

Connections

Journal of the Quebec Family History Society

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Winter 2016

Volume 38 Issue 2



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I must admit I was nervous. Canada Post had the first issue of the redesigned *Connections* for distribution and now I waited. I waited for the reaction from you, our readers. All the much appreciated kind words and constructive feedback I received instantly motivated me to start work on the second issue

that you are now reading.

In addition to your suggested improvements, the Redesign team had a few remaining ideas to incorporate. Here are some of the improvements you will find in this issue:

- Reformatted pages to minimize white space in the margins.
- Consolidation of various topics under the Technology section.
- Introduction of a new section called Research Tips where we identify tools, techniques, and methodologies to help you in your genealogical quests.
- Introduction of a new column in the Library section called Hidden Treasures that identifies gems in our Library hidden in plain sight.

This issue identifies two new services offered to members. Starting in March, Tim Fain will lead a Writing Group the first Tuesday of every month to assist members interested in writing their family histories. I hope some of these stories will make it to *Connections*! The Brick Wall Group will meet on the second Tuesday of the month where Q.F.H.S. research experts will assist members to scale the brick wall that impedes the progress of their research project.

I want to thank Cheryl Cornacchia who interviewed Beverly Renaud for the story "A poet in my Family". A former news reporter and feature writer for the *Montreal Gazette* and the *West Island Gazette*, Cheryl graciously offered her services for this issue. If you have a story to tell but cannot put the words on paper, drop the *Connections* team a note, and together we will help develop your story.

I look forward to your continued participation in *Connections*. Thanks to you, we have some wonderful stories in this issue and lots of genealogical tips. Happy reading!



Quebec Family History Society

The Quebec Family History Society was founded in 1978 and incorporated in 1988. It is located at 173 Cartier Avenue, Pointe-Claire, Quebec, Canada.

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Annual Q.F.H.S. membership is due August 1.

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Tracking the Story of My Irish Grandfather

By Anne Goulding Joseph

The families of both my parents chose to retire from the midlands of England to Rhyl on the north coast of Wales. It was here that my parents met and married in 1929. They made their home in Portsmouth on the south coast of England.

The alarming antics of Hitler throughout the 1930s turned the first decade of my parents' marriage into an increasingly worrisome time, but they nonetheless took part in an enjoyable life and welcomed the arrival of their two daughters. We stayed in Portsmouth throughout the first 15 months of WW2 and my memories as a five year old were of watching dog-fights during the Battle of Britain and dealing with air raids, the first of which was on 11 July 1940. We went to Rhyl in late 1940 to celebrate Christmas, followed by my sixth birthday while waiting for my ex-Royal Navy father, John Goulding, to take up a new, one-year job at the Admiralty in Bath. We returned to Portsmouth in late 1941.

“Timing and circumstances are everything.”

Getting Hooked on Family History

Timing and circumstances are everything. On this late 1940 visit, when everyone's senses were heightened, my father took me with him whenever he had conversations with his sisters. In this manner, as a listening but silent spectator, I began to understand the reality of wartime life.

As soon as the Goulding siblings finished dealing with serious matters, they lightened the mood with joyous recollections from the past. Up to that time, I had believed our family totalled just 12 people, all English. Suddenly I learned that my grandfather was Irish, my father was the youngest of a much larger family, that I had half a dozen or so uncles, and I didn't know any of them. This was exciting and I wanted to know more. Of course, I didn't recognize it at the time, but I now know this is when I was first hooked on family history.

From this rather sombre wartime beginning, these late night gatherings for reminiscing caught on and continued whenever we were all together in

Rhyl. The secretive aunts held back much of the past, even from their youngest sibling, my father, which infuriated him. Nonetheless, the stories kept piling up on one another and always fascinated me. The sessions ended when my father died in 1958, but even though my interest in the Goulding family never waned, somehow or other I didn't get around to doing very much about it for the next 42 years.

On 31 March 2000, I received a letter from a gentleman who introduced himself as Peter Matthews, a grandson of James Goulding of Tarporley in Cheshire, who in turn was a son of Martin Goulding of Ireland.

Peter and his cousin, John Goulding, also a grandson of James Goulding, were researching the history of the Goulding family, with emphasis on their great grandfather, Martin Gould-



John Goulding (1887-1958) and his five sisters in Rhyl, 1929.

ing. They wondered if I would be interested in helping out. I was so excited that I picked up the phone and called Peter right away.

Rule Number One - Talk to Anyone Who May Know Anything

Talk or exchange letters with all the relatives and friends you can track down, then keep and compare notes. It turned out that Peter and John knew more about Martin Goulding's sons, who by and large remained in Tarporley, and I knew far more about Martin's daughters. I was particularly close to three of my aunts and we exchanged letters over the years, many of which I kept. Peter and John did the legwork in the area, while I concentrated on letter writing and making my first forays into internet research.

Rule Number Two - Review What You Have and Plan the Next Step

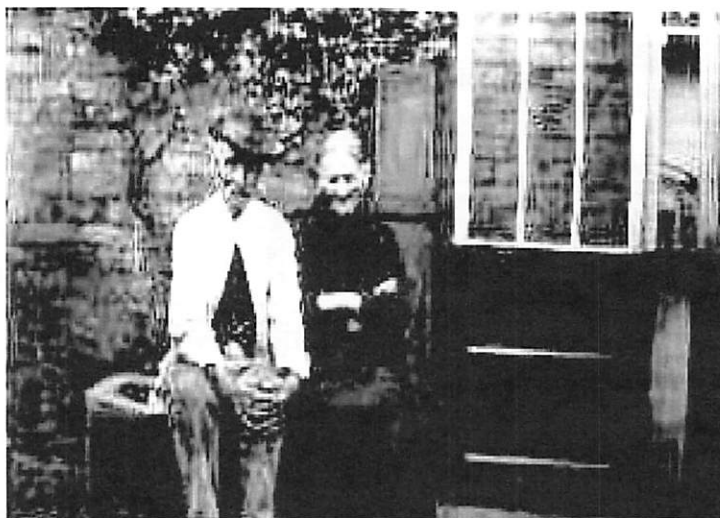
Two years later, in 2002, I flew over to England and spent a lot of time with Peter and John visiting many people and places. We included churchyards around Cheshire, and of course archives and libraries.

I undertook to write the book we hoped would result from our research. I said I wanted to concentrate on Martin Goulding's life in both Ireland and Tarporley. We agreed that while facts and sources were critical, it simply would not be enough. We wanted to flesh it out with human-interest stories, and we each undertook to search out whatever we could find.

Rule Number Three - Bite Whatever Bullet Needs to be Bitten

Without access to some kind of hard copy documentation from any other source, it is all but impossible to claim absolute accuracy for events in the lives of an illiterate family from the village of Ballaghaderreen, Co. Mayo (now Co. Roscommon), Ireland, pre-1830, and to a lesser degree pre-1864, when civil registration began. And so, after another trip to Tarporley in 2004, I decided to go the professional route and submitted my request in August 2004 to the County Roscommon Heritage and Genealogy Company Ltd. Eight months went by before I received the reply in April 2005.

The six-page report did not help much. Martin was born in 1829-1830 (from the age on his gravestone and several census reports), and the parish records did not begin until 1851, with civil registration following in 1864. As for marriage records



Probably Martin Goulding (c. 1829-1891) and his mother c. 1890.

for Martin's parents, the parish records did not begin until 1830, with civil registration following in 1864. Again, too late. We got lucky with the death record of Martin's mother in 1891. We knew Martin's father was alive in 1862 (from the marriage certificate of Martin and Catherine), so presumably he died between then and 1864, when civil registration began. By now, I knew quite a lot about Martin's life in Tarporley and Rhyl, and had just about all the facts we were likely to be able to verify through official records.

Sometimes you just have to go with what you have!

My grandfather, Martin Goulding, arrived in

England as an illiterate, penniless, teenage refugee from the Irish potato famine. After several very difficult years of hardship and tragedy, this young man unexpectedly became a widower facing the daunting prospect of how to care for his four young children. He remarried and not only became a successful businessman and extensive landowner, but with my grandmother, Catherine, also raised a bunch of enterprising and sometimes surprisingly

adventurous children.

Rule Number Three (again) - If Indicated, Bite Another Bullet

By this time, I knew my father was the youngest of Martin Goulding's 17 children (by two wives), 8 boys, and 9 girls, all but one of whom lived to maturity. Starting in 2005, I sent for birth, marriage, and death certificates for each of Martin's 17 children and their spouses. Yes, it is quite expensive, but the information on these certificates is absolutely amazing.

“Sometimes you just have to go with what you have!”

Rule Number Four - Search the Internet With Both Logic and Innovative Thinking

The internet research for my grandfather's Irish family records was frustrating, mostly because the events pre-dated record keeping. It was much easier with the later English internet research and, to my great joy, I discovered the Cheshire sites are excellent, thanks to the marvellous work done by countless volunteers under skillful direction. And there are many other sites covering all parts of England, with a focus on a particular subject. While the degree of success in searching does indeed depend on logic and innovative thinking, patience also helps.



Catherine Hanley Goulding (1842-1929) Rhyl c. 1920.

For example, finding Catherine Hanley Goulding's date of birth was a challenge. I knew my grandmother had been born between May 1842 and April 1843, based on a combination of bits of information on various documents, such as census re-

ports and birth, marriage and death certificates of various family members. So I tried using her father's name to find out about her.

Catherine's marriage certificate records her father as Michael Hanley, marine store dealer. After many false leads, I found a Michael Hanley, marine store dealer, who with his wife Elizabeth Brown Hanley, had 10 children, the fourth being named Catherine, born on 21 November 1842 in Great Boughton, Cheshire Co., England. This information came mostly from the Cheshire Non-Conformist Records 1671-1900, as well as the Cheshire BMD records and Census reports. This certainly seemed to be my grandmother, Catherine.

Staying with Michael Hanley, the story grew. BMD records showed Michael died, after which Elizabeth Brown Hanley married George Metcalf, also a marine store dealer in Great Boughton, in August 1856 at St. John's Church, Chester.

Moving on to census reports, in 1851 Catherine and her siblings were listed in the Hanley house-

hold, then in 1861, Catherine is missing from the list of her siblings in the Metcalf household, but appears as a housemaid at the Topham family home in Great Boughton. This just has to be my grandmother.

Then I found the clincher. In the London Gazette dated 4 June 1867, I found a copy of the entry by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy, which noted that when my grandfather Martin Goulding of Tarporley declared bankruptcy in 1867, the one who stood surety for him was none other than George Metcalf, marine store dealer in Great Boughton. Bingo! My grandmother's stepfather had come to the rescue of his stepson-in-law.

Searching the internet can be both the most frustrating and the most rewarding of pastimes. Time being the key. Oh my goodness, we'll not get into that! ■

*“Then I
found the
clincher.”*



Anne Joseph, born in England in 1935, arrived in Montreal in February 1959. She married a 7th generation Quebecer, William K. Joseph, and her book on his family was published in 1995 by Septentrion in St Foy, Quebec. Even though the stories emanating from research of the Joseph and Goulding families proved to be refreshingly different, the same search techniques applied: that is, logic and innovative thinking, aided by patience and good luck. Anne has been a member of the Q.F.H.S. for 20 years.

Finding Ancestors in Unusual Places

By Judy Gauthier

On October 15, 2015, my husband and I visited the Huronia Museum in Midland, Ontario. This place is well worth a visit! They have a reproduction of a Huron longhouse and a wonderful mini-museum inside. The museum consists of the museum building and the Huron/Ouendat Village. The museum is open year round and has nearly one million objects. Much more information can be found on their website <http://huroniamuseum.com/>.

While wandering through the museum, I came across this picture.



This early 20th century photograph shows the descendants of one of the early French settlers from Quebec, Charles Perreault and Julie Frennette. The family settled in Perkinsfield between 1839 and 1843. Source: Huronia Museum, image 2004.0015.0024. Used with permission from Geneviève Carter, Curator.

