printed, and be able to prepare full abstracts of common documentation.

The CG(C) must be able, in addition, to analyze evidence, to evaluate and, if necessary, to verify information from secondary sources, to solve problems, and to prepare a proper family history. He must know thoroughly the bibliography, historiography, and terminology of his or her particular area of genealogical research.

Certificate holders are known as Associates of the Genealogical Institute of the Maritimes. A list of associates is provided to major repositories and to associates and friends of the Institute. The list includes the names of all associates, and the mailing addresses of all those associates available to conduct paid research. A Friend of the Genealogical Institute of the Maritimes is an organization, or an individual other than an associate, who donates annually to the Institute a minimum of twenty dollars.

Application Procedure. An applicant is required to mail a preliminary application form, accompanied by the appropriate fee, to the Secretary of the Institute.

Once the preliminary application is approved, the applicant will be requested to submit a formal application detailing experience and education. The formal application must be accompanied by payment of the proper fee for the certification sought. To demonstrate knowledge and ability, the applicant must forward three unsigned copies of an appropriate sample of his or her work. The three copies will be given a number and assigned to readers. If the sample is found inadequate, the candidate may submit a second specimen of his or her work. An unsuccessful candidate for the CG(C) may at this point be invited to persist in his or her application, but for the GRS(C).

Following favourable reports from the readers, the candidate will be requested to appear for written and oral examination. The CG(C) candidate must demonstrate a mastery of theory, methodology and records, while the GRS(C) will be tested on practical matters concerning record location and use. All persons, whether resident in the Maritimes or from the exterior, must appear in person for this examination.

Applications, work samples, and examinations may be in either English or French, at the election of the candidate.

Point Evaluation System. To apply for certification as a CG(C), an applicant must satisfy the examiners that he or she is entitled to fourteen or more points; for certification as a GRS(C), he or she needs only seven points. Furthermore, CG(C) applicants must have at least two points in each of the three evaluative categories. These three categories, and the points to be attained in each, are as follows:

1. Education (maximum eight points)
 - a. Level achieved (count one)

university degree	4 points
university, no degree	3 points
high school diploma	2 points
minimum education	1 point
 - b. Genealogy courses (maximum four points)

courses taught	2 points each
courses taken	1 point each
2. Experience (maximum fourteen points)
 - a. Practice or work on genealogical records (maximum ten points)

years of attested experience	1 point each
------------------------------	--------------
 - b. Organizational activity (count one)

chairmanship or presidency	4 points
editor or executive officer	3 points
active membership	2 points
passive membership	1 point
3. Publications (maximum six points). Works in genealogy, biography, demography, or history may be counted. Collected and organized material that has not been published, but is available for consultation in a repository open to the public, may also be considered.
 - a. books 2 points each | - b. articles (of substantial significance) ½ point each | - c. collections 1 point each |

References. An applicant must enable the examiners to contact three persons who are familiar with his or her qualifications. Indicating the reference's position in a genealogical organization, or any other connection he or she might have with genealogy, genealogical or archival research, will assist the examiners in making their preliminary appraisal of the applicant's eligibility.

Fees

Preliminary application	\$15.	Second submission.....	\$15.
Formal application, CG(C).....	\$65.	Initial registration	\$20.
(\$50. refundable to unsuccessful candidates)		Annual renewal	\$10.
Formal application, GRS(C).....	\$35.	Extra copy of certificate	\$15.
(\$20. refundable to unsuccessful candidates)		Appeal	\$15.

Address. All applications and correspondence may be sent to the Secretary, Genealogical Institute of the Maritimes, Centre d'Etudes acadiennes, Université de Moncton, Moncton, New Brunswick E1A 3E9.

BICENTENNIAL

INTERNATIONAL GENEALOGICAL WORKSHOP

The New Brunswick Genealogical Society have a workshop planned for August 4th, 5th and 6th, 1984. The purpose is an interchange of information on Genealogy and Local History with focus on New Brunswick's Bi-Centennial theme. The meetings are to be held at the Provincial Archives of New Brunswick, University of New Brunswick Campus, Fredericton.

