Connecticut

Maple Leaf



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Connecticut Maple Leaf is published semiannually by the French-Canadian Genealogical Society of Connecticut, Inc. A yearly subscription is \$15.00 (special rate for students, \$10.00) and includes automatic membership in FCGSC.

Our Society publication serves as an information source for members engaged in tracing their genealogical roots from Connecticut to Canada, Arcadia, and France. *CML* is, consequently, an important clearinghouse for topics of historic research, plus vital statistics, of special interest to Franco-Americans. Members are encouraged to contribute articles and other informational data, including extracts from their own family studies.

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In this Summer '87 issue of  $\underline{\mathrm{CML}}$ , I want to take a moment to thank all those Society officers, librarians, and members who supported me throughout my two-year term as President. Without you, I couldn't have accomplished the goals we set for our 1985-87 agenda. You offered assistance when it was needed as well as encouragement and reinforcement when we were faced with potential setbacks.

As our organization expanded in terms of membership plus research facilities/services, the President's workload and responsibilities became more complex and time-consuming. The result: at the close of my two years in office, I find myself somewhat tired and in need of rest. Thankfully, I was always aware of a tiny light at the end of the tunnel, which kept me going!

Though I'm leaving the presidency of FCGSC behind me, I plan to remain active in Society matters as an officer. I'm also hopeful that, before I conclude my term in office this September, my earlier promise to members-addition of the new Loiselle Index to our Library-will have become fulfilled.

I'm pleased that Lee DeRagon (#8), Publication Committee Chairman and  $\underline{\text{CML}}$  Assistant Editor, will succeed me at the helm of FCGSC. I've known him since we first organized the Society in 1981. Lee will be an excellent President and he can count on my assistance whenever it's required. In that regard, I urge all members to support Lee DeRagon over the next two years, so that he in turn will be able to do his very best for us.

With your continued support, the Society can't help but prosper and grow in the immediate years ahead. God bless you!

Henri E. Carrier,
President

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#### CALENDAR OF EVENTS - DECEMBER 1986 TO MAY 1987

Saturday, January 24 - This was the first official member meeting held at our spacious, new Tolland facility--following the two-day FCGSC Open House on Saturday, November 1, and Sunday, November 2, 1986. Incidentally, an extensive listing of Book Gifts, graciously donated by members and nonmembers during the Open House, appears in this issue's KUDOS DEPARTMENT.

President Carrier initiated the first of four helpful seminars at our Tolland Research Center. These were designed to acquaint members with all the techniques for extracting genealogical and historical data from our numerous Library reference works. Here are the seminar dates and topics; these invaluable sessions were provided free of charge to members:

Sat., January 24 - "Where To Find Genealogical Information"

Sat., February 7 - "How To Maintain Your Genealogical Records"

Sat., February 21 - "Marriage Contracts and Paleography (Deciphering Early Handwritten Documents)"

Sat., March 7 - "The Roles of Religion and History in Genealogy"

Saturday, May 16 - Annual elections were held at our Tolland facility. The new slate of FCGSC officers plus four directors are as follows (installation of the new or reelected officers and directors takes place in September):

Lee DeRagon (#8), elected to his first term as President, succeeding Henri Carrier (#1) who will complete his second successive incumbency in September. A West Hartford resident, Lee has been Publication Committee Chairman and a CML Assistant Editor for some time but is equally renown for his carpentry skills—aptly demonstrated during the renovation of our Tolland Research Center. Welcome aboard, Lee!

Vice President Dick Poitras (#115), of West Willington, is another first-timer, succeeding Lee DeRagon in that office. Apart from being a valued member of our volunteer Librarian/Counselor staff, Dick also has God's Country ties (his wife is an East Providence, R. I., native).

The Society lost an excellent Librarian-Counselor in gaining its new Treasurer, Anne-Marie Coté (#97), but we suspect that this former programmer-analyst from East Hartford will prove to be similarly adept at stretching our budget dollars. Anne replaces Pat Lausier (#4) whose splendid stewardship of FCGSC funds since 1981 deserves high praise.

Muriel Dagenais (#285), of East Hartford, was reelected FCGSC Recording Secretary and has promised to put her artistic skills to work for  $\underline{\text{CML}}$  as well.

President Henri E. Carrier (#1), who now calls Tolland his home of record, will take over the duties of Corresponding Secretary in September, replacing our own Laurette Dugas Billig (#7). Henri's unmatched keyboard

#### Calendar of Events - December 1986 to May 1987 (Con't)

skills will definitely come in handy now (I'm only kidding, Henri!).

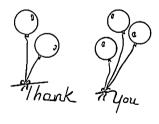
Three serving Directors were reelected to second terms: Bob Caron (#45), of Wethersfield...Rolande Clark (#11), of East Hartford...and Bob LeBlanc White (#192), of Portland.

Marcel J. Roy (#241), of East Hartford, joined the elected ranks of new Directors. Marcel distinguished himself as a hardworking volunteer during renovation of our new Tolland Research Center. He replaces Marcel Guerard (#3), of Hartford, who regretfully declined to run for reelection due to time constraints imposed by new employment. Although he won't be able to contribute as much time to us, we can look forward to Marcel's continued zeal and wise counsel in Society matters.

Our featured speaker on May 16 was Father Albert Goulet (#258), of Southbridge, Mass., who addressed the group on the inconsistencies encountered in researching family data via the standard reference works of Tanguay, Drouin, Godbout, and Lebel. Another topic discussed was the abortive 1837-38 revolts by Quebec patriotes, their subsequent excommunication by the Catholic Church, and problems this later caused for genealogists.

Father Goulet also touched on the derivation of various French surnames plus  $\underline{\text{dit}}$  name usage in Canada and how these nicknames, often tied into occupational titles, replaced actual surnames in some instances.

Additional interesting facets of his speech dealt with the 18th century German prince who intermarried with Quebec's Fuseau family...Acadian surnames and the forthcoming Acadian genealogical dictionary...the difficulties one encounters in transcribing and translating ancient Canadian notarial documents...and the differing backgrounds of our male ancestors who arrived in Canada: noblemen, colonists and craftsmen with freeman status, members of the military, and indentured servants.



KUDOS DEPARTMENT

Muriel Dagenais (#285), of East Hartford, created the balloon motif that introduces this section for the first time. She was nice enough to prepare other decorative artwork for possible use in succeeding CML issues—all at our request. Muriel also functions as your Recording Secretary and was recently reelected to a second term in that important post. Read the balloon caption, Muriel!

Jackie Gove (#10), of Glastonbury, has contributed her typing services in the past on <u>CML's</u> behalf. The "Little Canada" and "Surnames Fit Life in Triplicate" articles in this issue were her recent handiwork. Merci!

#### Kudos Department (Con't)

Westport's Beatrice Couture Sawyer (#154) is still in England at this writing, but thoughtfully typed the Titus King Narrative before flying off to be with her daughter and English son-in-law. Titus was an English captive in Canada during the French & Indian War. Good luck in deciphering his 18th century punctuation-free, phonetic spelling! Bea, incidentally, will appear on the next CML masthead as our newest Assistant Editor--voted in by the Publication Committee at its recent meeting. Congratulations, Bea.

Busy contributor Father Albert Goulet (#258) sent along several family studies for you readers; specifically, the CAOUETTE line which produced a foundress of the Catholic Sisters Adorers of the Precious Blood...the DESROS-IERS/LIPPE line that included a German prince...and the LANGEVINS, whose Canadian ancestor was a 17th soldat in the famed Carignan infantry regiment.

We're very pleased to reprint the article by Frank Binette (#330) extoling the merits of Benoit Pontbriand (#178)—a Sillery, Quebec, repertory publisher and knowledgeable genealogist who has done so much for our Society over the past several years.

New Britain Assistant Editor, Bernie Coté Bouchard (#196), managed to squeeze in her typing of this issue's Connecticut births-marriages-deaths before heading off on vacation with husband Roland and sister Anne-Marie Coté (#97), new Society Treasurer. They'll be back in Connecticut early in August.

Octogenarian Wilfred Varieur (#133), of Stamford, was pleasantly surprised to discover an indirect maternal link to Louis Riel, founder of Manitoba and leader of the ill-fated Métis uprising in western Canada. Wilfred graciously shares his research efforts with us in the current MAPLE LEAF. Coincidentally, a paternal line ancestor of the Editor served as a private in a Montreal militia unit sent to put down the Saskatchewan revolt.

The author/researcher of the MAPLE LEAF's longest-running series--the 1900 federal census of Connecticut--brings us yet another installment, the ninth, in the current CML. President-elect Lee Deragon (#8), of West Hartford, heads a crack investigatory team for that ongoing project, consisting of his always affable wife Arlene, a "galvanized" French Canuck of Yankee extraction, and their skilled typist-daughter, Cynthia.

We're grateful to Father Dennis Boudreau, recently editor of  $\underline{\text{JE}}$   $\underline{\text{ME}}$   $\underline{\text{SOUVIENS}}$  (I Remember), member publication of Pawtucket, Rhode Island's American-French Genealogical Society. The good father updated, and also provided the professional retype of, his article on New England sources of Franco-American vital stats for the benefit of our Summer '87 CML readers.

As a convenience to Society members, an FCGSC renewal form is included in this issue. If you've been meaning to renew your membership, take advantage of our handy reminder form today.

## Book Donations Received During FCGSC Open House November 1-2, 1986

- French-Canadian Heritage in New England, by G. J. Brault gift of Jack Valois (#31)
- Maria Capdelaine Évolution de l'Édition; 1913-80, by Norman Cormier
- History, Genealogy, and Annals of Littleton, New Hampshire, by J. R. Jackson
   gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Wauregan-Quinnebaug Company Records, by J. R. Ferguson & J. Cavalho gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)
- Dions, by Association of Dions d'Amerique gift of Martha Dion-Ward
- The Slater Company Records, by C. C. Turkingham & H. Reiner gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)
- Robert Giguere le Tourouvrain; Memoires Magazine, Vol. 2 gift of Jack Marquis (#337)
- Sorette dit LaRose Family gift of Norman LaRose (#155)
- Old Maps of Grafton County, New Hampshire gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- The Coyer Clan The Carrier Connection, by J. E. Armstrong gift of Jill E. Dyches (#171)
- The Morrisettes, by C. Morrisette gift of Henry Lanouette (#34)
- The Genealogical Helper; (15 books), by Everton Publications gift of Edward Ledogar (#343)
- The Spanish Bourbons, by J. D. Bergamini gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- The Kings and Queens of England; edited by E. C. Delderfield gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Acadia, Maine, and New Scotland, by J. G. Reid gift of Ralph W. Michaud (#211)
- Encyclopedia of World History, by W. Langer gift of Ralph W. Michaud (#211)
- The French-Canadians; 1760-1945, by M. Wade gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Tourouvre et les Juchereau, by P. Montagne gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- The White and the Gold, by T. B. Costain gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- La Sorcellerie au Canada Français, by R. L. Seguin gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Sources et Racines, by J. Olivier gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- La Vie de la Mère Catherine de St.-Augustin, by Rev. P. Ragueneau gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Encyclopédie du Québec; Vols. 1 & 2, by L. Landry gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- French-Canadian Heritage in New England, by G. J. Brault gift of Jack Valois (#31)
- Basic Guide to Research Sources, by R. O'Brien gift of Jack Valois (#31)
- Building a House in New France, by P. W. Moogk gift of Jack Valois (#31)

#### Book Donations Received During FCGSC Open House (Con't)

Rainy River Country, by G. L. Nute - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

French Canadian & Acadian Genealogical Review; Vols. 3 & 9 - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

The Voyageur, by G. L. Nute - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

The French in Rhode Island, by A. Aubin - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

Architecture in Canada, by A. Gowans - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

Heraldry, by J. Franklyn - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

State of Rhode Island Manual, 1977-1978 - gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)

Barking Up That French Tree, by M. Audin - gift of Thomas & Anne Skarbek (#35)

Finding Aids; Census of 1871, 1881, & 1891 in Canada - gift of Lee & Arlene DeRagon (#8)

Old Touraine, by J. A. Cook, 2 vols. - gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)

Burlington, Wisnoski, and Essex Junction, Vermont; 1937 Directory - gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)

Rajotte Family Tree - gift of Jack H. Rajotte

Ledogar Family History & Genealogy - gift of Edwin Ledogar (#343)

Berniers in the Massachusetts Census of 1900 - gift of Rene H. Bernier (#18)

Peloquin Names in the Massachusetts Census of 1880-1900 - gift of Rene H. Bernier (#18)

Le Beau Nom de Begin, by C. Hebert - gift of Rod Wilscam (#44)

The Fleur de Lys Magazine; Vol. 1, Nos. 1-2-3-4; Vol. 2, Nos. 1-2-4, 1979-80 - gift of Thomas & Anne Skarbek (#35)

History of Argenteuil, by C. Thomas - gift of Betty Walker

Cassell's New French Dictionary, Funk & Wagnalls - gift of Marcel J. Roy (#241)

G. E. Magazine - gift of Arthur Lizotte (#353)

<u>Je Me Souviens</u> Magazine; Winter 1986, American-French Genealogical Society - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

The European Discovery of America, 1492-1616, by S. E. Morison - gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)

Pierre de Teilhard de Chardin, Cahier 1, Radio Canada - gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)

<u>Vielles familles de France en Nouvelle-France</u>, by A. Godbout - gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)

French Canadian & Acadian Genealogical Review; Vol. 8, by R. Auger - gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1); also includes Vols. 2, 3, & 5

Le Document en Louisiane; No. 6, 1931 - gift of Jack Valois (#31)

Diocese of Three Rivers Directory, 1981 - gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)

La France de Canadiens, by R. Hollier - gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)

#### Book Donations Received During FCGSC Open House (Con't)

- Histoire de la Nouvelle-France; 1524-1603, by M. Trudel gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- A Political & Social History of Modern Europe, by C. J. H. Hayes gift of Ralph W. Michaud (#211)
- A Castle in Bavaria, by H. Weaver gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- The French Occupation of the Champlain Valley; 1609-1759, by G. O. Coolidge gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- The Canadian Commonwealth, by A. C. Laut gift of Therese Valois Grego
- Rhode Island History, by W. G. McLoughlin gift of Wilfred E. Varieur (#133)
- Quebec City Architects, Artisans & Builders, by Parks Canada gift of Ray-mond Gingras (#56)
- Glanures Historiques de St. Nicolas; Cahier III, 1850-1900 gift of Raymond Gingras (#56)
- France Under the Republic, by J. C. Bracq gift of Therese Valois Grego
- The Church Grows in Canada, by D. J. Wilson gift of Therese Valois Grego
- The U.S. and Europe; Rivals & Partners, by M. Silberschmidt gift of Therese Valois Grego
- Pathways to Freedom, by E. C. Hoffman gift of Therese Valois Grego
- A Travers les Registres, by Rev. C. Tanguay gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Emigration Rochelaise en Nouvelle-France, by Pere A. Godbout H.E. Carrier (#1)
- Jean du Metz; 1662 a Jacques Demers, by Prof. L. P. Demers H. E. Carrier (#1)
- Etude Généalogique sur Jean Guyon, by L. Guyon gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Connecticut Catholic Directory for 1986 gift of Marcel Guerard (#3)
- Official Directory, Diocese of Providence; 1963-64 gift of Arthur Lizotte (#353)
- Pelagie-La Charette, by A. Maillet gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- VHS Tape (5) of Radio Canada Programs gift of Rob LeBlanc White (#192)
- The Melting Pot; No. 1, Vol. 3 gift of Lorraine Harlow (#2)
- North American Society of Original Acadian Families; 1986 Newsletters gift of Ronald C. Cormier (#286)
- This Affair of Louisiana, by A. DeConde gift of Richard Poitras (#115)
- England and the Discovery of America; 1481-1620, by D. B. Quinn gift of Richard Poitras (#115)
- The Genealogical Helper Magazine; Mar/Apr 1986 gift of Prescott L. Brown
- The Pelletier Family, by & gift of Charles Pelletier (#351)
- Barking Up That French Tree, by M. Audin gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- The Royal House of Windsor, by E. Longford gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)
- Heraldry, Ancestry and Titles, by L. G. Pine gift of Henri E. Carrier (#1)

## Book Donations Received During FCGSC Open House (Con't)

Meriden City Directory; 1903 - gift of Robert Newth (#335)

The following works were donated by an FCGSC member who asked to remain anon-ymous:

PRDH, University of Montreal, 7 volumes

France: A Picture Book - Crescent Publishers

History of France - L. Amiel, Publisher

France Views America; 1765-1815, by B. Bridget-P. Low

History of France, by M. B. Davidson

Histoire des Franco-Americains, USJB (Union of St. Jean-Baptiste)

La Grande Adventure de Jacques Cartier, by C. Pouliot

Québec Romantique, by A. Duval

Deux coqs de St. Pierre, Parent & Parent

Fundamentals of Genealogical Research, by Janussi 7 Chaston

Montréal sous Maisonneuvre; 1642-1665, by G. Lanctot

La Mauricie et les Bois-Francs; 1760-1975, by Hardy-Trepanier-Yantis

France, Paris and the Provinces, by D. Ogrizek

The Paris We Love, by D. Ogrizek

Richelieu and the French Monarchy, by C. V. Wedgewood

Les Québecois, by M. Rioux

Finding Your Roots, by J. E. Westin

Searching For Your Ancestors, by G. H. Doane

L'Emmigration de Québecois au Etats-Unis; 1840-1930, by Y. Lavoie

La France Actuelle, by Bauer

Quebec-Boston, by Dorval & Wade

Canada; Past & Present, by J. Saywell

French Canada, by R. V. Masters

America's French Heritage, by Casanova/Landry

plus many travel brochures, genealogical guides, and sundry publications

## 'LITTLE CANADA' LOSES FRENCH ACCENT Neighborhood Thrived When Mills Did

by Abby Zimet

Reprinted with permission from Maine Sunday Telegram; Portland, Maine

LEWISTON, Maine -- Born of the textile boom at the turn of the century, the Lewiston neighborhood known as Little Canada grew into a world unto itself, hard-working, God-fearing, fiercely protective of its own.

It sprang up on the banks of the Androscoggin River, in the shadow of the massive mills, where most of its French-speaking residents labored. As the boom continued, the neighborhood grew. At first, the mill owners built rows of brick tenements along the river to accommodate the influx. Soon, they were not enough and people started building for themselves.

They built wooden three- and four-story homes, cramming them in close by each other on narrow streets in the name of economy. Then, within the squat structures, they built lives for themselves. They became a close-knit community of large families and unlocked doors. They had their own schools, social clubs, church groups, and, of course, their own language.

For many years, the mills thrived and the community prospered. But following World War II, the textile industry began to decline and Little Canada began to change. Today, many of the old people have died and their children have moved. In their place are new residents who speak English only, who have smaller families or none at all, who send their children to public not parochial school and who with good reason lock their doors.

Albert Dumais is one of the few older people who remain. Now 84, he sits in his sparse kitchen on a straight-backed chair and remembers arriving from Quebec on June 16, 1922, to look for a job. He was newly married and 20 years old. For 33 years, Dumais worked as a loom fixer at the Hill mill. At night, he cut firewood to sell to his neighbors. Over the years, he also bought and fixed up a number of buildings in the area.

Last spring, he was working on one of his buildings when he fell and broke both his wrists. He was grounded, he says, but not for long. "I work again," he said. "All my life, I work hard. I am not old enough to stop working." Besides, he says, there is little else to do. Most of his friends are gone. And Little Canada feels different now. "The old people died," he says. "Every place here has changed."