I then checked my family history database to see if I had any Perreault or Frennette ancestors. In my database, Perreault is spelled as Perrault. I had a Paul Perrault married to a Marie Cretien who are my ninth great-grandparents. Now, to see if Charles and Paul were related, I had to do more research. I often use a free website called *NosOrigines/Our Roots* at www.nosorigines.qc.ca. The following is from their mission statement (translated to English):

Généalogie du Québec's mission allows anyone who has roots in Quebec to register their descendants on their family page anytime free of charge. Therefore, together, we will make thousands of family trees available regardless of lineage, (we will make the links) right up to their respective ancestors. Généalogie du Québec has set itself an ambitious goal; they plan to build Quebec's Tree up to the first ancestors. To do this, your participation is essential. Généalogie du Québec is the only participatory and free website. You help us and we will help you. Our research has already led us to organize an interesting database consisting of births, marriages, and deaths that will help make your job easier when you decide to build your family tree. We have researched parish, cemeteries, and civil status registers. We already have information about the first settlers who founded prominent families mainly from the 17th and 18th century.

I then searched for Charles Perreault on this website and found him under Perrault. According to *The Tanguay Collection*, Perrault can be spelled many ways (Perrot, Perea, Perot, Perrault, Perraut, Perreau) – one of the joys of French-Canadian research. The website showed Charles was married to Julie Frenette, which indicated I had the correct couple. His father was Charles married to Marguerite Langlois. (There are hot links to parents and siblings, making it easier to add generations to your files.) His father was Nicolas married to Josephite Delisle, then Jacques married to Marie Madeleine Paquin, then Paul married to Marie Cretien!

Yes – I had this last couple in my database due to having previously recorded their son François married to Françoise Feuilleton. I added these new generations to my database and after the system calculated our relationship, I discovered the following:

Charles PERRAULT and Judith Mary GAUTHIER are third cousins seven times removed through the Gauthier, Lalonde, Aube, Godard, Therrien lines. Their common ancestors are Paul PERRAULT and Marie CRETIEN. And Charles PERRAULT and Judith Mary GAUTHIER are fifth cousins six times removed through the Gauthier, Lalonde, Aube, Godard, Therrien, Charbonneau, Gariepy, Godin, Boucher lines. Their common ancestors are Marin BOUCHER and Perrine MALLET.

To ensure the data was valid, I then used *The Tanguay Collection* (I have the database on CD) and the *Programme de recherche en démographie historique (PRDH)* to confirm the relationships. I also used the following websites to confirm information:

www.fichierorigine.com - A free website containing a directory of French emigrants acts and foreigners who settled in Quebec since its origins to 1865. In French.

www.migrations.fr - A free website, in French, containing a wealth of information on French migrations, the Carignan Regiment, Kings' Daughters, biographies, ships from France and their passenger lists, etc.

Searching www.ancestry.ca, I found Charles and Julie were married February 8, 1831, in Ste-Anne-de-la-Pérade, Quebec. Their son, Zéphirin was born July 16, 1838, in St-Stanislas, Quebec – they moved to Ontario sometime after 1838. I then Googled “Perkinsfield” (where the family settled based on the caption under the photo) and found it is located near Midland, Ontario. Next summer, I plan to see if the log house is still there! So – Keep your eyes open while in museums – you never know what treasures you may find! By the way – if you are ever in this area, also visit the town of Penetanguishene – just north of Midland. Besides the wonderful waterfront and trail dedicated to Samuel de Champlain with statues (the Champlain-Wendat Rotary park), there is another Museum, the Penetanguishene Centennial Museum, which is well worth a visit. There are plaques of about 46 early French-Canadian settlers to the area with their names, approximate migration times, and their place of birth. My next project is to see if any of these settlers are ancestors also!

In addition, the museum has a genealogy room! However, you must book ahead, as there may be a fee to use the facilities. Visit www.pencenmuseum.com for more details. ■



Judy Gauthier has deep French Canadian roots and has found over 25 Fille Du Roi / Fille à Marier in her ancestry. She has written two books: “The Lalondes in Canada, especially Alfred Lalonde” and “Emery Gauthier – A Voyager, an Entrepreneur, and a Pioneer of Coniston, Ontario”. She has been a member of the Q.F.H.S. since 2004.

A Saint-Valentin Love Story



By Mark W. Gallop, U.E.

Located on the western shore of Lake Champlain just before it flows north into the Richelieu River, our family country house at Lacolle, Quebec, has been in the family for over 120

ones and those of the maids and coachmen are an integral part of our Lacolle history. One such story came back to me recently and a bit of genealogical sleuthing brought it to life.



"Idlewild", the Willis country house at Lacolle, Quebec, 1928

years. My great-grandfather purchased land from James Brisbin, a farmer of Loyalist descent, when he made a trip to the area to sell him a piano. The uninsulated clapboard house he built in 1906, replacing a smaller one, was equipped with bedrooms to accommodate a large family and hangers-on. A smaller bedroom accommodated the lady's maid while a similar one for the coachman was isolated from the rest of the second floor with narrow stairs from the kitchen. While summer country life was intended to be simpler than the social constraints of a prosperous Westmount household in the city, some paid help was desirable in the decades before electricity (which arrived at the property in 1941) and indoor plumbing.

An advantage of multi-generational ownership is that small scale histories are passed along. The oral stories are often as important as the written

I remember seeing a weathered older man hesitantly making his way down our driveway on a warm summer day when I was a teenager in the 1970s. He asked for my grandfather, who greeted him warmly, walked him around our property, and sat with him for a while. It was only after the man departed that my grandfather explained the visit and told us his story. The visitor was a retired farmer from the neighbouring village of Saint-Valentin. He was grieving the recent loss of his wife and was drawn to our property because it had been here that they had met. He wanted to revisit the site of that event and the summer that changed their lives. In the 1920s he had worked as a farm hand for a neighbouring farmer. His future wife had been my great-grandmother's maid and consequently spent the summer with her at Lacolle.

I bought myself a new bicycle last summer and

have been exploring more of the back roads around Lacolle. One day I found myself coming to the cross roads of what had been the postal settlement of Saint-Valentin, a stop on the St-Jean-sur-Richelieu to Rouses Point branch of the Grand Trunk Railway, with one Roman Catholic church, two stores, one hotel, and one butter and cheese factory, according to the 1908 *Lovell's Gazetteer*. I thought of the farmer's visit and my grandfather's story. As a long-time family historian, a wander through a cemetery is always a pleasant diversion, so I stopped to see if I could connect a gravestone to my memories. I knew I was looking for a wife who pre-deceased her husband sometime before my grandfather's death in 1992. I even remembered the farmer's first name as "Louis". I found a likely stone, and my mother later confirmed that "Gertrude" and "Louis" coincided with her memory of the story.



Louis was born in 1900, the son of Jean-Baptiste Grenon, a farmer from Saint-Valentin, and his wife, Virginie Trottier. According to the 1901 and 1911 censuses, he was the youngest of at least seven living children. Gertrude was born 50 kilometres to the north at Saint-Bruno-de-Montarville in 1903, also the daughter of a farmer, Arthur Cadieux, and his wife, Rose Anna Deslières, the



After three decades in the investment and financial services sector, Mark Gallop now devotes his time to historical research and writing. He is a Trustee of the Mount Royal Cemetery and a past President of the Atwater Library. Mark has been a Q.F.H.S. member since 1991.

eight child of fifteen reported in the 1911 census. Neither Louis nor Gertrude was living with their families in the 1921 census. Gertrude was almost certainly the 17 year-old "domestique" listed as working for a family not far from Saint-Bruno.

"His visit after her death spoke wordlessly to me of love, loss, and reminiscence."

The summer of 1927 was probably when Gertrude and Louis, working on neighbouring properties, met and fell in love. On September 8th of that year, they were married in the presence of both of their fathers listed in the parish register as witnesses. This was just a few days after Labour Day when the dock and boats would have been stored away in the barn, the furniture covered with sheets, and the windows boarded on the summer house. The marriage took place at the Lacolle parish church rather than at Saint-Bruno or Saint-Valentin where their families lived. While Gertrude's summer at Lacolle would normally have come to an end at Labour Day, Louis presumably had the harvest on the farm ahead of him. Another clue to the timing and location of the wedding is found in the baptism recorded on March 3, 1928 of "Marie Gertrude Thérèse, fille légitime de Louis Grenon, cultivateur, et de Gertrude Cadieux".

According to her tombstone, Gertrude died in 1977, fifty years after their marriage. Was this a happy and affectionate half century together? I like to imagine so. The image of Louis walking down our driveway has stayed with me for decades (although logic tells me he would have likely driven, as Saint-Valentin is a dozen kilometres away). Perhaps it echoed his visits to Gertrude on summer evenings in 1927, after the day's work on the farm was done, and the dinner dishes washed and dried in the summer house. His visit after her death spoke wordlessly to me of love, loss, and reminiscence. ■

A Poet In My Family

By Beverly Renaud née Johnson

My third great-grandfather Frank Johnson arrived in Canada in the 1850s after trying his hand at homesteading, first in New Zealand and later in Pembrokeshire, Wales.

With his wife Anne Meaton and three young sons, he decided to give homesteading in Canada a go. He settled on a tract of land outside Lennoxville in the county of Ascot in Quebec's Eastern Town-ship.

Frank Johnson was the first Johnson in my family to come to this country and I became fascinated with him years ago.

In the 1960s, I remember hearing stories about him from my aunts and uncles. Frank Johnson was a farmer and a poet, who became fairly well known in the late 1800s, the early years of Canada's nationhood. He was born in London, England and educated at Edinburgh University in Scotland. By all accounts, he came from a family of means. When he expressed interest in becoming an actor, his family balked and his grandfather paid his passage on a steamer around the world. He travelled two years before setting foot on land. I wanted to know more of this man.

In the early days, however, there was no Internet. My research was done by phone or at local libraries, Quebec's National Archives, the Quebec Family History Society, and the national archives in Sherbrooke. But I was lucky. Some people have old family letters. Others have journals. My ancestor left behind his poetry, several books of which recount large chapters of his adventurous life.

My first breakthrough came in the late 1970s. One of my aunts, Aunt Edna, then in her eighties, showed me her copy of *The Village of Merrow: Its Past and Present*, a 206-page epic verse by Frank Johnson. It was published by John Lovell in Mont-

real, 1876.

"I was still but a young man when I first passed through the Village of Merrow," it begins. Although set in the county of Guildford in the district of Surrey, England, the book depicts what would have been typical rural life in the 1800s and

highlighted how "the rich are very rich and the poor are very poor."

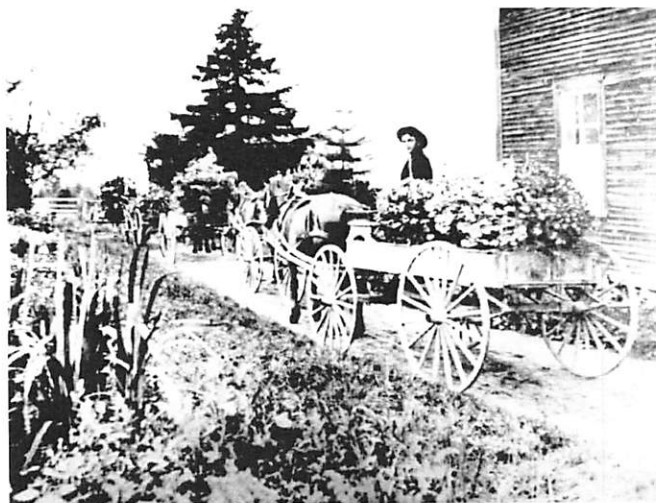
One of the most heartbreaking stories in the book is about a farmhand, who was unable to feed his family on his low wages and stole a pheasant from his employer. When the pheasant was discovered missing, authorities were called and a dog found the pheasant under the man's bed. The man was charged with theft and sen-

tenced to seven years in jail.

I decided to try to track down other books of his poetry for more insight into what he had observed. A lucky call to Barnes and Noble in New York City lead me to a small bookshop in Cobalt, Ontario. They had a copy of the *Village of Merrow*, the book I had already seen. But they told me there was something special about this copy. I ordered it and the cloth-bound book arrived two weeks later. Inside the front cover, there was a handwritten dedication "to Sir Sandford Fleming from Frank Johnson." It also bore the official stamp of Sir Sandford Fleming.

I was amazed to learn my ancestor had had some contact with Fleming, the Scottish born engineer who lived in Halifax and figured so prominently in early Canadian history. Among his achievements, he invented standard time, which was adapted worldwide in 1885.