Further information may be obtained from our library or
Fredericton Branch
New Brunswick Genealogical Society
P.O. Box 3235, Station "B"
Fredericton, N.B. E3A 5G9

REUNION

The Fiftieth Anniversary of the 401, City of Westmount Squadron, also known as Number 15 and Number 1, is being celebrated September 21st, 22nd and 23rd, 1984. All former members are invited to attend. Further details concerning the reunion may be obtained by contacting Mrs. Joan Benoit, 58 Belmont Ave., Pointe Claire, Que. H9R 2N3. Phone 694-2377

QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY/
LA SOCIETE DE L'HISTOIRE DES FAMILLES DU QUEBEC

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
AND GENERAL RESERVE

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31

	<u>1984</u>	<u>1983</u>
Receipts:		
Membership fees	\$5,354.50	\$4,914.44
Fees for use of 'International Genealogical Index'	1,436.05	556.75
Interest revenue and foreign exchange gains	903.87	618.76
Sale of issues of 'Members' Interests' publications	451.13	246.00
Workshops	392.00	130.00
Photocopy revenue	380.39	-
Sale of genealogical publications	324.66	307.08
Sale of 'Connections' newsletter and related revenues	109.25	179.20
Donations	20.00	2,010.00
	<u>9,371.85</u>	<u>8,962.23</u>
Disbursements:		
Office expenses and equipment	2,816.75	3,040.37
Newsletter expenses	2,406.03	1,240.78
Library	1,413.23	433.28
Other operating expenses	1,190.91	821.25
Expenses for 'Members' Interests' publications and workshops	486.01	8.84
Genealogical publications	323.92	75.66
	<u>8,636.85</u>	<u>5,620.18</u>
Excess of receipts over disbursements	735.00	3,342.05
Balance of general reserve at beginning of year	6,499.85	3,157.80
Balance of general reserve at end of year	\$7,234.85 =====	\$6,499.85 =====

Mrs. Dorothy Weller
Treasurer

THE PRESIDENT'S ANNUAL REPORT

It is a pleasure to again be able to report that the Q.F.H.S. has had another successful year. While our overall membership has not increased substantially we continue to attract large numbers of new members.

We have been successful in finding more volunteers to take on specific responsibilities, and to assist members when they visit Glenaladale. Visits to our library have increased substantially, and we hope in the coming year to continue to improve our research capacity by the acquisition of additional resources.

Our I.G.I. service to out-of-town members has been an outstanding success, as individuals from across Canada, and many from the U.S.A. have written asking for assistance.

Next year we plan to acquire additional resources on microfilm and microfiche. High on our list of priorities are Census returns, Land Records and Genealogical Library Catalogue (Mormon Church).

We welcome your suggestions as to how we may better serve our members.

Sincerely,

R.C.B. Garrity
President.

EXCURSIONS COMMITTEE

The Excursions Committee was newly formed in 1983-1984. During its first year three trips were taken. In June, 1983 a group of 48 visited Canadiana Village at Rawdon and our first Annual Society outing proved a success.

In November a group of 10 visited the Public Archives of Canada in Ottawa where they were given a guided tour.

In February a group of 15 visited the Archives de Québec à Montréal and Mr. Claude Minotto, the Director, gave an interesting lecture and tour.

Margaret Turner, Chairman

LIBRARY COMMITTEE

The use of the library continues to grow and the facilities of the library in all aspects continue to be well used by the membership. There are close to 900 accessioned items and a large variety of periodicals from Canada, the United States and Great Britain which are being used fully.

The task of cataloguing has been all but completed and the system of color coding the various sections of the library and its accompanying card index, will be outlined to the membership in the early Fall. A Committee, reviewing the contents of the periodicals was initiated at the beginning of the year and continues to make progress under the direction of Mrs. Gwen King.