Lewiston grew quickly during the last half of the 19th century. In 1860, its population was 7,500; by the turn of the century, it was more than 23,000. The textile mills were the drawing card. At its peak, the Continental Mill employed 1,200 people, and hundreds more worked at the Bates, Hill, and Androscoggin mills. Today, only Bates remains. The other mill buildings are now shoe shops, warehouses, or empty shells.

Little Canada is still dominated by the huge Continental mill, which now sports a tired sign, "Space Available." Across the street, the other

## 'Little Canada" Loses French Accent (Con't)

long important component of life here, the stately but equally huge St. Mary's Church, has aged more gracefully. While many of today's Lewiston residents define Little Canada as a fairly large area (almost 9 acres) bounded by Lincoln, Cedar, River, and Oxford streets, those who live here insist that Little Canada proper consists of only two short narrow strips; River and Oxford streets down to Cedar.

The small triangle and its bulky, jam-packed buildings, older residents say, once brimmed with life. "It was a real neighborhood," says Lionel Duchette. "Somebody would be sick, and they'd put soup on the table, and take care of you till you were well. It was a little community by itself. People knew you, and you knew all of them."

Duchette, 65, has lived on Oxford Street for 45 years. He says people long ago got used to living in buildings that were often 10 to 20 feet away from each other. "In the summertime, the windows were opened next door and they were talking and you can hear what they're saying," he says. "Somebody sneezes, and they say, "Bless you.'"

Duchette describes a neighborhood that provided for its own, with social clubs, church meetings, bingo games, bazaars. Some of that remains, he says, but over time much has changed. "Sometimes when we go to the Pastime Club, we still meet some of the old people," he says. "They go to play pinochle and pass the time away. We used to look up to the old people. Now they're mostly gone, and we're getting up there."

Duchette and his wife, Laurianne, raised five children here. Like most, they have grown up and gone elsewhere. "The kids got married and set themselves a little on the outskirts, out of the parish," he says. "You can't blame them because it's not very private here. It isn't like the old days. Young people today don't look to hear the other neighbor sneeze."

MASSACHUSETTS STATE ARCHIVES, WALTHAM, NOW OPEN SATURDAYS

According to the March 1987 issue of VOLUNTEER CALENDAR (Rose Buckman Morrison, Editor), a publication funded by the Massachusetts Genealogical Council, the State Archives at Waltham is now open every Saturday from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. For additional information, phone the Archives at 1-617-647-8100.

#### NEW ENGLAND VITAL STATISTICS UPDATE

By Rev. Dennis M. Boudreau

Reprinted with permission from the Editor of JE ME SOUVIENS, (A.F.G.S.) Summer 1986, Vol. IX, No. 1.

I often wonder if there are some of you researchers out there who find doing a Franco-American genealogy a challenge at times, or tedious at others? When you find yourself in the latter predicament, what do you do? Do you put your genealogy away for a while, and go back to knitting, or television, or your discarded stamp collection? Personally, I have found another solution, but you need to have a friend or two with a completely different nationality other than your own. It's all that simple.

This past winter, with no Canadian or Acadian genealogical work before me, I had the chance to do some research in other areas, for example, trees whose ancestors include English, Irish, Italians and Portuguese immigrants. Applying the same principles utilized in compiling a Franco-American genealogy, starting with the people known at present, as well all do, and working backward, exposed me to many sources of genealogy still unfamiliar to those of us compiling our own French-Canadian ancestries. I cannot recall how many hours or days were spent in December through February, pouring over land documents, wills, vital records, privately-printed genealogies, city directories, and so forth, as I have this past winter season. While doing such research in these other areas, I have also kept my eyes open for what these sources contained to help our own American-French efforts, and the following update is the result of what I have gleaned.

There is a hidden wealth of information still untapped in our local town and city halls, not to mention State archives, historical societies and bureaus of vital statistics. Also, when was the last time you walked through one of our many southern New England Catholic cemeteries? How many French people's headstones did you see or record?

Last year, I purchased two books which in my estimation are priceless gems of useful information. The first is a must for each researcher's library: THE GENEALOGIST'S HANDBOOK FOR NEW ENGLAND RESEARCH (\$9.00), published in Boston by the New England Historic Genealogical Society. Besides breaking these six states down into counties and towns, it gives a chronological history of each state's municipal development, useful addresses and bibliography for research, viable societies, and so much more. Supplemented with maps and other pertinent data, this is indeed a rich storehouse of genealogical resources, all at your fingertips.

The second book I feel those of us here in New England should not be without is a newly-published title, THE CATHOLIC PARISHES OF NEW ENGLAND by Armand and Mary Letourneau, available from the American-French Genealogical Society (P.O. Box 2113, Pawtucket, RI 02861). This work lists systematically, every Diocese, parish, foundation year, town and state in which they are situated.

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It is another good tool to keep one from needlessly running around from one place to another.

Last month, after years of helping researchers get started, I published a book which will hopefully be helpful as well, as it is based on personal experience, and answers the questions most asked by our French-Canadian researchers. BEGINNING FRANCO-AMERICAN GENEALOGY (\$7.00 + 1.25 postage) is also available from the American-French Genealogical Society. The easy-to-read volume guides the researcher through filling out charts, checking valuable Canadian sources, writing to various New England, Canadian, and French archival sources, and gives numerous examples of certificates, their language, and pages from the various repertoire systems presently in use, especially those found in our own genealogy society libraries, here in New England. There is also information concerning genealogical societies, here and abroad, the Huguenots, Acadians, microfilm collections, and how to find your real coat of arms, if your family possesses one. Thus, another extremely helpful handbook of information.

## MASSACHUSETTS RESEARCH

Researching vital records in the Commonwealth is easy if you can remember three main steps: a) 1600's to 1841; b) 1841-1890; c) 1890 to the present. These are the main subdivisions.

Although most of these records can be located in the local town halls or else in privately-printed family genealogies, the vital records (up to and including 1850) were printed under a specially sponsored program, with copies donated and deposited in many public libraries across the state. The subsequent series: VITAL RECORDS OF MASSACHUSETTS was the result of this program to gather existing records to this period. Many libraries will have some of these volumes; bigger libraries will have a more complete collection. Some town halls possess an index to these records, and depending how kind you are to the clerk, will actually let you use them or xerox copies of the said records.

1841-1890:

The bulk of these records are located at the Massachusetts State Archives at Columbia Point, near the John F. Kennedy Library [i.e. 220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, MA. 02125, Tel. (617) 727-2816]. Vital records for the whole state are located in this new building. No smoking or pens are allowed in the reading room. One must first register at the desk; indices of B/M/D's are first consulted, after which the actual records are researched via microfilm holdings. Certificates of records can also be obtained. Schedule of hours: M-F, 9AM-4PM; Sat. 9AM-3PM.

1850-Present:

The Division of Vital Statistics is located opposite the Boston Common and the State House at 150 Tremont Street, Boston, MA. 02111, Tel. (617) 727-0110. The schedule of hours is erratic, and it is best to call in advance of your visit. Researchers

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must sign in and out, and wear a name tag during the visit. Indices of B/M/D's are again first consulted, then one must fill out a request slip for each record, bringing them to volunteer attendants who will retrieve and open the books to the exact record desired. If the record is "closed to public scrutiny", you will be informed. If you should copy information from any other record other than the one desired, without prior permission, the office has the right to refrain from letting you do further research. Certificates are also available.

Cost of certificates at all locations is \$3.00 each. The only frustrating thing is when certain records are closed, due to an adoption, illegitimacy, stillbirth, etc., or if the volume desired is either falling apart or out for repair, then one must seek another source to retrieve the information desired. At least, there is the town or city hall or church record to fall back on. As regards the Franco-Americans, there are still indeed many cities and towns in Massachusetts uncollected in repertoires. The archives are a good second source of research, but hopefully, someone will undertake the compiling of marriage repertoires in many of the "Little Canada's" of this state, such as Lowell, Lawrence, Haverhill, Worcestor, Ware, Sutton, and so forth.

#### CONNECTICUT RESEARCH

Each Connecticut city or town has kept its own vital records from its beginnings to the present, but a good central collection is the BARBOUR COLLECTION, located at the State Library in Hartford. Like Massachusetts, this series covers the period from the 1600's to 1850. After this date, it is necessary to visit the various town and city halls.

1850-1897: Town halls are the best bet for finding results in Connecticut research. Likewise, a card-carrying member of the Connecticut Genealogical Society has almost open-door access to much of the material. For the most part, only birth records are closed to public scrutiny, and information will be given to a researcher, only if they provide the clerk with an exact name and date. Otherwise, the clerk will look it up for you. Certificates are available upon request. If one plans to research by visiting a town hall, it is suggested to get there early in the day, as in some small towns, the office will close if business is slow or if the clerk has shopping to do. Most clerks are extremely helpful and will go well out of their way to be of service to the genealogical researcher, as I have learned.

1897-Present: The state Division of Vital Statistics is located at 150 Washington Street, Hartford, CT. 06106. Again, access is limited to members of the Connecticut Genealogical Society, on Friday mornings, and that being to indices. Actual records are researched by employees

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of the Vital Statistics Bureau. To obtain records over the counter, call slips must be filled out and given to the various clerks.

All certificates in Connecticut locations are \$3.00 each. It would be a good idea to call or write ahead, to determine the various schedules of operation. As in Massachusetts, it's too bad there were not more repertoires compiled for towns such as Moosup, Putnam, Danielson, Norwich, New Haven, Bridgeport, Hartford, and so forth. This would greatly cut down on a lot of needless travelling for research purposes.

## MISSING IN PROVIDENCE??? RHODE ISLAND RESEARCH

Since it was here that my own search got started, there are some helpful hints that will help Rhode Island researchers (of all nationalities) who may be searching for relatives who were born, married or died in Providence ONLY. The Rhode Island Historical Society Library (at the corner of Hope and Power Streets, Providence, RI 02906) has a set of volumes, indices of vital records for Providence since 1636, entitled: BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS IN PROVIDENCE, 1636-1980. After 1860, the volumes are in chronological five-year spans, surnamed alphabetically. The birth volumes contain the full name of the person born, parents' names and date of birth, as well as a reference to volume and page number in the city registers; marriage records contain the names of the spouses and the date of marriage, along with volume and page number in the city registers; death records contain the name of the deceased, parents or spouse's name, age at death and volume and page reference to the city registers. These records should be searched for anyone who has passed through Providence looking for such information. But it is for this city only. Other records may be found through the various city and town halls.

Because of the backlog at the Division of Vital Statistics, the waiting period for certificates is about a month, unless you can give them an exact date to look up. For this reason, to speed up research efforts, the Vital Records Office has deposited at the Rhode Island Historical Society Library a series of books, bound in yellow, which contain a computerized listing of births, marriages and deaths recorded in Rhode Island from 1850-1900, again in various year spans, by male, and by female. These should be quite helpful to everyone involved in procuring documented proof, both genealogists and clerks alike. Please consult them before venturing to Vital Statistics or your local town or city hall.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE RESEARCH

This past year, I also had the chance to visit the New Hampshire sources for research. The State Library and State Historical Society in Concord have a wealth of materials from which to obtain information, not only for New Hampshire,

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but covering a vast portion of New England as well. The staff people are quite knowledgeable in both English and Franco-American genealogy as well.

Vital Statistics in Concord has an equally marvelous system for research. Volunteers from the New Hampshire Society of Genealogists staff the record room daily, helping researchers to unearth vital records to fill out their charts. Their time and patience is indeed commendable, and should be the model for other states in aiding genealogical researchers. Keep up the good work, ladies and gentlemen!

And finally, do not be misled just because a surname is Irish or Scots, English or Italian, as you will never know where it will lead you. I recently did work for a friend of mine with a Dutch and Alsatian paternal lineage, and an English-Scots-Irish maternal lineage. If you follow this latter line, you'll see where it took me to...

- 1. John J. CASEY and Dorothy E. ELLIS 1st mg. 28 November 1926 - Boston, MA.
- 2. James F. CASEY and Margaret M. KERR mg. 11 July 1906 Boston, MA.
- 3. John J. KERR and Elizabeth McCONNELL mg. 28 February 1876 Montreal, PQ (St-Anne's Church)
- 4. John KERR and Ann KENNA mg. 21 February 1843 - Quebec City, PQ (Notre-Dame Church)
- 5. James KERR and Margaret BOYLE of Scotland

...right back to Canada. You can't win!!!

## SURNAMES FIT LIFE IN TRIPLICATE

By Allan S. Church, Editorial Page Editor Reprinted with permission from the January 8, 1987 edition of the RECORD-JOURNAL, Meriden, Ct.

> Rub-a-dub-dub three men in a tub, and who do you think they be? The butcher, the baker, the candlestick maker, they all went out to sea.

Surnames are a modern invention. Up to the late Middle Ages in Europe, apart from a few noble families who had family names, the vast majority of people had a single name. No one particularly wondered at the lack of any other; life was transitory, government required no forms signed with legal signature in full, in triplicate, and very few, in or out of government, knew how to write anyway. Rewards were for Heaven.

The rise of more complex social and government functions made it necessary to have more than a simple name like Jack, Jan, Jean, Ivan, Giovanni, or Johann (read that Mary, Marie, or Maria if you're female). And, as you might expect, when the surnames were given out it was generally without much concern for their desirability.

"Just step up here, my good man, and tell me your name."

"My name is John."

"John what?"

"Just John."

"My good man, that won't do, no sir! How will we ever send you your tax bill without more address than 'John'? What do you do for a living anyway?"

"I run the mill on the Floss, just outside of town."

"Ah, that's better. You'll be 'John Miller' on the tax forms. Make your X here."

#### Whatever Language

A great many people undoubtedly received their names from their trades, in whatever language they happened to speak at the time; English is full of such names.

Some are exceedingly obvious, jobs still performed under the same name. You don't need a dictionary to figure out what the presumptive ancestor of these folks did for a living:

Archer, Baker, Barber, Brewer (or Brewster), Butcher, Carter, Fisher, Gardner (and probably Gardineer and other variants, with the exception of Peter Sellers), Hunter, Mason, Miner, Parker, Potter, Shepard (with or without

## Surnames Fit Life In Triplicate (Con't)

the H), Singer, Smith, Spicer, Tanner and Thatcher all give open evidence of their work. While there aren't many active thatchers at work on small cottages these days, most of us still recall what a thatched roof is.

Less obvious trade-based names are fun, and there are a whole slew of them. A Cooper, or cooperer, made or sold casks or kegs, usually of wine. The Fuller was a fellow who thickened cloth; that is, the fuller, by gathering or pleating or sewing the edges of cloth (generally woolen) and by applying moisture, pressure and heat, caused fibers to felt--that is, to adhere or mat together.

#### Forget Chevy

The Fletcher made arrows; the word comes from  $\underline{\text{flèche}}$ , the French for arrow, and had nothing to do with either Chevy Chase's detective or Horace Fletcher who taught that all food, including milk, should be chewed 100 times before swallowing.

A Frazier, or frazer, was the person who cut the end of a staff or other tool so that it could receive a ferrule, or metal tip. The Fowler ancestor did something with fowl-hunting; my guess, though, is that the fine folk who bowed the birds had names already; the working stiff who flushed them wound up being called Fowler.

The Heckler was not a person who stood on the edge of the crowd listening to the lord of the manor give his Christmas message and made annoying interruptions and Bronx cheers. That sort of heckler didn't last long in the Middle Ages. Spelling and pronunciation were local options until Webster (whose name, like Weaver, meant a maker of woven cloth) wrote his dictionary.

There was a comb-like gadget called a hackle which was used to separate the long fibers from hemp. In many parts of England, there was scant difference in sound between "hackle" and "heckle." The county known as "Hertford" was--and is--pronounced like the capitol of Connecticut. My guess is that the name Heckler bespeakes an ancestor with a hackle.

#### Latin For Lead

Plumber, or Plummer, seems an obvious name, but it wasn't because the progenitor came to fix the necessaries--there were precious few of them in 14th-century England. Plumbum was the Latin word for lead, and it was lead on the end of a string which made a plumb line--perhaps for pipes to follow. A plumber was one who worked with lead.

Costers were vendors, street vendors, specializing in fruits and vegetables. They did their costermongering near to those who hawked, or peddled, their wares and who became hawkers. While there are any number of jobs which might have given rise to Hooker, my candidate for the ancestor is one who wielded a hook, or scythe, in the fields.

## Surnames Fit Life In Triplicate (Con't)

A Spenser, of course, is one who dispensed items, while a sadler either made, repaired or sold saddles. The Skinner was not one who flayed animal carcasses but, as in Marine usage, one who drove draft animals as a mule skinner. The Sawyer sawed wood; the Lawyer lawed cases (Lawed love us!) though the name is rare. The Turner turned the lathe, while the Slater used a tool for fleshing hides, the Currier brought tanned hides to salable form and the dresser finished and smoothed the skins, particularly leather.

The Butler buttled bottles and kegs of wine, while the drawer opened the same to serve guests, and the Chandler made candles for the table. You can probably think of many more; anyone have a list in other languages?

#### Omitted

There are a few trades, however, which didn't make it into surname status, for possibly obvious reasons: I give you the Murderer so often cast in Shakespeare's plays, the Torturer, the Shoveler, the Arsoner, the Bounder, the Groveler, the Executioner and the Hanger. Less obviously omitted are Chaucer's Almoner, Pardonner and Summoner, and a few strange gaps like Vintner, Poulterer, Sculptor and Roofer.

While you ponder these surnames without a family, you might be interested in a short list of present-day occupations which, in the fullness of time, should become enshrined as family names:

The Slingers will descend from fast-food servers; Pumpers have gas jockeys as ancestors; couch potatoes will give rise to generations of Viewers, probably degenerated linguistically to Vuers; high finance will give us 'Trageurs, from arbitrageurs, and Gofers, from the other end of the employment ladder; psychiatry will give us both Psychers and Shrinkers, while from the world of crime we'll generate a nest not of vipers but of Muggers.

# NARRATIVE OF TITUS KING OF NORTHAMPTON, MASS. A Prisoner of the Indians in Canada, 1755-1758

Published in 1938 by the Connecticut Historical Society and reprinted with their permission

#### Foreword

Titus King, the writer of the Narrative here printed, was, like his ancestors for three generations, a resident of Northampton, Massachusetts. His father Sanuel King, born November 19, 1693; died December 31, 1737; married on January 10, 1717, Anna Stebbins. She died February 13, 1733. Their children were Samuel born in 1722 and Titus born probably in 1729, as he was in his sixty third year at his death on April 14, 1791. Titus married February 11, 1762, Elizabeth the daughter of Josiah King of Suffield, Connecticut. Their children were Elizabeth, born May 8, 1767; Lydia, born May 6, 1764; Mary, baptised April 27, 1766; Titus, baptised February 12, 1769.

Titus, the writer of this Narrative, was a member of Colonel Israel Williams' regiment of militia. Because of Indian alarms due to the war between the English and the French with their Indian allies, guards were maintained in the frontier towns, and Titus with nine others under the command of Corporal Zebulon Allen was stationed at Charlemont, about twenty-five miles north-west of Northampton. While guarding a company of men at work in a meadow in the north part of the town, near Rice's Fort, on June 11, 1755, they were attacked by a party of Indians. Phineas Ames, aged 24, a garrison soldier, who was at work in the field, was killed outright. Captain Moses Rice aged 60, the chief man of the township, who was ploughing corn, was ambushed and shot so that he was unable to walk and was soon dispatched and scalped. His grandson, Asa Rice, a boy of eight, was thrown from the horse and was taken by the Indians. Titus King was also taken captive at this time and he and the boy were soon on their wearysome journey to Canada.