And I was not finished there. I found a second



The Johnson homestead near Lennoxville in County Ascot in Quebec's Eastern Townships, circa 1920s



book written by Frank Johnson titled *Lashed to the Mizzen, A Night Off the Cape*, published in 1867. It is a long poem describing a trip Johnson took on the *Achilles* that sailed from London to New Georgia in the Solomon Islands. During that trip, the ship was caught up in a furious seven-day long storm off Africa's Cape of Good Hope. Passengers and seamen had to tie themselves to the mizzen (mast) to avoid being thrown overboard. I could hardly imagine what that would have been like. I was learning more than I ever thought possible about my ancestors' life.

A third book titled *Giles and Janey, the Kindly Gentleman* offered me even more insight. In this book, first published in 1867, Johnson writes colourfully about the trials of homesteading in Lower Canada in the 1800s. I especially enjoyed the portrayal of town life, including his depiction of the fast-talking merchants, who always seemed to come up with new schemes to take advantage of hard-working farmers.



“My simple, honest Sir,” said he, “you don’t seem to understand; You’re in the Eastern Townships, mind,—not in your native land; All things are here so different,—you really must show us some,—”

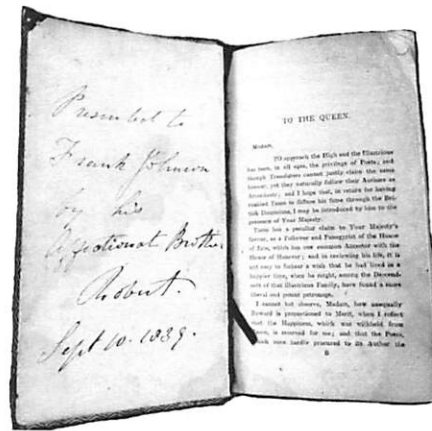
A pencil is between Billings here, a sliding office piece Is none, indeed, in many ways black about round the white; It takes, I know, a year or two to see this go in that right;

An illustration from one of Frank Johnson’s books, *“Giles and Janey”*, a depiction of 19th century village life.

But the real prize was a book of poetry not even written by Johnson. On a visit to Lennoxville, my cousin Allan gave me a copy of *Jerusalem Delivered* by the Italian poet Torquato Tasso. An epic poem first published in 1581, *Jerusalem Delivered* recounts the First Crusade that culminated in the conquest of Jerusalem by Christian armies in the 11th century.

The intimate inscription in the front cover of this tiny little book is what makes it so special to me. It reads: “Presented to Frank Johnson by his

affectionate brother Robert, Sept. 10, 1839.” The fact he had cherished this little book and carried it with him on his travels across the oceans – all the way from London to Lennoxville – makes him all the more real to me.



A book of poetry that once belonged to Frank Johnson. It was a gift from his older brother Robert, eight days before Johnson sailed from London to New Zealand in 1839.

I have his signature on various signed documents, including land records from the Eastern Townships and from New Zealand where he settled before coming to Canada. There is even a town there named after him, Johnsonville in the county of Wellington where he established a sawmill.

More recently, after finding the last will and testament of his mother, Marth Tovey, dated 1857, I discovered he also had five sisters – Martha, Grace Gumbrell, Catherine Wigzell, Amelia and Anne Rice as well as a brother. I was able to research a little about their lives. They were all accomplished as teachers, schoolmasters, and chemists.

I am still searching for a photograph of him. I have looked through old photos dating back to the turn of the last century taken at his homestead outside Lennoxville. There is no photo of Frank Johnson among those. However, I am convinced there must be a photograph out there somewhere since photography was invented during his lifetime.

Frank Johnson died in 1892 and is buried in the Universalist Church Cemetery in Huntingville, Quebec. My plan is to visit the Notman photographic archives at the McCord Museum to see if photos exist of him possibly taken in Montreal, for example, with Sir Sandford Fleming. ■



Beverly Renaud reads from her third great-grandfather Frank Johnson’s epic poem, *“The Village of Merrow, Its Past and Present”*. Beverly lives in Pointe-Claire, QC. She has been a member of the Quebec Family History Society since the late 1980s.

Willis Pianos, My Great-Grandfather and Some Genealogical Lessons

By Mark W. Gallop, U.E.



I had the pleasure of presenting the December 2015 Q.F.H.S. Saturday lecture and because the editorial team hopes to regularly provide extracts of monthly lectures for *Connections* readers, I was asked to write a summary of its content. This created a dilemma for me because the lecture was directly inspired by an extended article I wrote for the spring 2011 edition of *Connections*. To have that lecture then distilled into a second article seemed rather circular and a test of the patience of faithful *Connections* readers.

Instead, I would encourage those who were unable to attend the lecture, or did and want to learn more, to read the **Spring 2011 (volume 32, issue 2) *Connections*** article entitled, “The Dictionary of Canadian Biography, My Great-Grandfather and Me” and the more recently published biography of Alexander Parker Willis on the Dictionary of Canadian Biography website www.biographi.ca.

While the article and lecture were built around my family’s enterprise, Willis Pianos, and its founder, presented in the broader context of Montreal’s social, commercial and musical history, at the story’s heart is my own research journey and lessons learned while preparing the DCB biography.

The article highlighted a key lesson – **never underestimate the importance of religion if you wish to better understand your ancestors’ lives and motivations**. In our 21st century world, religion, if present at all, is generally considered a private affair. But religious distinctions could be sharp for past generations, within the same denomination as well as between faiths. In the case of my great-grandfather I discovered that an influence even overarching his own deep Anglican faith, was the Scottish Presbyterianism of his mother’s family and all their neighbours, as theirs was the only Church of England household in the Nova Scotia community where he was raised. I had to learn more about 19th century Presbyterian values to better understand him.

A second genealogical lesson was highlighted in the lecture but not the article as I only recently

learned that a term had been coined for it – the **F.A.N. Principle**. The acronym is short for

“Friends, Associates, Neighbours”.

The principle was named and systematized by the eminent American genealogist, Elizabeth Shown Mills and is also called “Cluster Research”. While time consuming, this research method can be the answer to cracking the toughest genealogical nuts, such as distinguishing between two individuals with the same name in the same location, or reconciling directly contradictory evidence. When direct sources under an ancestor’s name are missing or inconclusive, delving into the lives of his or her friends, associates, or neighbours

may bear fruit. In my own case, a turning point in my great-grandfather’s life was leaving the teaching profes-



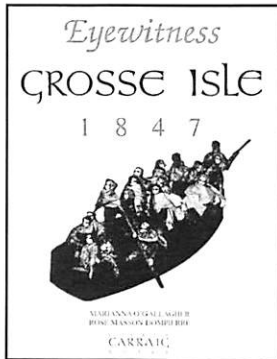
Alexander Parker Willis and his first wife Jeannie Burness Duncan—probably their wedding photograph in 1876.

sion in Nova Scotia and making his way to Montreal as a “commercial traveller”. But 20th century references to this transition varied the dates of departure and arrival by almost a decade, and I could find few contemporary references to his movements in the 1870s. I had greater success researching the life of his stated travelling companion, Daniel Miner Stearns, allowing me to establish likely dates to the satisfaction of the DCB editors.

The F.A.N. principle can also assist more casual research, when examining census entries where they can be viewed in their original format. For example, what were their neighbours’ occupations, family structures, and economic circumstances? Taking a few extra minutes to read about the households surrounding your family’s entry can give a better sense of the context in which they lived. Montreal researchers can get similar assistance from the Lovell’s Directories (bibnum2.banq.qc.ca/bna/lovell/) via the Street listings. Once you have an address from the Alphabetical Directory section, go to the Street Directory section to get a sense of the neighbourhood and to review the neighbours and their occupations. ■

Eyewitness Grosse Isle 1847

By Jacques Gagné



This superb book begins with a map of Ireland indicating the cities that sent 10 or more ships of immigrants to Quebec in 1847. It also includes records of those immigrants who stopped at the island of Grosse Isle, Quebec. In 1847, the number of ships leaving the counties of Ireland was Limerick (53 ships), Cork (33 ships), Belfast (32 ships), Dublin (27 ships), Sligo (27 ships), and Londonderry (18 ships).

The idea of the book by Marianna O'Gallagher and Rose Masson Dompierre was born a few years ago while they were reading letters written by the chaplains of the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle to their superiors during the summer of 1847. They present this book as their contribution to the commemoration of the famine years in Ireland (1845-1849). The famine drove people to emigrate from

both Ireland and Scotland and thousands came to Canada via the Saint Lawrence River.

"In such a world-shaking event as a nation's starvation, fables, myths, and legends are bound to appear surrounding the horrendous reality, and when the victims of that famine land on a faraway shore, the legends flourish. In order to present a full portrait of the dramatic events that unfolded at Grosse Isle, and in order to distinguish between myth and reality, this book will be the forum where eyewitnesses speak. The priests' letters, little known until today, but which are very significant, contain descriptions of everyday occurrences, prevailing conditions at "the Quarantine" in 1847. The situation proved to be dramatic and arduous, and the missionaries, faced with the spiritual and physical needs of the immigrants, felt powerless and besieged. Very soon their letters elicited response from many quarters, a response which in turn bears witness."

Quote from Marianna O'Gallagher, Rose Masson Dompierre, November 14, 1994

Excerpts from registers, letters, diaries, and official records help document the enormous task the staff of the island faced, along with the many volunteers who came to treat the patients or provide comfort. Here is an excerpt from the book:

Page 74 - Rev. Armine W. Mountain, Church of England, Acting Chaplain Quarantine Station wrote: *"Buried: Meek, Catherine, daughter of James Meek, mason, late of the parish of Whiteburn, County Linlithgow, Scotland, and of France, by her maiden name Somerville, his wife, aged two years, died on the twenty-second and was buried on the twenty-fourth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, by me - Armine W. Mountain - Present: Robert Armstrong, Joh X. Armstrong."*

Book Information

Authors: Marianna O'Gallagher, Rose Masson Dompierre

Print Length: 432 pages

Publisher: Livres Carraig Books of Sainte-Foy, Quebec, Publication Date: 1994

Sold by: Amazon.ca \$74.98 paperback, Amazon.com \$48.50

Language: English

ISBN-10: 096908059X, ISBN-13: 978-0969080596

Q.F.H.S. Ref #: HG-154.9 063



After his retirement from the music industry, Jacques Gagné developed a passion for genealogy that has never abated, including creating compilations of Church records in Quebec, The Irish in Quebec, The Native Peoples of Quebec, The Loyalists in Quebec, The People of Gaspé, The Huguenots, and How To Find Your Ancestors in France. Jacques has been a Q.F.H.S. member since 2001 and lives in Pointe-Claire, Quebec.

L EXICON

By Lorraine Gosselin

This lists some French words you may encounter on the website of Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec at www.banq.qc.ca or in French-language BMD documents or census records. The focus is mainly on those terms that have no obvious similarity to English words, or those that are now rare or have a different use today.

Baptisms and marriages:

Ondoyé/ée on a baptismal document

This question arises quite often – it means baptized but under special circumstances: the baptism was done by a lay person, no priest being available, and those present fearing that the person (usually a newly-born baby) might die before a priest could perform the baptism. It is not a family name!

Why repeat the French word for priest twice in French BMD documents?

In baptism, marriage, and death records, you will see the priest's name followed by "prêtre curé". Why? Prêtre is priest of course, but in this case it specifies a *secular* priest, i.e. one who does not belong to a particular religious organization. If he did, the initials of the organization would be here instead of "prêtre"; if he was a Jesuit priest, for example, the initials s.j. would follow his name (for *Société de Jésus*). The second term, "curé" means he's also the parish priest. This custom is still in use today, if you examine the weekly bulletins of Catholic parishes.

Parrain, marraine

On baptismal documents, the godparents: godfather, godmother. Often, it might be the grandparents, or someone of importance who is honoring the family.

Veille

The eve. Seen on birth and death documents. Ex. "né la veille" the child was born yesterday. (Note it is not "vieille" which means old.)

Avant veille

The day before the eve, i.e. two days ago. Ex. "mort l'avant veille", deceased two days ago.