The securing of micro-films from archives in Canada and the U.S.A. is now available to members. This programme, under the direction of Mr. Jim Hay will, I am sure, continue to grow and provide a needed service to our members. With a film reader in the library, the programme will not only prove valuable, but will be more convenient to all.

The Library Committee consisted of Marianne Davis, Barbara Douglas, Margaret Heelan, Gwen King, Mary and Bob Rose, Dorothy Weller and myself. Our meetings have not been numerous but they have been most productive. For the sound advice and guidance they have given during the year I would thank them all most sincerely.

I would like to thank also Barbara Douglas, Jim Hay, Irene Jezek, Harold Harvey, Margaret Heelan, Doug Whiteside, Dorothy Weller and Allison Yeats for the many hours they have given to keeping the library open and helping to aid our members on Mondays and Thursdays and in the evening or on the week-end.

I would like to acknowledge with thanks the many people who have contributed books and any other material to the library, for it is on such donations that a library acquires some of its most valuable possessions.

I sincerely hope that the library will continue to be of service to all of our members.

Respectfully submitted,

Donald S. Martin, Chairman.

Report of the Publicity Chairman: 1983-84

The nine monthly meetings of our Society were publicized through the media and through Historical and Family History Societies in Montreal and adjoining areas. This publicity generated larger attendance at meetings and increased membership. Other societies showed an interest in our organization and several requested interviews with council members. The United Empire Loyalists' Association asked for an article for the Fall issue of the Loyalist Gazette.

Our Society had an information booth at the Voice of English Quebec Fall Festival in Quebec City and also at the Spring Gene-o-rama put on by the Ottawa branch of the O.G.S.

Publicity costs rose marginally due to postage and wider coverage for meeting notices and press releases.

Respectfully submitted,



Elizabeth O'Neill

MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE REPORT

We are pleased to report that membership in our Society has grown this year to 340 individual and family members and 17 institutional members, for a total of 357. We trust that present members will renew with our Society and that we will continue to attract new members so that the Society will continue to grow.

Margaret C. Mulkins

PUBLICATIONS COMMITTEE

Our Publications were offered for sale at each meeting and are available at Glenaladale. Sales were

Charts - 6 * Books - 10 * Forms - 75 * Pens - 24 *

Respectfully submitted,
Raye Fraser, Chairman

TELEPHONE COMMITTEE

As has been the work of the Telephone Committee of past years, we have endeavoured to contact the Montreal-area members - now some 150 persons - about each coming monthly meeting, the speaker and his topic. Where possible with the one monthly call, reminders of membership renewal, up-coming workshops, planned outings, etc. etc.

This year with a view to encouraging greater attendance at meetings, the calling lists were divided into small areas, that the Committee might be able to suggest others in the area with whom to make contact.

I would like to thank Marg. Turner for sharing with me the calls for Council Meetings, and the following - my committee - R. Anderson, P. Barber, E. Beck, A. Caverly, M. Clark, D. Cullen, M. Davis, R. Davis, N. Fraser, M. Goldik, M. Heelan, J. Hewitson, R. Horan, M. Lock, F. McGrail, H. Merry, C. Pearce, M. Perkins, H. St. John, K. Williams and E. Wootan - for being most willing and helpful to the smooth-running of our task.

Respectfully submitted,

Alison V. Yeats, Chairman.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY'S 1983 - 1984 REPORT

The Corresponding Secretaries are responsible for clearing the Post Office box; recording the mail addressed to most Committees and distributing of all mail.

Over the past twelve months, May 1st 1983 to April 30th 1984, a total of 630 pieces of mail were recorded.

Letters containing cheques addressed to Membership, Catalogues of Members Interest, Genealogy Supply Orders, Bank Statements and Invoices; plus 200 letters seeking information about the QFHS facilities and genealogical research assistance comprised the bulk of the mail recorded.