The Narrative now consists of twelve leaves six by seven and one half inches in size and written on both sides. Evidently the commencement of the narrative is missing as it now begins in the midst of a sentence. The last two leaves are of a different paper and the writing has a different appearance from that on the preceding pages, although the whole is undoubtedly the work of the same hand. The leaves had originally been folded across midway of their length and are more or less broken at the fold and on the edges. Missing letters and words have been supplied in brackets where the context made them reasonably certain. The red paper-covered paste board case, bearing a stamped design of acorns on either side, of a size to hold the pages when folded, still accompanies the Narrative. The manuscript is now owned by a resident of Hartford.

A.C.B.

Faithfully Say I Dont no that I Could be more on my gard than I was as I observed Before haveing Sumthing bareing upon my mind. not been there more that an hour & Half before the indians Came in upon the men at work with a Frightfull Hollow & Fireing as they Hollowed the aufull Event was in the Death of one Ames Kill<sup>d</sup> Dead on the Spot Cap<sup>t</sup> Rice Shot through the uper Part (of) His thig yehy Soon Gate him & a Lettel boy a Leading (a) horse ye horse bing Supprsed flung the boy off they took him. When the guns fired they being beteen me & the Fort I took to the woods but in Steed of makeing my ascape Ran into an ambush they ( Within two Lengths of ye gun having no Chance to better myself I immedatily became Prisner to them they Seasd Fast hold of me & Led me a Lettel Space (to) where the oather Indians had brought Capt Rice & the Lettel boy So we were now all togather. the Indians Vewed the Capt wound the Capt Spoke to them & said Do git Sumthing to stop the blood I Can go well anufe there is no Enlish man will Come after you I Soak also & Said do let him go but they would not Suffer me to Speak almost Pushd me Down: & Immedately took me & the boy a Long Leveing two Indians with (the) Capt they Soon Nocked him on the head I heard him C(ry) his Last.

the Death of these two men in So auful a manner was a great addishion to my Sorrow in (par)ticul(ar) wh(en I) did not no but I should Be the next Victim to there Crulity: We went of from the Spot Pretty Fast traveled about a mill or two Stopt in a Lettel Sunk Hollow the Indians Vewed me my Stockens being about my heels my Legs Scracht with t(he) brush &C my Indian master tore a  $p^{\mathbf{r}}$  of gartars from the Side of his Stoknes & made the Sign to tie up my Stoknes Which I Did then they asked me for tobakco I gave them out a good twist they Cut Each of them a pipe full & gave it to me again a good token of Quarter they Shcd the Lettel boy now we Set out for Canada. now I must bid Farewell to Frind(s) in new England & put all my trust in the great hea(d) of Influwencs to Protect & Defend me in a wholein(g) willderness with a Barrous Enemy a going into a stra(nge) Land god indeed was my help in time of trobel. We marched 20 or 25 miles the First Day I obsead Just before we Came to our Loging the Indians all Scarted to make as Lettel Sing as Posable around where they Campt here they Drest the Chalps they had got: Gave me a Lettel Dryed Vesion but I could Eat Very Lettel thine they bou(nd) me Fast & made me Lye beteen two Indians tye(d) the End of the tump to Each of there Feests Sleept Very Lettel this night Who Can Sleep that Leys Bound beteen two Indians att this time also the Musecatos was a great affliction to me the nex(t) morning we Drink a Lettel warter Supe & Set ou(t) on our way the poor Lettel boy but poorly a(ble) to travele but held (

We made bretty good Profishence on our jorney this Day but was Very much put to it for the want of water this Day: We  $\mathsf{Loge}^d$  in Strang woods this night.

13 was up Early this moring haveing Letter to Eat went on our way we had got So far now that the Indians begun to give there Hollow as there manner is to Sigify how many they have  $\mathrm{Kil}^d$  & taken The mountains were Very high Very had to Pas them Sume times I Felt So Faint that I Could not hold one moment Longer but the great goodness of god I was Carred through all the Trials & Diffuclties that he was  $\mathrm{Ples}^d$  to a Signe for me.

#### Narrative of Titus King (Cont'd.)

14 We now Eat up all our Provision this Day th(e) Indians got as many Rocts as they Could: in after noon as we was on the top of a Very high mountain there Came up a black Cloud & it  $\operatorname{Rain}^d$  as Frely as Ever I Saw it the Clouds Seeme to almos meet the mountains top they Peald Sume Bark and made a Lettel Shed & told me to Set under it Pealed Elm bark & Flung Down to me Gave me a Knife to Scrape out the milche Which when I Eat it Seemd to Do me Sume good We got Sume greens & bold  $y^t$  night & Drink the Sope we  $\operatorname{Log}^d$  att the foot of this great mountan this night

Lord Day this morning got up had nothing to Eat the boy was not abel to go any more the Indians carred him on there backs & put me to Carry a back & a gun I Never S(aw) Such a Sabbeth before the Indians told me we Should git to Crown point in one Sleep I Did not Certainly Know yt our provision was all gon altho it was but they had not told me of it we had got now beyond the hight of the Land where the Streens Run north it being a Clody Raine Day no Sun to be Seen & Sume Foge the Indians mist there way went Down a Very Steep mountain about a mile & half When Don we had imtately to asend the Same in order to git in our Corse again it  $\mathtt{Rain}^{ extsf{d}}$ Sume all this Day being Very wet the wethar Raw & Cold we found it hare to get fier the Indians Peld barke to Lye on made a Lettel Fire Sot Down then told me Vituls all gon & put his hand to his belley & gript it in (&) told me now your belly So: by & by Crown point by & by great belley I Laid my Self Down after Looking to god for his Protection & blessing in this wilderness with the heathen being wery & Proplect with the joney Sleept Sume:

mondy 16th Day of June & 6th of my Captivety Rose Pretty Early this morning had nothing to Do now but Presue our Joniey no Roots nor good barks to Eat here about  $noon^d$  we Came to a Larg pond it  $Seem^d$  to be Some miles in Lenght & about a mile and half in breath where we See one Duck the Indians Spid & Shot at him & Kild him but had to Swim 10 or 15 rod to git him we boild him it gave us a few mouths fulls a peace we Drank his broth which gave us Sume refreshment the Indians told me we Should git to Crown point to Day but did not Reach So far as the Lake in the after nood<sup>d</sup> we (ca)me to the place where: when the Indians was a going Down they Kild a bare & her Cub & burred the Cubs head & Sume outhers parts of it in Springey Squecke ground that they got out by what I Could Larn it had been there 18 or 20 Days they Crapt near half a inch from the outside of it that was Roten flung it on to ye fire a few minits Prok it in pacses & handed it round amongst themsels they Did not give me nor the boy any thinking as I then Suppose<sup>d</sup> it was two Strong for us: but the poor boy being So hungerry Seeing them Eat Lad hold of a bone that a Indian had a nauing the Indian Push him away and Looked on the outher Indians & on me & Laftd & after wards they gave him Sume he Eat it Very hearty I asked him where he Liked it he Sayd it was good they bold a Pigeon they had Kild & gave mos of that to the boy & I: this night we Layd not Far frome the Lake.

Tusday 17 June: this morning the Indians Told me that it was 4 miles to the Lake I believe they Cheeted me about Six: We got to the Lake about noon<sup>d</sup> Came to the Canoes Proper Indian Canoes mad of burch bark We saild a Crost the Lake Came to Corn & tobackco &c which they hid when they were

a going Down this is the Fourth Day Sence we have had Enything to Eat Except a pigeon and a owl they Kill<sup>d</sup> on the way Roots greens barks of the trees & the Like Except the Duck I menchened above we was Very Faint & hungray the Indians Fill<sup>d</sup> a Larg cittel of this Pounded Corn & boild it Eat Very heartly, but I Could not Eat So much as I thought I Should: but have Cause to be(e thankful) that my nature was refreshed by what I (ate) Now we Set Sail for Crown piont with a good gale of wind They told me that there would be Indians at Conw( ) & I must Sing an Indian Song there or Elce I must be whipt which Song they had been a Larning me for two or three Days Seem<sup>d</sup> to be Very much a mind I Should git it perfect: about 3 of Clok we Came in Sight of the Fort: about 1/2 mile this Side of the Fort there was about fourty or fivety Indians at a place of Randesvows: for Indians in time of war the Indians with me gave there Hollow: & those on the Shore anceerored We Came to Shore they Shouted one Ran Very Furously took hold of my hand hald me into the Ring told me to Sing Sing So I began Viz Pumatuck a chesuk wigazeul a Dam bor they a Shouting all round me the boys Song was Mis:-:aw: in Enlish two of you: yt of mine waus you are Sorroy you are taken you wanter go hum to See the girles this was only to make a Lettel Sport for themsels after this was over they Led me under a Larg Conoe & gave me a dist of pese that had been boild with meet which I thought Exceeded all the Vituls that Every I Eat for goodness: This Don went to the Fort there I was taken into a French house they Seemed to treet me Pretty well Logd in a britty good bed but Could not Sleep but Very Lettel the Lice that I had Catcse of the Indians bet me Very much.

Wesday 18<sup>thd</sup> this morning I was Sent for by a French officre went to his house with the interpreter he gave me a pipe a Dram of brandy &c he asked me where it was war time in the Enlish Contray I Told him that there Indians Keep Killing & takeing men there & there must be talks of war he asked me where(ther or not we) Was a Comeing to take Crown point. I told him I was taken in the woods & was not Ebel to teel him he Smild he was not at all Cretacal in Questonen me: he told me he would git me from the Indians if he Could but Where he tryed or not I Cannot Say: I walked Round the Ramparts of the Fort wnet in the Casell the French treated me pretty well with Victuls wine & brandy & good manner(s) about noond the Indians told me I must go: So we imbar(ked) in the Canoes the Indians had got Licker a botel of (prandy) & a cittel of wine which I was Very Sorry to See Sash<sup>d</sup> the Canoes togather fell to Drinking I asked them for Sum they told me no but after Speaking togather they gave me Sume but they got Very Drunk all but one onte(al) I was in Fear of my life all the Day for an Indian is as bad as the Divel when he is Drunk We had not gon Far before the Indians began to Differ the Indian yt Sot before me told me to (git) in the outher Canoe the opsset Indian told me to Set Still with that the indian before me took up his hatsit to nock me on the head the outher Indian Spoke in Enlish Come Co(me) I lept out into the outher Canoe & So acapt the blow that Even we went a board a French Sloop the F(rench) Seemd to be Very good to me the Indians was a mind to Some more Licker but they would not Let them Have it but gave me a Dram of brandy & a pece of bread as is the manner of the French to treet; we went from this sloop about Sun Set I dreaded this nig(ht) with these Drunken Indians we went 2 or 3 miles farder went on Shore a Lettel Island one of the Indians Voumetd Very heartly they Lay Down Did not ofer me any Furder abuse it Rand Sum that night we lay on the Sand bech I garred two or 3 stons for my pillar had Lattel Strip of blanket to cover the boy & myself We Lay oursels Down I Tock him on my arm Lay $^{\rm d}$  my head on my Stone Piller Laid my hat on the Side of my head to Shed of the rain & So Slep $^{\rm t}$  Sume.

19th got up this morning the Indians Seem<sup>d</sup> to be a Lettel ashamed that they was So Drunk Last Night they told me that Rum was no good Now we Set out for S<sup>t</sup> Johns but the Indians Felt So after there Drunkness they Could not Paddel they told me I must Paddel with the outher Indian that had not been Drunk While they Lay<sup>d</sup> Down & Sleep<sup>t</sup> Now I was a Paddeling myself into Captivety now I had a night & Day to Compose my mind & bring it to my Circumstaceses Nothing Remakbel happed this Day nor the next

Satuarday 21st the Indians Told me this Day that I must be an Indian they had always told me before that I Should go to Montreal but now they told (me) I must go with them to the Indian town I told them I Chose to Leve with the French they told me Frenchman no good Enlishman no good Indian Very good at noon they went out of the Canoes & Spred a blanket on a Lettel nole told me to Set Down they took out my Sleve buttens Pulled of my Shurt put on a Old Shurt of theres that Stand with Indian Sweet put wonpon in my neck Panted my Face I began to think I was an Indian. the boy was more ) than I was his hair Cut and Shaved in the Same manner as they was We came to  $S^{\mathsf{t}}$  Jons Fort this night I past Very well for an Indian those that Could Speak Enlish would Speak to me & Call me brother there was a Indian Came to me tole me I must go a long with him he took me to his wigworm gave me a Dram of brandy in an Indian Spoon told me I might Loge in his tent while he and his Squaw Lay in the open air Rested myself Sume this night began to (be) a Lettel more Compos<sup>d</sup> in my mind than I was it become me now Constantly to Seek & pray for patieance a great blessing in time of advarsity

22 Lords Day this Day the Indians Let me go into  $S^t$  Jons Fort where the French treeted me pretty well gave me Victuls & Drink that was good but the Indias would not Let me Loge in the Fort altho the French invited me I must Loge with them in there wigwarms: We Log $^d$  here two nig(hts)

Monday 23 Set out for  $S^t$  Franceos Pasd by Shamberlie this Day & Sauarell Vileges this night  $Loge^d$  on the River bank the Indians up almost (all) Night Singing & Pawwaing with the Calps they had got they had got Sum French brandy & Keep<sup>t</sup> all Drunk I had a Very tigeous night this night.

24th 25 mothing Rmakell pas<sup>d</sup> these two Days we on our joney got a Pretty many Turkels Eggs which we biol<sup>d</sup> & Eat Strabery & the Like none but Indians for my Compny this night Came within a mile or two of S<sup>t</sup> Francios but Did not go in this night the Indians Chose to go in by fare Day Light this morning the Indians Painted my Face & the Boy(s) put more wompom in our Neecks and told us by (an?) Indian Fort: Painted up themselvs all a new Re(ded) the Scalps got themselvs in the bast order to apeare (in) town: So we Sett out they gave there Indian Hollow: we had not gon Far before a Canoe of Indians Came to meet us: one of the Indians Spoke to me now you go to Indian town asked me Where I was a Frad of Indian I told

## Narrative of Titus King (Cont'd.)

him no he Said they would not hurt me as we Came Near the Shore there was about 200 Indians to Receve us I Saw yt ye young Indians had Sticks to whip us as we come a Shore they Run Very Furously & took hold of me: we had to run about 30 Rod up a considrabel hill on which the town Stands to git to the main body of Indians: the Indian goveners Son Step<sup>t</sup> in bteen me & the young Indians yt (had) ye sticks told (them to be) gone home So by that means I Did not git one Stripe for which I thanked him after we got up the hill there I was taken into the Rind had to sing my Indian Song again then was Lead away to a wigworm where they gave me Sume Victuls: I had not been there more that an houre before the French Prets that had the Care of the Indians Came to See me he asked what Regileon I was of I told him I Profast after the Reformed he asked me where I was a Catlotlick I told him I profast to be but not a Roman he told  $y^{\mathsf{t}}$  god had Done great things for me in Leting the Indians bring me there where there was a good Regilon & that now I had oppertunity to Imbresed & So be Saved I told him I Called Captivity a Sore Judgment of god but yet I hoped it would be for the bast the French was then Very much Rage with Braddox Defeet which was about this ti(me) which I Shall menchon here & Sume outher Victorys in the two or 3 following years which greatly Prompt the French (and) mad them insult the poor Prisoners the more.

To be continued in the Winter issue of

THE CONNECTICUT MAPLE LEAF

FAMILY HISTORIES: CAOUETTE (Founder of Religious Order), DESROSIERS/LIPPE (Descendant of German Prince), LANGEVIN (Soldier in Carignan Regiment)

by Father Albert P. Goulet (#258)

Reprinted with permission from the 14 Feb. 1987, 27 Dec. 1986, and 3 Jan. 1987 issues, respectively, of WEEKEND; Southbridge, Mass.

#### THE CAOUETTE FAMILY

Today, I want to write about the Venerable Catherine Aurelie CAOUETTE, founder of a Canadian institution, the Sisters Adorers of the Precious Blood, and about Joseph CAOUETTE, who married the daughter of a New England captive.

Pierre CAOUETTE (CAHOUET), Canadian ancestor of the family, came from Treguier, a small city on the coastline of France, near the English Channel, formerly in Brittany province, now in the Department of Côtes du Nord.

The name CAOUETTE means "bonnet," a hood or cowl. Pierre was the son of Jean and Marie (VALLEE) CAHOUET, and born in France in 1669. He married Anne GAUDREAU, born in 1676, daughter of Gilles and Anne (PINEAU) GAUDREAU, on July 27, 1693 at Cap St. Ignace, Quebec. They had 14 children.

#### The Captive

The parish of Cape St. Ignace is about 40 miles from Quebec City, on the south side of the St. Lawrence River. Parish records show that on August 3, 1750, Marie Genevieve OUABARD (the records say LANGLOIS; <u>L'Anglais</u> means "The Englishman") married Joseph CAOUETTE, grandson of Pierre.

Marie was born on March 31, 1731, daughter of Joseph Philip and Marie Charlotte (GUILLET) OUABARD. The captive, Joseph Philip OUABARD, was her father. He was baptized at 17 years of age on December 12, 1706 in Cape St. Ignace. He was also married there on August 20, 1725. The records of the parish, as well as the marriage contract signed by notary Michon, identify the bridegroom as Joseph Philip, son of Nicolas and Marie OUABARD, and date his death as December 29, 1756.

Some say that this English boy, by the family name of WEBER, was taken captive by Indians at Cape Ann. His original family name cannot be proven.

#### Founder of Religious Order

Southbridge residents have asked how they are related to the founder of the Sisters Adorers of the Precious Blood. Here is her lineage. Mother Catherine Aurelie, baptized as Amelia CAOUETTE at Notre Dame, St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, on July 11, 1833, founded the Catholic religious institution on September 14, 1861 and died on July 6, 1895. Here are her parents:

 Joseph CAOUETTE--son of Joseph Marie and Marie Charlotte (COITEUX) CAOU-ETTE.

#### FAMILY HISTORIES (Con't)

Marguerite OLIVIER--daughter of Basile and Marguerite (CHAUVIN) OLIVIER. Married--February 2, 1818, Notre Dame, St. Hyacinthe, Quebec.

2. Joseph Marie CAOUETTE--son of Claude Raphael and Marie Elisabeth (CLOUTI-ER) CAOUETTE.

Marie Charlotte COITEUX--daughter of Joseph and Charlotte (DION) COITEUX. Married--August 8, 1788, Notre Dame, St. Hyacinthe, Quebec.

 Claude Raphael CAOUETTE--son of Jean Baptiste and Genevieve (JEAN) CAOU-ETTE.

Marie Elisabeth CLOUTIER--daughter of Jean Baptiste and Angelique (THIB-EAULT) CLOUTIER.

Married--August 12, 1762, Lisle, Quebec.

4. Jean Baptiste CAOUETTE--son of Pierre and Anna (GAUDREAU) CAOUETTE, the Canadian ancestors.

Married--August 25, 1729, Notre Dame, Quebec City.