Prône

The *prône* is the announcement made at the end of a Catholic mass when the priest mentions events to come, such as wedding bans.

Dispense

Three bans or announcements were required before a marriage was performed, although most couples obtained a *dispensation* for two of them and this was noted in the marriage record, often in the form "*la dispense de deux bans de mariage ayant été accordée ...*"

Veuf, veuve

Widower, widow. Ex. in a second marriage, or a burial "*veuf de feu Marie Martin ...*" literally widower of the late Marie Martin ... Note that the male « veuf » is translated by the longer word "widower".

Thanks to Johanne Gervais for supplying some of the suggestions ... and, of course, anyone can send us more to research and define. Next issue: various occupations and what they mean today.

Quebec Marriage Licence Bonds

1872-1969



By Gary Schroder

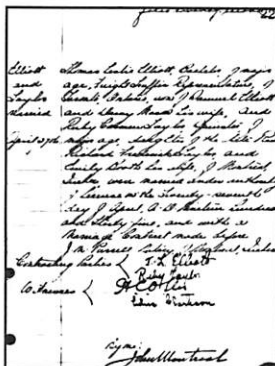
The Q.F.H.S. Library has recently purchased the indexes to marriage licence bonds for the province of Quebec for the period 1872-1969. They are now loaded on the Q.F.H.S. computers. These indexes will give you the reference and box numbers to order the actual marriage licence bond and other attached documents from the Quebec City branch of the Archives Nationales du Québec. The Quebec Ministry of Finance had these important historical documents and turned them over to the Archives in 2006. A dedicated team of volunteers from La Société de Généalogie de Québec, with assistance from other organizations, created these wonderful modern indexes.

There are separate indexes for both grooms and brides. The indexes also list the name of a previous marriage partner. These records relate almost exclusively to couples who were non-Catholic as Roman Catholic marriages were generally published by banns. In the case of a marriage licence bond, the groom would go to a Minister or another recognized legal official with one or two people to act as sureties that knew him (a bond) and to confirm there was no impediment to him getting married. The groom would obtain a marriage licence then get married a few days later. This means that from 1872 to 1925 there may be two documents for a non-Catholic marriage 1) a marriage certificate and 2) marriage license bond documents. Starting in 1932, there is an additional document annexed indicating among other things the names of the parents. If a groom or a bride were divorced, a copy of the divorce judgement may be attached and if one of the parties were under age, a consent form signed by the parent or parents might also be attached.

There were Protestants who got married by banns; however, you will not find them in these indexes. My unofficial survey of my non-Catholic relatives who got married in Quebec indicates that about 80% are in these marriage licence bond indexes.

The Quebec Marriage Licence Bond Indexes for 1872-1969, which refer to over 200,000 licences, are not to be confused with the collection of almost 3,000 marriage bonds for Lower Canada from 1779 to 1858 held by Library and Archives Canada.

Jackie Billingham has kindly consented to let us use three sets of documents she ordered from the Archives from information she found in these indexes. These are for her relatives - Thomas Leslie Elliott and his wife Ruby Carmen Taylor who were married in 1935. Don't be surprised if your relatives lied slightly about their age.



Marriage certificate from Montreal
Trinity Memorial Anglican Church.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC - PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC	
STATISTICAL RETURN OF MARRIAGE	
1. PLACE OF MARRIAGE (City, town, village, or hamlet)	
2. DATE OF MARRIAGE (Month, day, year)	
3. NAMES OF THE PARTIES	
3.1 Groom (Name, age, date of birth, place of birth, occupation)	3.2 Bride (Name, age, date of birth, place of birth, occupation)
4. NAMES OF WITNESSES	
5. NAME OF MINISTER OR OFFICIAL	
6. SIGNATURE OF MINISTER OR OFFICIAL	
7. SIGNATURE OF GROOM	
8. SIGNATURE OF BRIDE	
9. SIGNATURE OF WITNESSES	
10. SIGNATURE OF MINISTER OR OFFICIAL	

Marriage registration form.

No. 1594

MARRIAGE LICENCE BOND

of
Thomas Leslie Elliott
Bride
Ruby Carmen Taylor
Mary Coleman Taylor

20th day of April 1935

One of _____ Bonds received from
Date _____
at _____ 1935

Marriage Licence Bond.

She ordered in total 5 marriage license bond documents from the Quebec City Branch of the Archives Nationales. She received the documents by email and the total cost of the 17 pages of documents was only \$5.00 including all taxes. She used her credit card to pay for the copies. You will need to use the index first before ordering documents from the Archives at archives.quebec@banq.qc.ca. ■

Note: Some of this information came from an article written in French by Julien Burns in the Fall Issue 2006 of the magazine *L'Ancêtre* which is the magazine of La Société de Généalogie de Québec.

The Anglophone Presence in Northern Quebec Their Churches

By Jacques Gagné

If you are looking for churches of Anglophones in Northern Quebec, check out Jacques Gagné's compilation located on the Q.F.H.S. website, **Members Only** section, under Gagné Collections → Settlements, Communities and Cultures → [Anglo Presence in Northern Quebec](#).

The following is just the tip of the iceberg – one county from over 100 in Northern Quebec on which he has researched and compiled information.

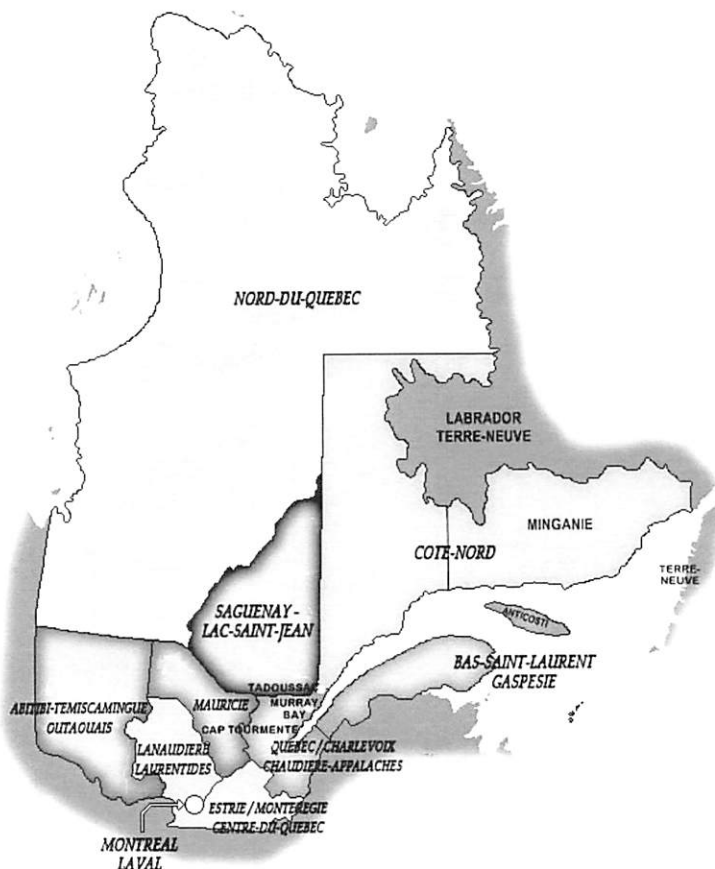
The basis of Jacques' information is from a book compiled and researched by Réal Doyle and published by the Société de généalogie de Québec titled *Répertoire des baptêmes, mariages et sépultures de la Minganie, de la Basse Côte-Nord et du Sud du Labrador 1847-2006*. Over the last 30 years, Mr. Doyle and his fellow volunteer researchers have been trying to locate church documents related to baptisms, marriages, and burials of Northern Quebec. The following is an adaptation in part of Mr. Doyle's text, touching upon the people and the protestant churches and missions of this vast territory.

Northumberland County

Northumberland County was a 1791 county stretching from Cap Tourmente (just east of Quebec City) to the Labrador border along the north shore of the St. Lawrence. It was later replaced by Charlevoix, Saguenay, and Nouveau Quebec counties. The settlements of Murray Bay and Tadoussac were the centres of the British presence in this territory in the 1790s and early 1800s.

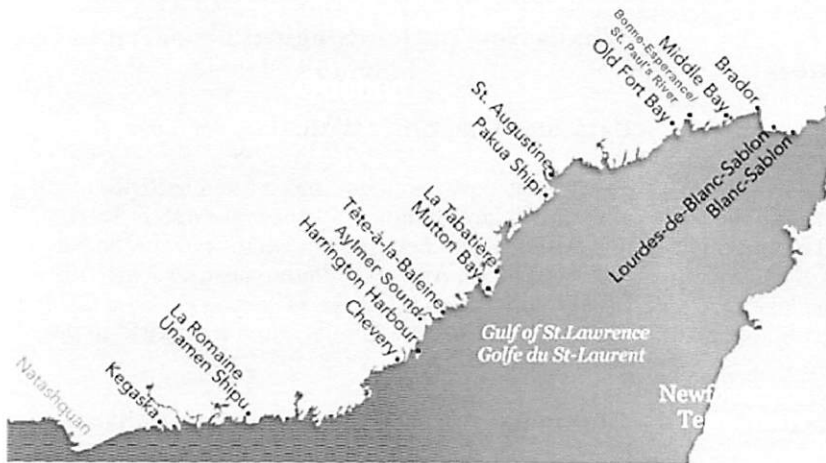
The Côte-Nord (North Shore of the St. Lawrence River) has long been divided in sub-regions, one being Minganie also known as Moyenne Côte Nord or Mid-North Shore, the latter includes towns and villages between the municipalities of Rivière au Tonnerre and Natashquan. Mostly made up of Francophones who emigrated from Îles-de-la-Madeleine and the Gaspé Peninsula during the 19th century, the Island of Anticosti is included in the regional district of Minganie.

The region's first European settlers were fur traders from New France and immigrants from the British Isles including Scottish, Irish, British, and Channel Islanders from Jersey and Guernsey. Other settlers to this region included Acadians from New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and of the Gaspees (Gaspé).



RESEARCH TIPS

The residents of Basse-Côte-Nord and the region of Southern Labrador were and continue to be mostly Anglophones.



A large number of church registers including baptisms, marriages, and burials were either lost or destroyed by fire. Such was the case of the parish registers of the Church of Scotland. A church fire in Harrington Harbour in 1973 destroyed Presbyterian records for the region, including most likely the church documents of the United Church. Other Protestant denominations on the Lower North Shore for which church registers were never found, were the Congregational Church in the town of Bonne-Espérance during the 1860s and 1870s.

Based on comments by Mr. Doyle, it appears that some of the Methodist

church register documents related to baptisms, marriages, and burials are kept within the vaults of some of the United Churches of the Gaspé Peninsula. Mr. Doyle does not mention the exact church or churches in question (most likely among those of the Methodist Mission of Cap-aux-Os).

It is conceivable that Methodist and Presbyterian Missionaries first visited the region of the Lower North Shore from Gaspé and as such, the records could be found either in Lennoxville (ETRC) or Sherbrooke (BANQ) or perhaps at one of the United Church Pastoral Charge in the Gaspé Peninsula.

The church records from the towns of Kegaska, Chevery, and Aylmer Sound in the region of the Lower North Shore, are part of the records of Harrington Harbour, as are the United Church records. Anglican Church records from La Tabatière and Saint Augustine in the Lower North Shore can be found among the records of Mutton Bay. Anglican records from Brador Bay and Old Fort Bay are part of the records of Rivière Saint-Paul (St. Paul's River). Forteau, in Southern Labrador, has the United Church and Anglican records for most villages of Southern Labrador. Birth, baptism, and burial records indicate that families moved about between the Lower North Shore of Quebec and the Southern Labrador regions, not always staying where they first settled or were born.

The work of Mr. Doyle is the first comprehensive attempt to shed light on a region of Quebec and Southern Labrador unknown by most genealogy researchers, at least those of Southern Quebec. The books in question can be found at the Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec on Viger Street in Montreal in the main library section under the #3050A and #3050B. ■

James Cuthbert, the descendant of an old aristocratic Scottish family, was born around 1719 in Scotland. He was a member of James Murray's staff at Quebec. He left the army in 1765 and bought the seigneurie of Berthier-en-haut, Berthier County, located between Montreal and Trois-Rivières on the north shore of the St-Lawrence, where he had a manor house built. Between 1770 and 1781, he acquired Du Sablé, known as Nouvelle-York, and part of Lanoraie, Dautré, and Maskinongé.