This year approximately ten out-of-town members wrote asking for direction in their Quebec family research. This number represents an increase in out-of-town members participation.

We were requested to send brochures to one American genealogy conference.

We hereby submit this information as our annual Correspondence Report.

Joan Bencit
Marion Hykle

LIBRARY ACCESSION LIST

- 778 Boyle, H.J. My Father the Store Keeper was an Unusual Man. Donated by B. Douglas
- 779 Delaforge, P. Family History Research - "The French Canadian". Regency Press. Donation
- 780 Punch, T. M. Genealogical Research in Nova Scotia. Pub. 1973. Don. by R.C.B. Garrity.
- 781 Lang, J.D. John Lang Family History - 1755 to 1964. Pub. 1964. Don. by Hazel Clark.
- 782 History of Fordyce, Quebec. Fordyce Women's Inst. Don. by Hazel Clark.
- 783 Memoirs of Mrs. James McKell - 1821 to 1949. Don. by Hazel Clark.
- 784 New Zealand Year Book - 1939. Pub. by the Government of New Zealand 1938. Donation
- 785 Canadian Declarations
- 786 Stephens, M.H. The Old Gentlemen Stood to Pray. Don by J. Constance Champion.
- 787 Wade, M. The French Canadians 1760-1967. Pub. by McMillan Can. 1968. Don. by Jim Hay.
- 788 Kellogg, Lucy M. Mayflower Families Vol. I. Pub. by Mayflower Descendants. Don. by Marg. Stead.
- 789 Trudel, M. La Population du Canada en 1663. Pub. Fides 1973. Don. by Carey Stead.
- 790 Jonasson, Eric Untangling the Tree. Pub. by Wheatfield 1983.
- 791 Ellis, E. Emigrants from Ireland 1847-52. Pub. by Genealogical Pub. Co. 1983.
- 792 Cushing, J.E. Chronicle Irish Emigration to New Brunswick
- 793 Fellows, R.F. Researching Ancestors in New Brunswick. 1979
- 794 Handbook on Irish Genealogy. Pub. by Heraldic Press 1980
- 795 Adams, W.F. Irish Emigration to the New World. Yale Press 1932.
- 796 Historical Atlas - York County, N.B. & St John, N.B. Mika 1973
- 797 Hill, R. Pioneer Journalism - Chateauguay. Pub. by Huntingdon Gleaner 1975. Don. by Chateauguay Historical Society.
- 798 McCrimmon, D. Around Leslie Rennie's Place. Pub. by Huntingdon Gleaner 1976. Don. by Chateauguay Historical Society.

LIBRARY ACCESSION LIST (Con'd)

- 799 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1975
- 800 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1976
- 801 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1977
- 802 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1978
- 803 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1979
- 804 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1980
- 805 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1981
- 806 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1982
- 807 Chateauguay Journal. Pub. by Chateauguay Hist. Soc. 1983
799 to 807 donated by Chat. Hist. Soc.
- 808 Leavitt, T. History of Leeds and Grenville. Mika 1980
- 809 Calnek, W.A. History of the County of Annapolis. Mika 1980
- 810 Eaton, A.W.H. History of Kings County. Mika 1972
- 811 Nova Scotia Historical Society Vol. 1-4. Mika 1976
- 812 Nova Scotia Historical Society Vol. 5-8. Mika 1977
- 813 Cooper, C.W. History of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington.
Pub. by Canadian Heritage 1980.
- 814 Historical Atlas - Leeds & Grenville. Mika 1980
- 815 Historical Atlas - Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry. Mika 1973
- 816 Missisquoi Memories and Cornell Connections, Vol. 15. Pub.
by Missisquoi Hist. Soc. 1978.
- 817 Then and Now in Missisquoi. Pub. by Missisquoi Hist. Soc. 1967
- 818 Rendez-vous with the Past in Missisquoi. Pub. by Missisquoi
Hist. Soc. 1970.
- 819 Missisquoi - A Store of Memories, Vol. 17. Pub. by Missisquoi
Hist. Soc. 1972
- 820 Evans, P.M.O. The Pritchards and Related Families. Don.
by the author.
- 821 Book of the Year 1965. Pub. by Funk and Wagnalls 1965.
- 822 Wharton, R.A. Canada Legal Directory. Pub. by Attorney
and Legal 1928.
- 823 Martineau, Code de Procedure Civile (Que). Pub. by Wilson
and Lafleur 1946.
- 824 Code Civile (Que). Pub. by Wilson and Lafleur
- 825 Simon Fraser/Tom Moore House. Don. by R.C.B. Garrity.
- 826 Romme, Jules Odelltown Chapel 1823-1973. Pub. 1973. Don.
by Chateauguay Valley Hist. Soc.
- 827 Lebourveau C.S. A History of Eaton 1819. Pub. 1894