## The Caouettes of Southbridge

Victor Wilfred CAOUETTE, who married Cecile ST. AMANT at Notre Dame in November 1949, is the son of Alfred Joseph and Anne (MARTIN) CAOUETTE. His parents were married in 1895 and came early in the century to Southbridge with their children. The family was formerly from St. Pie de Bagot, Quebec. The present-day CAOUETTES in Southbridge descend from them.

#### THE DESROSIERS/LIPPE FAMILIES

Today, I am writing about the DESROSIERS and LIPPE families. Through his mother, Southbridge native Edward D. DESROSIERS descends from a German prince. DESROSIERS is the son of Ernest A. DESROSIERS and Helen LIPPE, who were married at Sacred Heart Church on April 11, 1921.

#### The Lippe Family

This German prince, Philip II Ernst, who is the ancestor of the Canadian LIPPE family, married Francoise FUSEAU dit ROCH, daughter of Mathurin and Francoise SERRES. The date and place of their marriage are unknown.

They had seven children and the LIPPE connection in Canada and the U.S. stems from their third child, Joseph Sulpice LIPPE, who married Marie Anne HETU, daughter of Francois and Madeleine BOURDON, at Lanoraie, Quebec, on February 9, 1795.

The immigrant to Southbridge was Joseph, born at Lanoraie. Records indicate he married Ermeline DEMERS, daughter of Edmond and Josephine DUTEAU, at Notre Dame Church on June 12, 1893.

After the death of his wife Francoise at Lavaltrie, Quebec, on March 10, 1810, the prince returned to Germany.

## FAMILY HISTORIES (Con't)

#### The Desrosiers Family

DESROSIERS is a surname, as the Canadian ancestor is Francois DEGUIRE dit LAROSE, parents unknown, a soldier from France assigned to the Sorel Company in the Carignan regiment.

He married at St. Ours, Quebec, about 1670. Francois' wife was Marie Rose COLIN, daughter of Pierre and Jeanne DUPOSTEAU from D'Espinay, Chalons diocese, in France.

When the son of Francois and Marie Rose married at St. Ours on December 16, 1696, the family name was changed to DEGUIRE dit DESROSIERS; his descendants dropped DEGUIRE and retained only DESROSIERS. The immigrant to Southbridge was Edouard DESROSIERS, born in St. Aime, Quebec, who later married Exilda LAFLAMME.

Is this Francois DESROSIERS, who died in Montreal on September 12, 1699 the ancestor of all the DESROSIERS? No. The majority of the DESROSIERS families descend from Antoine DESROSIERS, parents unknown, who arrived in Canada in 1640 and married Anne LENEUF, according to the contract by notary BOUJONNIER on November 24, 1647.

Antoine DESROSIERS is also the ancestor of the DESILET, DUTREMBLE, DAR-GIS, and LAFRESNIERE families--as his descendants added these surnames to DES-ROSIERS.

#### THE LANGEVIN FAMILY

Albert J. LANGEVIN, born in Southbridge, son of Joseph and Leona (LA-LIBERTE) LANGEVIN, descends from two French soldiers who arrived in Canada in the summer of 1665.

According to a history of the Franco-Americans by Felix GATINEAU, Jean Baptiste LANGEVIN, who married Elisabeth CHAPDELAINE in 1820 at St. Ours, Quebec, came to Southbridge in 1848 with his family. Joseph LANGEVIN, Albert's great-grandfather, returned to St. Ours in 1850 to marry Rose GRAVEL.

Three sons of Joseph LANGEVIN married three GIARD sisters--including Albert's grandfather Alfred, who married Alma GIARD, daughter of Alexis and Rosalie DUHAMEL on June 9, 1890 at Notre Dame Church.

## The Canadian Ancestor

The Canadian ancestor of this family is Jean BERGEVIN dit LANGEVIN, a soldier in the Grand Fontaine company of the Carignan regiment. Baptized on March 11, 1635 at St. Jacques Church in Angers, France, he was the son of Mathurin and Marie TESNIER.

Jean married at Notre Dame, Quebec, on November 26, 1668. His wife was Marie PITON, born in 1648, daughter of Remi and Marie POILEN, from St. Paul Parish in Paris, France. Both died at Beauport, Quebec--Jean on Febru-

## FAMILY HISTORIES (Con't)

ary 2, 1703 and Marie on April 25, 1728.

#### Two Other Langevin Ancestors

The majority of the local LANGEVIN families descend from the following ancestors:

Mathurin LANGEVIN, son of Mathurin and Marguerite MAHAY, was born near the Castle de Lude in Anjou province, France, on October 12, 1632. He came to Ville Marie (earlier name for Montreal), Quebec, in 1653. Accompanying him were Governor DE MAISSONNEUVE and Marguerite BOURGEOIS, who is now beatified.

There were no children from his first marriage and Mathurin remarried on October 9, 1674 at Notre Dame, Quebec. His second wife was Marie Therese MARTIN, daughter of Antoine and Denise SEVESTRE. The name LANGEVIN is from the Anjou region of France. In Montreal, a surname LACROIX was added; so this family is known as LANGEVIN dit LACROIX.

Another LANGEVIN ancestor is Michel, son of Michel and Marguerite Helie (SAMSON) LANGEVIN, from the parish of Saint Sulpice in Paris, France. Michel married on April 23, 1714 at Contrecoeur, Quebec. His wife was Marguerite GUERTIN, daughter of Louis and Marie Madeleine CHICOINE.

YOUR FRANCO-AMERICAN HERITAGE, PART 1: Name-Changing Patterns Among French Canadians in Waterville, Maine.

Reprinted with permission from the February 1986 issue of <u>Le FAROG</u> Forum, official publication of ActFANE (Action for the Franco-Americans of the Northeast), published at Manchester, New Hampshire.

The name-changing practices of a large non-English immigrant group reveal themselves clearly in the city of Waterville, Maine. Integration into the community created many difficulties for the new French-Canadian citizens and gave importance to the process of name-changing.

Before entering into any discussion of the name-changing practices, let us review briefly the history of the immigration into Waterville. The migration began in the early 19th century, the first settler being Jean-Baptiste MATHIEU. By 1831 three hundred French Canadians had settled in the Waterville area, but it was not until the 1870's that the large influx occurred. The most immediate cause was the widespread recruitment of workers by the Lockwood Cotton Mill which opened in Waterville in 1874. By 1881 French Canadians constituted approximately thirty percent of the town's population.

The French Canadians migrated predominately from the St. George and Beauceville regions of Quebec Province in search of better living conditions and job opportunities. These regions, in addition to having thin topsoil for agriculture, were situated a long distance from the St. Lawrence River and the fishing industry. In the 1800's, conditions in the Canadian Valley, which included the regions concerned with here, deteriorated to a below-subsistence level in many cases.

The resultant immigrants were generally from large families and were most often illiterate. Frequently, one family or person making the journey would relate messages to friends and relatives encouraging them to come and share in the available jobs. Some made the whole trip on foot. Most of the immigrants, however, intended to return to their homeland as soon as they saved enough money to guarantee a minimal life. As will be seen later, this has an important effect on the chronology of the name-changing practices. This study starts with the French Canadians establishing themselves in Waterville and the underlying conflict which soon asserted itself.

That Waterville, a typical New England town, was extremely English in its orientation, was important when one considers the historical tensions that had existed between Englishmen and Frenchmen throughout the world. Many English citizens of Waterville resented a large-scale immigration of Frenchmen. Much of this local feeling dated back to the French-Indian War, a bitter conflict between French and English on American soil.

Contributing to the tensions was the fact that almost all the Englishmen were Protestants, while the French were generally Catholic. That the French and English communities of the town found initial cooperation difficult created an uneasy situation that led to some of the first name changes.

#### Your Franco-American Heritage, Part 1 (Con't)

Many of the name changes had the purpose of making the life of the French Canadians in Waterville easier. Most having finally decided to stay in Waterville, the French hoped that they would consequently be more rapidly assimilated into the American way of life.

While the French wanted to identify with the United States, they did not entirely want to cut off their past heritage. To retain part of their original culture, most people who changed their name merely adopted the English derivative of their name (LABBE-LIBBY). In a few extreme cases, changes occurred simply for self-preservation as tensions between the two communities occasionally erupted into violence.

Most important, although the leastprofound, ideologically, was the difficulty in communicating between the French and English. In the ensuing analysis, some of these causes for name changes overlap because of their mutual interdependence. Any single cause or combination of causes would, depending upon the particular circumstances, be enough to prompt a name change.

Self-preservation as a cause, although controversial in importance, appeared most in the early stages of migration to Waterville. Some Frenchmen considered it unsafe to walk outside their own district of the town. An individual with a family name of BEAUCHESNE felt that he would ease one source of tension by taking on the new name of BOSHAN or BESHAW. It is a matter of conjecture how effective a name change of this type was in achieving its goal. Nevertheless, the motive of self-preservation, although possibly quite limited, did exist.

Closely related, but significant in its own right, was a desire on the part of the French Canadians to "Americanize" themselves. This desire was not really manifested until many years after the primary immigration. For a considerable period of time, most of the French Canadians had not decided to remain in Waterville. Few, however, made enough money to realize their dream of returning to Canada. As soon as permanent settlement became accepted by a family, attention was more likely to be focused on considering a name change.

The desire of "Americanization" was thus felt that anglicization of their names was one way in which they could further their assimilation into American society and share in the gains that it was making. "Americanization" was thus an important factor in some of the name changes encountered.

The relative status of the French Canadians and English of Waterville can be most succinctly stated by saying that Englishmen were "in" and French Canadians were "out." Besides the wide economic differences between these two groups, a social separation also existed. Often the French employees of a firm were simply referred to as "Frenchmen" rather than as individuals. Most professional and other socially acceptable occupations were held by Englishmen. Some French Canadians thought that one of the requisites for bridging the gap was anglicization of their names. This might not only increase their social standing, but also might give them a better chance of getting a "good" job. It might also help in the "public" schools, where

French children had a more difficult time gaining admission than English children. In general, however, the socio-economic cause of name changing decreased as assimilation progressed. This assimilation paralleled the increasing number of bilingual Frenchmen, as in the early stages of immigration almost all French Canadians were monolingual.

The source of the name changing that did endure into the 20th century was the communication problem. The English encountered difficulty in trying to pronounce many of the French tongue-twisters. A name like POIRIER simply does not fall into the letter combinations to which an English-speaking person is accustomed. POIRIER often was converted to PIPER, VEILLEUX soon evolved into VIGUE, GIROUX became GIRO, BERNIER turned into BARNEY, GILBERE into GILBERT. Examples of changes such as these are common through the Waterville area. Facilitating communication was clearly the most prevalent reason for changing names.

Folk etymology, the native way of spelling a foreign work, as it is pronounced, is important in considering the name changes. Most of the French Canadians were illiterate to the extent that they could not even spell their own names. When applying for a job, a Frenchman would sometimes write down his name as it sounded to him and the subsequent change occasionally became permanent.

More common was when the employer, undoubtedly an Englishman, would spell the name as it sounded to him. In a case such as this, a name was not newly devised, but rather the old name was fitted into an existing English derivation or translation. Most of these changes were phonetic. Those names that were pronounceable often remained intact.

Still today, the problem of name changing is not dead in Waterville. The problem has evolved from primarily a sociological difficulty to a legal one. Louis MARCOU, a prominent Waterville attorney, tells of a plot of land bought under the name of POULIN and sold under the name of POOLER. This causes problems in tracing the ownership of an old family plot to determine the rightful claimant.

A similar problem has occurred when a Frenchman with a name change has tried to collect his social security pension under his legal French name. Today, many Waterville citizens of French origin are known by an English name in most of their dealings yet still legally bear the original French name. Further complications arise from the persistence of some Frenchmen in referring to other Frenchmen by their original surnames even though they have long been anglicized. It is evident that difficulties still persist in Waterville due to the name-changing process.

A slight distinction exists between the "Americanization" process of name changing and changes for ease of communication. An example of the "Americanization" change was a switch from NADEAU to the more American name of NEDO. In a change such as this, there was often no great difference in the facility of pronunciation. When communication was the main factor, however, the name was not necessarily typically, or even slightly, American. Exemplifying this was the change from VEILLEUX to VIGUE.

#### BENOIT PONTBRIAND -- AN INDELIBLE NAME IN GENEALOGY

#### by Frank Binette (#330)

Reprinted with permission from the author and American-Canadian Genealogical Society; Manchester, New Hampshire. ACGS, founded in 1973, is New England's first Franco-American family research organization. The article below appeared in the Spring 1985 issue of LE CANADO-AMERICAIN.

Born in 1914 at Granby, Quebec, the son of Joseph Pontbriand and Eva Paquette, Benoit Pontbriand first received a classical education at the Seminaire de St-Hyacinthe; in 1941 he graduated from the Institut Agricole at Oka, Quebec, with a degree in agronomy. In his subsequent profession as an agronomist, he served at several levels of the Canadian government, including the managing position of the Cooperative Agricole. He was later in the employ of Canadian Industries, Ltd., for over twenty-five years; his work took him throughout Quebec, always in close contact with the people of the agricultural milieu.

It was in 1930 that Mr. Pontbriand began to index the births, marriages, and sepultures of his native parish of Granby. Seven years later, he started to develop his personal ancestral charts, research that culminated in 1970 and 1981 trips to France.

In 1956 he established his home in Sillery, Quebec, and it was there and at that time that he really began to methodically compile the records of marriages of the many surrounding parishes: Portneuf, Notre-Dame-de-Quebec, Ste-Foy, St-Nicolas, and others. He extracted, copied, classified, and printed 108 volumes containing the marriage records of more than 270 parishes in all--well over one million marriages! His books list the names of both the bride and groom, those of both sets of parents, the date and place of each marriage. Along with this momentous achievement, he also authored several other books concerning genealogy and history.

Last year, Mr. Pontbriand edited and published the Index onomastique des memoires de la Societe de genealogie canadienne francaise, a project that had been inititated by the late author-genealogist Roland Auger. The untimely death of Mr. Auger having prevented the completion of the work, Mr. Pontbriand, in a gesture now dedicated to the memory of this good friend, picked up where this important project had been so unexpectedly interrupted. Thus he completed the research, edited and published the Index, which covers some 140,000 name references appearing in the Memoires de la Societe de genealogie for the years 1944-1975. For this dedicated contribution of Mr. Pontbriand, researchers everywhere are forever grateful. At the present time, this intrepid worker is preparing several other publications, including Baptisms and Sepultures of Cooperville, N.Y., Marginal Notes of Notre-Dame-de-Quebec, and Marginal Notes of St-Roch-de-Quebec. No release dates for these books have as yet been announced.

Benoit Pontbriand has definitely earned his niche amongst the giants of genealogy. His name will be carved with those of Tanguay, Drouin, Beaumont, Forgues, Talbot, Carbonneau, Giroux, Jette, and others.

#### Benoit Pontbriand--An Indelible Name in Genealogy (Con't)

A few months ago, Mr. Pontbriand published his latest repertory,  $\underline{\text{The Marriages}}$  of Clinton County, N.Y., 1830-1880. Genealogists everywhere will find this book an indispensible tool for research, particularly when trying to find the marriage record of someone who migrated to the U.S. from the province of Quebec between the years 1830-1880. For the author, it is one more accomplishment in his endeavor to provide accessible genealogical records for researchers who otherwise would have to make far-away appointments and travel many miles to peruse the registers of parishes involved in their investigations.

<u>Postscript</u>. The above article was prepared from an interview conducted by the author. In a closing comment, Mr. Pontbriand posed the following question: "When will French-Americans begin to publish the biographies of their families? How, when, and from where did their families leave Canada, and which route did they travel in their migration south of the 45th parallel? Their French-Canadian cousins to the north are eager to read such family histories."

ASSOCIATION DES VEILLET ET VEILLETTE D'AMERIQUE, INC. (The Veillet/Veillette Association of America, Inc.)

Paul T. Veillette (#161), of East Chatham, New York, a valued contributor to <u>CML</u>, notes that their highly organized family group will hold its first grand Reunion in August of 1988 at Ste. Genevieve de Batiscan, Quebec, Canada.

If you're interested in attending and/or learning more about the VEILLET/VEILLETTE clan, please contact the Association. They intend to publish a genealogical directory--prior to the 1988 Reunion--that will list all known <u>Veillettes</u> in the U.S., Canada, and France.

Persons wishing to include their biographical data in the directory should write to the Association immediately.

French speakers please contact:

Madame Françoise Veillette St. Louis 4325, rue Paquin Trois-Rivieres, Quebec, Canada G8Y 2A7

English speakers please contact:

Mr. Gratien Veillette 5110, rue Trenholme Montreal, Quebec, Canada H4V 1Y5

Be sure to include an International Reply Coupon with your letter. You can purchase one at any post office for 75¢.

#### CAPE COD'S MARINE RESOURCES MANAGER

Extract from "The Valois: A Family History & Genealogy," by Jack Valois (#31) and the Reverend Raymond Valois, C.S.V.

The summer resort village of Woods Hole, Mass., at the southwest tip of Cape Cod, has gained world fame as home for two scientific research stations centering around the sea. By virtue of its size and broad range of programs dealing in all phases of marine sciences, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, founded in 1930, is perhaps better known to the general public than its neighboring parent, Woods Hole Marine Biological Laboratory, whose department of Marine Resources is headed by a direct descendant of Antoine-Regis, II.2 (1729-54), Jacques Levallois' 18th son.

Chosen in 1882 as the site for the first U.S. fisheries research station due to its location at a giant crossroads of ocean currents and marine habitats, Woods Hole became the home six years later of the Laboratory itself. MBL was to be a private, independent facility for research and teaching in biology and natural history. Here, early scientists seeking to understand human physiological systems learned from Darwin that life in the sea provides innumerable models of the simplest and most reproductible organisms for scientific investigation.

Over the years, MBL evolved into an information exchange and testing place for countless scholars exploring ideas which were blended into the science of biology. In time, these Woods Hole-nurtured ideas found their way into diverse fields such as engineering and philosophy.

Among major 20th century accomplishments of its staff of men and women scientists: proving the chromosome theory of heredity and founding the new science of genetics...establishing the sciences of cellular, developmental, and reproductive biology...developing the science of communication and control theory (cibernetics) as it relates to the nervous system, brain, and mechanical-electrical communications systems...and the establishment of modern-day ecology with the laboratory serving as an international forum concerned with the safe interrelationship of man to his environment.

An independent corporation of 600 scientists and scholars, the expanded marine Biological Laboratory curriculum features 15 year-round research programs in ecology, neurobiology, and the genetics of marine organisms. Students are also offered undergraduate, graduate, and posdoctoral courses.

MBL's scientific services include the George M. Gray Museum--providing a comprehensive reference collection of 6,000 herbarium sheets and 9,000 zoological specimens from northeastern U.S. waters--and a Living Material Supply known formally as the department of Marine Resources. Here the Laboratory collects and delivers to investigators all over the world more than 250 species of locally available plants and marine animals. Its manager is a descendant of Antoine-Regis and Marguerite (Cailla) Valois, who was the French marine's last child.

John J. Valois, IX.2 (1926- ), is a Boston native, son of Emilien and Ellen (Curran) Valois. He went from high school into the Naval Air Corps in 1944 where he served as crew chief on a DC-3 transport plane until discharged two years later as a Petty Officer 2nd Class. After receiving a biology degree from Boston University in 1948, John taught public school for three years before earning a graduate degree in education from Tufts University at Medford, Mass. While at Tufts, the Marine Biological Laboratory hired Valois for their Department of Marine Resources.