Between 1786 and 1787 Cuthbert, a Presbyterian, built St Andrew's Church at Berthier-en-haut, the first Protestant church erected in the colony!

Cover Photo

Berthier en haut, the first Protestant Church in Lower Canada, by Henry Richard S. Bunnett. McCord Museum.



Seminars 2016

Cost: \$20.00 for Members, \$25.00 Non-Members **When:** Saturdays 1:00 p.m. to 3:00 p.m.

Shamrocks Are Us: How To Find Your Irish Ancestors

Date: March 5, 2016 **With:** Gary Schroder

Explore the new genealogical resources that are available for Ireland and Northern Ireland! Learn how to use the websites of the National Archives of Ireland, The National Library of Ireland, the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland, and websites with the most Irish genealogical records. Plus learn about the Irish materials available in the Q.F.H.S.

Self-publish Your Books on Amazon

Date: April 2, 2016 **With:** Johanne Gervais

Publish your words your way! Find out how to self-publish your book on Amazon.ca FREE and to make your dream come true. Johanne will lead you through a step-by-step process.

Exploring the BANQ Website

Date: May 14, 2016 **With:** Lorraine Gosselin

If you missed Lorraine's presentation at Roots 2015 last June, she's ready to give it again, with additional information and insights added since then. Participants will also receive a one-page lexicon of French-to-English terms useful when reading French BMS records and census pages.

What's New in Genealogical Research in England and Wales

Date: March 19, 2016 **With:** Gary Schroder

Every year more and more information becomes available that relates to family history research in England and Wales. Come and find out what's new in the National Archives, Ancestry, Findmypast, Probate Office, Local County Record Offices, Genealogical Societies in the British Isles, and FamilySearch from 2016 to the Middle Ages.

How to Use Ancestry, Findmypast, FamilySearch ...

Date: April 30, 2016 **With:** Gary Schroder

Ancestry, Findmypast, FamilySearch and other major genealogical websites have so many databases and features that people may never use or realize. Come and discover all the wonderful information available on these websites.

How To Use MyHeritage Family Tree Builder

Date: May 28, 2016 **With:** Johanne Gervais

Looking for a Family Tree software? This seminar will introduce the features and benefits of using Family Tree Builder to build your family tree. Johanne will also provide a quick tour through the various options in the Family Tree Builder interface.

What's New in British and Canadian Military Records 1760-1945

Date: June 18, 2016 **With:** Gary Schroder

Explore the new developments in the world of military genealogy from the 18th century until the end of World War II.

Upcoming FREE Public Lectures

When: Saturdays 10:30 a.m.

Place: Briarwood Presbyterian Church Hall, 70 Beaconsfield Blvd., Beaconsfield

Canadians in the American Civil War, 1861-1865

Date: March 12, 2016

Speaker: Robert McLachlan of the Greys and Blues of Montreal re-enactment group

Approximately 40,000 of our British North America ancestors enlisted, approximately 36,000 on the Federal side and 4,000 on the Confederate side. Over 5,000 were killed or seriously wounded.

Digitizing and Preserving Documents, Photos, etc.

Date: April 9, 2016

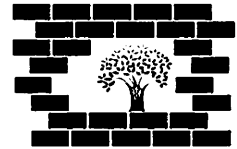
Speaker: Gerry Matthews, of Micromatt Canada

Don't know what to do with those old family photos, letters, and documents? Gerry Matthews will talk about how to preserve your family's treasured documents.



Brick Wall Interest Group

For Q.F.H.S. members only



Time: 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.

Place: Quebec Family History Heritage Centre

Dates: The second Tuesday of each month beginning March 8, 2016

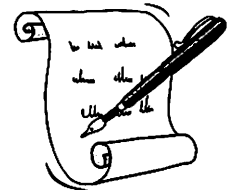
Cost: FREE

Hit a brick wall in your research? Gary Schroder will lead the Group with the assistance of Jacques Gagné, Johanne Gervais, Rodney Heather, Deborah Robertson, and other Q.F.H.S. experts to help you overcome your research blockage.

Stop banging your head against a brick wall—bring your problems to us!

Writing Group

For Q.F.H.S. members only



Time: 1:00 p.m. to 3:00 p.m.

Place: Quebec Family History Heritage Centre

Dates: The first Tuesday of each month beginning March 1, 2016

Cost: FREE

Leader: Tim Fain has been conducting popular Creative Writing Workshops in Beaconsfield, Côte Saint-Luc, Saint Laurent, Pointe-Claire and Hudson Libraries since 1995.

From family histories to personal reflections, this workshop will take you through the steps needed to unleash your writing talent and help you organize your information. Workshops are more an interactive experience than a formal course.

Bring your work to share with the group!

Special Events

Irish Heritage Day

Date: Wednesday April 20, 2016

Time: 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Place: Quebec Family History Heritage Centre

Cost: Free Everyone is welcome and no donations of Irish Whiskey will be turned away

Come and discover the excellent resources that are available in the Quebec Family History Society's library for genealogical research in Ireland and Northern Ireland. Come and meet the Irish Genealogical experts who can answer your Irish questions.

Tour of Montreal's Mount Royal and Notre-Dame-des-Neiges Cemeteries

Date: Sunday May 22, 2016

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. Bring a Lunch

Cost: Free but donations to the Q.F.H.S. are appreciated

Tour Starts 10:00 a.m. Front Gate of Mount Royal Cemetery, 1297 Chemin de la Foret, Outremont

Mount Royal and Notre-Dame-des-Neiges Cemeteries, opened in the 1850s, are two of the largest cemeteries in Canada and also two of the most beautiful. Discover the final resting places of some of Canada's most famous residents!

Wine Tasting

Date: Friday June 10, 2016

Time: 7:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. **Place and Cost:** TBA

Please join us for a wonderful night of wine tasting with Nathalie Purchio (accredited member of the Canadian Association of Professional Sommeliers). Discover Italy, a country known for its deep-rooted wine making culture & tradition. Learn the broad strokes of wine tasting while exploring its most reputable wine making regions. Taste delectable wines appreciated the world over and impress friends with new and exciting food & wine pairing combinations.

Dear Genie

Your questions answered by the Q.F.H.S. Experts

Q: What is a GEDCOM file? What can you do with it?

A: GEDCOM is an acronym standing for **Genealogical Data Communication**. It was developed by The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (LDS Church) as an aid to genealogical research. A GEDCOM file contains genealogical information about individuals and the links to tie the records together. Most genealogy software support importing from and exporting to a GEDCOM format. A GEDCOM file is identified by the file type “.ged”.

Creating a GEDCOM file is a method of formatting your family tree data into a text file so it can be easily read and converted by any genealogy software program. Creating a GEDCOM file will not affect your family tree. Instead, it creates a second file in the GEDCOM format. The exact steps needed to create a GEDCOM file will vary slightly depending on the family tree software package you are using.

The following instructions provide the basic process for creating a GEDCOM file.

1. In your genealogy software program, open the family tree you want to create as a GEDCOM file.
2. Click the **FILE** drop-down menu.
3. Select **SAVE AS** or **EXPORT GEDCOM** from the menu. A new file window will display. Note: The option you select will depend on the software application you are using.
4. Select the location on your computer where you want to save the file or follow the instructions for the **EXPORT GEDCOM**.
5. In the **SAVE AS TYPE** drop-down menu, click the GEDCOM or GED selection.
6. Enter the name of the file in the **FILE NAME** field.
7. Click the **SAVE** button.
8. If an export confirmation window displays, click the **OK** button. The family tree is now saved on your computer as a GEDCOM file.
9. You can now email this file to family members, friends, or fellow researchers.

To read a GEDCOM file:

1. Open your genealogy software.
2. Click the **FILE** drop-down menu.
3. Select **IMPORT** or **IMPORT GEDCOM**.
4. Follow the **IMPORT** instructions.

Sharing family trees has never been so simple!

Q: I have been researching for awhile and keep my findings in several notebooks. I would like to purchase a genealogy software program to improve my efficiency but how do I know which one to choose?

A: A number of companies offer genealogy software to help organize information about ancestors, create reports, and share findings online. All of them will serve your basic needs. But you only need ONE. So what is the best genealogy software? It depends on what features are most important to you, how much you want to spend, and how sophisticated you want your database to be.

Before you rush out and install the first genealogy software program you come across, you should determine what you want and expect from the software. Here are some points to consider:

Storage and charts

- How will you use the information you input into your database?
- Do you want to produce sophisticated family tree charts?
- Do you want to store photos, sound bites, and video clips?
- Do you want to record names, dates, and basic information plus print out very simple charts?
- Do you want to cite your sources and make notes to record family stories?

Sharing your data

- Do you want to share your database with other researchers? (GEDCOM compatibility)
- Do you want to create web pages that relatives and researchers can view?
- Do you want to produce a book of your family's history?
- Do you want to email a portable document format (PDF) of your tree to relatives and other researchers?

Analysis

- What kind of reports would you like to produce?
- Do you want to search your data based on your own criteria such as, how many of your ancestors were farmers or how many were born in England?

You

- How computer savvy are you?
- Are you easily frustrated by programs that are not intuitive?
- How long does it take you to become comfortable with a new software program?
- Do you like reading the instruction manual to discover all the features of new programs?

Recommendation

Most of the top genealogy software manufacturers offer a 30-day free trial period in which you can try out their program. This is an excellent way of finding out if a software program suits you and if it satisfies your needs.

Wikipedia shows a comparison of over 30 different genealogy software programs. They are listed in alphabetical order not by rank. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_genealogy_software

How to decide which one is right for you? According to recent surveys, the most popular programs (excluding Ancestry's Family Tree Maker) are Legacy Family Tree, Roots Magic, Family Historian, Ancestral Quest, Heredis, and Family Tree Builder.

Take a look at Lorraine's viewpoint on Legacy Family Tree in the Genealogical Software section.

The Quebec Family History Society has several copies of MyHeritage Family Tree Builder Version 7.0 on CD.

Family Tree Builder™
Exceptional family history software

Family Tree Builder™ Version 7.0
Exceptional family history software packed with powerful features

- Easy to use**
Directly import GEDCOM files and many other genealogy formats.
- Smart Matching™**
Match your tree to relatives of others & discover new relatives!
- Smart Family Photos**
Add photos, film scans, and videos; tag them in photos & video.
- Private Family Site**
Publish your family tree, user and share it with your family, relatives, neighbors.
- Automatic face tagging**
The world's only genealogy software with face recognition technology, matches your photos.
- Supports 48 languages**
23 regional trees and charts, automatic name translations.
- Maps**
Discover your ancestors' origins, enhance your family tree.
- Charts to make you proud**
Create, customize and print beautiful charts and reports, view all-ance charts.

© 2014 MyHeritage Ltd.
www.myHeritage.com

Drop by the Q.F.H.S.
to get your FREE
copy!

Q: All my genealogy data is on Family Tree Maker. With Ancestry's latest announcement what should I do?

A: In December 2015, Ancestry.com announced they will stop selling their Family Tree Maker desktop software as of December 31, 2015 **but will continue supporting it at least through January 1, 2017**. This support includes product issues and technical issues.

Ancestry is exploring possible relationships with other desktop software solutions that would make it possible for their products to integrate with Ancestry. And they are exploring options to bring more reports and related functionality from Family Tree Maker into the online service.

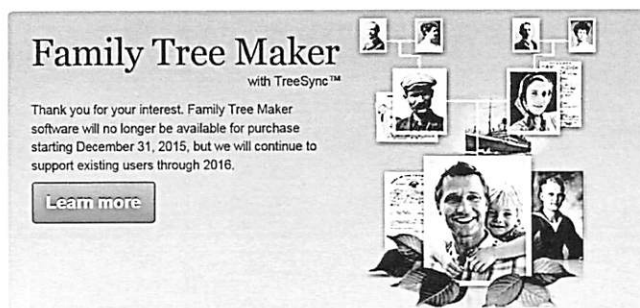
After January 1, 2017, features that require connectivity to Ancestry, such as TreeSync, uploading and downloading trees and media, and Web Search, may no longer be supported. Most Family Tree Maker features are designed to work offline, and should continue to function. Some exceptions, such as an operating system update on your computer, may cause the functionality to break or if you purchase a new computer your version of Family Tree Maker may not be compatible.