LIBRARY ACCESSION LIST (con'd)

- 828 1982-83 Annual Report of the Canadian Archives. Pub 1984
by Ministry of Supply and Services
- 829 Riverfield Curling Club 1825-1975. Pub. 1975
- 830 1900 Federal Population Data. Pub. 1983
- 831 1790-1890 Federal Population Data. Pub. 1983
- 832 Fox, J.A. Capture of Jefferson Davis. Pub. 1964
- 833 Banning Family and Isle of Wight Ancestors. Pub. 1983
Don. by R.C.B. Garrity
- 834 Southampton in 1620 and the Mayflower. Pub. 1970. Don. by
R.C.B. Garrity
- 835 Checklist of Parish Registers. Pub. 1981. Public Archives
of Canada.

* * * * *

IN MEMORIAM

Mrs. Doris Jones McIntosh, who addressed our first annual meeting in June 1978, died on the first of May of this year. Following a career in teaching, she retired with her husband to her ancestral home at Bedford in the Eastern Townships of Québec. She encouraged our founders and gave freely of her time and experience in getting our society organized. A résumé of her talk appeared in the first issue of Connections, in which she discussed the beginnings of the reorganization of the Missisquoi County Historical Museum at Stanbridge East, the ABC's of getting into genealogical research and how involved one could become. She served as the Museum president for several years.

Our sympathy to her husband and family, and may the knowledge that she is remembered by a wide circle of people doing historical and genealogical research both now and in the years ahead, ease their sorrow.

Let "CONNECTIONS" work for you,
we welcome your advertising.

Printing areas:	Full page 7 x 9½ inches	\$60.00
	Half page 3½ x 9½ inches	\$35.00
	Half page 7 x 4½ inches	\$35.00
	Quarter page 3½ x 4½ inches	\$20.00
	Quarter page 7 x 2½ inches	\$20.00

Professional cards, researchers and book advertisements
etc. up to 6 lines in 1 x 3½ inches \$ 6.00

We print by offset so we can photocopy your logo, card
or set-up advertisements.

Terms : \$20.00 or under, cheque or money order with your
request. Over \$20.00, within 30 days of invoice.

We will send you a copy of "CONNECTIONS" with your
advertisement and a receipt, if requested; otherwise
your cheque is your receipt. Orders over \$20.00 will
be acknowledged before publications.

"CONNECTIONS" is issued in September, December, March and June

Please send copy, payment or questions to:

The Advertising Manager
The Québec Family History Society
P.O. Box 1026
Pointe Claire, Québec
H9S 4H9, Canada

QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY LIBRARY

LIBRARY
LOCATION

Glenaladale, 164 Lakeshore Road in Pointe Claire is located east of the intersection of Lakeshore Road and St. John's (St-Jean) Blvd. It is two driveways east of Stewart Hall. Tel: 514-697-5939

LIBRARY
HOURS

The Library is open on Mondays and Thursdays from 10.00 to 15.00 hours and on the first and third Monday evenings of the month.