Married to Connecticut-born Frederica Wellington in 1962, the Woods Hole resident's main interests, even away from the job, are marine sciences. For recreation, however, John turns to sailboat racing and tennis. In April 1982, he appeared in a one-hour NOVA tv program, aired over New Jersey's Public Broadcasting System Channel 13, which took a look at the Laboratory's marine research activities.



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book. Enclosed is	a check of money or	der in the amount of
\$ .	_	

#### CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES GOVERNING GENEALOGICAL RESEARCH

Reproduced herewith for your information are three extracts from the Connecticut General Statutes which govern research by private individuals of births, marriages, and deaths on file at town and city halls. Accompanying them is a 1975 opinion on the subject by the state's Attorney General. JV

#### Extracted from Page 18, Municipalities, Title 7, Connecticut General Statutes

- Sec. 7-41a. Vital statistics records available for genealogical research. All records of vital statistics including births, marriages and deaths in the custody of any registrar of vital statistics or of the department of health services shall be open for research to any member of a legally incorporated genealogy society and such societies shall be permitted to incorporate statistics derived therefrom in their publications.
- (1971, P.A. 228, S 1; P.A. 77-614, S. 323, 610.)
  History: P.A. 77-614 substituted department of health services for department of health, effective January 1, 1979.
- Sec. 7-51. Examination of birth certificates and records restricted.

  With the exception of the chief executive officer of the municipality or his authorized agent, attorneys at law, title examiners and members of legally incorporated genealogical societies, no person, except the person whose birth is recorded, if over eighteen years of age, or his parent or guardian if a minor, shall have any access to or be permitted to examine the original or any copy of the birth certificate or birth record, of any person, nor shall he disclose any matters contained therein or any information concerning such birth, which original, copy or information is in the custody of any registrar of vital statistics or of the department of health services, nor shall he be entitled to any copy of any such certificate, record or information, except upon written order of a court of record or upon written request of a state department or the federal government when approved by the department of health services.
- (1949 Rev., S. 572; 1971, P.A. 228, S. 2; 1972, P.A. 127, S. 4; P.A. 77-614, S. 323, 610.)
- History: 1971 act provided that members of legally incorporated genealogical societies may have access to records; 1972 act changed age of majority from twenty-one to eighteen; P.A. 77-614 substituted department of health services for department of health, effective January 1, 1979.
- Sec. 7-51a. Copying of vital records for purposes of genealogical research.

  Notwithstanding the provisions of section 7-51, persons acting under the direction of a legally incorporated genealogical society shall be permitted to copy the vital records, including birth, death and marriage records and their indexes, of any municipality. The provisions of this section shall apply only to those vital records of a municipality which are not included in the Barbour Collection and which relate to events which occurred prior to the year 1900. All copies made under the provisions of this section shall be reduced to microfilm and shall be placed in the custody

#### Connecticut General Statutes Governing Genealogical Research (Con't)

of the state's public records administrator who shall make such microfilm copies available to the public for purposes of genealogical research at the state library. If any vital records for the periods specified in this section have been microfilmed, the person having custody of the microfilm negatives shall permit their use for the purposes of this section. No expense arising from activities permitted under this section shall be paid by the state or any municipality. Nothing in this section shall be construed to be in derogation of any other right of public access to vital records conferred by any other provision of the general statutes.

(P.A. 80-280.)

STATE OF CONNECTICUT
Office of The Attorney General
30 Trinity Street
Hartford 06115

January 10, 1975

Honorable Douglas S. Lloyd, M.D. Commissioner, State Health Department 79 Elm Street Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Dr. Lloyd:

In your letter of November 5, 1974, you request our opinion concerning the proper construction of Section 7-41a and Section 7-51, Conn. Gen. Stats., as amended, in regard to access and utilization of vital records.

You first ask whether the State Department of Health can satisfy the access requirement by permitting a genealogist to examine only a particular record rather than permitting him to be physically in the vaults to search all records. Section 7-41a provides that "all records of vital statistics...in the custody of any registrar of vital statistics or of the State Department of Health shall be open for research to any member of a legally incorporated genealogy society."

Clearly, vital records must be open to genealogists for research. Some research often requires a search of all records. To satisfy the access requirement and carry out the express intent of the Legislature, the State Department of Health and any local registrar must allow an individual who comes within the statute to compile the statistical information he seeks, and if this necessitates a search of all the records he must be permitted to do so, providing that restrictions of space allow without an unreasonable disruption of the office or harm to the records.

Your second question concerns whether a genealogist can purchase a copy of the vital records. Section 1-19, Conn. Gen. Stats., as amended, states that "except as otherwise provided...every resident of the State shall have the right

#### Connecticut General Statutes Governing Genealogical Research (Con't)

to inspect or copy public records." The quoted provision expresses a general legislative equation of inspection and copying. Moreover, Section 7-51, Conn. Gen. Stats. specifically excepts members of legally incorporated genealogical societies from its provisions, which prohibit certain persons from access to and copying of a birth certificate or birth record. The opposite, therefore, is that they have such authority and, reading the two provisions together, a genealogist must be permitted to purchase a copy of the vital records.

Your third question concerns whether genealogists can publish names or numbers obtained from research of vital records. Section 7-41a, Conn. Gen. Stats., permits genealogy societies to incorporate only statistics derived from the vital records research in their publications. Section 7-41a does not provide for the publication of names. The Legislature restricted the publication privilege to statistics, and in the interest of safeguarding the right of privacy, names obtained from the research of vital records must continue to be excluded from publications.

Your final question concerns whether a genealogical society must be incorporated in this state to benefit from Section 7-41a and Section 7-51, Conn. Gen. Stats., as amended. Section 1-19, Conn. Gen Stats., as amended, entitled "Access to Public Records" grants the privilege of access to public records only to residents of the state. Section 7-41a does not so restrict genealogical societies but limits its privileges to legally incorporated societies.

There is no indication from the provision that the General Assembly desired to limit the application of Section 7-41a, Conn. Gen. Stats., as amended, as it limited access under Section 1-19, Conn. Gen. Stats., as amended. The language employed by the Legislature, nevertheless, expresses a concern that the State have power of control by requiring that the society be legally responsible for its actions. Therefore, to effect this purpose and the concomitant desire to insure accountability, the provision must be interpreted to grant its benefits first to legally incorporated societies of the State of Connecticut. Second, those non-resident societies legally incorporated in another state, which have registered to do business in Connecticut, thereby placing those societies under the jurisdiction of Connecticut's courts to account and answer for their actions.

Very truly yours,

CARL R. AJELLO ATTORNEY GENERAL

By: /s/ Richard J. Lynch
Assistant Attorney General

RJL:rm

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American BIRTHS - "N"

- NADEAU, Baby Girl dau of Douglas and Susan (Park) Nadeaub Hartford, Ct. - 28 Mar. 1981
- NADEAU, Baby Girl dau of Jean and Renee (Getchell) Nadeau -
- b Hartford, Ct. 6 Nov. 1981 NADEAU, Baby Girl dau of Mr. & Mrs. Robert Nadeau b Bristol, Ct. - 13 May 1983
- NADEAU, Baby Girl dau of Robert and Deborah (Barrows) Nadeau -
- b New Britain, Ct. 21 Mar. 1983 NADEAU, Baby Girl dau of Robert and Denise (Poulin) Nadeau b Meriden, Ct. - 31 Aug. 1982
- NADEAU, Baby Boy son of Robert and Diane (Netcoh) Nadeau b Hartford, Ct. 10 Apr. 1981
- NADILE, Baby Boy son of Frederick and Robin (Patzlaff) Nadile b Meriden, Ct. - 28 June 1982
- NARCISSE, Baby Girl dau of Caesar and Judy (Allen) Narcisse b Hartford, Ct. 30 May 1981
- NEVARD, Baby Boy son of Mr. & Mrs. David Nevard b Milford, Ct. - 20 Aug. 1982
- NOLE, Baby Girl dau of Alexander and Vivian Nole b Bristol, Ct. - 25 June 1982
- NORMAN, Baby Girl dau of Mr. & Mrs. Ronald Norman b New Haven, Ct. - 6 Dec. 1982
- NORMAN, Baby Boy son of Mr. & Mrs. Uriah Norman b New Haven, Ct. - 15 Oct. 1981

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American MARRIAGES - "N"

- NACHIN, Genevieve Nadine dau of Gail Nachin and Michel Nachin m Cheshire, Ct. 22 Sept. 1979 to William Francis Bailey son of Mr. & Mrs. William M. Bailey
- NADEAU, Alban son of Norman Nadeau m Bloomfield, Ct. - 29 Aug. 1981 to Sharon Marsha Rutt dau of Mr. & Mrs. David Rutt
- NADEAU, Diane L. dau of Mr. & Mrs. Reginald Nadeau m Meriden, Ct. 4 July 1981 to Thomas J. Horn son of Mr. & Mrs. Peter Horn
- NADEAU, Julie Ann dau of Mr. & Mrs. Henry Nadeau m Farmington, Ct. - 15 May 1982 to Robert Christopher Troy son of Laraine Troy and Robert F. Troy
- NADEAU, Kerry Lynn dau of Mary Ann Nadeau and Mr. & Mrs. Richard Nadeau - m New Britain, Ct. - 11 Oct. 1986 to Robert Allen Burrows, Jr. - son of Barbara Burrows and Robert Burrows
- NADEAU, Nancy Lee dau of Mr. & Mrs. Leon Nadeau m Windsor, Ct. - 7 Aug. 1982 to Frank Salvatore Constantine son of Mr. & Mrs. Kenneth Constantine
- NADEAU, Norman J. son of Mr. & Mrs. Reginald Nadeau m West Hartford, Ct. 8 Sept. 1979 to Lucina M. Palka dau of Mr. & Mrs. Matthew J. Palka
- NADEAU, Robert Matthew son of Mr. & Mrs. Robert E. Nadeau, Jr. m Forestville, Ct. 22 Sept. 1979 to Claire Ellen Thibodeau dau of Mr. & Mrs. Relio J. Thibodeau
- NADEAU, Shirley Ann dau of Mr. & Mrs. Reginald Nadeau m Meriden, Ct. - 2 May 1981 to Scott Joseph Macri son of Mr. & Mrs. Joseph Macri
- NALETTE, Dennis Paul son of Dennis Nalette and Mary Nalette m Bristol, Ct. 19 May 1979 to Barbara Susan Farnham dau of Nancy Soper and Joseph R. Farnham
- NEAULT, Robert son of J. Ronald Neault and late Pauline Neault m Southington, Ct. 29 May 1982 to Anne Armond dau of Mr. & Mrs. Daniel Armond
- NEE, Patricia Marie dau of Mr. & Mrs. Thomas F. Nee m Granby, Ct. 18 Sept. 1982 to Raymond Douglas Humphrey son of Mr. & Mrs. Neil A. Humphrey
- NEPTON, Bibiane dau of Mr. & Mrs. Henri Nepton m New Haven, Ct. - 26 Sept. 1981 to Kenneth Roberts son of Mr. & Mrs. Edward Roberts
- NERBONNE, Robert M. son of Mr. & Mrs. Wilfred A. Nerbonne m Meriden, Ct. 10 July 1981 to Beatrice Jenny Gregor dau of Mr. & Mrs. John J. Gregor
- NERREAU, Thomas J. son of Mr. & Mrs. Thomas Nerreau m East Haven, Ct. - 31 July 1981 to Lucille M. Levatino dau of Mr. & Mrs. Joseph W. Levatino
- NEY, Thomas John son of Mr. & Mrs. Peter J. Ney m Hamden, Ct. 16 Oct. 1981 to Eileen Mary Kelly dau of Mr. & Mrs. Edward Kelly
- NICOL, Barbara Ann dau of Mr. & Mrs. Charles Nicol m Manchester, Ct. - 26 June 1982 to Daniel C. Alakel son of Viola Alakel and Elias Alakel

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American MARRIAGES - "N" (Cont.)

- NOEL, Jacqueline Marie dau of Mr. & Mrs. John Noel m Southbury, Ct. - 17 July 1982 to Jeffrey Lawrence Downes son of Mr. & Mrs. Allen Downes, Jr.
- NOEL, Joseph William son of Mr. & Mrs. Joseph H. Noel m Vernon, Ct. - 14 Sept. 1979 to Elisabeth Ann Thomas dau of Mr. & Mrs. Robert L. Thomas
- NOLIN, Charles William son of Mr. & Mrs. Joseph C. Nolin m New Hartford, Ct. - 22 May 1982 to Rosemary S. Lingenheld dau of Mrs. Edward C. Lingenheld, Jr. and late Mr. Lingenheld
- NOLIN, Gregory Paul son of Mr. & Mrs. Delmas Nolin m Manchester, Ct. - 26 June 1982 to Susan Elizabeth Sampl dau of Mr. & Mrs. Frank Sampl
- NORMAN, Dennis Richard son of Dorothy Norman m Elmwood, Ct. - 13 Oct. 1979 to Susan Anne Galligan dau of Mr. & Mrs. Charles M. Galligan
- NORMAN, Ronald J. son of Mr. & Mrs. Ronald D. Norman m West Haven, Ct. 31 Oct. 1981 to Ruth J. Griffin dau of Mr. & Mrs. Willis Criffin

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American DEATHS - "N"

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NADEAU, Clay - hus of Rosabelle (Depot) d Hartford, Ct. - 8 Jan. 1983 - aged 75
NADEAU, Gilbert C. - hus of Frances (Bouchard) - d Hartford, Ct. -
       1 Aug. 1985 - aged 74
NADEAU, Graziella "Blanche" - wife Herman Dalke - b Claire, New
       Brunswick, Canada - d New Britain, Ct. - 25 July 1981 -
       aged 56
NADEAU, Juanita - wife of Francis C. Rafaniello - b Sheridan, Maine -
       20 Aug. 1922 - d Bristol, Ct. - 23 July 1981 - aged 58
NADEAU, Lionel J. - hus of Lorette (Cormier) - b Fall River, Mass.-
       d Rocky Hill, Ct. - 25 Sept. 1979 - aged 55
NADEAU, Lucy (Pellettieri) - widow of Theodore - d Hartford, Ct. -
7 July 1982 - aged 68
NADEAU, Omer - father of Joseph H. - b Fall River, Mass -
       d Hartford, Ct. - 9 Mar. 1980 - aged 82
NADEAU, Patricia (married name Miranda) - dau of Esther (Fransen)
Nadeau - d Hartford, Ct. - 26 Jan. 1981 - aged 56
NADEAU, Regina (Roy) - widow of Joseph - b Van Buren, Maine -
d Enfield, Ct. - 2 Oct. 1982 - aged 85
NADEAU, Roland E. - hus of Helen (Jackopsic) - b Caribou, Maine -
       8 Mar.1931 - d Southington, Ct. - 23 Mar. 1983 - aged 52
NADEAU, Winifred - widow of George E. Bettencourt - b Canada -
       d Hartford, Ct. - 14 May 1981
NAGLE, Betty - widow of Raymond E. Fitzgerald - d Hartford, Ct. - 5 Mar. 1982 - aged 76
NAGLE, Irene (Bedard) - widow of Thomas - d Hartford, Ct. - 20 Dec. 1980
NALETTE, Dennis A. - hus of Gladys (Sterns) - b Thetford Mines,
       Quebec, Canada - 8 April 1912 - d Winsted, Ct. - 20 Sept. 1981 -
       aged 69
NALETTE, Judith B. - wife of Richard E. - d Farmington, Ct. -
       23 May 1982 - aged 41
NANTELLE, Hattie G. - widow of Ralph - b Wilmot, N.H. - d Enfield, Ct. - 2 Mar. 1980 - aged 80
NEAULT, Rudolph "Rudy" - hus of Bertha (Legras) - b Lowell, Mass. -
       d Hartford, Ct. - 16 Oct. 1981
NEDEAU, Shepard J. - hus of Henrietta (Farnham) - b Moors, N.Y. -
       d Vernon, Ct. - 11 Jan. 1980 - aged 89
NEVERS, Rosa D. - mother of Mrs. Ruth Hood - d Manchester, Ct. -
       16 May 1981 - aged 96
NEVEU, Mildred (Brown) - widow of Misael Peter - b Concord, N.H -
       d Manchester, Ct. - 11 Dec. 1978 - aged 84
NEVILLE, Eva - wife of Kermit E. Schipke - b Meriden, Ct. -
       21 Jan. 1911 - d Meriden, Ct. - 17 Sept. 1982 - aged 71
NEVILLE, Harold F. - b Quebec, Canada - d Hartford, Ct. -
       30 April 1982 - aged 84
NEVILLE, Katherine Ann -dau of Timothy F. and Susan (Gaudet) -
       b Springfield, Mass. - 11 July 1979 - d Farmington, Ct. -
       12 Jan. 1980 - aged 6 months
NOBERT, Arthur V. - hus of Rosemary (Cox) - b Meriden, Ct. -
       10 Nov. 1908 - d Meriden, Ct. - 7 Feb. 1983 - aged 74
NOE, John - hus of Josephine (Heisler) - b Derby, Ct. -
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10 Sept. 1935 - d Derby, Ct. - 22 Apr. 1983 - aged 47

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American DEATHS - "N" (Cont.)