A very important point Ancestry states on their website is that you will be able to access your Family Tree Maker data through the desktop software beyond Jan. 1, 2017; however, over time there will be a **gradual degradation of features**. They did not specify what features or what the degradation will entail.

Changing from a genealogy software package that you are comfortable with and one that contains all your research work is not an easy decision. However, many excellent genealogical packages exist today that you could use. Some of them are even offering Family Tree Maker users discounted prices if you purchase their software, such as RootsMagic and Legacy Family Tree.

So what should you do?

1. Ancestry is urging Family Tree Maker users to move all of their information to Ancestry online trees. If you go this route, please make yourself familiar with the privacy options, guidelines, and other limitations of Ancestry.
2. The top genealogy software packages offer a 30-day free trial period in which you can try out their program. **Try them and load your Family Tree Maker GEDCOM data!** You might be pleasantly surprised that all your data, even your photos, could be loaded into a new software package.
3. Always keep a back-up of your family tree data, including all your BMD records and photographs. You could use GEDCOM files, separate file folders on your computer's hard drive, USB flash drives, portable hard drives, the Cloud, or some other form of back-up.
4. Once you are satisfied that you have backed-up all your data, use Family Tree Maker for as long as it still works. Many of us still use older versions of software such as Microsoft Office 2003 and they work perfectly fine. If it's not broken don't fix it – not just yet anyway!



Dear Genie is where members can submit their genealogical questions anonymously and Q.F.H.S. experts will answer their questions. Please submit your *Dear Genie* questions to qfhs.connections@gmail.com.

Computree

By Lorraine Gosselin

Immigrants to Canada

Library and Archives Canada announced the launch of a new online database, **Immigrants to Canada, Porters and Domestics, 1899-1949**.

This online database allows you to access more than 8,600 references to individuals who came to Canada as porters or domestics between 1899 and 1949. Names were taken from lists contained in the Central Registry Files series of the Immigration Branch (RG76 BIA) and other files held at LAC.



French Language and Languages

From Jackie Billingham's post on our QFHS Facebook page - familysearch.org/learn/wiki/en/

France Language and Languages

The French and other languages used in France and other French-speaking countries. Excellent explanations and extensive word lists whether you are looking at Quebec or France records. From Family Search.



Top resources for Scottish genealogy

Tips and sites for researching your Scottish ancestors by Christine Woodcock, Director of Genealogy Tours of Scotland, crestleaf.com/blog/scottish-genealogy-top-resources-finding-scottish-ancestors. Includes tips on using Scotland's People.

Canadian Militia – Guide to Sources Relating to the Canadian Militia (Artillery)

This Searching Aid is a PDF document from Library and Archives Canada of over one thousand pages that you can download. If you know the regiment, or brigade, you will find background information, references to sources, war diaries, and other locations where information can be located.

www.bac-lac.gc.ca/eng/discover/military-heritage/Documents/RG9-59_EN_final.pdf



The New Brunswick Irish Portal

This site is a "must" if you have Irish ancestors who arrived or lived in New Brunswick. There are many historical essays, exhibits and explanations and several databases with extractions of Irish information from many sources. From newspapers to funeral homes to passenger lists and immigrant letters, and more, information is well-displayed and easy to search. <https://archives.gnb.ca/Irish/Default.html>

New online database: Ukrainian Immigrants, 1891-1930

Library and Archives Canada has launched this new database with 14,793 references to names of Ukrainians. These were obtained from passenger lists and several other sources. Be sure to read the introduction as it is very informative, especially on name variations and how people were identified.

www.bac-lac.gc.ca/eng/discover/immigration/immigration-records/immigrants-ukraine-1891-1930/Pages/introduction.aspx For more historical information on Ukrainians and Canada, see www.bac-lac.gc.ca/eng/discover/immigration/history-ethnic-cultural/Pages/ukrainian.aspx



Canadian Genealogist 1979-1988 now available online

Canadian Genealogist published 38 quarterly issues, from 1979 to 1988. The editors of CG searched to find Canadian genealogical data from elsewhere than central Canada. They visited locations throughout Canada and the northern United States to seek out genealogists and family historians.

www.ogs.on.ca/cdn_genealogist.php

Canadian Soldiers of the First World War

A great list if you're searching for the service files of soldiers of the First World War: <http://thediscoverblog.com/2015/11/13/searching-for-the-service-files-of-soldiers-of-the-first-world-war> Gathered in one place are links on how to overcome certain problems in finding them, how to order a copy of the file, how to better understand the service files, War diaries, and Medals.



Victory Medal, First World War

Irish Roots Magazine's Blog

Pick up research tips from this knowledgeable magazine's blog. www.irishrootsmedia.com/roots/Blog

How to Research your Irish Genealogy Using the American Library of Congress

The Library of Congress has put together a referencing guide that can help you in your Irish research. www.irishcentral.com/roots/genealogy/How-to-research-your-Irish-genealogy-using-the-Library-of-Congress.html

The Europeana Newspapers Project: 20+ Million Newspaper Pages Available Online



You can learn more about Europeana ("Think culture") at

www.europeana.eu/porta/aboutus.html

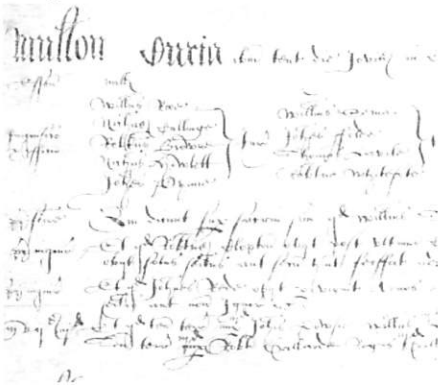
To access the 20+ million newspaper pages, start at <http://goo.gl/3sz8Gw>. You can search by many criteria, including language, year, and providing country.

Online Indexes of British and Irish Newspapers

Richard Heaton has been maintaining a list of *Titles of Digitalised Online British and Irish Newspapers*. There are now over 2,900 references. Note that this is an *index*, not the images of original records. However, every entry in the index does point to a newspaper image on one of any number of other web sites. The actual images of newspapers are a mix of free, by subscription, and "pay to view."

freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~dutilleul/BritishandIrishNews.html

English Manor Rolls Online



The Harvard Law School Library has begun a multi-year project to conserve and digitize their collection of English manor rolls. The collection consists of 170 court-rolls, account-rolls, and other documents from various manors, ranging in date from 1282 to 1770. The largest concentration comes from the manor of Moulton in Cheshire.

<http://etseq.law.harvard.edu/2015/03/early-english-manor-rolls-go-online/>

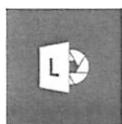
E-mail your genealogical computer questions/ tips/ reviews/ etc. to [computree "at" yahoo.com](mailto:computree@yahoo.com)



After a career in systems information technology, Lorraine earned a BA Honours at Concordia University with Majors in English and Creative Writing, and a Minor in Quebec History. She has been interested in genealogy since she was a teenager when her father inherited the Gosselin family tree prepared by lawyer Joseph Drouin. A Q.F.H.S. member since 1990, she has given numerous seminars for the Quebec Family History Society on a wide variety of topics as well as given lectures in French and in English to genealogical and historical societies across Quebec.

GENEALOGICAL SOFTWARE

By Lorraine Gosselin



Office Lens
★★★★★ (304)
Free

Update on Phone Scanners

Dick Eastman has given us many tips in the past on scanners. There is an update for Microsoft Office Lens, now available for iPhones and Android. It's an app that takes images with a cell phone camera and converts them into editable .DOC files. Read here the many functions it can perform for you:

<http://blog.eogn.com/2015/04/03/microsoft-releases-a-document-scanner-app-for-iphones-and-android>

How to Share Kindle Books

More tips from genealogical (and technical) guru Dick Eastman, find here three ways to share, send, or loan a Kindle e-book:

<http://blog.eogn.com/2015/11/02/how-to-share-send-or-loan-your-kindle-books>



Geneanet to Release a New Search Engine

Geneanet announced they will soon release (maybe by the time you read this!) “a more user-friendly interface, and some new options so you’ll be sure to find your ancestors in our database.” <http://en.geneanet.org/genealogyblog/post/2015/11/coming-soon-on-geneanet-a-new-search-engine?lang=en>



If you use Firefox

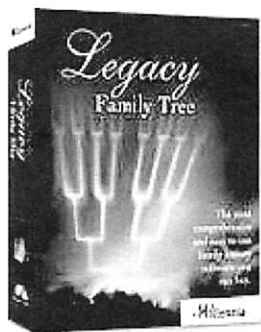
Click the *Pocket* button in your Firefox toolbar to save articles, videos, pages, and more. You can view them later in Pocket on any device. They claim it's better than bookmarks. Try it!

Update your software!

Don't forget to check if whatever software packages you use have updates or upgrades.

Wondering if you should upgrade your genealogical software?

If you're being “reminded” that there is an upgrade to your software package and you wonder if you should proceed (especially if there is a fee), just go to their site and check out exactly what the changes are. If you can do without them, wait until the next upgrade and save your money.



Which software package to recommend?

If you are asked by a friend which software package to buy, you might consider doing what I do: if the requester is a “newbie” to genealogical research, I usually recommend starting with Legacy Family Tree (www.legacyfamilytree.com). Although I use both Family Tree Maker (for now!) and Legacy, the advantage of Legacy for somebody just starting out is that the Standard Edition is free. So it can be downloaded and used until the need for more of the for-fee features are recognized (and desired!). Now more experienced, the person can also look up other popular software packages and choose the most appropriate one. It is relatively easy to move one's data between two genealogical programs. (See other articles in this issue about choosing a program).

This is a column grouping information about various genealogical software or hardware. It includes news, Web addresses, questions received via E-mail or at various seminars and even in person!



BIBLIOTHÈQUE
ET ARCHIVES
NATIONALES
DU QUÉBEC

By Lorraine Gosselin

Do you sometimes have difficulties navigating the Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec's (BANQ) website?

So much data ... save searching time:

Exploring BANQ online databases for genealogy

A list of online genealogy databases, as suggested by BANQ, shown in one place:

www.banq.qc.ca/archives/genealogie_histoire_familiale/ressources/bd/index.html?language_id=3 - (Or tinyurl.com/p2c86s8) (Sorry, the page appears only in French).

And here is another list, shown as one of their *themes*, in this case genealogy, in magazines, journals, newspapers and databases:

www.banq.qc.ca/ressources_en_ligne/bd_revues_journalx/themes/index.html?theme=3 and this one is in English and lists external sources.

Looking for maps

If you're looking for a particular city, town, or area in Quebec, and the left-hand list (which you should always consult) says "documents cartographiques", these are your maps; you can look at them, enlarge them or even order copies (for a fee for this last, of course). In this search, more than a thousand items appeared for Sherbrooke, and we could isolate 25 maps.

Search

Digital collection

sherbrooke

restriction: non (25)

Document type: Documents cartographiques (25)

Keyword search: sherbrooke and Documents cartographiques

25 results (1-20) Relevance 20

1 [City of Sherbrooke \[document cartographique\] /](#)
Sherbrooke : Cie des impressions, cop. 1946
Sherbrooke (Québec). Publicity Service

Subscribe to Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec

If you want to do research online from home, note that certain services, databases and e-books for which the Library pays fees require at least a *remote subscription* from the user. Go to the bottom of the main page, then to the middle column "Services" and click on *Subscribe* and follow the instructions.

Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec (BANQ) offers two types of subscriptions:

- 1). A subscription to all services, on-site and remote, which entitles the patron to a subscriber's card.
- 2). A subscription to remote services, which provides access to electronic resources requiring authentication on BANQ's Web portal. In either case, subscribing is free of charge for all Quebec residents.

Just follow the steps. Although the subscription to all services (i.e. in person at the Bibliothèque) requires regular renewal, the remote one does not appear to do so.

Navigating the BANQ provides tips to navigate your way around the BANQ.qc.ca website (the Library and National Archives of Quebec) and its thousands of documents.