Members wishing to make arrangements to use the Library at other times or during June, July and August when we are normally closed, are asked to contact the Chairman of the Library Committee, Mr. Don Martin at 697-3416

To use the Library on a Sunday please call Mrs. Margaret Heelan at 697-0449.

INTERNATIONAL GENEALOGICAL INDEX

We have acquired the International Genealogical Index on microfiche, recording Parish Records and other Vital Statistics from 90 countries, thus bringing to our doorstep the ability to research documents previously only possible through correspondence or travel.

Access to the Index is restricted to members only and is by appointment only. To reserve time, please call our Information Office on Mondays or Thursdays between 10.00 and 15.00 hours at 514-697-5939.

There is an hourly and minimum charge for the use of the microfiche readers and an additional charge for any copies of the pages required.

Out-of-town members may obtain information from the I.G.I. by completing and submitting the "Search Request" form printed in CONNECTIONS.

QUEBEC FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY
 P.O.Box 1026, Postal Station Pointe Claire,
 Pointe Claire, Quebec, H9S 4H9.

INTERNATIONAL GENEALOGICAL INDEX - SEARCH REQUEST.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Membership # _____

Please use **BLOCK**
 letters.

Telephone: _____

	Surname & Given name.	Province / County / State: & Country	Approx. Time	Fiche, Page & Frame # *
e.g.	MORLEY, ANNE	NORFOLK, ENGLAND	1815	
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				

Declaration: The International Genealogical Index is available to members only for the purpose of family history research and may NOT be used by individuals who are paid researchers.

 Signature.

* To be supplied by Office
 All Reproductions are done to order and may not be returned for credit.
 Min.ch.for search & copies (max.5 pages) = \$3.00 - in advance.
 P.T.O. for detailed information.

Allow 3-4 weeks for delivery

For Office use only:		
Date: Rec'd:	By:	# of sheets
Date completed:	By:	Amt.\$ rec'd

PUBLICATIONS COMMITTEE REPORT

The objective of the Committee is to provide materials which are in demand by members. Genealogical books, tree charts and genealogical forms are available and are displayed at each meeting. These materials may be obtained by mail or by visiting our Library at Glenaladale on Mondays from 10:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M.

Please address all orders to:

Québec Family History Society,
Publications Committee,
P.O. Box 1026
Postal Station Pointe Claire,
Pointe Claire, Québec, H9S 4H9

1. Genealogical Books:

- Searching for Your Ancestors (American ancestors) by Gilbert H. Doane
\$2.25 plus \$0.70 postage
The Canadian Genealogical Handbook by Eric Jonason
\$14.00 plus \$1.60 postage
Discovering Your Family Tree (English ancestors) by David Iredale
\$2.50 plus \$1.55 postage

2. Tree Charts:

1. Ancestral Chart fan-shaped - 10 generations
\$3.00 plus \$0.70 postage.
2. Family Chart, aunts, uncles, cousins, 6 generations
\$3.00 plus \$0.70 postage.

3. Genealogical Forms:

1. Ancestral Lineage 5 generations
2. Family Group (husband, wife, children - details)
3. Biographical (blank sheets for narrative)
- | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------------|------|---------|--------|
| 25 sheets reg. paper | 1.25 | long-life paper | 2.50 | postage | \$0.70 |
| 50 sheets " " | 2.00 | " " | 3.50 | " " | \$1.05 |
| 100 sheets " " | 3.00 | " " | 6.00 | " " | \$1.65 |

4. Pens

- Long Life ink \$1.00 plus \$0.55 postage.

CORRECTION

In the December '83 edition of Connections, reference was made to KRYPTON PARCHMENT which may be purchased from the QFHS. the price should read: -

- 1000 sheets - 8½ x 11 - \$40.00
100 sheets - 8½ x 11 - \$ 6.00