NOEL, Victory J. - hus of Dorothy (Huether) - b Norwich, Ct. -18 Nov. 1918 - d Manchester, Ct. - 18 Feb. 1982 - aged 63 NOEL, Wilfred - hus of Rose (Lauzier) - d Bristol, Ct. -

25 Apr. 1981 - aged 78

- NOISET, Willy Rene hus of Marie (Pensis) b Belgium d Hartford, Ct. - 1 Mar. 1982 - aged 52
- NOLEN, Julia (Allen) wife of Benjamin d Bloomfield, Ct. -20 Dec. 1980 - aged 49
- NOLEN, Michael Whon son of Cephus and Anne (Monroe) Nolen b Manchester, Ct. - 5 Aug. 1957 - d Manchester, Ct. -4 Aug. 1981 - aged 23
- NOLIN, Antoinette (Roberge) wife of Leo H. b Lewiston, Me. d Hartford, Ct. - 20 Apr. 1981 - aged 61
- NORMAN, Frederick T hus of late Dorothy (Fitzsimons)
  b Windsor Locks, Ct. d Hartford, Ct. 28 Mar. 1983 -
- NORMAN, Rose Ann (Bruno) wife of Elmer J. b Hartford, Ct. d Windsor, Ct. - 15 Oct. 1979 - aged 76
- NORMANDIN, Blanche widow of Hector d Killingworth -29 Mar. 1985 - aged 78
- NORMANDY, Anne (Balestracci) wife of Joseph F. b New Haven, Ct.-
- 26 July 1925 d New Haven, Ct. 5 Mar. 1982 aged 57
  NORRIE, Benjamin A. brother of Wilfred E. Norrie b Sheffield, Vt.d Hartford, Ct. 23 Nov. 1986 aged 77
- NOYES, Shirley E. wife of Walter, Sr. d West Suffield, Ct. -30 Sept. 1982 - aged 58

## Recent Connecticut Franco-American BIRTHS "O"

- OLIVER, Jean (Grandmother) Baby Boy son of Mr. & Mrs. William Read, Jr. - b Bristol, Ct. - 8 July 1983
- OREFICE, Baby Girl dau of Michael and Cynthia Orefice -
- b Bristol, Ct. 20 July 1982 OUELLET, Baby Girl dau of Rejean and Margaret (Morse) Ouellet b Manchester, Ct. - 8 Mar. 1983
- OUELLETTE, Baby Boy son of Deborah Ouellette Ferrigno, wife of
- Edward Ferrigno b Hartford, Ct. 8 Sept. 1982 OUELLETTE, Baby Girl dau of Garry N. and Gail (Gourley) Ouellette b Manchester, Ct. - 5 Apr. 1983
- OUELLETTE, Baby Girl dau of Helen Ouellette Kuckenbrod, wife
- of Roger Kuckenbrod b Bristol, Ct. 5 May 1982 OUELLETTE, Baby Girl dau of Joseph and Lee Ann (Worster) Ouellette b Bristol, Ct. - 4 June 1982
- OUELLETTE, Baby Girl dau of Peter and Kathleen (Skirvan)Ouellette -
- b Hartford, Ct. 10 Mar. 1983 OUELLETTE, Baby Girl dau of Rejean and Doris (Ciccio) Ouellette-b Hartford, Ct. 18 Dec. 1981

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American MARRIAGES -"0"

- O'COIN (orig. Aucoin), Linda L. dau of Mr. & Mrs. Robert O'Coin m Farmington, Ct. 30 Jan. 1982 to Glen R. Briden son of Richard Briden and late Marion Briden
- O'COIN (orig. Aucoin), Patricia Jeanne dau of Joan A. O'Coin and John J. O'Coin - m Somers, Ct. - 6 June 1981 to Kevin John Boccaccio - son of Diana Boccaccio and Paul Boccaccio
- ORMOND, Michele dau of Francis R. Ormond and late Josephine Ormond - m Storrs, Ct. - 30 Oct. 1982 to Robert E.Wittenzellner son of Mr. & Mrs. John Wittenzellner
- ORTENEAU, Suzanne Marie dau of Mrs. Germain V. Orteneau and late Mr. Orteneau m New Haven, Ct. 25 Sept. 1982 to John Joseph Dolan son of Mr. & Mrs. Charles P. Dolan
- OUELLETTE, Andrea Catherine dau of Mr. & Mrs. Maurice Ouellette m Hartford, Ct. 18 Sept. 1982 to Robert Ernest Kundrotas son of Mr. & Mrs. Ernest Kundrotas
- OUELLETTE, Beverly Ann dau of Ernest and Rinette Ouellette m Forestville, Ct. - 11 Aug. 1979 to Timothy John Woodworthson of James and Dorothy Woodworth
- OUELLETTE, Bryan Joseph son of Mr. & Mrs. Luke Ouellette m Manchester, Ct. 27 Oct. 1979 to Deanna Lynn Murdock dau of Judith Wrubel
- OUELLETTE, Cathy Marie dau of Mr. & Mrs. Paul L. Ouellette m Hartford, Ct. 2 Sept. 1978 to Joseph Vincent Pistritto son of Mr. & Mrs. Bartholomew J. Pistritto
- OUELLETTE, Jerry son of Mrs. John Ouellette and Gilbert Ouellette m Ellington,Ct. 29 Aug. 1982 to Joyce Levesque dau of Mr. & Mrs. Arnold Levesque
- OUELLETTE, Jon son of Angela W. Ouellette and Stanley Ouellette m Rocky Hill, Ct. 13 Mar. 1982 to Jean Marie Cirigliano dau of Virginia R. Wishart and Frederick J. Cirigliano
- OUELLETTE, Kenneth Joseph son of Theresa Mastronunzio and Harold J. Ouellette - m South Meriden, Ct. - 28 Aug. 1982 to Lisa Annette Ward - dau of Mr. & Mrs. John J. Ward II
- OUELLETTE, Laurel Ann dau of Mr. & Mrs. Donald Ouellette m Meriden, Ct. - 30 Oct. 1981 to Nicholas James Palumbo son of Mrs. Mary Palumbo and late James Palumbo
- OUELLETTE, Mark John son of Mr. & Mrs. Norman C. Ouellette m Tolland, Ct. 11 July 1981 to Wanda Katherine Wyand dau of Dr. & Mrs. D. Stuart Wyand
- dau of Dr. & Mrs. D. Stuart Wyand OUELLETTE, Marlene Dawn - dau of Mr. & Mrs. Aurel M. Ouellette m Farmington, Ct. - 19 June 1982 to Mathew J. Serra, Jr. son of Mr. & Mrs. Mathew J. Serra
- OUELLETTE, Mary A. dau of Mr. & Mrs. Henry E. Ouellette m Cheshire, Ct. 19 June 1982 to Ward James Schell son of Mr. & Mrs. William Joseph Schell, Jr.
- OUELLETTE, Pamela Jeanne dau of Mr. & Mrs. Ronald J. Ouellette m Meriden, Ct. 14 Feb. 1981 to Charles Peter Molinari son of Mr. & Mrs. Joseph Molinari
- OUELLETTE, Susan Mary dau of Mr. & Mrs. Albert Ouellette m Enfield, Ct. 23 May 1981 to Thomas Charles Crank son of Mr. & Mrs. Robert Crank

## Recent Connecticut Franco-American MARRIAGES - "O" (Cont.)

OUILLETTE, Michelle - dau of Leo Ouillette and Mildred Ouillette m Derby, Ct. - 18 June 1982 to Thomas Kachmarck - son of Walter Kachmarck and Bernadine Kachmarck OUIMET, Michael Paul - son of Mrs. Hector Ouimet, Jr. and late Mr. Ouimet - m Taftville - 24 Apr. 1981 to Linda Jean Friedrich - dau of Mr. & Mrs. Herbert H. Friedrich, Jr.

#### Recent Connecticut Franco-American DEATHS - "O"

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ODETTE, George H. - hus of Marion (Kirchhof) b Hartford, Ct. -
      d East Windsor, Ct. - 4 Jan. 1982 - aged 63
OFFICER, Roland D., Sr. - father of Roland D., Jr. - d New Britain,
      Ct. - 6 Aug. 1980 - aged 91
ORMOND, Francois R. - father of Mrs. Robert (Michele) Wittenzellner -
      b Elizabeth, N.J. - d Stafford, Ct. - 20 Nov. 1982 - aged 62
ORNE, Mary Katherine - dau of Eugene W. and Roberta (Munn) Orne -
      d Vernon, Ct. - 10 Dec. 1980 - aged 23
OUDINE, Flora - widow of Donald W. Hansen - b Brooklyn, N.Y. -
      d Branford, Ct. - 10 June 1982
OUELLET, Alfred L. - hus of Mildred (Fields) - b Cambridge, Mass. - d Meriden, Ct. - 16 July 1981 - aged 80
OUELLETTE, Bernard - hus of Thelma (Bouchard) - b Maine -
      d Rockville, Ct. - 27 Jan. 1983 - aged 67
OUELLETTE, Chester V. - hus of Louise (Certuse) - d Hartford, Ct.-
      25 Jan. 1983 - aged 64
OUELLETTE, Ida E. - wife of Leo J. Crowley - b Hartford, Ct. - 14 Nov. 1919 - d Manchester, Ct. - 20 May 1981 - aged 61
OUELLETTE, John Conrad - hus of Lorraine (Turmelle) -
b Eagle Lake, Maine - d Bridgeport, Ct. - 13 May 1982 - aged 47 OUELLETTE, Marie Louise - d Hartford, Ct. - 30 June 1979 - aged 86
OUELLETTE, Robert J. - hus of Frances (Thorell) - b Hartford, Ct. -
d Manchester, Ct. - 10 Mar. 1981 - aged 57
OUELLETTE, Rosaire - father of David R. Ouellette - b Madawaska,
     Maine - d Hartford, Ct. - 16 June 1982- aged 60
OUELLETTE, Victor J. - hus of Mary (Tracey) - b North Adams, Mass. -
     d Wethersfield, Ct. - 13 Sept. 1979
OUELLETTE, Willard W. - hus of Leontine (Guerrette) - b Fort Fairfield,
Maine - d Vernon, Ct. - 22 Apr. 1979 - aged 71
OUIMET, Allen F. - hus of Frances (Crawley) - b Waterbury, Ct. -
     1 Oct. 1913 - d Waterbury, Ct. - 25 July 1981 - aged 67
OUIMET, Blanche E. (married name Fahey) - b Canada -
     d Hartford, Ct. - 20 Jan. 1981 - aged 77
OUIMETTE, Frederick W. - father of Mrs. Ramon (Sandra) Colli -
     b Hartford, Ct. - d New Britain, Ct. - 27 Oct. 1982 - aged 73
OUIMETTE, Madeline (Tracy) - wife of Rene William Ouimette -
     d Norwich, Ct. - 4 Apr. 1984 - aged 68
OUIMETTE, Rene William - widower of Madeline (Tracy) -
     b Palmer, Mass. - 11 June 1916 - d Norwich, Ct. - 2 December
     1986 - aged 70
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#### DIRECT LINE ANCESTORS

# CAISSE Paternal Line No. 67 - Submitted by Alexis J. Caisse III (#256)

- CAISSE, Alexis (s/o Alexis & Camilla ROY)
  CONTOS, Virginia (d/o Thomas & Lilymae WILLIAMS)
  m Willimantic, CT, 3 Jul 1966
- II CAISSE, Alexis (s/o Alexis & Alexina CAISSE)
  ROY, Camilla (d/o Fredrick & Helen SHEA)
  m Willimantic, CT, 25 Apr 1927
- III CAISSE, Alexis (s/o Registe & Marie PICHÉ)
  CAISSE, Alexina (d/o Louis & Euphrosine SYLVESTRE)
  m Willimantic, CT, 13 Jul 1891
- IV CAISSE, Francois-Registe (s/o Francois & Francoise MONDOR)
  PICHÉ, Marie (d/o Louis & Madeleine DANEAU)
  m Lanoraie, QUE, 7 Feb 1854
- V CAISSE, Francois (s/o Francois & Francoise GRIGNON) MONDOR/LEONARD-MONDOR, Francoise (d/o Jean-Baptiste & Agatha BREAULT) m Lanoraie, QUE, 25 Sep 1820
- VI CAISSE, Francois (s/o Francois & Marie-Louise Francoise SAUVAGE) GRIGNON, Francoise (d/o Pierre & Marguerite CHEVALIER) m Berthierville, QUE, 26 Oct 1772
- VII CAISSE, Francois (s/o Etienne & Michelle MOUGIN)
  SAUVAGE, Marie-Louise-Francoise (d/o Francois & Francoise MOUET)
  m Trois-Rivieres, QUE, 20 Nov 1740
- VIII CAISSE, Etienne (

  MOUGIN, Michelle (

  m Besacon, FRANCHE-COMTE, France

# CAISSE Maternal Line No. 68 - Submitted by Alexis J. Caisse III (#256)

- I CAISSE, Alexina (d/o Louis & Euphrosine SYLVESTRE)
  CAISE, Alexis (s/o Francois-Registe & Marie PICHÉ)
  m Willimantic, CT, 13 Jul 1891
- II CAISSE, Louis (s/o Antoine & Therese PERRAULT)
  SYLVESTRE, Euphrosine (d/o Joseph & Euphrosine RIQUER)
  m Lanoraie, QUE, 5 Aug 1850
- III CAISSE, Antoine (s/o Antoine-Jean & Marguerite PAGÉ)
  PERRAULT, Therese (s/o Alexis & Josephine HÉTU)
  m Lanoraie, QUE, 25 Nov 1816

#### Direct Line Ancestors (Con't)

```
ΙV
      CAISSE, Antoine-Jean (s/o Francois & Marie-Louise Francoise SAUVAGE)
      PAGÉ, Marguerite (d/o Joseph 7 Jeanne COUTU)
        m Lanoraie, QUE, 12 Feb 1778
      CAISSE, Francois (s/o Etienne & Michelle MOUGIN)
V
      SAUVAGE. Marie-Louise-Francoise (d/o Francoise & Francoise MOUET)
        m Trois-Rivieres, QUE, 20 Nov 1740
VI
      CAISSE, Etienne (
                                                     )
                                                      )
      MOUGIN, Michelle (
        m Besacon, FRANCHE-COMTÉ, France
                               SYLVESTRE Line
              No. 69 - Submitted by Alexis J. Caisse III (#256)
Ι
      SYLVESTRE, Euphrosine (d/o Joseph & Euphrosine RIQUER)
      CAISSE, Louis (s/o Antoine & Therese PERREAULT)
        m Lanoraie, QUE, 5 Aug 1850
II
      SYLVESTRE, Joseph (s/o Joseph & Josephette GRÉGOIRE)
      RIQUER, Euphrosine (d/o Francois & Genevieve MICHAUD)
        m St. Cuthbert, QUE, 14 Apr 1823
      SYLVESTRE, Joseph (
III
                                                          )
      GREGOIRE, Josephette (
        m (
                                       )
                            LEONARD-MONDOR Line
             No. 70 - Submitted by Alexis J. Caisse III (#256)
Т
      LEONARD-MONDOR, Francoise (d/o Jean-Baptiste & Marie-Agatha BREAULT)
      CAISSE, Françoise (s/o François & Françoise GRIGNON)
        m Lanoraie, QUE, 25 Sep 1820
      LEONARD-MONDOR, Jean-Baptiste (s/o Jean-Francoise & Ursule GODIN/GAUVIN)
II
      BREAULT, Marie-Agatha (s/o Pierre & Genevieve DEGUIRE)
        m Lavaltrie, QUE, 15 Feb 1779
III
      LEONARD-MONDOR, Jean-Francoise (s/o Eustache & Marie-Agne's ROBITAILLE)
      GODIN/GAUVIN, Ursule (d/o Pierre & Anne FISET)
        m Lorette (
                      ), 23 Nov 1744
IV
      LIENARD, Eustache (s/o Sebastien & Françoise PELLETIER)
      ROBITAILLE, Agnes (d/o Pierre & Marie MAUFAY)
                   ),(
                           ),(
      LIENARD dit DURBOIS, Sebastien (s/o Nicolas & Jeanne VOUY)
V
      PELLETIER, Francoise (s/o Nicolas & Jeanne DE VOUZY)
        m (
                   ), QUE, 11 oct 1655
```

#### Direct Line Ancestors (Con't)

```
VT
      LIENARD, Nicolas (
      DE VOUZY, Jeanne (
                         ),(
                                    )
        m (
                   ),(
                                PICHE Line
            No. 71 - Submitted by Alexis J. Caisse III (#256)
      PICHÉ. Marie (d/o Louis & Madelaine DAVIAU)
Ι
      CAISSE, Francoise-Registe (s/o Francois & Francoise MONDOR)
        m Lanoraie, QUE, 7 Feb 1854
ΙI
      PICHETTE, Louis (s/o Francois & Marie-Anne BIBEAU)
      DAVIAU, Madelaine (d/o Rene & Marguerite LAFRENOIS)
        m Lanoreie, QUE, 7 Jun 1821
III
      PICHETTE, Francois (s/o Francois & Angelique HUS-LEMOINE)
      BIBEAU, Marie-Anne (d/o Antoine & Marie-Celeste SYLVESTRE)
        m Sorel, QUE, 2 Jun 1783
      DUPRÉ-PICHET (s/o Francois & Francoise BLANCHET)
ΙV
      HUS-LEMOINE, Angelique (d/o Marc-Antoine & Marie-Anne BINET)
                  ), ( ), (
      DUPRE-PICHET, Francois (s/o Pierre & Anne SYLVESTRE)
      BLANCHET, Francoise (s/o Pierre & Francoise HAREL)
                  ), ( ), (
      PICHET dit DUPRÉ, Pierre (s/o Pierre & Catherine DURAND)
VI
      SYLVESTRE, Anne (d/o Nicolas & Barbe NEPVEAU)
        m (
                  ),(),(
      PICHET dit LAMUSETTE, Pierre (s/o Pierre 7 Anne PINET)
VII
      DURAND, Catherine (d/o Pierre & Jacquette COURTOIS)
       m (
                  ),(),(
VIII PICHET, Pierre (
                                                         )
      PINET, Anne (
       m (
                 ), ( ), (
```

## OUR "ANCESTRY-IN-COMMON With HISTORIC "LOUIS RIEL" 1841.

DEFENDER OF WESTERN CANADA'S "METIS" (HALF-BREEDS)-FOUNDER OF ASSINIBOIA (MANITOBA



SEMINARY-EDUCATED TEACHER, AUTHORADA POET.

LED TWO FAR-WEST-CANADA "RIEL REBELLIONS

1885 = HANGED AS A REBEL LEADER

1967 (CANADA'S TRI-CENTENNIAL). COMPOSER

SOMERS WROTE AN OPERA ABOUT THE LIFE

AND TRAGIC END OF LOUIS RIEL.

1970 - CANADAISSUEDA COM-MEMORATIVE STAMP OF LOUIS RIEL FOR THE CENTEN-NIAL OF THE (HIS) 1870 FOUND-ING THE COUNCIL OF ASSINIBOIA.

DOZENS OF ARTICLES AND BOOKS HAVE BEEN WRITTEN ABOUT LOUIS RIEL, in French in Canada, and some very good American ones in English. CONSULT YOUR LIBRARY.





Canada 6

Louis Riel

Mackenzie Rock, Dean Channel A265

1970, June 19 Photo. Perf. 131/1818

515 A264 Scred & brt. blue 20 5

Issued in memory of Louis Riel (1844-1885), Mells leader who became president of the Council of Assimbles in 1870.

JEAN-BAPTISTE REEL (RIEL) BORN IN LIMERICK IRELAND MARRIED IN 162 AT ? (CANADA) to LOUISE LAFONTAINE

JEAN-BAPTISTE (2) RIEL M-1704 to LOUISE COTTU.

MARIÉS 1730	JACQUES RIEL ELIZABETH de GANNES	MARIÉS 1752	MARC-ANTOINE RIEL-1724 MADELEINE QUINTIN
1755	JEAN-BAPTISTE (3) RIEL CHARLOTTE SYLVESTRE	1781	CECILE RIEL-1758  MARC LAURENCE, 1749
0-1780 0-1783	JEAN-BAPTISTE (4) RIEL MARIE COLLIN, ANTOINETTE HERAULT	1810	PIERRE LAURENCE,1786 MARIE LANGUIRAND
	JEAN-BAPTISTE (5) RIEL MARGUERITE BOUCHER	1841	PIERRE LAURENCE, 1816 MARGUERITE LUSSIER
1844	JEAN-LOUIS RIEL 1864. JULIE LAGIMONIERE	1867	1847-1914 JOSEPH-ANTOINE LAURENCE 1850-1922 ELUTITHIENNE COULOMBE
	LOUIS RIEL-1844-1885		MARIE-VICTORIA LAURENCE
1881	MARGUERITE MONET	1901	PIERRE-WILFRED VARIEUR 1879-1959.

- 51 -

# OUR "ANCESTRY-IN-COMMON With HISTORIC "LOUIS RIEL" 1884.

DEFENDER OF WESTERN CANADA'S "MÉTIS" (HALF BREEDS) - FOUNDER OF ASSINIBOIA (MANITOBA)

# 1885-condemned as a Rebel - Laterlauded as seeking justice for Métis.

#### Manitoba

Some 580,000 people, more than half of Manitoba's population, live in Winnipeg (171, G-4), a provincial capital of elegant churches, beautiful parks and wide, windswept avenues. Famed for its wealth of artistic attractions—including the world-renowned Royal Winnipeg Ballet—this prairie city enjoys a sizable reputation as the cultural capital of the Canadian West.