New Books

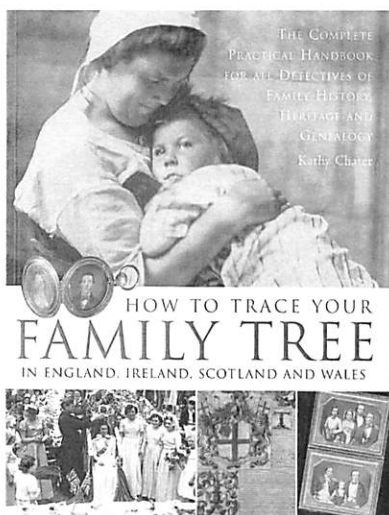
By Deborah Robertson

To order books from the Quebec Family History Society, you may either:

1. Go to the Q.F.H.S. Bookstore at <http://www.qfhs.ca>, print the appropriate order form, complete it, then mail it to the Q.F.H.S. with your cheque OR
2. Go to the Q.F.H.S. Bookstore at <http://www.qfhs.ca>, select your books with a shopping cart, and pay via your PayPal account or other credit cards OR
3. Go in person to the Quebec Family History Society, choose your book, and pay by cash, cheque, or credit card

How to Trace Your Family Tree in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales

Author: Kathy Chater



This comprehensive guide to British genealogical investigation emphasizes building research skills and using methodical techniques when developing your family tree.

Kathy Chater, Historian Writer and Genealogist, worked as a researcher for BBC for 14 years and has a thorough knowledge of available British sources in relation to genealogy. She gives guidance in how to interpret the records you find and offers some links to internet sources.

Beautifully illustrated and well-organized.

Soft cover, 256 pp. Price: \$20.00 Item - A1000

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Used Books

By Deborah Robertson

To purchase used books please contact Deborah Robertson via qfhs.booksales@bellnet.ca
Shipping costs will be determined according to method of shipping and destination.

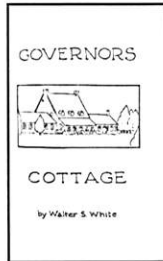
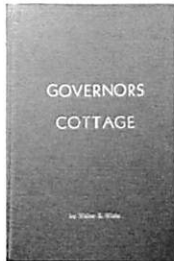
1. Histoire de la
Famille Lavergne



Compiler: B.C. Payette
Hard cover, 480 pp. In French. Very good.
The memoirs of Renaud LaVergne, lawyer, from Arthabaska written in the 1950s. The book begins with François Lavergne, habitant in Rivière-Ouelle in 1671. It was in the collection of the école secondaire Piché in Lachine and as such has library stamps.
Payette Radio Limitée, Montréal, 1970

\$25.00

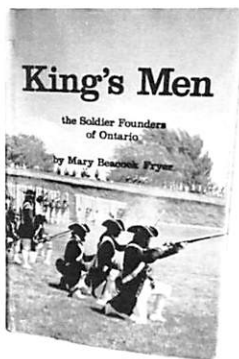
2. Governors Cottage



Author: Walter S. White
Hard cover. 167 pp. Like New.
The Governors Cottage was built in Sorel on the Richelieu River in 1781 after the American invasion of 1775 highlighted the strategic importance of this location. It was intended to be occupied by the Commander-in-Chief in time of war. The book is a collection of historical documents pertaining to the residents of Governors Cottage over the years.
Printed by Le Soreloir Ltée, Sorel, Quebec, 1967

\$40.00

3. King's Men - the Soldier Founders of Ontario



Author: Mary Beacock Fryer. (Signed by author)
Hard cover with dust jacket. 392 pp. Very Good.
The Province of Ontario was predominantly founded by the United Empire Loyalists who fought under Command of the British Army during the American Revolution. Colonials who fought on behalf of the Crown joined the Royal Highland Emigrants (84th Foot), the King's Royal Regiment of New York, Butler's Rangers, the Loyal Rangers and the King's Rangers. The *King's Men* recounts the story of these Provincials and their battles to reclaim their homes from 1775 onward until their ultimate resettlement in Canada.
Dundurn Press, Toronto, 1980.

\$40.00

4. The Lure of Quebec



Author: W.P. Percival, Director of Protestant Education for the Province of Quebec
Hard cover. 216 pp. Some pages loose at the front; Inside front cover slightly damaged.
This book is the story of Quebec City, part history, part description, part travel guide with illustrations and photographs of important locations.
Ryerson Press, Toronto, 1941

\$10.00

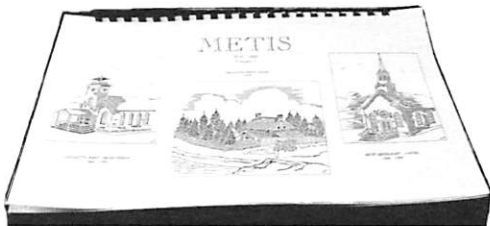
5. Ten Rings on the Oak 1847-1856
Mountain – Nicolls Family Story



Authors: Donald C. Masters and Marjorie W. Masters \$20.00
Soft cover. 327 pp. Like New except for Q.F.H.S. library stamps.

George Jehosaphat Mountain, Bishop of Quebec, and Gustavus Nicolls, Captain of the Royal Engineers in Canada married sisters who were daughters of a British Official in Quebec. Nicolls' third son and Mountain's daughter, cousins, married in 1847. The book is based on the ample correspondence that passed between the homes of the Mountain family of Quebec City and the Nicolls family of Lennoxville. Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Quebec, 1987

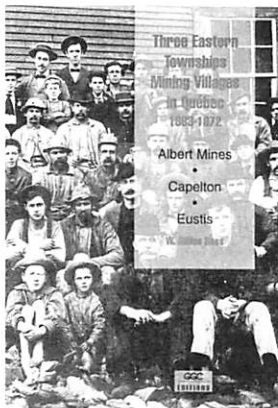
6. Metis 1814-1900 Volume I



Author: Gilbert R. Bosse \$65.00
Soft cover, comb binding. 145 pp. Very Good.

The majority of this book is centred around Civil Acts performed in Metis since 1822. It is a concise resume of all church records located to 1994 for Metis – Births and Baptisms, Marriages, Deaths and Burials. Other sections are: Deeds covering Church Land acquisition, Ministers at Metis, Index of Gravestones and Markers, Surveyor's Procès-Verbaux, 1820-1832 and Acts of Concessions, 1822-1854. Self-published, 1994

7. Three Eastern Townships Mining Villages in Quebec 1863-1972



Author: W. Gillies Ross \$30.00
Soft cover, 161 pp. Very Good.

The book is a revised edition of a work first published in 1972 by the Department of Geography, Bishop's University. Between 1965-1972, classes at the university had used the villages for "real life" studies requiring personal contact and field observations. Topics covered include: Development of Mining, Growth of the Three Villages, The Villages about 1905, Mining and Environmental Quality, The Last Decade of Mining, and Life After Mining. The text is accompanied by numerous photos, tables, and figures. Les Productions GGC Ltée, Sherbrooke, QC. 1996.



Deborah Robertson is a Staff Member of the Pointe-Claire Public Library in Quebec. Among her many achievements, she taught English as a second language to students at John Abbott College. Having studied her own family history for decades, her appreciation for her family's experiences as new English Montrealers in the early 1900s led to her interest in The British Immigration and Colonization Association. Deborah has been a Q.F.H.S. member since 2000.

Hidden Treasures

By Gary Schroder



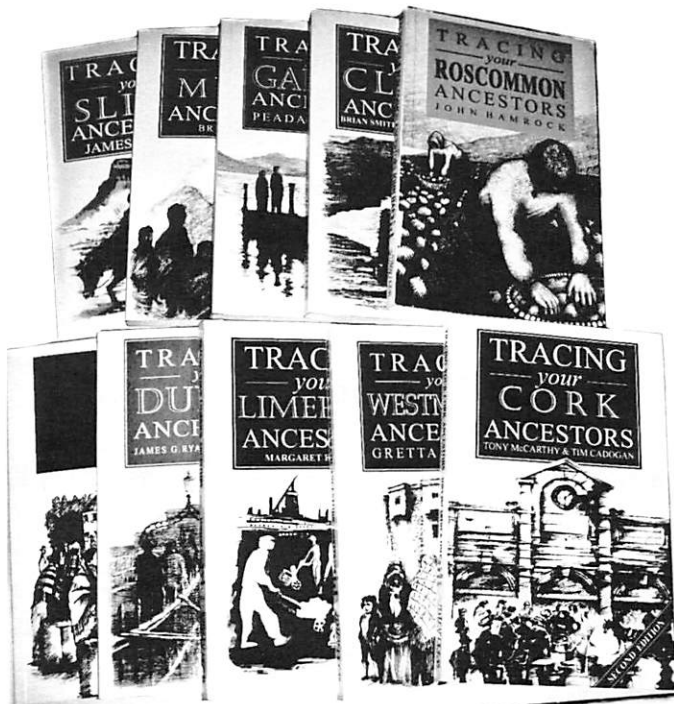
In-Depth Irish County Research Guides

If you have Irish Ancestors as I do (being 50% of Irish origin) then you know finding your Irish families is much more difficult than searching for ancestors in England, Scotland, and Wales. This difficulty is due to the destruction of most census records before 1900, the destruction of most wills and Church of Ireland parish registers in the 1920s fire in the Public Record Office, and the late starting date for many Roman Catholic Church registers. Having said that, 2015 has been a fantastic year in Irish Genealogy – the National Library in Ireland released Roman Catholic Church registers on their website!

One of the treasures in the Q.F.H.S. Library is a series of in-depth research guides for various Counties in Ireland, published by Irish Flyleaf Press in the past few years. Each volume, written by well-known Irish Genealogists, contains about 160 pages. These books have much more than Church Registers, which are just a starting point in your quest to find your Irish ancestors.

The following Guides are available in the Q.F.H.S. Library:

1. *Tracing Your Clare Ancestors* by Brian Smith and Gerry Kennedy
2. *Tracing Your Cork Ancestors* by Tony McCarthy and Tim Cadogan
3. *Tracing Your Donegal Ancestors* by Helen Meehan and Godfrey Duffy
4. *Tracing Your Dublin Ancestors* by James G. Ryan and Brian Smith
5. *Tracing Your Galway Ancestors* by Peadar O'Dowd
6. *Tracing Your Limerick Ancestors* by Margaret Franklin
7. *Tracing Your Mayo Ancestors* by Brian Smith
8. *Tracing Your Roscommon Ancestors* by John Hamrock
9. *Tracing Your Sligo Ancestors* by James G. Ryan
10. *Tracing Your Westmeath Ancestors* by Gretta Connell



We were able to purchase these books due to a kind donation from one of our members. We are missing two newly published guides to County Kerry (previously out of print) and County Kildare. Any donations towards the purchase of these two books would be greatly appreciated. *A Guide to Finding Your Ancestors in Kerry* and *Tracing Your Kildare Ancestors* are on www.amazon.ca or on www.flyleaf.ie.