St. Boniface, now part of Winnipeg, is the largest French-speaking community in Canada outside Quebec. The starkly modern St. Boniface Basilica was built behind the facade of the original structure (1908); the earlier building was ravaged by fire in 1968. In the shadow of the cathedral, a simple granite column marks the grave of rebel Métis leader Louis Riel

On November 14th it was known that Riel would die, but only on the 15th did he learn it for himself, through his confessor, Father André. He spent that night in prayer and next morning, at 8.00 a.m., they came for him. It was bright and cold as the little procession made its way upstairs and outside to the scafford in the prison yard. They were reciting the Lord's Prayer together when the trap door fell open. "Deliver us from evil..."

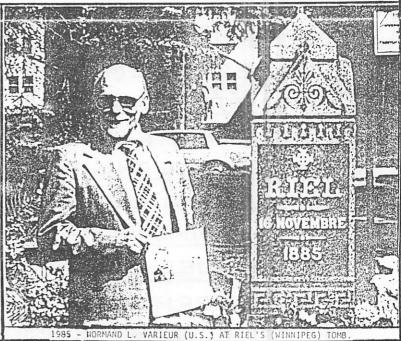
Back in Quebec, flags flew at half-mast and the merchants draped their windows in black. On the 17th the committees which had been collecting money for Riel's defence gathered to form the Mouvement National. Children in school encountered a new and frightening symbol of French Canada's national difference, the hangman's rope, the gibbet of Regina. Such was the price the majority paid. "Riel, our brother is dead," Mercier would tell the fifty thousand people packing the Champ de Mars in Montreal on November 22nd, 1885, "victim of his devotion to the cause of the Métis of whom he was the leader."

I have devoted my life to may country. If it is necessary for the happiness of my country that I should now soon cease to live, I leave it to the Providence of my god.

el's last messages appears on lemo paper, handed to him by Aouis Riel.

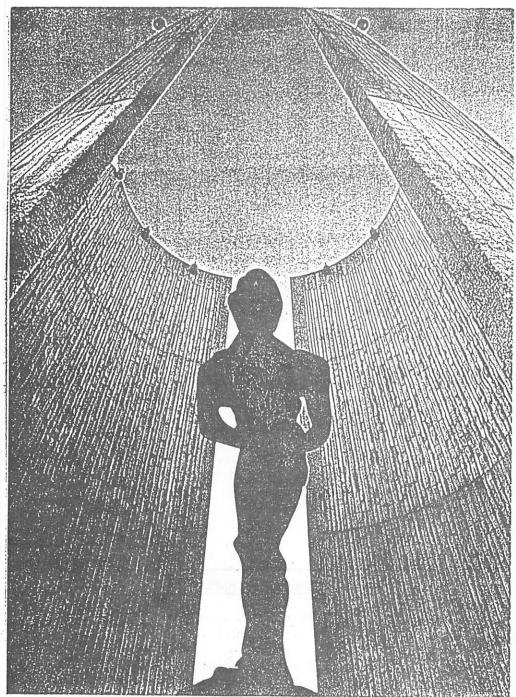
One of Riel's last messages appears on Mountie memo paper, handed to him by a reporter just before his execution. The newsman is said to have posed as a prision worker to foil death-row security.

The day of execution on November 16 dawned cold and brilliantly clear in Regina. Carrying a small crucifix, Riel walked slowly with a deputy sheriff and two priests out onto the prison gallows platform. His face was pale and beaded with perspiration but he walked with dignity, and when one of the overwrought priests stumbled he murmured softly, "Courage, mon père." With the priests he repeated the Lord's Prayer, in English, as the hangman dropped a white hood over his head and adjusted the noose. At the words "lead us not into temptation, but deliver us . . . " the trap opened abruptly and Louis Riel plunged nine feet to his death. The body was placed in a rough pine box and taken east on a Canadian Pacific train to Winnipeg, where it was buried in the quiet, tree-shaded cathedral yard of St. Boniface. Above the grave was erected a simple granite shaft, provided by sorrowers in Quebec and inscribed with the simple legend: RIEL. 16 NOVEMBRE, 1885.



# OUR "ANCESTRY-IN-COMMON With HISTORIC "LOUIS RIEL" 1847.

DEFENDER OF WESTERN CANADA'S "METIS" (HALF-BREEDS)-FOUNDER OF ASSINIBOIA (MANITOBA



LOUIS RIEL MONUMENT

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, CANADA



The monument, situated on the grounds of the Manitoba Legislative Building was designed by Gaboury Lussier Sigurdson, architects. Sculptor was Marcien Lemay. Inscription on the monument reads: "Yes, I have done my duty during my life. I have aimed at practical results. I hope that after my death my spirit will bring practical results. All that I have done and risked, and to which I have exposed myself, rested certainly on the conviction that I was called upon to do something for my country. I know that through the Grace of God, I am the founder of Manitoba." Louis Riel, July 1885.

Le monument, situé sur les terrains des bureaux législatifs du Manitoba. a élé conçu par les architectes Gaboury Lussier Sigurdson. Marcien Lemay en a été le sculpteur. L'inscription sur le monument se lit comme suit: "J'ai fait mon devoir. Dans ma vie j'ai toujours visé à des résultats pratiques. J'espère qu'après ma mort mon esprit operera des resultats pratiques. Tout ce que j'ai fait et risqué, et ce à quoi je me suis exposé reposait surement sur la conviction que j'étais appelé à faire quelque chose pour ma patrie. Je sais que par la Grâce de Dieu, je suis le fondateur de Manitoba." Louis Riel, Juillet 1885.

#### 1900 FEDERAL CENSUS OF CONNECTICUT (Con't)

By Lee DeRagon (#8), Assistant Editor

The ninth installment of Franco-American genealogical data, from the 1900 federal census of Connecticut, will be found on succeeding pages. Eastern Connecticut's city of Norwich is featured for the fourth and last time; the centrally located city of Meriden appears for the third time. We take no blame for misspellings of French surnames. Those Yankee censustakers of long ago, inadvertently responsible for many of the gaffes, are no longer in a position to accept complaints.

Abbreviations used to identify the relationship of individuals to the head of a household are explained on the page preceding the census data. The extract itself furnishes the following useful information:

- 1. Community of residence.
- 2. Family surname.
- 3. Christian name of each family member.
- 4. Relationship of each person to the head of family (see "Abbreviations Used in the Census").
- 5. Age of every person in the household ("1/12" = one month old, etc.).
- 6. Place of birth of each household member.

For a look at the actual 1900 census, see the copy on file at the State Library, 231 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, and at the Connecticut Historical Society, 1 Elizabeth Street, Hartford.

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Volume 1, Number 1, June 1983

- " 1, " 2, December 1983
- 1, " 3, June 1984
- " 1, " 4, December 1984
- " 2, " 1, June 1985
- " 2, " 2, December 1985
- " 2, " 3, June 1986
- ' 2, " 4, December 1986
- " 3, " 1, Summer 1987

Send your check or money order to Pat Lausier, Treasurer-FCGSC, 135 Troy Road, South Windsor, Connecticut 06074

## ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE CENSUS

# Relationships to head of households

A AdD AdS	Aunt Adopted daughter Adopted son	N Ni Nu	Nephew Niece Nurse
At	Attendant		narbe
_		0	Officer
В	Brother	_	
BL	Brother-in-law	P	Patient
Во	Boarder	Pa	Partner (share common housing)
С	Cousin	Pr	Prisoner
C	Cousin	Pri	Principal
D ·	Daughter	Pu	Pupil
DL	Daughter Daughter-in-law	מ	<b>n</b>
<i>D</i> 11	Dadgitel-III-law	R	Roomer
F	Father	S	Son
FB	Foster brother	SB	Step-brother
FF	Foster father	SBL	Step-brother-in-law
FL	Father-in-law	SD	Step-daughter
FM	Foster mother	SDL	Step-daughter-in-law
FSi	Foster sister	Se	Servant
0.4		SF	Step-father
GA	Great aunt	SFL	Step-father-in-law
GD	Granddaughter	Si	Sister
GF	Grandfather	SiL	Sister-in-law
GGF GGM	Great grandfather	SL	Son-in-law
GGGF	Great grandmother	SM	Step-mother
GGGM	Great great grandfather	SML	Step-mother-in-law
GM	Great great grandmother	SS	Step-son
GN	Grandmother	SSi	Step-sister
GNi	Grand nephew Grand niece	SSiL	Step-sister-in-law
GS	Grandson	SSL	Step-son-in-law
GÜ	Great uncle	Su	Superintendent
	order micre	U	Uncle
Hh	Hired hand	U	oncie
HM	Hired man	W	Wife
		Wa	Warden
I	Inmate		
7	T a January	CITIZEN	SHIP STATUS
L	Lodger		
M	Mother	A	Alien
ML	Mother in less	NA	Naturalized
LILL	Mother-in-law	PA	First papers filed

Audette Alfred Rosie Blanche Prevoy, William William Laura Victorine Eva R. Lebon, Frank Emma	H 24 Can W 23 NY D 1 NY BL 30 Can NeL 11 CT NiL 9 CT NiL 6 CT NiL 5 CT BL 27 NY SiL 20 Can	Gladue Joseph Caroline Victoria Joseph Delia Albert Beauchemin, Wilfre Rosina Napoleon Flora	H 50 W 45 D 7 S 5 D 3 S 2 ed SS 20 SD 19 SS 13 SD 9	Can Can CT CT CT Can Can Can Can
Jarbeau Emile Marie William Poirier	H 23 Can W 20 Can B 14 RI	Aceno Thomas Phoebe Jane William Mary	H 45 W 36 D 17 S 7 D 4 S 2	Can Can Can MA MA
Philip	H 47 Can	Charles Herbert, Mary		an Can
Josephine Antonio	W 47 Can S 20 Can	White	DII 3	, 0011
Maria M.	D 19 Can D 17 Can	Felix	н 53	Can
Griselda Eldora	D 14 Can	Mary	W 48	Can
Antoinette	D 12 Can	Silas	S 27	Can
Charles E.	S 11 Can	Annie	D 17	Can
Augustine	D 8 Can	Timothy	S 22	22 Can
Augustine	2 0 5	Melinda	D 24	Can
Lariviere		Regina	D 21	Can
Francois	H 52 Can	Lucy	D 19	Can
Thucille	W 47 Can	Minnie	D 14	Can
Amanda	D 19 Can	Lugie	D 8	Can
Leah	D 17 Can	Adolph	S 7	Can
Georgianna	D 16 Can	Audet, Agnes	Bo 17	
Clara	D 15 Can	Clovis	Bo 22	Can
Joseph	S 14 Can	a 11 .		
Pierre	S 13 Can	Gadbois	н 52	Can
Arthur	S 9 Can	Charles	W 41	
Francois	S 7 Can	Rosalia Charles	S 20	
Amidas	S 5 Can	Aurora	D 19	
Marie R.	D 4 Can	Eugene	S 16	
Pierre, Alexander	Bo 20 Can	Ida	D 14	
G1 1 - +		Rosalinda	D 13	
Shabot	H 25 Can	ROSALLING		
Essit	H 25 Can W 24 Can	St. John		
Cordelia	SiL 19 Can	Philomene	H 43	
White, Amanda Florence	SiL 7 CT	Rosalie	D 17	
LIOIEUCE	JII / 01	Delia	D 13	CT

Malo				Napinlon			
Adelard	Н	42	Can	Louis	Н	37	Can
	W	42	Can	Vitalin	W	27	Can
Alphonsine	D	23	Can	Joseph D.	S	6	Can
Clara		21	Can	Hyacinthe	S	4	Can
Lydia	D			Felix	S	2	Can
Ora	D	13	Can			24	Can
Anna	D	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Can	Gauthier, George	Во		Can
Flora	D	8	CT	Sophia	ъо	50	oan
Laura	D	6	CT	m 1 h t -			
Raoul	S	2	CT	Tourcaltie	77	26	Com
				Eugene	H	26	Can
Mercier				Rosie	W	22	Can
Napoleon	Н	38	Can	Joseph	S	3	NH
Mary	W	36	Can				
Leon	S	18	CT	Reeves			
Edward	Š	17	CT	John	H	56	Can
Isadore	Š	15	CT	Josephine	W	53	Can
Isadore	•	_0		George P.	S	26	CT
Brothers				Alexander E.	S	24	CT
	Н	43	Can	Elise N.	D	22	CT
Joseph	W	40	Can	Corine E.	D	18	CT
Albina		18	Can	Ethel B.	D	12	CT
Amelda	D		Can	Edici D.	_		<u> </u>
Telesphor	S	17		Belval			
Philip	S	14	Can		Н	32	Can
Alina	D	12	Can	Philip	W	29	Can
Louis	S	10	Can	Ellen	W D		CT
Clement	D	8	Can	Ada	S	7 4	CT
Sylva	S	5	Can	Theodore	ی	4	CI
Maria	D	3	Can	- 2.1.1.0			Cabaal
Georgiana	D	3/12	Can	Roman Catholic Co	nve	ent e	g Schoot
•				School Teachers	-	,,	0
Lamont				Noiseux, Polline	T	46	Can
Napoleon	H	34	CT	Champeau, Bernard	l T	45	Can
Marie	W	29	CT	Charbonneau, Dora	ιT	27	Can
Vina	D	8	CT	Crepeau, Aloysis	${f T}$	29	Can
Lydia	D	2	CT	Arpen, Germain	T	25	CT
Пучта	_			•			
Desotelle				Curran			
Octavie	Н	46	Can	Michael	Η	36	NY
Amelia	D	20	Can	Aldea	W	32	Can
	S	18	Can	Lucy	D	11	CT
Joseph	D	17	Can	Stephanie	D	9	CT
Almar	S	14	Can	Esther	D	5	$\mathtt{CT}$
Charles	S	13	Can	Andrew	Š	2	CT
Oftere				Stephen	Š	5/12	
Wilfrid	S	9	Can	prehiten		-,	· = =
*** 1 1 D 1 17	<b>: .</b>	1					
William Backus Hosp	TLA.	າ ນີ້ 31	Can				
White, Kate	14 (	ע טב	Call				

Ducharme Napoleon Clara Rosanna Eliza Leah Adolph Arthur Ermina Fontaine	H 52 Can D 30 Can D 25 Can D 22 Can D 19 Can S 18 Can S 17 Can D 11 CT	Tetrault Narcisse Amelia Henry Alfred Arthur Narcisse Emma Fontaine, Adelard Regina	H 45 Can W 44 Can S 19 Can S 16 Can S 10 Can S 23 Can DL 25 Can Bo 24 Can Bo 25 Can
Alfred	H 48 Can	Contois	
Louise	W 45 Can	Alexis	H 42 Can
Alfred	S 21 Can	Delia	W 35 Can
Rosalinda	D 19 Can	Emory	S 19 MI
Theodore	S 16 Can	Selina	D 16 Can
Ovila	S 15 Can	Joseph	S 15 Can
Olivine	D 14 Can	Wilfred	S 15 Can
Olive	D 12 Can	Edmund	S 12 Can
Cordelia	D 8 Can	Rosanna	D 11 Can
Clarissa	D 6 Can	Rosalinda	D 9 Can
Clarinda	D 3 CT	Willis	S 4 Can
Alfier	S 9/12 CT	Marie L.	D 3 Can
Fontaine		Yvonne	D 8/12 CT
Charles	H 38 Can	Beausoleil, Melanie Rosanna	D 16 Can D 15 Can
Natalie	W 36 Can	Married 6 years, wi	
Gladua	D 18 Can	children - 5 living	· )
Regina	D 17 Can	children 5 ilving	··/
Alphonse	S 13 Can	Ligare	
Clara	D 11 Can	Victoria	H 55 Can
Albertine	S 8 Can	William	S 20 Can
Delphine	D ό Can	Marie	D 18 Can
Ludovine	D 5 Can	John B.	S 16 Can
Rosalina	D 3 Can		
Wilfred	S 9/12 CT	Deslandes	
Toutoine		Pierre	H 59 Can
Fontaine	II 0/ 0	Aurilie	W 47 Can
Fabien Selina	H 24 Can W 24 Can	Selina	D 20 CT
Leah	W 24 Can D 10/12 CT	Amable	SL 29 CT
Lean	D 10/12 C1	<b>.</b>	
Lariviere		Kanard	
		Benard Marquerite	H 42 Can
	H 39 Can	Marguerite	H 42 Can
Francois Delima	H 39 Can W 39 Can	Marguerite Existe	S 19 Can
Francois		Marguerite	S 19 Can D 18 Can
Francois Delima Audette, Henry	W 39 Can	Marguerite Existe Anna	S 19 Can D 18 Can
Francois Delima Audette, Henry Casavant	W 39 Can Ne 9 CT	Marguerite Existe Anna Roderick Laura Frederick	S 19 Can D 18 Can S 16 Can
Francois Delima Audette, Henry Casavant Matilda	W 39 Can Ne 9 CT H 44 Can	Marguerite Existe Anna Roderick Laura Frederick Marion	S 19 Can D 18 Can S 16 Can D 14 Can S 12 Can D 6 Can
Francois Delima Audette, Henry Casavant	W 39 Can Ne 9 CT	Marguerite Existe Anna Roderick Laura Frederick	S 19 Can D 18 Can S 16 Can D 14 Can S 12 Can

St. Mary Wilfred Philomene Maria Aldea Beatrice Valmar	H 32 W 34 D 12 D 9 D 7 S 2	Can CT Can Can	Phanouf Damase Rosalie Henry Albina Anna	H W S D	44 49 17 14 5	Can Can Can Can
Peltier Octavie Delia Alexina	H 31 W 26 D 8	CT	L'Heureux Alfred Jeannie	H W	27 24	CT MA
Wilfred Joseph George	S 6 S 2	MA CT	Dumas Ebert Lena Marie Ellen	H W D D	66 65 26 23	Can Can Can CT
Allard	0.0	_	Ellen	ע	23	01
Joseph Malvina Adelard Ida William Alina Marceline	H 38 W 36 S 17 D 15 S 13 D 5 M 77	Can Can Can Can Can	Cote Georgiana Alfred Emma Dianah Rosie Georgiana	H S D D D	38 13 12 9 7 5	ME ME ME ME ME
Leclair			Philip	S	1	ME
Edward Delima Alfred Delima Alvina Potvin, Julia	H 33 W 26 S 5 D 3 D 1 Bo 40	Can Can CT CT	Seymour Francois Regina Clarinda Camil Cluett, Albertine	H W D S Se	36 34 7 4 19	Can Can CT CT
Previ Paul Victorine Augustus Alfred Alice Adimas Bettide	H 27 W 28 S 6 S 2 D 3 D 1/1	Can CT CT CT CT	Bergeron Adam Melina Beatrice Yvonne Roy, Evalina Ebert	SL	28 29 2 2/12 32	Can
Lamontte Joseph Victorine Rosanna George Hector Rosina	H 37 W 34 D 5 S 15 S 9	Can CT CT CT	Solomon Exilda Rose Philip Louisa	H W D S D	33 32 10 8 1	Can Can Can CT