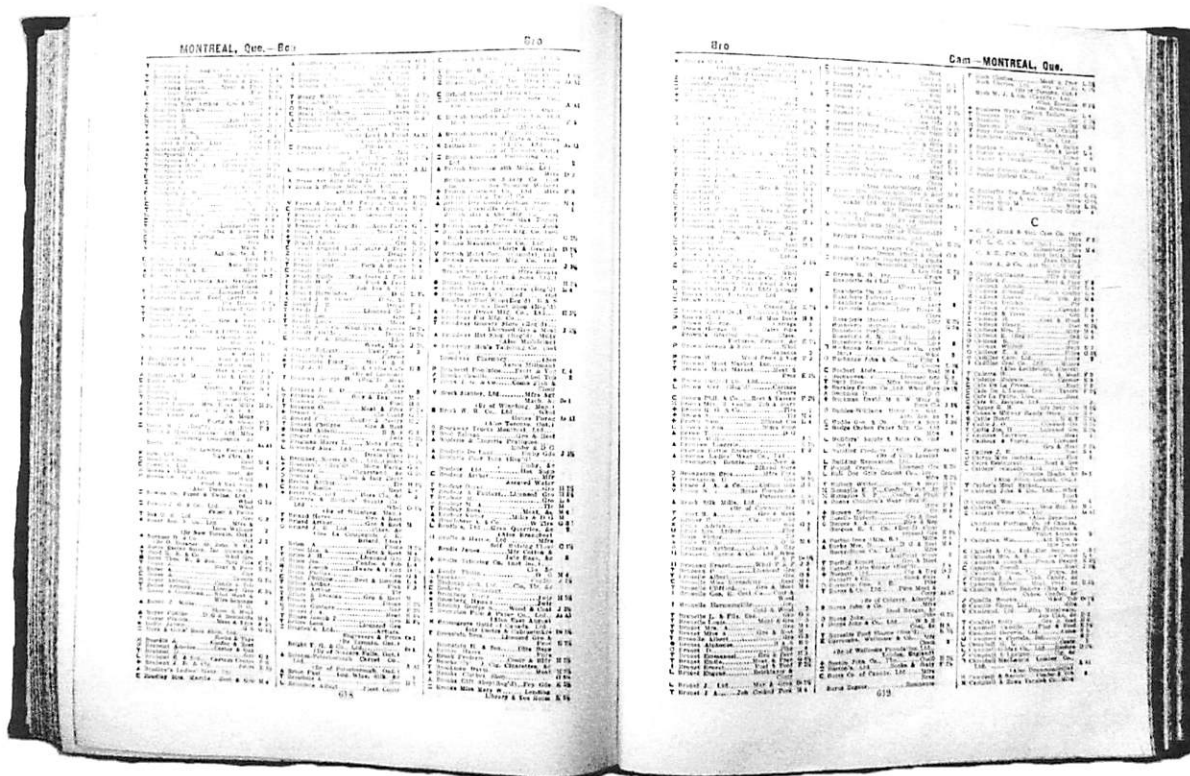
Credit Rating Book

Another treasure found on the shelves of the Q.F.H.S. Library is *The Mercantile Agency Reference Book* containing Ratings of Merchant, Manufacturers, and Traders generally throughout the Dominion of Canada, Newfoundland, and Saint-Pierre and Miquelon.

This book was published in September 1931 by R.G. Dun and COs. To put it simply this a Credit Rating Book of 854 pages. Many of you may have ancestors who owned small or large businesses. Have you ever thought of the value of these businesses? Credit rating books may give you the answer.

Buried in the pages of this book, is the J. H. Bray Fish and Chips Café in Montreal. The credit rating is H 3. The front section of the book explains this credit rating as a business valued at \$3,000.00 to \$5,000.00 and that the General Credit is good. On the other hand, listed on the same page, is the Donat Brault Pork and Beans Company. This company has a credit rating of M 4 meaning the value of the company is under \$500.00 and the credit rating is Limited meaning not that good.

Next time you visit the Q.F.H.S. check to see if any of your ancestors' companies are in this Credit Rating book!





Gary Schroder has been the President of the Q.F.H.S. since 1995 and has taught family history courses at various institutions including McGill University, Champlain College, and the Pointe Claire Public Library. He has given lectures on numerous genealogical topics from Victoria in British Columbia to Trinity College in Dublin. Gary was a member of the Special Advisory Board of Library and Archives Canada as well as being a Research Consultant to the British, American, and Canadian Versions of "Who Do You Think You Are". He has been a member of the Q.F.H.S. since 1986.

New Acquisitions

By Cecilia Karwowski

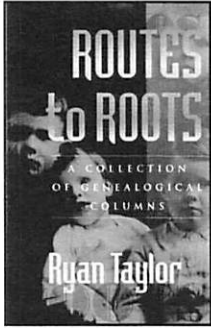
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| 2. Staying Connected: How MacDougall Family Tradition Built a Business over 160 Years
by James Ferrabee and Michael St B. Harrison | | HG/151.01/F4/2009 |
| 3. Atlas généalogique de la France ancestrale
by Micheline Perreault |  | HG/300.48/P4/2013 |
| 4. The Royal Rifles of Canada: Major Maurice A. Parker
by Ronald C.W.Parker | | MH/100.33/P3 |
| 5. Cassidy's
by John, Bernard, Theodore, Bryan, Jason | | FH/100.3/C33 |
| 6. Eyewitness: Grosse Isle 1847
by Marianna O'Gallagher & Rose Masson Dompierre | | HG/15.9/0 /1995 |
| 7. Frampton
by Pierre Soucy | | HG/154.9/S6/2013 |
| 8. Fifty Summers on the Sea: Roland McGregor Miller, His Diary
by Leigh Boyle |  | HG/155.9/C6/1990 |
| 9. The King's Loyal Americans: The Canadian act, Passenger List
by B. Wood-Holt | | HG/100.9/H5/1990 |
| 10. History of Barachois, Bridgeville, Belle Anse
by C. De Vouge, P. St Croix Annett, V. St Croix | | HG/155.9/D4/1984 |
| 11. A History of the Schools Around Gaspé Bay
by Dorothy Phillips | | HG/155.99/P4/1990 |
| 12. The Parish Registers, Births, Marriages (and converts) 1804-1822, St Raphael's, Glengarry, Ontario Part 1 | | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1990 |
| 13. The Parish Registers, Births, Marriages, (and converts) 1823-1831, St Raphael's R.C. Church, Glengarry, Ontario, Part 2 | | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1990 |
| 14. The Parish Registers, Births, Marriages (and converts) 1831-1842, St Raphael's R.C. Church Glengarry, Ontario, Part 3 | | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1995 |
| 15. The Parish Registers, Births, Marriages (and converts), 1842-1854, St Raphael's R.C. Church, Glengarry, Ontario Part 4 | | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1995 |

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| 16 The Parish Registers, Births, Marriages (and converts) 1854-1865, St Raphael's R.C. Church, Glengarry Ontario, Part 5 | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1995 |
| 17. The Parish Registers of Deaths, St Raphael's, Glengarry, Ontario 1804-1856 Part 1 | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1988 |
| 18. Répertoire des mariages du Comté de Glengarry, Ontario, (A to Mc) | REF/GS/167.4/H6/1983 |
| 19. Répertoire des mariages du Comté de Glengarry, Ontario, (Mc to Z) | REF/GS/167.4/H6/1983 |
| 20. Register of Marriage Licenses Issued by Rev. George Milne, Gaspé Peninsula 1841-1873 | REF/GS/155.4/M5/1873 |
| 21. St Andrew's West (R.C.) Parish Register, Cornwall Twsp., Ontario Part 1
Duncan MacDonald – compiler | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1984 |
| 22. St Andrew's West (R.C.) Parish Register, Cornwall Twsp., Ontario Part 2
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| 23. St Regis Parish Registers 1784-1830
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| 24. St Finnan's Church Records Name Index 1836-1883 (Alexandria, Ontario)
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| 25. St Finnan's Church Records Name Index 1836-1883 (Alexandria, Ontario)
Alex Fraser- compiler | REF/GS/167.4/F7/ 1986/V2 |
| 26. St Andrew's East Protestant Cemetery, Argenteuil Co.
Suzanne Le Rossignol & Pennie Redmile – compilers | CEM-REF/CL/157.4/1991 |
| 27. St Andrew Catholic Church Cemetery, Lochiel, Ontario to 1974
Alex W. Fraser – compiler | CEM-REF/CL/167.4/
F7/1993 |
| 28. St Paul's Catholic Church Cemetery, Dalkeith, Ontario, Glengarry Co.
Alex W. Fraser – compiler | CEM-REF/CL/167.4/
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| 29. St Catherine of Sienna Catholic Church Cemetery, Greenfield, Ontario Glengarry Co.
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| 30. St Anthony's Catholic Church Cemetery, Apple Hill, Ontario, Glengarry Co.
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| 31. St Margaret's of Scotland Catholic Church Cemetery, Glen Nevis, Ontario, Glengarry Co
Alex W. Fraser – compiler | CEM-REF/CL/167.4/
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| 32. Gravestones of Glengarry Volume III, St Raphael's, North Lancaster, Green Valley
Alex W. Fraser – compiler | CEM-Ref/CL/167.4/F7/1988 |
| 33. Alex Maxwell and His Celtic Connections | FH/158.9/P6/2001 |
| 34. Brouage Québec : Foi de pionniers
par Père Maxime Le Grelle, S.J | HG/150.9/G7/2010 |



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| 35. Histoire du Québec anglophone 1759-1980
par Ronald Rudin |  | HG/150.9/R9 /1986 |
| 36. Montreal of Yesterday: Jewish Life in Montreal 1900-1920
by Israel Medres and Translated from Yiddish by Vivian Felsen | | HG/151.9/M4/1947 |
| 37. Finding Your Scottish Ancestors
by Dr Penelope Christensen | | GN/450.1/C5/2000 |
| 38. Routes to Roots: A Collection of Genealogical Columns from Kitchener-Waterloo
Record 1993-1997
by Ryan Taylor |  | GN/163.1/T3/1997 |
| 39. Rondeau: Ambroise et Judith Laforest 1804-1887
par Howard Ramson | | FH/157.33/R3/2015 |
| 40. David Chabaudie et Marthe Leonard 1666- | | FH/310.1 |
| 41. Sir John Johnson: Loyalist, Baronet
by Earle Thomas | | BG/160.99/T5/1986 |
| 42. Green Pastures: The Loyalist Experience of Benjamin Ingraham
by Earle Thomas | | BG/130.99/T5/1983 |
| 43. St Columban's Mission/Parish, Cornwall, Ontario ; Part one, 24 Nov. 1834-27 Dec
1859
by Duncan MacDonald | | REF/GS/167.4/McD2/1991 |
| 44. St Columban's Mission/Parish, Cornwall, Ontario; Part two
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| 45. The Diary of Deaths of Rev. John MacDonald 1838-1866
by Duncan MacDonald |  | REF/GS/167.44/
McD2/1989 |
| 46. St Matthew's Church Peninsula
by Dorothy Phillips | | GS/155.44/P45/1979 |
| 47. Sunny Bank: Our Ancestral Home (Gaspé)
by Andrew Patterson | | HG/155.99/P3/1995 |

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Cecilia Karwowski is currently Vice-President of the Q.F.H.S. and the head librarian. She lives in Dollard-des-Ormeaux, Quebec, and has been a Q.F.H.S. member for almost 30 years!



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If you're a hands-on learner... Join one of our guided research excursions on Thursday and discover Toronto's splendid archives and libraries. Or bring your laptop to one of our in-depth skills workshops on Friday and practice online research techniques, writing and packaging your family history, or using and managing digital images.

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Presented by the Ontario Chapter of the Association of Professional Genealogists (OCAPG) in conjunction with the Ontario Genealogical Society (OGS) Conference 2016

Whether you are thinking about starting a genealogy business or wishing to expand or re-purpose your business, this afternoon of presentations will give you the business tools you need.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 2016

International Plaza Hotel, 655 Dixon Road

REGISTRATION

\$40 for Members of OCAPG, OGS, and other partner organizations (including Q.F.H.S. members)

\$60 for Non-members

Registration will open in January on this website: <http://www.ogs.on.ca/conference/program/thursday/ocapg-preconference/>

Please register in advance. The registration fee covers workshops, handouts, refreshments at breaks.

PROGRAM

12:45 pm **Welcome**

1:00 p.m.

Thomas MacEntee—The Business of Genealogy

There are many steps to the process of creating a genealogy business. While the basics of starting a business will give a solid foundation, there are some special “twists” peculiar to the genealogy industry that you’ll have to watch out for in order to find success.

2:00 p.m. **Break**

2:30 p.m.

Jeff Hauley—Financial record keeping

The presentation will cover the basics of setting up and maintaining records to provide the entrepreneur with a measure of success for their business. Topics highlighted will include managing a home based business, whether or not it is beneficial to incorporate your business, payment options, what taxation issues a business owner faces including discussion of HST, what are allowable expenses and keeping track of income and expenses.

3:30 p.m. **Break**

4:00 p.m.

Thomas MacEntee—Genealogy Marketing: A Workshop for Genealogy Professionals

Marketing can often seem like “baloney peddling” but when used effectively in the genealogy community it can help establish your niche and build your genealogy business. Learn various techniques including setting a target audience, building a marketing toolbox, tracking projects and tasks, building a network and more.

5:00 p.m. **End of Day Round-up**

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