# NEW LONDON COUNTY NORWICH

Lize (Lisse)				Desmarais			
Pierre	H	44	Can	Edward	Н	56	Can
Josephine	W	44	Can	Exilda			
Henry	S	18	Can		M	47	Can
Rosanna	D	17	Can	Eveline	D	18	Can
Jadeau	S	17	Can	Victoria	D	16	Can
Delima	D	15	Can	Francis	S	15	Can
Alphonsine	Ď	13	Can	Camil	S	12	Can
Azelea	Ď	11	Can	Zepheric	S	9	Can
Celia	D	10	CT	Eva	D	6	Can
Florimand	S		CT	Joseph	S	25	Can
	S	8 6	CT	Rosie	$\mathtt{DL}$	22	Can
Joseph		0					
Arthur	S	3 2	CT	Grenier			
Albina	D		CT	Lucy	H	53	Can
Regina	D	1	CT	Marie	D	17	Can
				Charles	S	14	ME
Depeau				Delia	GD	5	CT
Exire	Н	33	$\mathtt{CT}$	Della	GD	ر	CI
Emma	W	34	Can	C-: +			
Mary R.	D	2	CT	Coiteaux	11	6.1	0
•				Joseph	H	61	Can
Beausoleil				Addie	M	54	Can
Napoleon	Н	35	Can	Flora	Ď	25	CT
Albina	W	41	Can	Aldea	D	22	CT
Napoleon	S	12	MA	Amanda	D	12	CT
Exeas	S	10	MA				
Alfred	S	3	CT	Fontaine			
	S	6		Henry	H	54	Can
Amidas			CT	Celia	W	47	Can
Rose H	D	4	$\mathtt{CT}$	Louis J.	S	28	CT
-				Emma	D	25	CT
Legue			_	Leon	Š	24	CT
Camile	H	36	Can	Victor	Š	20	CT
Sarah	W	30	CT	Hermine	D	17	CT
Edna	D	3	CT	Henry	Š	14	CT
					S	13	CT
Pepin				Joseph Blancha	D	8	CT
Joseph	Н	48	VT	Blanche			
Ada	W	54	Can	Leona	D	1	CT
Frederick	S	26	VT	n 1 .1			
Mary	D	19	CT	Beloil			_
	_	_,	01	Joseph	Н	61	Can
Boucher				Exilda	W	53	Can
Adelard	Н	44	Can	Clara	D	21	MA
Albina	W	55	Can	Xavier	S	17	MA
Rosario	w S	23	Can	Augustus	S	16	CT
				Rosanna	D	14	Can
Louis A.	S	19	Can	Marie L.	D	11	CT
Alcide	S	13	Can		_		

				~ !				
Gaubel		<b>~</b> =		L'Heureux		7 7	4.2	VT
Joseph	H	37	Can	Louis		H	43	
Rosanna	W	34	Can	Delia		W	36	Can
Exilda	D	16	Can	William		S	18	CT
Henry	S	15	Can	Louis		S	8	CT
Anna R.	D	10	Can					
Antoine	S	8	Can	Peltier				
Clovina	D	6	Can	Charles		Н	51	Can
Joseph	S	4	Can	Sophie		W	50	Can
Charles	S	1	Can	Odina		Ď	21	Can
				Albina		D	19	Can
Bergeron				Joseph		S	16	Can
Louis	H	54	Can	Wilfred		S	14	MA
Marie	W	56	Can	Alexina		D	13	MA
Joseph	s	30	Can	Napoleo	n	S	9	MA
Agnes	Ď	23	Can	Eleode	••	S	3	CT
Marie A.	Ď	18	Can	Braudmour,	Rocalinda	_	23	Can
Exalia	S	14	CT	Braudmour,		ŠL	23	Can
	GD	5	CT	braudillour,	Lugene	υц	23	Can
Edna	GD	ر	CI	Brouillard				
<b>M</b>						77	E 6	Com
Tanguay		2.7	0	John		H	56	Can
Alfred	H	37	Can	Sarah		W	56	Can
Leah	W	34	Can	Alfred		S	28	VT
Anna	D	17	Can	Delsie		D	26	VT
Samuel	S	15	Can	Napoleo:	n	S	20	Can
Eva	D	13	MA	Oscar		S	17	Can
Emile	S	10	Can	Rosa		Ď	14	CT
Ernest	S	8	CT	Regina		D	8	CT
Olivina	D	5	Can	Marcaurel,	Albina	GD	5	CT
				Marcaurel,	George	GS	2	MA
Robert				·	J			
Edward	H	51	Can	Plante				
Helene	W	41	Can	Sophron	ie	Н	52	Can
Edward	S	25	Can	Mary		D	26	Can
Sedalie	D	21	Can	Sophron	ie	D	25	Can
Adolphus	Š	19	Can	Eliza		D	24	Can
Zenied	Ď	18	Can	Pierre		S	23	Can
Alida	Ď	14	Can	Amanda		Ď	$\overline{16}$	Can
Omer	S	10	Can	Albina			15	Can
Omer	J	10	Oan	Anna		D	13	Can
Tamasara				Goyette, M	al rrina	-	28	Can
Lamoureux	U	37	Can	Goyette, m	alvilla	ъо	20	Call
Charles	H		CT	Cardinal				
Matilda	M	30		Cardinal		L7	27.	CT
Lorraine	D D	8 7	CT CT	William		H W	24 22	CT
Lilian	S S			Olivia			3	
Arthur		5 1	CT	Rose	aad a	D		CT
Yvonne	D	Τ	CT	Mennard, R	osie	211	L 27	CT

Dugas Azarie Philomine Exilda Philip Archambeau, Alphonsi Josephine	H 32 W 32 D 7 S 4 ne SL 2 SL 25	Can Can Can Can 4 Can Can	Larose Jean Marie L. Eva Chattell, Leonore Pateneau, Donald	H 27 W 36 D 8/ Bo 26 Bo 27	) VT 12 CT 4 VT
Lavigne Omer Diana Marie R. Yvette, Abraham	H 24 W 24 D 10/1 Bo 62	Can Can 2 CT Can	Gauthier Dosie Dosie Delphise Josephine Emile D. Gratia	S	O Can
Jodoin Joseph Malvina Medora Herman Amelia Arthur Beatrice	H 42 W 43 D 9 S 7 D 5 S 2 D 1/12	Can Can CT CT CT CT CT	Larose Joseph Sophronie Anna Adelard Courtemanche, Mary Narcisse Maria	H 5 W 5 D 2 S 1 D 3 GS 1 GD 1	8 Can 5 Can 4 CT 2 Can 2 CT
Germaine Henry Leocardie Samuel Alphonse Rosalina Amidas	H 48 W 45 S 23 S 19 D 12 S 10	Can Can CT CT CT	Edward Ora Henry Amanda  Ricard Joseph Eliza	GD GS	
Normandine Frederick Delia Frederick Albert Raymond	H 28 W 23 S 7 S 5 S 7/12	Can MA CT CT CT	Donalda Sedalie Fontaine, Julia  Lefleur Albert Mary A.	D 1 D 1 ML 7	9 Can 6 Can
Lefleur Nazaire Marie William Laura Henry Nazaire Emerancie George Rosalda	H 43 W 42 S 21 D 19 S 17 S 12 D 10 S 7 D 5	Can Can CT CT CT CT CT CT	Frank Annie Lena John Edward Edna M.  Bouvier Charles Philomene	S 2 D 2 D 1 S 1 S D	3 CT 0 CT 9 CT 6 CT 8 CT 2 CT 8 Can 8 Can

Beauregard				Morin			_
Joseph	H	38	Can	Pierre	Н	58	Can
Malvina	W	38	Can	Marie	W	50	Can
Evelina	D	15	Can	Alphonsine	D	26	Can
Malvina	D	12	Can	Henry	S	24	Can
Emile	S	9	Can	Adelard	S	20	Can
HILL I C		_	<b>5 4 1 1</b>	Dozeas	S	17	Can
Normand				Eva	D	15	RI
	11	64	Can	Anna	D	10	CT
Frederick	H				D	23	Can
Agnes	W	60	Can	Lambert, Olivine	ע	20	Can
Eli	S	27	Can	_			
Rosie	D	23	RI	Bros			_
Joseph	S	20	CT	Joseph	H	42	Can
Aldea	D	18	CT	Malvina	W	32	Can
				Marie	D	19	CT
Greenwood				Rosaline	D	15	Can
Eugene	H	33	VT	William	S	14	Can
Philomene	W	35	Can	Exina	Ď	īi	Can
		11	CT		Ď	3	Can
Philomene	D			Regina			CT
Maria	D	9	CT	Frederick	5	0/12	CI
Delia	D	7	CT				
Anna	D	6	CT	Paridis			_
Andrew	S	4	CT	Charles	Н	51	Can
Lucy	D	2	CT	Philomene	W	50	Can
Belisle, Ursilia	Во	18	CT	Augustus	S	26	Can
				Registe	S	20	Can
Fontaine				William	S	16	Can
Narcisse	H	40	Can	Ovid	S	10	CT
Alvina	W	41	Can	Michon, Francois	Во	22	Can
Ademar	Ď	19	Can	Lucier, Theodolie	Во	25	Can
	D	15	Can	nuclei, incouotic	ЪО	23	oun
Edwilda	S	14	Can	Benoit			
Oleanda					77	64	Cam
Norma	D	12	Can	William	H		Can
Marion	D	9	Can	Elizabeth	M	52	Can
Henry	S	_ 5	Can	Carderette, Sarah	D	21	MA
Stanislas	В	17	NH	Carderette, Arthur	SL	21	Can
Auger, Napoleon	Во	22	Can				
Provincher, Demar	Во	24	Can	Lacrosse			
•				Louis	Н	47	Can
Cadorette				Ursilia	W	46	Can
Marcel	H	44	Can	Wilfred	S	19	Can
Sarah	W	39	Can	Aldea	D	17	Can
	Ď	15	CT	Adimas	Š	16	Can
Mary J.			CT		D	14	Can
Joseph	S	13		Alina		13	
Ora	D	$1\frac{1}{2}$	CT	Ernest	S		Can
Alfred	S	7	Can	Arthur	S	10	Can
Porthier, Joseph	FL	74	Can	Belisle, Arthur	RO	26	Can

Lamothe Theodore Ellen Valida Albe	H 42 W 40 D 14 S 9	Can Can CT CT	Phoenix Gideon Josephine William	H W S	38 33 7	Can Can CT
Ovid Henry Aldea	S 7 S 7 D 7/12	CT CT	Phoenix Joseph Emily William	H W S	52 50 21	Can MA CT
Lacroix Peter Mary	H 57 W 59	Can Can	Wilfred Veroneau Antoine	S lï	<ul><li>21</li><li>53</li></ul>	CT Can
Thomas Joseph Mary Bessie Emile Henry	H 41 W 36 D 8 S 6 S 2	FR FR CT CT	Cordelia Henry Georgianna William Joseph Arthur	W S D S S	45 18 14 12 10 6	Can CT CT CT CT
Lisee Napoleon Annie B. Pronovost, Olivier Pronovost, Lorenzo Lisee, Emily Patrick	H 62 W 51 SS 29 SS 14 D 18 S 19	Can Can Can CT CT	Dumas Peter Sophia Baribault, Charle Mary Jane George Morin, Rose	H W s S D S Bo	12 15	Can Can CT CT CT
Despin Henry Antoinette Ernest Ernestine Emil Clara	H 30 W 33 S 7 D 4 S 1 D 0/12	Can Can CT CT CT	Lucas Jules D. Leda L. Jules Wilhemina Edward (?) Eva B. Willie E.	H W S D S D S	45 35 15 13 11 10	Can Can Can CT CT CT
Paquet Joseph Amelia Ora	H 33 W 29 D 1	Can Can CT	Dora L.  Brunnelle  Gustave	D H W	66	CT Can
Gaucher George Minnie Eva	H 36 W 35 D 4	Can Can CT	Mary Quessy George Sophia Jean	W H W S	55 48 49 18	Can CT Can Can
Chappell Charles Alice	H 61 W 63	VT VT	Minnie	D	8	CT

Champagne Philip Mary Rosa Louis Henry Amelia Clorise Alexandria Amy Arthur Marianna	H 37 RI W 38 Can D 16 Can S 14 CT S 13 CT D 11 CT D 9 CT D 6 CT D 5 CT S 3 CT D 1 CT	Francoeur Alfred Selina Arthur Clara Onesime (?) Theodore Lester Perrin, John Joseph Fred Masiott, Josephine Delima	H W S D S Bo Bo Bo Bo	20	Can Can CT NY CT CT Can Can Can Can Can
Boucher Joseph Jasmine Regina Fred Frank Eugene	H 43 Can W 39 Can D 20 VT S 15 NY S 12 VT S 6 MA	Harpin Jean Domithilde Boisvert Edgar (?)	H W	28 20 35	Can Can
Dufresne Napoleon Lydia Maud Paul Delia (?) Annette Myra  Fortin	H 38 Can W 32 Can D 13 CT S 11 CT D 7 CT D 3 CT D 5/12 CT	Honorise  Benard Wilfred Exilda Ernest Mary Leo Ernestine Delima Corrine	W H W S D S D D D	27 39 26 12 9 7 4 3 1 2/12	Can
Cyril Josephine Aurora Legue, Delima	H 32 Can W 36 Can D 7/12 CT ML 67 Can	Angelina Archambault, Reb. Miner Theodore		65 43	Can
Despin Frank Emma Frank Clara Philip Henry Napoleon	H 46 Can W 44 Can S 21 CT D 19 CT S 14 CT S 11 CT S 4 CT	Matilda Otis Arthur Vadney, John Despin, Arthur Graubois Gideon Leonore		46 10 8 28 48	Can VT CT Can Can

Delisle Lambert Clara Eva Amee Nazaire George	H W D D S	45 35 19 14 10 8	Can Can Can Can Can CT	Menard Levis Mary Lewis R. Neveu Fred	H W S	44 54 16	RI Can CT
Rita	D	2	CT	Marie (?) Lamothe, Amede	W Bo	27	Can Can
Cossette Louis Minnie Ralf (?) Annette Mary L. Sarah Clara	H W S D D D	36 36 11 10 8 7 5	Can Can CT CT CT CT	Larochelle Arthur Mary Lillie Fred Charles Emma	H W D S S D	45 41 21 18 16 10	Can VT VT VT VT CT
Manor Ida David	H S	53 29	Can Can	Etta Ernest Goodrich, Maimie	D S Ni	8 4 17	CT CT VT
Victoria	D	26	NY	Laporte Joseph	H	65	Can
Marcot Prosper Jennie	H W	31 27	CT CT	Lavina Napoleon Emma Georgianna	D S D D	26 25 23 20	MA MA MA
Talbot Onesime Elizabeth Cossette, Iona	H W Ad	54 54 D 6	Can Can CT	Cordelia Castonguay, Leo Ostigny, Leona	D Bo Bo	18 24 17	MA Can Can
Cossette, Arthur	Ad	S 4	CT	Felix	11	67	Can
Felix				August Eva	H W	34	CT
Theodore Elysse Robert	H W S	67 60 37	Can Can CT	August Valle, Victoria	S Bo	1 13	CT Can
Eugene Corinne Arthur	S D S	32 21 18	CT CT CT	Chevalier Joseph Delia Rosa	H W D	52 52 23	Can Can Can
Chagnon Frank Alfonse	H B	35 41	Can Can	Albina Marcot	D H	17 47	MA Can
Bonneau Henry Rebecca Thebo, Arthur	H W BL	34 32 29	Can Can Can	Napoleon Amelia Maude Reha	W D D	47 45 13 8	NY CT CT

Brosard Frederick Emily Exilda	H W D	33 32 6	Can Can CT	Lapoint Louis Maria Cleophas	H W S	62 58 35	Can Can Can
Hubert	S	2	MA	Moderate			
Mary L.	D :	2/12	CT	Matte Remi	Н	45	Can
				Laura	W	44	Can
Duplessis	7.7	4.0	Can	Laura B.	D	21	Can
Theodore	H	49		Antoinette N.	D	19	Can
Audette, Albina	HK	47	Can	Julius	S	16	Can
				Fannie	D	12	Can
Frederick	1.7	45	Can	raillite	ע	12	Oan
Charles	H	42	Can				
Florence	M	22	CT	Bouchie			
William L.	S		CT	Eli	Н	63	Can
Charles F.	S	20			W	50	Ire
James L.	S	19	CT	Bridget M.	W	50	TIE
Clara L.	D	17	CT	T-hion			
Eva D.	D	15	CT	Ethier	Н	37	Can
Edward G.	S	13	CT	Lydia	D	17	CT
Arthur II.	S	10	CT	Minnie	D	16	CT
Gertrude M.	D	8	CT	Nellie	_	L 23	
Mariette L.	D	7	CT	Landry, Matilda	51.	L 23	Call
Roselinda	D	5	CT	a. 1.6			
				Chalifoux	7.7	4.3	C
St. Onge			_	Edward	H	43	Can
Peter	Η	49	Can	Jane	W	44	Can
Alphonsine	W	47	Can	<u>P</u> hilip	S	16	CT
Annie	D	21	Can	Eva	D	14	CT
Emil	S	18	Can	Ernest	S	10	CT
Edmund	S	13	Can	Ernestene	D	8	CT
Philippe	S	11	Can	_			
• •				Senecal _		-,	•
Fanyou				Antoine	Н	54	Can
David	H	60	Can	Emma	M	50	Can
Matilda	W	59	Can	Joseph J.	S	24	Can
				Edlor (?)	S	22	Can
Lussier				Emil	S	21	CT
Philias	H	63	Can	Silvie	D	18	CT
Mary	W	53	Can	Clara	D	16	CT
Joseph	S	17	Can	David	S	11	CT
4				Dora	D	10	CT
Comon				Flore	D	7	CT
Gagnon							
Gagnon Adolph	Н	72	Can	Louisa	M	74	Can
Adolph Delia	H W	72 56	Can Can		M		
Adolph				Louisa	M	74	Can



40.

#### Mathurine GRATON/GRATTON

Married 3 or 30 Sep 1670 at Quebec, Canada, to Pierre TOUPIN, son of Guillaume & Jeanne ARNAUD. Searching for information about Mathurine.

--Contact Ione Gaudette Kilgore #240

319 East 17th Street, Apt. #1

McMinnville, Oregon 97128

# AN INVITATION TO JOIN THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE BRETON LANGUAGE

Breton is the daily language of some 300,000 to 400,000 people in Brittany, France. But it is threatened with extinction because this ancient Celtic tongue is denied the resources necessary for development as a healthy, living language.

The International Committee for the Defense of the Breton Language (ICDBL) was established at Brussels, Belgium, in 1975. Its aim: Support the repeated demands of Bretons that their native language be given the recognition and place in schools and the media that it needs to survive.

ICDBL was founded by, and continues to count on, non-Bretons who show--through their membership in ICDBL--that, while the future of the Breton language may not directly concern them, it is a cause meriting international support.

This small group produces an excellent and informative quarterly newsletter that promotes the past and present culture of Brittany. Membership is \$10 yearly and includes a subscription to the newsletter. For further information, write to:

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Submitted by Paul R. Keroack #157



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	BAUDIN 351		LAPOINTE 351
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	BOURQUE 358		LEFORT 356
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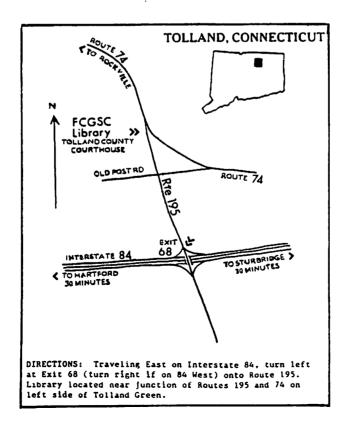
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	(Signature of Applicant)	(Date)
	(Signature of Spouse, if applicable)	(Date)
I/we zatio	belong to the following genealogical, historical, or ns:	patriotic organi-

